SMALL VS. LARGE FARMS.

The greatest obstacle to the improvement of Agriculture in this country, is the propensity of the farmer—the *mania* I might well call it—*to own more land than he can till to advantage.* And it is thus that we see scattered over the country large tracts of steril unproductive land, which, under good cultivation would yield bountiful & valuable crops. Not only the dictates of sound philosophy, but numerous facts drawn from experience, are constantly and loudly calling upon the farmer from every quarter to occupy a small farm and cultivate it well. I wish that this admonition could be thundered into the ears of the agricultural population of New England, until a complete revolution should be produced in the farming system.

This great truth is already beginning to be understood in other countries, and is attended with corresponding advantages. The densest population in Europe may be found in Flanders and Lombardy, where the land is divided into small farms, and being thoroughly tilled, produces abundant food for the inhabitants. And the experience of a quarter of a century in France, proves that, by the occupation of the country under small working farmers, the land is producing one-third more food working and supporting a population one-third greater than when it was possessed in large masses.

The law is universal—it applies to every country—that the secret of success in agriculture consists in the thorough cultivation of a small piece of ground, which, well manured and well worked, yields up its treasures in prodigal profusion. In almost every part of New England, one capital error runs through the whole system of farming. A great deal of money is invested in land, and a very little money employed in its cultivation. And it is sad to see the owner of a large farm pride himself on the number of acres which he possesses, and undertake to cultivate the soil without sufficient means. Such a man has been happily compared to a merchant, who expends all his capital in building for his own use, a large roomy store, and is afterwards seen gazing with complacency on his bare walls and empty shelves.

He has chalked out to himself a hard lot and voluntarily enters on a state of servitude worse than Egyptian bondage His work is never accomplished. He toils at all hours, and yet is never ahead of his work, and his work is never half done. He has no time to accomplish any thing thoroughly. His house is out of repair; his barn dilapidated; his cattle poor; his fences in ruins; his pastures overrun with bushes; and acres of lands which, under proper cultivation, might be made to yield a rich harvest, are but little removed from barrenness, perhaps dotted with mullen, burdocks, thistles, or filled with sorrel, while weeds, or other noxious plants, which root out the grass, and eat up the life of the soil, without affording nourishment to man or beast.

What a harrassed, unhappy being must be the owner of such a farm! He has no time for recreation or mental improvement. He is doomed to the treadmill for life; with his spirits depressed despondency stamped upon his haggard linaments and the worm of discontent gnawing at his heart, with him, there are no pleasant associations with the *past*, the *present* is full of anxiety, care and hard labor, and a dark cloud rests upon the *future*. He reminds me of Hood's touching 'Song of the Shirt,' and it may be well said or sung of him—

Work—work—work!
From weary chime to chime;
Work—work—work!
As prisoners work for crime:
Plow, and harrow, and hoe!
Hoe and harrow and plow,
Till the heart is sick, and the arm benumbed,
And misery stamped on the brow.

Such a man has little to pride himself on his extensive possessions, and, paradoxical as it may appear, he would, in, nine cases out of ten, add to his riches as well as to his enjoyment, by giving a way one half of them at least. He is, in the true sense of the word miserably poor; in fact a slave, and, whe his eyes are opened to his real condition, it is no wonder that he is glad to emancipate himself, by selling his farm for what he can get, and escape, post haste, to Texas or Iowa.—SLEEPER'S AGRICULTURAL ADDRESS.

A NOVELTY IN MARTIMONY.—A few days since three arrived at Southport, Wisconsin, in the steamer Empire, a lot of emigrants to the West among whom were two pair of twins. Those twins were born of different parents—but under the same roof and at the same hour.—Each pair comprised a boy and girl; they lived near neighbors from infancy, and the same day before starting West, they were united in marriage—the male & female of the different pairs. They were from St. Lawrence County, New York.

TO THE LADIES ABOUT WALKING.

Would that some of our belles could be persuaded that a stage strut is not dignified, nor a pendulum oscillation below the waist graceful! A calm, effortless, firm, yet elastic walk, like a sweet voice, is an 'excellent thing in a woman,' And we may here remark that no female can walk well, whose frame is enclosed in a vice of laces, jean and whalebone. It is necessary in order to step with freedom—and remember grace cannot exist with bodily restraint—that the muscles must have room to work, the body move naturally and in harmony with the motion of the limbs, and the organs of respiration have full play. This cannot be while a tightly drawn inelastic ligature encircles the waist in its deadly fold. Give nature a chance young ladies. She is a better guide than fashion; and a natural walk, believe us is far more attractive than 'the forced gait of a shuffling nag.'—

No Humbug!

CHARLES KAHLER

Tailor.

EMBRACING the present opportunity of expressing his thankfulness to his friends, and the public generally, for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received, informs his friends and the public in general, that he still continues to carry on the above business at his old established stand, on the corner of Main and East streets, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive and merit a share of public patronage as heretofore. He deems it unnecessary to go into the game of brag, or to use any soft sodder about his SKILL in the PROFESSION OF GARMENT CUTTING as his shop is of long standing, and his work he thinks will speak for itself, and far more louder than words. But, he would merely say that, he warrants his work done with neatness, durability, and in the latest fashionable manner, and will ensure a good fit in all cases.

N. B. Charges moderate to suit the times. Al kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work, at market prices.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 9 1844.—29.

Bloomsburg Artillory.

The Members of this Company; who have Swords and Belts, belonging to the Company; are required forthwith to deliver them to either of the Commissioned Officers.

H. WEBB, Capt.

Spectacles & Glasses.

THE subscriber has just received a large assortment of SPECTACLES and SPECTACLE GLASSES, of the best quality, of both white and green. from No. 2, upwards.

☞Persons afflicted with sore eyes, will find it to their advantage to call and get glasses from him; as they may feel assured of deriving a great benefit from their use.

G. L. SHULTZ.

Bloomsburg, May 17, 1845—4

THE LAST NOTICE

THE subscriber having placed HIS ACCOUNTS in the hands of CHARLES KAHLER, Esq for collection, requests all those indebted to him either to come forward and pay their respective dues, or else confess judgment for the same on or before the FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT and save cost.

E H BIGGS

May 20, 1845—5

Chair Manufactoy,

THE subscriber continues to carry on the

CHAIR MANUFACTORING

business at the old stand of B. & S. Hagenbuch, where he will be ready at all times to furnish Fancy & Windsor Chairs, Settees, Boston Rocking Chairs &c, of every description, which may be called for, at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. He will also execute House, Sign & Ornamental Painting, and House Papering, in a superior manner,

From his experience in the business, and his facilities of manufacturing the various articles of his line, he flatters himself that he shall be able to furnish as good work, and upon as reasonable terms as can be done in the country, all of which he will dispose of for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE

N. B. Orders from a distance will be strictly and punctually attended to.

B HAGENBUCH.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 30, 1843

NAILS, SPIKES; &c.

The Bloomsburg R. R. I. Co

WILL keep constantly on hand, a large sortment of

NAILS, SPIKES, AND IRON

which they will sell by WHOLESALE and RETAIL, *and on as good terms as the articles can be elewhere purchased.* Merchants and others, may find it to their interest to call All kinds of grain received in payment.

JOSEPH PAXTON, PRESIDENT

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

The Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *SILVERTHORN & BOONE*, in the Blacksmithing Business, is Dissolved by mutual consent. The Books are in the hands of Marshal Silverthorn, to whom all having claims on, or are indebted to, said firm, are requested to apply immediately for settlement.

MARSHAL SILVERTHORN.
JUDAH BOONE

Bloomsburg, March 28, 1845. 49

☞The Business, in future, will be carried on at the old stand, by the subscriber who solicits a continuance of the custom as old friends, and of as many new ones of may please call.

M. SILVERTHORN.

March 28.—49

REMOVAL BILL.

AN ACT

Concerning the Removal of the Seat of Justice of Columbia County, from Danville to Bloomsburg.

Section 1. *Be* it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,—That it shall and may be lawful for the **Qualified Voters who have Resided in Columbia County** for at ***LEAST SIX CALENDAR MONTHS*** *immediately preceding the next General Election*, to vote at such election upon the question of the removal of their Seat of Justice from Danville to Bloomsburg, in said county, in the manner following, to wit:—Those in favor of a Removal shall vote a written or printed ticket labelled, "SEAT OF JUSTICE," and containing the words "FOR BLOOMSBURG," and those opposed to a Removal, shall vote a written or printed ticket labelled as aforesaid, and containing the words "FOR DANVILLE;" the said tickets to be deposited in a box which shall be provided for that purpose at each and every of the election polls of said county, and the returns of said election shall be made in the same manner by the Return Judges as in the case of the election of Members of the Assembly, and if on the meeting of the Return Judges it shall appear that a majority of the votes have been given in favor of Bloomsburg, then the following sections of this act shall be of full force and effect; but if it shall appear that a majority of votes have been given against Bloomsburg, then the following sections of this act shall be null & void.

SEC. 2. That if a majority of the voters of said county of Columbia, qualified as aforesaid, voting on said question of Removal, shall decide in the manner provided in the first section of this act in favor of the Removal of the Seat of Justice of said county to the town of Bloomsburg, the citizens of Bloomsburg in said county shall erect, or cause to be erected, ***AT THEIR OWN PROPER EXPENSE***, within three years from and after such election, in the town of Bloomsburg, suitable buildings of BRICK or STONE, of the MOST APPROVED PLAN, for a Court House and Prison, and different offices for the safe keeping of the county records, under the direction of the County Commissioners, who are authorised to receive a conveyance for such lot or lots of ground for the use of such County buildings, not LESS than ONE ACRE, in fee simple clear of all incumbrances, for the use of the county of Columbia, the said building to be erected on such lot or lots of ground thus conveyed. And the Court House, and other public buildings and real estate on which they are erected or is appurtenant thereto, at the town of Danville, are hereby granted and confirmed to the inhabitants of Mahoning township, with full authority to sell and dispose of the same to the best advantage, and that so much of the proceeds of said sale, as is necessary to refund to the citizens of Danville whatever amount of money they may have given for the original construction of the public buildings at said town, and the purchase of the lots of ground on which they are erected, shall be refunded to the said citizens, and the balance to be paid into the County Treasury for county purposes. *Provided*—No disposition or sale of such public buildings shall be made until the court house and public buildings at Bloomsburg shall be completed, and the public records and offices be removed thereto.

SEC. 3. That so soon as the public buildings are completed according to the provisions of this act, the Commissioners aforesaid shall file a report of the same in the Court of Common Pleas of said county and said Court being satisfied that said buildings are fully completed according to the true intent and meaning of this act, and a record thereof being made by endorsement on said report, the Commissioners & Sheriff of said county shall thereupon cause the prisoners, if any there confined in the old prison, to be safely removed to the new, and the public papers and records then remaining in the public offices at Danville, to be safely deposited in the new buildings so as aforesaid built and prepared for the reception thereof, and from thenceforth the Seat of Justice in and for the county of Columbia shall cease to be at Danville, and the same shall be removed and fixed at the town of Bloomsburg, in the said county, and the public offices heretofore kept, and the courts of justice heretofore held at Danville, in & for said county of Columbia, shall be kept and held at Bloomsburg in the buildings erected for their accommodation as aforesaid.

SEC. 4. It shall be lawful for the citizens of Bloomsburg to obtain subscriptions from any person or persons willing to subscribe any money or materials for the erection of such public buildings as are provided for in the second section of this act and in default of the payment of the same, the county Commissioners are hereby empowered to cause suits to be brought in the name of the county to enforce the recovery of the same, and when collected to be applied towards defraying the expenses of such buildings.

SEC. 5. If any person or persons shall vote on the question of removal of the seat of justice of said county of Columbia, at the election authorized to be held by virtue of this act not duly qualified to vote in accordance with the first section of this act, or shall vote out of his or their proper district, or shall vote more than once on said question, he or they so offending upon conviction thereof before the proper court of quarter sessions of said county, shall be subject to the penalty provided for in the general election laws of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 6. If any judge or inspector of the election authorised to be held by virtue of this act, shall knowingly or wilfully reject the vote of a citizen qualified to vote on the question of Removal of the seat of justice in said county in accordance the with first section of this act, or shall receive the vote of a person not qualified to vote as aforesaid on said question, he or they so offending, upon conviction thereof before the proper court of quarter sessions of said county, shall forfeit and pay for the use of said county for every such offence, a sum not less than three hundred or more than six hundred dollars at the discretion of the court, and shall undergo an imprisonment in the jail of said county for a period of not less than twelve months or more than two years.

SEC. 7. If any judge, inspector or clerk of the election authorized to be held by virtue of this act shall wilfully miscount, or shall falsely and fraudulently add up and return the votes received upon the question aforesaid, or shall keep a false tally paper, or shall be guilty of any fraud in the discharge of his duties, every person so offending upon conviction thereof in the proper court of quarter sessions of said county, shall be subject to the same fine and penalty as are imposed upon delinquent judges or inspectors by the general election laws of this Commonwealth.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the judges and inspectors conducting the election authorized to be held by virtue of this act to cause the letter R to be legibly and distinctly set opposite the name of every citizen who shall vote on the question of the Removal of the seat of justice as aforesaid, on the tally paper on which his name shall be registered, and any wilful omission so to do shall be deemed a fraud, and shall be punished as such in accordance with the provisions of the seventh section of this

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of every judge, Inspector and clerk conducting the election authorized to be held by virtue of this act, to take (in addition to the oath or affirmation he is now required by law to take) an oath or affirmation that he will honestly and faithfully comply in every respect with the provisions and requirements of this act.

SEC 10. It shall be the duty of the return judges of said county, at the time and place of their meeting to cast up all the votes received in the different election districts on the question of the Removal of the seat of justice aforesaid, and shall make out two certificates showing the result, one of which shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions and the other in the office of the Commissioners of said county of Columbia.

SEC. 11. It shall be the duty of the Sheriff of the said county of Columbia, to cause this act to be published in at least three newspapers published in said county; for at least once in every week for sixty days immediately preceding the next general election, and shall on the day of the election cause at least two printed copies, one of which shall be in the German language, of said act to be posted in handbill form, in the most public place nearest the election poll in every election district in said county and the reasonable expense of such publication shall be paid by the said county of Columbia by orders drawn in the usual way.

SEC. 12. So much of the existing laws of this Commonwealth as are altered or supplied by this act, be and the same are hereby repealed; and also the act of Assembly passed 16th June 1836 entitled an act relating to the lien of Mechanics and others, upon buildings, is hereby repealed so far as it relates to the buildings to be erected in pursuance of this act.

FINDLEY PATTERSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WILLIAM P. WILCOX,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five.

FRANCIS R, SHUNK.

WORMS KILLS THOUSANDS.

CHILDREN are most subject to them, but persons of all ages are liable to be afflicted with them. Bad breath, paleness about the lips, flushed checks, picking at the nose, wasting away, leanness, pain in the bowels, joints or limbs, disturbed sleep, frightful dreams, moaning and sometimes of voracious appetite, are among the symptoms of worms Many are doctored for months, for some other imaginary disease, when one box of Sherman's Worm Lozenges would effect a cure. D. Ryan, corner of Prince street and the Bowery, cured a man of worms that was reduced to a skeleton, and by only one box of Sherman's Lozenges: he is now as fat as an Alderman. The Hon. B. B. Beardsley has saved the life of one of his children by them. The sale of over 3,000,000 of boxes has fully tested them. They are the only infallible worm destroying medicine known. What family will be without them?

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs Asthma, and all affections of the lungs, will find a healing value in Sherman's Cough Lozenges. They saved the Rev, Richard De Forest; the Rev. Mr. Streeter, Jonathan Howarth, Esq. and that worthy old hero, Leonard Rogers, from the consumptive's grave. They cured in one day the Rev. Mr. Dunbar, the Rev. Mr. Handcock; Wm. H. Attree Esq of distessing coughs. They are the pleasantest cough medicine and cure the soonest of any known remedy.

Headache, Sea-sickness and Palpitation, relieved or from five to ten minutes by Sherman's Camphor Lozenges Persons attending crowded rooms in travelling will find them to impart buoyancy of spirits and renew their energies, Those suffering from too free living will find a few of the lozenges to dispel the horrors and lowness of spirits. Mr. Kruth, of the Sunday Mercury, has repeatedly cured himself of severe headache by them Captain Chadwick, of the packet ship Wellington, has witnessed their efficacy in a great many cases of sea-sickness. They operate like a charm upon the agitated or shattered nerves, as Sherman's Poor Man's Plaster does upon rheumatism, lumbago pain or weakness in the side, back breast or any part of the body. Mr. H. G. Daggers, 30 Ann street; Henry R Goulding; 35½ Chatham street Moses J Henriques Esq. and a multitude of others have experienced the wonderful effects of these Plasters Price only 12½ cents. Caution is necessary to see that you get the genuine Sherman's Lozenges and Plasters, as there are many worthless articles attempted to be palmed off in place of them, by those who would trifle with your life for a shilling.

Dr. Sherman's warehouse is at 106 Nassau street.—For sale by

John R. Moyer—Bloomsburg
Wm L Waller & co—Berwick
Low & Thompson—Lime Ridge
E. & J. Lazarus—Orangeville
M. G. Shoemaker—Buck Horn
L. & A L Bisel—Jerseytown
Derr & M'Bride—White Hall
John Moore—Danville.
Stephen Baldy, Catawissa.

Jan. 4—1845—37. 6m.

HISTORY OF WYOMING BY CHARLES MINER.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are respectfully solicited for the forthcoming History of Wyoming. The work, now ready for Press, will make an Octavo volume of about six hundred pages, of which five hundred pages will embrace the main body of the narrative. The Appendix, besides a variety of curious and illustrative articles, will contain the "The Hazettor Travellers," revised with numerous additions, personal anecdotes, incidents and sketches of character, making about an hundred pages.

The author thinks proper to say, that no pains have been spared to obtain information upon every point connected with this subject. He has flattered himself, as Wyoming has become classic ground—as unnumerable errors have heretofore existed in regard to its story, and as its very interesting civil character has been scarcely touched upon, that almost every gentleman would desire for his library, in respect to it, an authentic narrative.

The purpose of taking up subscriptions is to enable the author to judge what number of copies it would be proper to publish.

The Book will be neatly printed in octavo form, on excellent paper, with several illustrative plates, bound in cloth, in modern style, and delivered to subscribers at Two Dollars a copy.

No money to be paid until the Book is delivered.

Subscriptions received at this Office.

WANTED,
Two Apprentices

TO the LAST and BOOT TREE Making business. Smart active boys between the ages of 15 and 17 will receive good encouragement upon immediate application to the subscriber.

SIMON C SHIVE

Bloomsburg, June 14, 1845—6tf m8

List of Letters.

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Bloomsburg, on the quarter ending June 30th 1845.

Adams Abraham	Ryan Danel
Depser Baltis	Robason Miss Mary
Fullmer Daniel	Renhart Samuel 2
Hartman A. B.	Sprout A. B. Esq
Jackson Joseph	Sems Wm. or John [ship]
Kannady Sarah	Wychoff Y. V.
Martin Thomas	Wakefield James

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

J. R. MOYER P M

Cabint Making'

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has taken the shop lately occupied by B. S. Hayhurst, at the lower end of Market-street Bloomsburg; where he intends carrying on the above business in all its branches, and solicits a share of the patronage of the public.

In connection with the above business, he offers his services as an

UNDERTAKER.

He will always be ready to make COFFINS for the same prices heretofore charged in Bloomsburg, and having supplied himself with a good HEARSE he will attend with it at the Funeral without any extra charge.

JOHN BITTERS.

May, 10 1845—6m 3

Danville

WOOLLEN FACTORY.

THE Danville Steam Woollen Factory, formerly owned and occupied by Dr. Petrikin, has recently been purchased by the subscriber, who respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line of business, at the shortest notice, according to order, and in the best comparative manner. Having gone to considerable expense in repairing his machinery and apparatus and being very particular in securing the services of experienced mechanics, he feels confident that he is capable of executing all kinds of work in his line in a style superior to any other establishment in the country. Prices of work as follows:

Cloth ¾ yard wide light and dark, from	45 to 55 cents per yard.
Do bottle greens, olive brown, &c. from	50 to 60
Satinets of the above colors, from	40 to 44
Flannels one yard wide,	30 cents.
Wine, brown or black,	40
Madder red,	45
Blanket 2 yds wide; twilled or plain, from	60 to 70 cents per yard.

CARDING & FULLING

Will be done in the best manner, and at the usual prices All kinds of country produce will be taken in payment for work at Danville market prices.

SATITNETTS; FLANNELS; CLOTHS & BLANKETS;

Constantly on hand, for sale at reduced prices for Cash or Barter.

For the accommodation of customers living at a distance—wool for Manufacturing will be taken in at the following places:

COLUMBIA COUNTY.—Isaac Kline's Mill, Fishingcreek; Holmes' store, Columbus; Low & Thompson's store, Lime-Ridge; W. L. Waller & Co.'s store, Berwick; Stewart & Rickets' store, Orangeville; Wm. McKelvy Co.'s store, Bloomsburg; John G. Sharpless' store, Cattawissa; L. Bisel's store, Jerseytown; Derr & McBride's store, White Hall; Stroup's store, Washingtonville.

LUZERNE COUNTY—Reynold's store, Kingston; Gildersleeve's, Wilksbarre; Styers' store, Nanticoke; Judge Mack's Mill, Huntington

Plain written directions must accompany each parcel.

B. R. GEARHEART.

Danville, May 3, 1845—2

SWAN HOTEL,

Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has leased this large three story Tavern, now in the occupancy of Mr George Seiple, in Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa., and intends moving into it on the first of April next, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers As his

TABLE

will always be furnished with the best the market affords, His BAR with the choicest of Liquors And his STABLE, attended by faithful Hostlers, he flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction

CONVEYANCES

will always be ready to transport watermen on their route,

I. C. JOHNSON.

March 15, 1845—tf.

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.

GUSTAVUS L. SHUTZ,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Columbia county, and the public generally that he has located himself in Bloomsburg, on Main street opposite St. Paul's Church, where he has opened shop, and is now ready and prepared to receive and execute all work in his line of business, with dispatch and in a workmanlike manner.

clocks & Watches

of the best quality, can be had at his establishment on very reasonable terms.

REPAIRING & CLEANING

will be done to the satisfaction of the customer, as well of Clocks and Watches as of Jewelry, and he will further, warrant his work to be executed as well as any in this section of the State. He will also make to order

SURVEYING COMPASSES

or pocket, and in short, will do all other work usually done in a well regulated respectable establishment. He hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to receive a liberal share of patronage. Country Produce taken in payment for work at the market prices.

Bloomsburg, November 15, 1844—30.1

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Brandreth's Pills.

READ and understand! The time will come when the medicine, Brandreth Pills, will be appreciated as they ought and deserve, it will be understood that Dr. Brandreth has the strongest claims upon the public. It is true that every individual who makes a trial of the Brandreth Pills concede them to be the best medicine they ever used. They are indeed a medicine about which there is no mistake. Their value in a climate so changeable as ours cannot be sufficiently appreciated A free perspiration is at once restored thus they cure colds, and consumption is prevented.—Those who have a redundancy of bile find them of the most essential service, and should there be a deficiency of that important fluid the Brandreth Pills have an equally beneficial effect. Often has this important medicine saved valuable lives in those regions where the dreadful yellow fever was prevailing. A few doses taken immediately upon the infection being received into the system, will be almost certain to prevent any material inconvenience. And at no stage of this dreadful epidemic is there so proper a medicine as the Brendreth Pills. Let this medicine be universally used in this disease, and no loss of blood allowed, and few, very few, would be its victims. So it is with other diseases. Assist nature with this all important medicine to remove morbid humors from the blood, and do not resort to bleeding or mercury, and we shall have a very great scarcity of persons afflicted with cronic maladies. The feathered tribe—the animal kingdom over which we are the lords, are not afflicted with chronic maladies; neither should we be if it were not for our prius which occasions them. Follow nature. Use the medicine which harmonizes with her, which mildly but surely removes all the impurities of the blood, which strengthens the feeble, and yet reduces those of too full habit to a healthy standard. Let me again say that every department of the manufacture of Brandreth Pills is personally superintended by me, and that every box with my three labels upon it may be relied upon to have the beneficial effect described if used according to the directions accompanying.

AGENTS.

Washington—Robert M'Kay.
Jerseytown—L. & A. T. Bisel.
Danville—E. B. Reynolds & Co.
Cattawissa—C. G. Brobst.
Bloomsburg—J. R. Moyer.
Limestone—Babbit & M'Ninch.
Buckhorn—M. G. Shoemaker.
Lime Ridge—Low & Thompson.
Berwick—J W Stiles

May 3, 1845—1y—2.

New Goods.

Heffley & Mendenhall,

Have just received, and are now opening

At the old stand of Eyer & Heffley,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Consisting of every article usually kept in country store,

Among their assortment will be found,

—DRY GOODS—

Cloths; Cassimeres; Satinetts, Gambroons &c. for summer pants; Calicoes, Chintz; Balyonnes; Lawns and Crape Delanes &c. for dresses, Hosiery; Gloves & Mitts; Handkerchiefs, Scarfs; brown and bleached Shirtings &c. colored Yarn; Laps and Wadding; Bonnets and trimmings.

They have also; Palm Hats; Travelling Baskets; Looking Glasses and Brass Clocks.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Teas, Coffee, Molasses, Pepper, Spices, in fact every thing in this line that may be called for.

Crockery.

A general assortment of

HARDWARE.

Trace Chains, Shovels, Nails, Spikes, and the usual variety of Locks, Screws, Butts, &c., Rolled and Bar Iron, Hoop and band Iron, Waggon tire of all sizes,

DRUGS, PAINTS, & OILS.

All of which they will sell on the most reasonable terms and receive in payment all kinds of country produce.

May 10, 1845—3m. 3

Bloomsburg

MARBLE YARD.

The subscribers have established at the above place, a new *MARBLE YARD*, and will always be ready, at the shortest notice, to furnish to order,

MONUMENTS, TOMB-TABLES, TOMB-STONES, HEARTH-JAMBS, MANTLES, PAINT STONES, MULLERS, &c.

or any other work in their line. They also prepared to furnish WINDOW CAPS and SILLS, DOOR SILLS and STEPS, &c either of Marble, Lime or any kind of stone that can be procured in this vicinity.

☞Having had considerable experience in the business, they pledge their work to be executed in as handsome a style as can be furnished from any yard either in the city or country; and on as reasonable terms,

ARMSTRONG & HUGHES.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1843. 1y—28

CATAWISSA HOTEL,

CATAWISSA COL. CO. PA.

JACOB DYER informs travellers and his old customers and friends, that he still keeps the above Hotel, where he will be happy to wait upon those who favor him with their custom. His house is large and commodious, and well arranged to accommodate his guests His table is always provided with the choicest Viands the markets can afford, and his Bar contains some of the best liquros that can be found in this section of country. His stables are also ample, and good ostlers are always in attendance.

Catawissa, July 12, 1845—2m.12