

Remember the Printer

WHEAT, CORN, RYE, BUCK WHEAT, OATS or WOOD, will be received for debts due us for subscription.

Also a few bushels of POTATOES if delivered soon.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY MEETING.

A Meeting of the Democratic citizens of Columbia County, will be held at the house of CHA. DOEBLER

In Bloomsburg Thursday Feb 27, 1844, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of appointing a delegate to represent this county in a State Convention to be held at Harrisburg, to nominate a candidate for Canal Commissioner, and to take measures to secure the appointment of a Senatorial Delegate.

By order of the Democratic Standing Committee.

THE REMOVAL.

We have the high gratification, this week of informing our readers, that the REMOVAL BILL HAS PASSED BOTH BRANCHES OF THE LEGISLATURE FINALLY, and has been signed by Governor Shunk!

1 That the bill be accepted by a majority of the voters at next October Election.

2 All those voting must have resided in the County six months, &c.

3 The new buildings to be put up on the most approved plan, of brick or stone, free of expense to the County, and be accepted by the Judges of the County Court.

4 The people of Bloomsburg, to give one acre of land to the County for building purposes, &c.

5 The old buildings to be sold, and the amount originally subscribed towards their erection, to be paid to the township of Mahoning, and the overplus to go into the County Treasury.

6 The Removal to take place as soon as the new buildings are prepared if within three years, &c.

The enemies of the bill fought it with unwearied desperation in all the stages of its passage through both houses; but all in vain: it has now received an irrevocable approval of the law making authority.

As the Removal question is now to be fairly submitted to the people of the County for their acceptance or rejection, it behooves every friend of the measure to buckle on his armor, that he may fight the good fight, manfully and successfully.

The question regarding the validity of John Randolph's will, or rather will, so long in dispute, and which was left to a sworn jury in December last, has been decided by the jury setting up the will of 1842, which casts off most of the relatives from a right to his property and sets free all his slaves.

The vote on the final passage of the Removal bill in the Senate stood, yeas 17, nays 14—two Senators being absent— as follows:—Yeas, Messrs. Anderson, Bailey, Black, Cornman, Crab, Ebaugh, Eyer, Egely, Falkrod, Heckman, Hill, Hoover, Morrison, Qaay, Ross, Sherwood and Sulzner—17.

Nays—Messrs. Babbit, Bigler, Carson, Chapman, Champneys, Craig, Darrough, Darsie, Emme, Gibbons, Horton, Rahn, Wilcox—14.

In the House the vote on concurring in the Senate amendments, stood about 30 in majority for concurrence.

ORIGINAL.

The June Bug Letters.

LETTER I.

MY DEAR FRIEND.

I will address you in the language of the Apostle: Grace be to you, and as you have been blessed, endeavor to keep in the unity of the spirit, in the bonds of peace, and walk always in love; for love is the fulfilling of the law.

I left the city of Philadelphia, or as it is sometimes called the city of Brotherly Love, on last Friday; where I saw a great deal of vanity that pained me, and came to Lancaster, and thence by way of Columbia, to this place, where I will remain a week or two. Nothing special took place on the journey, except that I had to leave my trunk at Columbia, and walk three miles to this place, which was unpleasant, as I am very much troubled with corns.

I had a letter of introduction from Rev. W. Pipestaff, to a family here of the name of Smith, with whom I am now staying.— Mr. John Smith, the head of the family, is a Christian and a gentleman, and I have been much edified by his conversation.— Mrs. Smith died a few years ago of a flux, but the girls are ladies, and they have entertained me in the very best manner.

The girls are very kind and very agreeable, and one of them, while I have been writing this letter, has presented me with one of the largest apples that I have had these five years.— But all this is not home to me, and amidst all the pleasures here, and the attention and kind treatment I receive, my mind is back to Columbia county, among her hills and valleys, and along her babbling streams.— But I must content myself with my present situation, and this I expect to do, supported by grace and the sweet consolation of the spirit. I will go on to Carlisle to commence my studies as soon as I leave here, and will then write to you again.

I remain yours affectionately. WILLIAM AUGUSTUS McLAINE. To James Bagby, Student.

JOHN RANDOLPH'S WILL.

The question regarding the validity of John Randolph's will, or rather will, so long in dispute, and which was left to a sworn jury in December last, has been decided by the jury setting up the will of 1842, which casts off most of the relatives from a right to his property and sets free all his slaves.

EMBEZZLEMENT.

A clerk in the Post-office in Nashville has been arrested for the abstraction of money from letters. His embezzlements are supposed by the Postmaster to have been continued for a considerable time and to have amounted to a least \$5000.

LEGISLATIVE EXPENSES.

In compliance with a call of the House of Representatives, the State Treasurer yesterday transmitted to that body the following statement of the annual legislative expenses, commencing with the session of 1824-25, and ending with the present session of 1844, up to and including the 12th of February, instant.

Table with columns for Session of (1824-5 to 1844) and Amount (\$83,472.12 to 22,529.08). Total: \$2,692,813.47.

PARDONING POWER.

A communication was recently received by the House of Representatives, from the Secretary of the Commonwealth which we have omitted to notice, setting forth the number of pardons granted during the administration of Gov. Porter.

Table listing crimes and pardon counts: Murder 2d degree—Washington (1), Manslaughter—Perry (1), Perjury—Crawford (1), Arson—Cumberland (1), Bigamy—Beaver (1), Adultery—Cumberland and Northumberland (2), Forgery—Allegheny, Berks, Dauphin and Warren (4), Burglary—Fayette (1), Assault and Battery—Cumberland (1), Dupey (2), Fayette (1), Philadelphia (1), Larceny—Adams (2), Label—Adams (1), Conspiracy—Huntingdon (2), Riot—Lycoming (15) and Mercer (13), Passing counterfeit money—Berks (2), Fraudulent voting—Cumberland (1), Accessory to larceny—Butler (1), Unknown—Cumberland (2).

Total 55. The number of pardons granted after convicting are 570, and the nature of the crimes for which they had been sentenced as follows:

Table listing crimes and pardon counts: Murder 1st degree (3), Murder 2d degree, Manslaughter (24), Adultery (4), Bigamy (10), Rape (4), Perjury (16), Robbery (9), Robbery and Burglary (2), Burglary (24), Arson (10), Arson and Burglary (2), Forgery (20), Passing counterfeit money (21), Horse stealing (36), Riot (48), Conspiracy (48), Assault and Battery (1), Fraudulent voting (1), Fraudulent insolvency (1), Larceny (177), Receiving stolen goods (13), Labels (4), Malicious mischief (3), Nuisance (2), Attempt to commit burglary (2), Gaming (2), Extortion (2), Fornication (2), Attempt to fire dwelling (1), Bestiality (1), Exposure of body (1), Exhuming dead body (1), Misdemeanors (1).

Total 570. We offer no comment upon this most extraordinary document—it carries condemnation upon the very face of it.

ANOTHER GREAT MATCH RACE.

The terms of another great match race have very recently been concluded in New York, between the friends of the Southern racer 'Peytonia' and those of the celebrated 'Fashion,' of the North for a purse of \$20,000 being \$10,000 a side—four miles and repeat.

THE MOVEMENTS OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT.

Some of the newspapers are filled with accounts of the movements of the President elect, and every little incident is noted and commented upon with a degree of particularity that savors much of the fulsome and flattery with which European journals record the movements of royalty.

A SCENE AT GUYANDOT.—Among others, came the old Postmaster, who made up to the President in a very open and frank manner, offering his hand, which Col. Polk very politely received.

The President replied, that he considered the right of everyman to his own opinions, honestly formed, and to think for himself, a sacred right and therefore thought none the less of him for having voted against him, and was ready to believe the office of Postmaster at Guyandot was in very safe hands.

The old man left, expressing much satisfaction at finding the President such a confounded clever man, as he termed it. He was soon followed by others, rather awkward looking and uncouthly dressed, hardy mountaineers, who seemed as though they had just arrived in Guyan, as the mountain folks call the town, the 'Gretna Green' between the States of Virginia and Kentucky.

They entered the cabin in Indian file keeping their hats, on which cast a shadow over their timid but healthy and honest looking faces. The foremost of the lot plucked up courage enough to approach the President, who met him more than half way, with as much ease and grace as if his visiter had been a Prince.

On the 15th of January he was discovered in a baranca (ravine) near a little Indian village, called Jino, some leagues from Jalapa, by a couple of Indians who were hunting. The dogs belonging to the Indians became restive and furious, the Indians followed the direction of their barking, and found the Dictator, who offered them his watch and such money as he had about him if they would guide him to his hacienda.

When he was captured he had taken off his cork leg, on account of the inflammation produced by walking upon it, and was carried by his servants.

He is confined at present in the same Castle of Perote, from which the Texan prisoners have not long since been liberated and well guarded by some 3000 soldiers. It is proposed to remove him to the Capital in a few days, where he will have to answer to the country, before the Chamber of Deputies, for his past conduct; and doubtless from the excited state of public feeling against him, he will expiate his conduct by an ignominious death.—Ledger.

THE LATE SNOW STORM.

This seems to have been one covering the widest extent of territory known in many years. On the East it extended as far as Bangor; on the South, as far as Norfolk; on the West as far as Michigan and on the North all over Canada.

IN HUMAN.

We learn, says the Providence Gazette that one of the poor debtors, confined in that county jail not long since, was unprovided by the keeper with food for five days. The poor man would have starved to death, of course, had it not been for his fellow prisoners, who, taking pity on his unhappy situation, handed out to him from time to time portions of their own rations.

Movements of the V President Elect

A meeting of the Democrats of the City and County of Philadelphia, was held at Hollahan's hotel, on Wednesday afternoon and was organized by the appointment of Richard L. Loyd, as President; John Painter, George Smith, William H. Coleman, Vice Presidents; William Conshall, James H. Carr, Joshua M. Raybold, Secretaries.—Col. R. M. Lee stated the object of the meeting to be, to make the necessary arrangements for escorting the Hon. G. M. DALLAS, Vice President elect, to the rail road depot on his way to Washington.

According to these arrangements, Mr. Dallas left Philadelphia for Washington, on Thursday morning, accompanied by the corps of Union Females, to the residence of Mr. Dallas, Mr. D. came from his residence amid the cheers of the multitude, and announced the barouche that was in waiting for him, and then the procession moved off, proceeding up Tenth street to Chesnut, up Chesnut to Eleventh, up Eleventh to Market, and up Market to the cars, on Broad street. On arriving at Broad street, a piece of artillery, under Capt. J. K. Murphy, commenced firing, and Mr. Dallas took a car, which was in readiness and proceeded on his journey amid the Vice President's salute, seventeen guns, and the cheers of the people.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.—Captives and Imprisonment of Santa Anna.

We yesterday received the first papers from New Orleans by the new arrangement of the 'express mail.' They are to the 5th instant, and bring important intelligence from Mexico. Santa Anna, who has exercised authority in that country so long, has at length fallen before the combined power of his adversaries, and is now in prison. He was captured while attempting to reach the coast in his repeated attempts upon Puebla. He had left the army about four leagues below Puebla, with an escort of several hundred men, and proceeded towards Jalapa. Before arriving at that city he parted with his escort, and attempted to make his escape to the mountains on foot, and in the disguise of a friar.

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U. S. RAILROADS.

There are 87 railroads in the United States in a state of completion, the aggregate length of which is 4752 miles. The average cost per mile has been about 20,000 dollars, and consequently the capital invested \$75,350,000.

SANTA ANNA.

Santa Anna, who is now in the power of his enemies, has six distinct charges made against him, and upon which he will shortly be tried. They accuse him of high treason for attempting to subvert the constitution and elevate himself as Emperor of Mexico; exercising powers not constitutionally delegated; malfeasance in office; applying the moneys of the government to his own use, and sending out of the country on his individual account several millions of the public money appropriated by Congress for national objects; violating the principles of war at Puebla, opening his batteries upon the city and cruelly butchering the inhabitants while a cessation of hostilities had been solicited by him and granted under the sacred guarantee of a flag of truce; robbing the national mint, pilfering cities, and appropriating to his own purposes public and private property; and disobedience to orders in refusing to give up his command when ordered by government.

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Vera Cruz papers received at New Orleans via Havana, as late as 31st ult. say that Santa Anna is still a prisoner at Perote. It is stated that a Grand Jury appointed to try him was furious against him, while the present Executive of Mexico manifested a feeling of clemency, and at the same time of regret that he did not escape out the country, and thus save the Government further trouble. The beliefs expressed that his life will not be taken, [His young wife was in prison with him, as was also an old friend of his, Senor Lozano Valamil.]

THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT ELECT.

The joint committee of Congress waited upon Mr. Polk and Mr. Dallas, to announce to them, officially, the fact that the newspapers informed them of months ago, their election to the high stations of President and Vice President. The Madisonian says: 'The President elect signified his acceptance of the office to which he had been chosen by the people, and expressed his deep sense of gratitude to them for the confidence which they had reposed in him, and requested the committee to convey to the two Houses of Congress assurances that, in executing the responsible duties which would devolve upon him, it would be his anxious desire to maintain the honor and promote the welfare of his country.'

The committee likewise informed the Hon. George M. Dallas of his election to the office of Vice President of the U. S. and that gentleman, in signifying his acceptance of the office to which he had been chosen, expressed his profound gratitude to them, and declared that, drawn unexpectedly by the generous suffrage of his fellow citizens from the shades of private life into the full glare of official station, it was difficult to repress the solicitude that he might not be equal to the exigencies of so sudden a change, but that, swayed by an ardent devotion to the high honor, true interest, and fast union of the American States, he would enter with zeal upon the duties assigned to him, in the hope of at least partially realizing the expectations of those by whose confidence he had been honored.'

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