

EDUCATIONAL

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR"

BLOOMSBURG

SECURITY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1845

CANAL COMMISSIONER

JAMES BURNS.

REMOVAL TICKET.

SEAT OF JUSTICE.

FOR BLOOMSBURG

ASSEMBLY.

Thomas A Funston.

PROTHONOTARY.

JACOB EVERLY.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

CHARLES CONNER.

TREASURER.

Charles F Mann.

COMMISSIONER.

Peter Ent.

AUDITOR.

William Cole.

Friends of Removal, we warn you against the old trick of your enemies. They do not venture to nominate a ticket of their own, knowing their weakness, but they will attempt to break into our ranks by inducing Removal men, real or pretended, to run as volunteers. Shall they succeed with this trick? There is no safety, except in supporting the whole ticket, put in nomination by the County Convention: and we hope that no friend of the question will throw away a single vote on an irregular candidate. It is necessary that the public officers, who will have the duty of carrying out the will of the people, in perfecting the Removal, should be the stern friends of that measure of justice. If they are not, no one can forestall the consequences, the will of the people may be disregarded or delayed, and the measure receive a deadly stab from its pretended friends. Let no one then, be persuaded from his integrity at this juncture, when every thing depends upon firmness of position. The sky is clear, let no cloud darken it; and may we move on harmoniously united in every thing, to a victory that shall be decisive and final!

From all parts of the county, we continue to hear the most cheering news of the prospects of not only carrying the Removal Bill, but of electing the whole ticket, by a tremendous majority. But the friends of the question must not be inactive, for they have wily foes to contend with, and although they now appear to be asleep, they are making use of all the secret stratagems that they can devise to defeat the question. Not daring publicly to bring up an anti-removal candidate for any office, they are first seeking candidates in the removal interest with the hopes of dividing our votes, that they may on the eve of the election rally their forces and slip in their own candidates between. We appeal to the friends of Removal to disappoint them, by being firm and united. Remember that this election decides the controversy, and remember, that "UNITED WE STAND, DIVIDED WE FALL."

ARE YOU ASSESSED!

The time is fast approaching when it is necessary for all who desire to exercise the invaluable right of suffrage, to examine the assessment in his ward or township, and see that his name has not been omitted. I should be remembered, that if you have not been assessed, at least TEN DAYS before the next election, and have not paid a State or County tax within two years past, you cannot vote.

Let every one then, make it his especial business, to examine the assessment in person, and see that his name is inserted. The duty must be performed on or before Saturday, the 4th of October. After that date it will be too late.

A LIBEL.

A young bride groom has instituted a suit for libel, against the editor of a paper in the interior of New York, because to the announcement of his marriage, was attached a piece of poetry, wishing him all sorts of "conubial blisses."

DEATH WARRANT.

The Governor of Pennsylvania has issued his warrant for the execution of Jabez Boyd, convicted of murder in Chester Co., to be carried into effect on Friday, 31st of November next.

LUZERNE COUNTY TICKET.

The Democrats of Luzerne County, have nominated Wm. Merrifield and James S. Campbell for the Legislature, Harris Jenkins; Register & Recorder, John Johnston Treasurer, Philip Meixell, Commissioner, and Christian Betels, Auditor. Among other resolutions, the Convention passed the following.

Resolved, That Charles R. Bucks (now, provided Columbia County concurs) be the Senatorial Delegate to represent this Senatorial District in the convention to nominate a Canal Commissioner, on the 4th of March next; and that William Merrifield and James S. Campbell be Representative Delegates from this county.

COMMITTEES OF VIGILANCE.

Briar creek—Benj. S. Gilmore, Jacob Girton, Nathan Seely.

Bloom—Stewart Pease, John K. Groz, W. S. Thompson.

Centre—Solomon Newhard Isaac Low, Isaiah Salmon.

Cattawissa—John Sharpless, Isaac S. Monroe, Abraham Ludwig.

Derry—Neal McCay, John F. Derr, John Crawford jr.

Franklin—George Mears, Peter Kline, Peter Dulman.

Fishing creek—Harmon Labor, Daniel Peeterj, A. W. Kline.

Greenwood—Nicholas Kindt, John Robbins, Geo. W. Morris.

Hemlock—J. Pursell, Isaac Leidy, Thos. Vanderveer.

Jackson—J. F. Knouse, Dan'l Poust, Chester Smith.

Limestone—Judge Oaks, William S. Davis, Frederick McBride.

Liberty—John Martin, J. P. Steineman, Moses Stecker.

Madison—Jacob Demott, Caleb Thomas, Levi Biesel.

Mahoning—Iram Derr, Elias Mendenhall.

Montez—George H. Willis, John Dieerich, Leonard Lazarus.

Mt. Pleasant—William Howell, John Ruckel, Andrew Jacoby.

Maine—Isiah Shuman, John Gruver, John Fisher.

Midlin—Samuel Cressy, Marshal G. Kinney, John Keller jr.

Orange—Isaac Kline, G' W. Lott, John B. Edgar.

Paxton—Christian Shuman, Conrad Bredbender, Adam Michael.

Roaring creek—Michael R. Hower, E. G. Price, Amzi Brown.

Sugarloaf—Henry Hess, Isaiah Cole, Abraham Young.

Valley—William Blue.

The Standing Committee, appoint the foregoing committees of Vigilance in the several townships, in pursuance of a resolution passed by the Removal Convention on the 8th inst. The Committee of Vigilance will see to the attendance of voters on the day of election, and until that time, supply the people of their several townships with correct information upon the Removal Question, &c.

Sept. 16th, 1845.

C. R. BUCKALE V.

T. J. HUTCHISON.

WM. J. IKELER.

MICHAEL R. HOWER.

M. E. JACKSON.

Standing Committee

HENRY C. EYER.—The editors of the Democratic Union, have neglected to mention in their proceedings, of the Canal Commissioners Convention, that Henry C. Eyer had been nominated and that his name was withdrawn before the balloting commenced, Mr. Burns, Mr. Painter & Mr. Eyer, were the three prominent candidates. Mr. Eyer would have had a strong vote on the first ballot, although he has exerted himself but little to secure his nomination. His friends evidently held the balance of power in their hands, but were all, without a single exception, also the friends of Mr. Burns, and with the consent of Mr. Eyer, wisely concentrated their whole force upon Mr. Burns at first, which secured his nomination on the second ballot. It is but just to Mr. Eyer to make this statement that his friends may know why his name did not appear in the balloting.—Sunbury American.

GEN JACKSON'S COAT.

The coat worn by Gen. Jackson at the battle of New Orleans has been presented to the National Institute by Gen. Thomas H. Bradley, in behalf of a portion of the citizens of Tennessee, with a request that it have a place by the side of the one worn by the father of our common country—General George Washington.

OFFICIAL.—INTERESTING.

Information from General Taylor's headquarters at Corpus Christi, has been received as late as to the 30th of August. Since his last despatch, seven companies of the 7th regiment of infantry have arrived at his camp. The General speaks in commendatory terms of the battalion of artillery from New Orleans, under the command of Major Galley.

The gallant Texans are determined to do their duty in defence of their State. President Jones has notified General Taylor that he has taken preparatory steps to organize one thousand men for service, if necessary.

General Taylor has communicated to Gaines his wish not to have any more militia force sent from New Orleans to him, not apprehending that there will be any occasion for their services.—He states that there is no news from Rio Grande. Some idle rumors are occasionally brought in from that quarter, but the accurate information he possesses so entirely discredits them, that he does not think them entitled to reputation.—Union.

FATHER MILLER'S APOLOGY.

Father Miller has published an address or apology in relation to his doctrines concerning the end of the world. He admits his mistake as to time, but says he was actuated by pure motives—also, that since he was wrong as to time he can only live in expectation of the event. He concludes this:—

For my indiscretions and errors, I ask pardon, and all who have spoken evil of me without cause, I freely forgive. My labors are principally ended. I shall leave to my younger brethren the task of contending for the truth. Many years I toiled alone; God has now raised those who will fill my place. I shall not cease to pray for the spread of truth!

ANOTHER.—A leading Millerite, of Portland, Me., has confessed his errors and abandoned the ridiculous imposture.

The True American newspaper, which was removed by a mob, from Lexington to Cincinnati, it appears by a letter from the publisher, is not to be published again, as he has returned a remittance for the subscription. Mr. C. M. Clay is recovering from his indisposition.

William Wheeler, one of the ring-leaders of the gang of negroes, who recently left Charles county, Md., has been tried by the Charles county, Court now in session, on an indictment for insurrection, and found guilty. The punishment is death. One of his accomplices is on trial for the same offence.

THE WAR FEVER.

The Alexandria Gazette says:—It is admitted now, on all hands, that there has been more bombast, fuss, confusion, and nonsense, about the Mexican War, than there has been, or is to be, than ever before disgraced a strong and powerful nation in its preparations to commence a contest with a poor, weak and miserable one. The thing has been carried so far that the national confidence begins to revolt at its further continuance.

NOT ADMISSABLE.

A Liverpool correspondent of the Commercial Advertiser, states that at the recent conference of the Wesleyan preachers from this country presented credentials from Bishop Soule, of the American Methodist Church, and being ascertained that they had been given since Bishop Soule had joined with the Methodist Church South, and that he candidly sympathized with that movement, the conference promptly refused to admit or receive him, either in the capacity of preacher or father.

A NOBLE ACT.

A Detroit Express of Friday evening speaks of an intrepid set performed by a son of Gen. Brooks, which deserves heralding. A young man fell overboard from a steam ferry boat; while trying to dip a pail of water. Being out of his depth and unable to swim, he was in great danger of drowning, when the last spoken of, being younger and much less muscular, plunged in and rescued him. Although the boy is but eleven years of age, this is the second time that he has performed the noble feat of rescuing a fellow creature from impending death.

IMPORTANT CIRCULAR.

It will be seen by the annexed circular that the State Treasurer is resolved that no effort on his part shall be wanting to insure the prompt payment of the State Interest falling due on the first of February, 1846. And we feel equally certain on that day the credit of the Commonwealth will be met in full. The words "FAIL TO PAY" and "REPUTATION," were banished from our State on the first day of February, when the payment of interest commenced.

STATE TREASURY OFFICE, } Harrisburg Sept. 1, 1845, } To the of county:

Our efforts to restore and sustain the credit of the Commonwealth, have been successful. The interest on our public debt has been fully paid, and all other legal liabilities promptly discharged. Let us mutually congratulate each other and determine that the future shall be as the recent past. To accomplish this, our united efforts must be energetically put forth; in so good a cause, and with such ample means, failure is impossible.

The net amount of taxes now due from the several counties of the Commonwealth, for this and preceding years, is about \$1,000,000. I wish it to be distinctly understood, that this amount must be paid into the State Treasury before the second Tuesday in January next, in accordance with the twentieth section of the act of the 29th April, 1844. That part of the section relating to this subject, is in the following words:—

That it shall be the duty of the Commissioners of the several counties, to cause to be collected the taxes as aforesaid adjusted and assessed; and the respective County Treasurers shall pay over the same as fast as collected to the State Treasurer; and if the quota of any county be not paid over before the second Tuesday in January in each year, to the State Treasurer, then, and in such case, the amount remaining unpaid, after deducting such commissions as are or shall be allowed by law, for the collection of the same, shall be charged against said county on the books of the State Treasurer, and shall bear an interest of five per cent, till paid; and no payment shall be made to or on behalf of said county [under the various acts relating to common schools] or any other acts, or for any other purposes, until the said balance be fully paid and satisfied: Provided, That if the several collectors of such county have not collected and paid into the county treasury, the amount of state tax due by said county, then, and in that case, the deficiency shall be paid out of any money in the treasury of said county, or which shall be hereafter first collected and paid into the same, whether on the duplicate or State or county tax: Provided, That it shall appear from the receipts of the County Treasurer, that the said tax shall have been paid into the county treasury before the time specified in this section for the payment into the State Treasury, then and in that case, the County Treasurers shall be personally liable to the respective counties for any interest which may accrue on such unpaid balance.

NOTE.—The words embraced in brackets are repealed by the fourth division of the first section of the Act of the 16th April, 1845.

The forty-third section of the same act gives to the supreme Court, and the Courts of Common Pleas, on the application of the State Treasurer, power to award writs of mandamus to enforce compliance with existing laws.

If the amount due from each county is not paid at the time above stated, an interest account will be opened against such delinquent county, and payments to or on behalf of such county, withheld until such balance and interest are fully paid. The State Treasurer earnestly hopes that he will not be required either to enforce these provisions, or the one authorized by the forty-third section referred to. The ability and promptness which were exhibited by many counties, in responding to his circulars of the 24th of May, and 21 of June last, induces him to believe, that the enforcement of these provisions, or the one authorized by the forty-third section as before stated, will not be required. Our citizens justly feel themselves indebted with the honor and credit of the Commonwealth, and that her prosperity and integrity are inseparable from their own. They are satisfied that the taxes they pay are rightfully appropriated and that not only the interest of our debt can be paid, but that even a portion of the principal has been liquidated, by the payment in State stock by persons who have heretofore been defaulters. And that whilst the debt is thus being diminished, the wealth and resources of the Commonwealth are increasing, and the weight of indebtedness comparatively lessened. The cloud is dispelled, and Pennsylvania has again assumed the position to which her ancient fame, her extended mineral and agricultural wealth, and the high integrity of her citizens, entitles her. To maintain this position

her citizens will cheerfully pay what the law authorizes and requires. Recent events fully justify the confidence I feel and express, and I am satisfied your most prompt and energetic exertions will be put forth to accomplish an object so eminently worthy of our united efforts.

I deem it proper to add; that in my report to the Legislature, I will attempt to notice as they deserve, those counties that so satisfactorily responded to my former circulars, and thus placed the Treasury in the condition to meet the August interest. Those counties, however, that did not aid in that important duty, will have an opportunity of rendering as great service to the Commonwealth, by paying within this year the amount due. The arrearages of former years will of course be expected to reach the Treasury within the time mentioned.

With the highest respect, I am your obedt servant,

JAMES R SNOWDEN, State Treasurer.

A TOUCHING CASE.

The Westchester J. Jefferson, in noticing the death of John Patton, a lad 14 years old, attributes it to the melancholy effects produced by the murder of the brother of the deceased, Wesley Patton, by Jabez Boyd. The editor says:—The mutilated and disfigured remains of Wesley haunted his imagination day and night, and gave his youthful memory no rest. To use his own language, "he could not cover Wesley up."—From the moment of witnessing the sad and harrowing spectacle presented in the fenshish murder of an affectionate brother, a deep and settled gloom took possession of his mind, when the constant care of those around him could not alleviate. He was sent to school, in hopes that the scenes of boyish fancy, and the mingled play of young associates, would bring back the life and joy to his eye; but no, there was no rest, no reprieve from the gloom around him. In the midst of play, and while repeating his lessons, the spectacle was still before him, and he would burst out in uncontrollable grief, until the heart sickened at his sufferings. His frame sunk under the oppression, and still the vision was there; and when a short time before his death, maternal care hung over and inquired his wants, it was still Wesley!—Wesley is giving me a drink of water," was his reply. Who can fathom the depth of his sufferings? But they are now over; he has left this earthly scene, and passed into the embrace of an affectionate brother, who stood up to the bright shores of eternity, beckoning him to scenes of joy unnumbered.

WHEN DO YOU SHAKE?

A lady writing from Springfield, Illinois, says:—How would you like to live in a place where a man's salutation to his neighbor is "good morning, sir," followed by "is this your day of shaking, sir?" or "now, bless the Lord, I don't shake till to-morrow," or the day after, as the case may be, it being periodic in its attacks, amusing some every day at a certain hour, others on every second or third day?

BON MOT.

Mr. Clay, says the Wheeling Times, came up the River from Maysville, in Gayandotte in the excellent Wheeling steamer Senate, McLove, master. As he was going on board, he remarked that he had hoped his public life was ended, but he perceived he must go in to the Senate again.

WHOLESALE ROASTING.

The 'Steam Hen,' a hatching apparatus at Wethers, was burned on Saturday night, together with several thousand ducks, chickens, turkeys, &c., in all stages.

The Puttsville Journal states that a woman left her infant on a bed, while she went down stairs to attend to some domestic duties, and on returning she found a large cat lying upon the infant's breast, with its head near the child's mouth, as if in the act of sucking its breath. Upon examination the child was discovered to be dead, having met its death in this most extraordinary and distressing manner.

OBITUARY.

DIED.—In Bloomsburg, on Friday morning last 19th inst, Mr. ABRAHAM PEELER formerly of Fishingcreek, aged about 25.

On Thursday last, MARY E. aged 3 years, daughter of Mr. William H. Miller.

We are requested to announce **DAVID CLARK,** of Cattawissa, as a candidate for the Legislature at the ensuing election.

COUNTY TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce **WILLIAM GIRTON, Esq.** of Hemlock township, as a candidate for the office of

TREASURER of Columbia county at the ensuing election, Sept. 11th, 1845—22

We are requested to announce **JOHN STALEY,** of Greenwood, as a Volunteer Candidate for the office of

COUNTY COMMISSIONER, at the next October Election.

We are requested to announce **WILLIAM HIDLAY,** of Bloom township, as a candidate for the office of

COUNTY COMMISSIONER, at the next October election.

New Store.

THE subscriber having completed his new store house, on Main street near Market, in Bloomsburg, and having stocked it with a stock of entire new goods, which were selected with great care in regard to style and price, he flatters himself that he can offer fresh goods, and newer styles and them at lower prices than has ever been offered in this place, and as the assortment consists of every thing for comfort and adornment in the

Dry Goods, together with a general assortment of **Queenware (some new styles) School Books, Hardware, Cedar ware, Tin ware, Earthenware, Salina or Lake, Ground, Fine Lisbon and Dairy Salt, Salmon, Mackerel, and Herring, Caviardish, imitation Plug, Fine cut & Smoking Tobacco, Candles Soap, Copper Kettles, Steel, Ear Iron,** besides numerous other articles, all of which will be sold at a very small profit for ready pay, and he would respectfully invite all persons to call and examine his goods and prices, before purchasing. The highest prices paid for all kinds of country produce.

L. B. RUPERT, Bloomsburg, Sept. 20th, 1845—22.

Tin & Sheet

IRON MANUFACTORY. THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a shop, on Main street, nearly opposite Clayton's Tavern, in Bloomsburg, where he intends carrying on the above business, in all its various branches.

TIN WARE, a full description, will be kept on hand for sale at WHOLESALE or RETAIL.

SHEET IRON Manufactured into any form required.

STOVE PIPES, of all sizes kept constantly on hand. Stoves finished to order.

Being determined to do business in the right way, he requests all to call upon him before they purchase elsewhere, as he will furnish all articles in his line as cheap as they can be purchased in the county.

September 20, 1845—1322

Notice.

LOOK HERE! ALL persons having unsettled accounts either with the subscriber, or with the late firm of Southorn & Hower, whether the balance be in his favor or against him, are requested to come forward and settle this immediately, that he may close his business as soon as possible. A word to the wise is sufficient.

MARSHAL SILVERTHORN, September 20.

Caution

Is hereby given to all persons not to purchase three Notes of hand, for fifty dollars each, dated July 21, 1844, signed by the subscriber, and payable to Thomas Carothers, or in case of his death, to his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, one in each year, one in two years, and one in three years from date. Also three other Notes of hand, signed by the subscriber, for seventy-one and two-thirds dollars each, dated July 4, 1844, made payable to Moses Nevege—one payable in one year, one in two years, and one in three years from date, as there was no objection practiced in obtaining said notes, and therefore not having received a value for them, I shall refuse to pay them unless compelled by law.

THOMAS CAROTHERS, Franklin, Lycoming county, Sept. 20, 1845—22

Caution

Is hereby given to all persons not to purchase a certain Note of hand given by me to Frederick Ayler, dated Sept. 8, 1845, for the sum of twenty-five dollars, payable six months after date, as having received no consideration for said Note, I shall refuse to pay the same.

MICHAEL HENDERSHOUT, Montez, Sept. 20, 1845—22