

WE'RE ALL COWARDS IN THE DARK.

A medical friend of ours who, some years since, visited Paris under circumstances most favorable to an *entree* to a most interesting circle—that of the survivors and *ex-devant* supporters of the 'Empire,' tells a capital story as he heard it related by the celebrated General Exelmans, one of Napoleon's *patadins*. It was at a dinner party, composed of some of survivors of Waterloo, a few of their younger relatives, and the action of an exking, on a visit from his home in America, and to whom our friend owed his introduction to the circle. Some question arose about bravery when the younger members of the company were elicited to hear the venerable and heroic Exelmans gravely and seriously declare, that *all were cowards in the dark!* The General smiled at their expressions of dissent, remarked that it was very like youth, and proceeded to tell the following anecdote in support of his strange declaration.

There was a young hot-head in the Emperor's service, who, burning for action, and his duties at the time affording no opportunity, at last he resolved to fight a duel, and accordingly, choosing to construe some remark or other of an older and superior officer into an insult, challenged him. The old soldier, waving all considerations of rank, agreed to meet the young man, but on the following unusual terms. The time should be night, the place a room, in opposite corners of which they were to stand. The seconds, having placed their men, were to withdraw outside of the door, taking the candles with them. The word should be given from without, when he who had the fire should discharge his weapon, and the seconds bearing the lights should immediately rush in!

These strange conditions were accepted, the time arrived, and the seconds placed the parties as agreed upon; withdrawing immediately and leaving their men in the dark. The word was given, the fire was heard, the door was re-opened, and there stood the elder of the two, but upright in the corner, his adversary's ball having entered the wall so close to his head that the escape seemed little less than miraculous.

It was now the old soldier's turn to speak, the word was again given from the outside, and, instantaneously with the discharge, the seconds rushed in to find the challenger prostrate upon the floor—not yet having recovered himself from his trick to avoid the ball, which on examination, it was found must have killed him.

The young man was covered with confusion, and the seconds were overwhelming him with the expression of their scorn, when the veteran stopped them.

'Not so fast my young friends,' said he, 'you will grow wiser. Where do you suppose I was at the first fire? On my hands and knees in the corner, but, *ma foi!* I was up quicker than he! *Pardieu!* Messieurs we are cowards in the dark!

It was afterwards whispered to our friend, that the story was an actual fact, and that the elder of the parties, was no other than the brave warrior Exelmans, himself.

ECONOMY.

Don't pile on the wood—the room is warm enough. A good housewife saves a number of dollars in fuel in the course of a year.

You are sweeping a pin in the fire, stop and pick it up. Two or three rows of pins ought to last a 12 month—and will in a prudent family.

Take back the brush—you are turning it on the stove. When you wish to sweep the hearth take the old broom—it will answer just as well. In six weeks you will need a new brush in the house, if you continue to be careless.

Put on your apron when about your kitchen work, it will save your gown.—With a little care that eschio dress will last you 6 months longer.

You look well truly with your feet in the fire. At this rate you will need a pair of shoes every fortnight! Your last shoes were not worn much, they were burnt out.

There is a needle full of thread on the window—put it in your drawer or it will be lost. A dozen such will make a skein.

You intend to pass this evening at a neighbor's. Carry your knitting work with you. You can work while you talk.

Take that dipper from the stove.—There is no water in it. To-morrow I shall have to carry it down for Mr. Conner to soulder the bottom.

Blow out one of those lamps. One light is sufficient now the company is gone.

You put too much soap on the clothes. It was but last month that Weaver brought us a barrel now it is half gone. So much for economy—who would

not be economic? Save all you can. Hundreds of dollars are wasted in some families, when as much might be saved. Be careful of small leaks. Unless you live—thus you may rely upon.

PERSONAL IDENTITY.

It has often been remarked how easily one may be mistaken in affirming the identity of a person. Men have been hung, and suffered other penalties of the law, from a near resemblance to other men, and from being mistaken by witnesses for them.

A recent and striking case of this sort is recorded in the Fayetteville North Carolinian, as having occurred in Orange Co., N. C., a short time ago. A free negro was arraigned for an attempt at rape. A married woman whose husband was off at work about thirty miles, was attacked one night by a negro man, who attempted a rape on her; but succeeded no further than to frighten her very much. She forthwith gave information and had a free negro in the neighborhood arrested. The trial came on and she swore positively that the free negro was the man. Another witness, an old man who was passing by the house just before the act was committed, also swore that he met this free negro spoke to him (at some distance) and asked him if the man who lived at that house was home, and if there were any dogs there. The old man told him that the man was not at home and that there were no dogs there. The free negro proved, by two highly respectable young gentlemen that he was at their father's house on the very night, and at the very hour when the act was said to be committed. What would have been done with the free negro it is hard to say, under the circumstances, had not the matter taken quite a new turn.

It so happened as many other strange things happen, that there was a slave man or boy in the neighborhood, the very counterpart of the free negro as to color, face and form, and belonging to the father of the young gentlemen who testified that the free negro was at their house on the night of the crime. This slave boy confessed that it was him that committed the crime and not the free negro. The confession was made to the Clerk of the Court and also to one of the counsel. Of course he was immediately arrested.—This put a new aspect on the matter, and the two prisoners were brought into Court. The woman was then directed to point out the man, and she still declared it was the free negro. The old man was then called on and he decided it was the free negro; such is the tenacity with which some people cling to their impressions, and originally expressed opinions. But what is stranger than all the very counsellor to whom the slave man made the confession, when asked as to the man that made the confession, pointed to the free negro! Be the Clerk of the Court, to whom also he confessed, knew the slave perfectly well, and had known him from a boy, he very readily corrected the mistake made by the counsellor.

Another singular circumstance is, that the woman should make such a mistake, when the free negro had been employed about the premises for a day or two in ploughing, which circumstance also proved something in his favor, from the fact that he knew the woman's husband was not at home, and that there were no dogs there, and consequently would not have asked the old man the questions which were asked by the slave. At the same time such knowledge might also be made to operate against him.

The slave confessed that he deceived the old man in this way; he halloed to the old man and asked him how he was; and the old fellow returned the salutation and asked if that was Ben. (the free negro.) The boy, finding he was not known, did not discover himself, but carried out the deception by answering in the affirmative. The boy also said, (and as he was naturally a wild boy, many believed it to be true) that he had no intention of doing any harm; only intended to frighten the woman; that he did not start from home with any intention of such a thing, but just as he got near the house, the devil seemed to put it into his head to do some mischief and led him to the commission of the crime.

The free negro was released, and the slave boy was hung. The evidence of the woman and the old man made such an impression against the free negro, that some were loth to believe but what it was him; but the slave persisted in his statement of his own guilt, and said just before he was hung, that it was all right, he was the one and not the free negro.

What caution such cases should be to persons who are called upon to swear to the identity of another in a case involving the life of an individual. For it is a rare chance to find that honesty and virtue in men to prompt a confession which would subject their own neck to the gallows.

Dissolution Of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership, heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Eyer & Hefley, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the Books and accounts may be found with Charles Hefley, at the old stand, who is authorized to settle accounts of the firm, and will be happy to wait on their friends in settling the same. Those having accounts of long standing are particularly requested to call.

JACOB EYER,
CHARLES HEFLEY.
Bloomsburg, March 18—1845

New Arrangement.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have entered into Partnership, under the firm of Hefley & Mendenhall, in the mercantile business, at the stand formerly occupied by Eyer & Hefley, and have taken their entire

STOCK OF GOODS, to which they intend making such additions as will suit the seasons and make their assortment general, all of which they are anxious to exchange for cash, or country produce generally, upon very liberal terms. They respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally.

CHARLES HEFLEY,
SAMUEL MENDENHALL.
Bloomsburg, March 18—1845.

SWAN HOTEL,

Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has leased this large three story Tavern, now in the occupancy of Mr. George Seiple, in Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa., and intends moving into it on the first of April next, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. As his

TABLE

will always be furnished with the best market affords, his BAR with the choicest of Liquors. And his STABLE, attended by faithful Hostlers, he flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction.

CONVEYANCES will always be ready to transport watermen on their route.

I. C. JOHNSON,
March 15, 1845—4

Bloomsburg

MARBLE YARD.

The subscribers have established at the above place, a new MARBLE YARD, and are prepared to furnish to order,

MONUMENTS, TOMB-TABLES,
TOMB-STONES, HEARTH-JAMBS, MANTLES, PAINT STONES, MULLERS, &c.

or any other work in their line. They are also prepared to furnish WINDOW CAPS and SILLS, DOOR SILLS and STEPS, of either of Marble, Lime, or any kind of stone that can be procured in this vicinity. Having had considerable experience in the business, they pledge their work to be executed in as handsome a style as can be furnished from any yard either in the city or country; and on as reasonable terms.

ARMSTRONG & HUGHES,
Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1843. 1y—28

Notice.

IS hereby given, that on the 31st day of May, last, I gave my Note to Walter W. Beech, for the sum of eighteen dollars payable one year after date and as the said Note was obtained through deception and fraud, I hereby caution all persons not to purchase it, I shall refuse to pay the same until compelled by law.

HENRY KITCHEN,
Madison, March 25—1845.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of SILVERTHORN & BOONE, in the Blacksmithing Business, is Dissolved by mutual consent. The Books are in the hands of Marshal Silverthorn, to whom all having claims on, or are indebted to, said firm, are requested to apply immediately for settlement.

MARSHAL SILVERTHORN,
JUDAH BOONE
Bloomsburg, March 28, 1845. 49

The Business, in future, will be carried on at the old stand, by the subscriber who solicits a continuance of the custom of old friends, and of as many new ones as may please call.

M. SILVERTHORN,
March 28.—49

Chair Manufactory.

THE subscriber having established a NEW CHAIR MANUFACTORY on Main street, near the residence of L. B. Maus, he is now prepared to furnish Chairs of every description, on as good terms as they can be purchased elsewhere in the county.

WOOD TURNING,

Such as Red Posts, Waggon Hubs, Rose Blocks, &c.

SIGN, ORNAMENTAL & HOUSE PAINTING.

—Also—

HOUSE PAPERING.

This latter branch, from his experience, he believes he can do a little better than any other person in this section.

POPULAR PLANK will be taken in payment at the highest rate.

SAMUEL HAGENBUCH
Bloomsburg, July 1, 1844

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.

GUSTAVUS L. SEUTZ,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Columbia county, and the public generally that he has located himself in Bloomsburg on Main street opposite St. Paul's Church, where he has opened shop, and is now ready and prepared to receive and execute all work in his line of business, with dispatch and in a workmanlike manner.

Clocks & Watches

of the best quality, can be had at his establishment on very reasonable terms.

REPAIRING & CLEANING

will be done to the satisfaction of the customer, as well of Clocks and Watches as of Jewelry, and he will further warrant his work to be executed as well as any in this section of the State. He will also make to order

SURVEYING COMPASSES

or pocket, and in short, will do all other work usually done in a well regulated respectable establishment. He hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to receive a liberal share of patronage. Country Produce taken in payment for work at the market prices.

Bloomsburg, November 15, 1844—30t

Chair Manufactory,

THE subscriber continues to carry on the

CHAIR MANUFACTURING

business at the old stand of B. & S. Hagenbuch, where he will be ready at all times to furnish Fancy & Windsor Chairs, Settees, Boston Rocking Chairs &c. of every description, which may be called for, at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. He will also execute House, Sign & Ornamental Painting, and House Papering, in a superior manner.

From his experience in the business, and his facilities of manufacturing the various articles of his line, he flatters himself that he shall be able to furnish as good work, and upon as reasonable terms as can be done in the country, all of which he will dispose of for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

N. B. Orders from a distance will be strictly and punctually attended to.

B. HAGENBUCH,
Bloomsburg, Dec. 30, 1843

50 MINERS WANTED.

EMPLOYMENT will be given by the subscribers to 50 Miners during the season. All those wishing to take a Job will please call as we will let 'em out by the Job or by the ton.

40 LABOURING hands wanted by the subscribers.

HAGENBUCH & EVES,
Light Street March—1845

LUUM HERE!

FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

Come one, come all, give me a call!

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and hopes for a continuance of the same, with an increase due to the merit of his shop. He intends sparing neither pain or labour to render satisfaction in any respect, and will warrant his work done with taste and durability. AND ALITTLE NEATER THAN CAN BE DONE IN ANY OTHER SHOP IN THIS PLACE. He has just received Mahans, late report of Fashions, from Philadelphia, which can be seen at his shop at any time, by which he is enabled to cut according to the latest style, or to order. His prices are in accordance to the times. All kinds of country produce taken in payment for work at market price. A very reasonable discount for cash.

N. B. Cutting done with the greatest care, and at the shortest notice.

P. S. LEIDY,
P. S. L.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 184—5

Brandreth's Pills.

READ and understand! The time will come when the medicine, Brandreth's Pills, will be appreciated as they ought and deserve; it will be understood that Dr. Brandreth has the strongest reliance upon the public. It is true that every individual who makes a trial of the Brandreth's Pills concede them to be the best medicine they ever used. They are indeed a medicine about which there is no mistake. Their value in a climate so changeable as ours cannot be sufficiently appreciated. A free perspiration is at once restored, thus they cure colds, and consumption is prevented. Those who have a redundancy of bile find them of the most essential service, and should there be a deficiency of that important fluid the Brandreth's Pills have an equally beneficial effect. Often has this important medicine saved valuable lives in those regions where the dreadful yellow fever was prevailing. A few doses taken immediately upon the infection being received into the system, will be almost certain to prevent any mortal epidemic in there so proper a medicine as the Brandreth's Pills. Let this medicine be universally used in this disease, and no loss of blood allowed, and few, very few, would be its victims. So it is with other diseases. Assist nature with this all important medicine to remove morbid humors from the blood and do not resort to bleeding or mercury, and we shall have a very great scarcity of persons afflicted with chronic maladies; the feathered tribe—the animal kingdom—over which we are the lords, are not afflicted with chronic maladies; neither should we be if it were not for our price which occasions them. Follow nature. Use the medicine which harmonizes with her, which mildly but surely removes all the impurities of the blood, which strengthens the feeble, and yet reduces those of too full habit to a healthy standard. Let me again say that every department of the manufacture of Brandreth's Pills is personally superintended by me, and that every box with my three labels upon it may be relied upon to have the beneficial effect described if used according to the directions accompanying.

AGENTS.

Washington—Robert McKay.

Jerseytown—L. & A. T. Bissel.

Danville—E. B. Reynolds & Co.

Catawissa—C. G. Brobst.

Bloomsburg—J. R. Moyer.

Limestone—Babbitt & McInch.

Buckhorn—M. G. Shoemaker.

Lime Ridge—Low & Thompson.

Hersok—J. W. Skiles.

May 3, 1845—1y—2.

Dr. Jayne's

FAMILY MEDICINES.

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC.

This Hair Tonic has produced beautiful New Hair in the heads of hundreds who had been bald for years. It also purifies the head from Dandruff—Cures diseases of the scalp—Preserves the hair from falling out or becoming permanently gray.

JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BAL-SAM.

IS a certain, safe and effectual remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhoea or looseness, cholera morbus, summer complaint, colic, griping pains; sour stomach; sick and nervous headache, heartburn, waterbrash, pain or sickness of the stomach; vomiting; spitting up of food after eating and also where it passes through the body unchanged; want of appetite, restlessness and inability to sleep; wind in the stomach and bowels; cramp; nervous tremors and weakness of spirits, fretting and crying of infants and for all bowel affections and nervous diseases.

DR. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE

Which is perfectly safe and so pleasant that children will not refuse to take it. It effectually destroys worms; neutralizes acidity or sourness of the stomach; increases appetite, and acts as a general and permanent Tonic and is therefore exceedingly beneficial in intermittent and Remittent fevers and indigestion; and is a certain and permanent cure for the fever and ague.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS.

They may be taken at all times and in most diseases.—In Inflammatory, intermitting, Remittent, Bilious, and every other form of Fever—Jaundice and Liver Complaint. For Dyspepsia they are really an invaluable article, gradually changing the vitiated secretions of the stomach and liver, and producing healthy action in those important organs. They are very valuable in diseases of the Skin, and for what is commonly called 'Impurity of the blood'; also for Female Complaints, Costiveness &c., and in fact every disease where an Aperient, Alterative, or Purgative Medicine may be required.

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

It always cures Asthma—two or three large doses will cure the Croup or Hives of Children, in from fifteen minutes to an hour's time. It immediately subdues the violence of Hooping Cough, and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with 'Consumption,' have been restored to perfect health, by it.

In fact, as a remedy in Pulmonary Diseases, no medicine has ever obtained a higher, or more deserved reputation.

The above Medicine are all for sale at the store of JOHN R. MOYER, Bloomsburg. 36

No Humbug!

CHARLES KAHLER

Tailor.

EMBRACING the present opportunity of expressing his thankfulness to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received, informs his friends and the public in general, that he still continues to carry on the above business at his old established stand, on the corner of Main and East streets, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive and merit a share of public patronage as heretofore. He deems it unnecessary to go into the name of brag, or to use any soft adjectives about his SKILL in the PROFESSION OF GARDEN CUTTING as his shop is of long standing, and his work he thinks will speak for itself, and far more loudly than words. But, he would merely say that, he warrants his work done with neatness, durability, and in the late fashionable manner, and will execute a good fit in all cases.

N. B. Charges moderate to suit the times. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work, at market prices.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 9 1844.—29.

List of Letters.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Catawissa on the quarter ending March 31st, 1845.

Bird William Miller Thomas

Clark David Ovidor Elizabeth

Campbell Isaac Overseers of the poor of Henschel

Davis Jonathan Picher John

Denner B. Samuel Ritter David

Fincher P. Thomas Ringor P. Reuben

Hale Joseph Stoker Alexander

Hughes Eliza Umstead Jacob

Hoover Cain 2 Woods E. Samuel 5

Iredell R. Yarum Joseph

John Maryann Zander George

John Sarah Zander George

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

PALL R. BALDY P. M.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Bloomsburg, on the quarter ending March 31st, 1844

Samuel Beech, Patrick Hann, George Hieely, J. B. Millard, John Mason, George McDowell, John Rarns, George Sentma

E. S. Tailor, Wm. Varns

Person calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

J. R. NOYER P. M.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS

THE subscriber desirous of quitting business on account of his health, will

RENT HIS STORE,

property to any person on favourable terms, who will PURCHASE HIS STOCK OF GOODS remaining on hand. His situation for doing business he considers, the best in the county.

He also requests all those indebted to him to come and make payment before the 1st of April, after that time, every account not paid, will be sued without respect to person.

E. H. EIGGS,
Jan. 26—1846.

THE FAMILY NEWSPAPER AND FIRE-SIDE FRIEND.

Central in Politics and Religion

NEW YEAR.

Now is the very nick of time to subscribe for the New Year 1845.

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER

With the largest Subscription List in the World.

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

For the purpose of facilitating the formation of Clubs, of new or old subscribers not in arrears, we thereby following

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS.

Three copies of the Saturday Courier, 1 year, or one copy for three years

Five copies of the Saturday Courier, 1 year, or one copy for three years

Two do do and 1

Five copies of either of the \$3 Magazines

Five copies of either of the \$3 Magazines

Five copies of the Saturday Courier, and 1 copy of the \$5 book, or

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