

from her death-like swoon. She then related what she had seen, and clung to the belief in the reality of the spectral visitation with such tenacity, that reasoning and soothing failed to calm her mind. Before another day had dawned, she was raving in the delirium of a brain fever, and in one week from her ill-omened marriage, she was laid beside him whose spirit she believed had summoned her to join him.

The incidents on which the foregoing pages are founded, are literally true.—That the supernatural visitations was the offspring of an overwrought imagination and superstitious mind, a real case of monomania, there can be little doubt.—The vagaries of an excited imagination are producing results on Mormons and Millerites, quite as inexplicable to sober reason as the catastrophe of The Broken Vow.

DEMOCRAT.

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR"

BLOONSBURG:

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES K. POLK.

VICE PRESIDENT,

GEORGE M. DALLAS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HENRY A. MUHLENBERG.

Canal Commissioner.

JOSHUA HARTSHORNE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

WILSON McCANDLESS, } Senatorial
ASA DIMOCK, }

REPRESENTATIVE.

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1 George F. Lehman | 13 George Schnable |
| 2 Christian Kneass | 14 Nathaniel B. Eldred |
| 3 Wm. H. Smith | 15 M. N. Irvine |
| 4 John Hill (Phil.) | 16 James Woodburn |
| 5 Samuel E. Leech | 17 Hugh Montgomery |
| 6 Samuel Camp | 18 Isaac Aukley |
| 7 Jesse Sharpe | 19 John Mathews |
| 8 N. W. Sample | 20 Wm. Patterson |
| 9 Wm. Heindrich | 21 Andrew Burke |
| 10 Conrad Shimer | 22 John M'Gill |
| 11 Stephen Baldy | 23 Christian Myers |
| 12 Jonah Brewster | 24 Robert Orr |

TEMPERANCE MASS MEETING.

We have been requested to mention that a Temperance Mass Meeting will be held at JERSEYTOWN, on Friday, the 16th of August, at the residence of the county gen-

ORANGEVILLE AND ROERSBURG HICKORY CLUB.

Will meet at Orangeville, this afternoon, Saturday, Aug. 3, at one o'clock. There will be a large gathering of the people. Several speeches may be expected. Ho for Orangeville. Go yourself and take your neighbor along with you.

The whig papers have been industriously circulating the story that Ezekiel Polk, the Grand Father of James K. Polk, was a tory in the Revolution. So far from this being a fact, it has been proven from the public archives of the State of North Carolina, where he resided, that he was not only not a tory, but an active participant in getting up the celebrated Mechenberg Declaration of Independence—a signer of it, and also served two years in the army of the Revolution. This falsehood being nailed to the counter, something else equally ridiculous, will now be resorted to.

The whigs of Pennsylvania are opposed to the admission of Texas. The whig delegates to a State Convention in Georgia, lately passed resolutions in favor of it. The only member of Congress whom the whigs have elected in Louisiana, is a friend of the annexation of Texas. Most of their members to the Legislature are also in favor of it.

Here is consistency for you with vengeance.

Clay's Southern Face.—Extract from a letter of one of the Whig candidates for Presidential Elector in Virginia, who is an intimate and confidential friend of Henry Clay, and who was with him lately on his visit to Virginia, after he wrote his Texas letter.

"In Mr. Clay's ability, experience, and patriotism; they [the people] have the surest guaranty that Texas will be annexed in the most secure and honorable manner." JAMES LYONS.

The young man who fell out of the third story window of Mr. Doebler's Hotel in this village a few days since has nearly recovered from his bruises.

CHARLES COOK,

AND THE LOCAL QUESTION.

Had we not been prepared, by the former course of the Danville faction in regard to the local question, for double shuffling, non-committal, half way between declarations for the eye of the people, whenever detected in their secret operations, we should have been astonished to see the following half-acknowledging, half-erring, half-begging for quarters article, that appeared in the last Danville Democrat. But knowing their system of tactics, our surprise is dissipated, although it virtually admits that Cook did utter a 'willful and malicious falsehood,' when he made the positive denial of the truth of our charge against him, that he had said, 'he never would vote for a Removal man.' Read the manly article from Cook's paper. We copy it with his italics and capitals.

OUR POSITION IN REGARD TO THE LOCAL QUESTION.—We would have answered Mr. WEBB, of the Bloomsburg Democrat, in regard to his reiterated charges against us in his paper of week before last, had we not been prevented by absence. And all we have to say now is this, that to the best of our recollection, we never said, that "Mr. Webb's first charge expressed, because we have never entertained such an opinion." But this we did say, on more than one occasion, that we could not, and would not vote for a LOCO FOCO Removal man, i. e. for one of the Webb, Snyder and McReynolds clique, and we still adhere to the same opinion. Personally, we have little interest in this local question, because we own not a foot of Real Estate which would be injuriously affected by a Removal of the Seat of Justice, but as long as we reside at Danville, and receive our chief support from members of both parties of this place and neighborhood, our position is clear. Now Mr. WEBB may bring as much proof or affidavits as he pleases, we shall not refer to this petty business again.

Here then you have Mr. Cook if you can catch him. In his first reply to our charge that he had said, 'he never would vote for a Removal man,' it was declared to be a 'malicious and willful falsehood,' got up by us to injure his circulation and the whig cause; but as soon as he discovers that we can sustain our charge with positive proof, he shrinks behind the convenient cloak of 'we have never said it to the best of our recollection;' and it is a 'petty business,' any way and we will say no more about it, or in plain language, do not publish the proof. Give yourself no uneasiness about the proof, for the article above, *essive as it is, the truth of it is not in dispute.*

He does not deny saying that he 'cared nothing for the local question, and that he took no part in it;' nor that he 'asked no favors of the Removal party;' therefore that is admitted and needs no proof. On the next subject, 'We have,' says he, 'said, on more than one occasion, that we could not, nor would not vote for a loco loco Removal man, i. e. one of the Webb, Snyder, and McReynolds clique.' What does this mean? Last fall he denounced the Removal ticket as of this class, notwithstanding there was a whig upon it. Time and again had he declared, before the Removal ticket was formed, that if a whig candidate was in the field for Commissioner, he would support him in any event. Did he support Samuel Mears? Let his paper answer. Let the TWO VOTES Samuel Mears received in Danville, answer. He could not vote for a loco loco on the Removal ticket—Oh, no. He was conscientiously opposed to doing so. But he could, without any conscientious scruples, support and vote for a loco loco opposed to Removal, against a Removal whig. This shows him up in his true character. Acts speak louder than words; and his confirm the assertion that he will, in no event, vote for any man upon the Removal ticket, whether he be whig, or whether he be democrat. This we have always expected of him. For we knew that he was established and sustained in Danville by both political parties, for that particular purpose, and his reply above confirms it. It was not of this that we complained. It was to his hypocrisy and double dealing that we referred to. It was for his attempting to palm himself off as indifferent to the result of the local question, when with removal men, while he was hatching a conspiracy to defraud the rights of his constituents, and his janus faced conduct, that we condemned and exposed. We admit he is bound to support his friends. So are we. We have often publicly proclaimed that we would support no man for office who came up in opposition to the Removal ticket, let him belong to whatever political party he might. We are bound in honor to sustain the cause of the Removal party, not only because it is just, but because almost our entire support is derived from them; and we have never attempted to play the hypocrite in Danville to increase our subscription list. It is true, that at the time of the commence-

ment of the present agitation of the Removal question, and the Division, we had nearly one hundred anti-removal subscribers in the county, on our list; but since then, heaven and earth has been moved to induce the withdrawal of their support, I have been successful; leaving us, at the present time, but SEVEN anti-removal subscribers. Of this we complained not. We expected it. It was for the interest of the Danville party to reduce the circulation of our paper. Aye, and it would be still further for their interest, to do, what they have often declared they would do if possible, put down our establishment altogether. But enough of this for the present.—Let us hear no more of Mr. Cook pretending to care nothing about the local question, and that he takes no part in it, after the avowal which he plainly makes at the close of the above article, that in consequence of his residence in Danville, and that he receives his chief support from members of both parties of that place and neighborhood, he must and shall sustain the opposition to removal under all circumstances. Let every friend of removal beware of him when ever he proposes any measure calculated to divide or distract the Removal party, or in any wise tend to lessen the chance of the election of their ticket by an overwhelming vote. Upon the success of the Removal ticket this fall, depends the future prospects of the question. If a Removal Senator and Member are elected, victory crowns our efforts next winter. The Danville party know this, therefore, no measure will be left untried by them to effect a division among us. Don't let them do it.

An article has been going the rounds of the whig papers, purporting to give an extract from the Washington Globe, representing James K. Polk as unfit for the Vice Presidency. The following from the Globe, nails the fabrication to the counter.

"A friend has sent us a paper printed at Pittsburgh, called the 'Harry of the West,' which contains the following:

'Keep it before the people.

'What the Globe thought of James K. Polk in 1839.

Here is the extract.

'Mr. Polk is wholly and totally an unfit man for the Vice Presidency of the United States. He possesses no single qualification which should entitle him to the consideration of the party for that high office.'

'We need hardly say, to any reader of this paper, that it is a pipe-layer's fabrication. "What the Globe thought of James K. Polk in 1839" was expressed in the Globe when he was nominated for the Presidency. We then said Mr. Polk was eminently fitted for the station he was presented for by the democracy; and we founded that opinion upon a long acquaintance with him, covering eventful and trying periods in political history. We have now the happiness to feel assured that the American people accord with us in that opinion, and mean to confer the office upon him, the desperate impostors and shifts of the 'Harrys of the West' to the contrary notwithstanding.'

A new company is now being formed in Boston, to be composed of men none of whom are to weigh less than two hundred pounds. Thirty two names are already recorded.

The Boot Manufactory at Lowell, Mass. have declared a semi annual dividend of 10 per cent.

COL. R. M. JOHNSON

This veteran Democrat has recently written a letter to the editor of the Kentucky Yeoman, in reply to one addressed to him on private business. The following brief extract from the letter of Col. Johnson shows that he still feels the same devotion to the cause of popular rights, which has been so prominent a characteristic of his whole life, and that he is deeply anxious for the success of the Democratic nominees for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

'I cannot be separated from my friends in the political contest going on, and no one will more cheerfully and more cordially vote for and sustain and support the nominees of the Democratic Convention held at Baltimore, 27th of May. I have known Col. Polk and Mr. Dallas, as prominent members of the Democratic party while they were in Congress, and ever since; and it will give me pleasure to do all I can to promote them to the offices of President and Vice President, for which they have been nominated by the Democratic party, and I hope every friend I have will do the same.'

A Lady residing in Philadelphia a few days since, had four children at one birth.

We were one of the thousand from this county, who attended the Democratic Mass Meeting at Northumberland on Friday, the 26th of July and seldom if ever have we witnessed so much enthusiasm as were there displayed by the assembled multitude; and never were we more gratified at the proceedings of any political meeting. Feeling ourselves wholly inadequate to the task of giving even a faint outline of them, we have selected the following graphic description from the Harrisburg Union.

POLK, DALLAS, MUHLENBERG, AND THE TARIFF! THE NORTH SPEAKING!

5,000!!

Freemen of Northern Pennsylvania in Council!

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING, AT NORTHUMBERLAND, PA.

The Mass Meeting of the Democratic citizens of the 13th Congressional district, and adjoining counties, held at Northumberland on the 26th inst. was perhaps one of the most glorious and overwhelming exhibitions of popular feeling ever witnessed in our State. In point of numbers and enthusiasm, it far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the Democracy, and fully confirmed the very worst fears of their already disheartened enemies. We purpose furnishing our readers with such account of the ceremonies as we can supply from memory, having made no previous arrangements to collect them. Our statement must, therefore, necessarily fall far short of the reality.

The first to arrive at Northumberland on Friday morning, was the Dauphin county delegation, and strangers from distant Eastern counties, numbering over 200. They marched in procession to their headquarters, greeted by the hearty plaudits of a vast multitude of Democrats, who had assembled to receive them.

Next arrived, in bodies, the different township delegations from Northumberland. The Sunbury delegation was preceded by a fine band of music, Augusta, Point, Milton, Turbot, Delaware, Chillisquaque, Jackson and the Mahanoy, turned out in great numbers. Many of the delegations were from 1 to 300 strong, making the attendance from Northumberland county number over 1,500 honest true hearted Democrats.

The Luzerne county delegation, accompanied by the Williamsport band, numbered from 5 to 600. A fiercer or more determined body of men never enlisted in a campaign. From the enthusiasm and ardor which characterized this delegation, cannot at all doubt that they will fully redeem the inscription contained on the banner carried at their head:

LYCOMING TO NORTHUMBERLAND

SENDS GREETING;

GOOD FOR 800 MAJORITY!

Union county sent not less than 700 delegates, and gave an earnest of her determination to throw off the shackles of Federalism this fall.

Columbia—the unconquerable 'Star of the North'—sent down not less than half a dozen large boat loads, accompanied by the Danville Band. This delegation would of itself have formed a respectable Mass Convention. There could not have been less than 800 from this glorious little 'banner' county. A beautifully painted banner was carried at the head of the delegation, with this inscription:

THE STAR (*) OF THE NORTH,

GOOD FOR

1600 Majority For

POLK, DALLAS AND MUHLENBERG.

Luzerne county had a fine delegation, over 200 strong. Their banners promised 1500 majority. The promise will be redeemed.

Besides the regular delegations, hundreds continued to arrive on horse back and in vehicles. From the dawn of day, until the sun stood at meridian height, the people poured in from all quarters by the hundreds. Glorious, indeed, was the turn out! The honest Democracy came out by tens and twenties, not by single files and companies; but they came in great and overwhelming regiments and battalions:

'They came, as the sea wave comes in its wrath, When the storm-spirit frown on the deep, They came, as the mountain wind comes on its path, When the tempest hath roused it from sleep.'

The procession was formed at 11 o'clock and passed off in the most admirable manner. There could not have been less than 2000 Flags and Banners in the procession many of them beautifully executed. It was indeed, an 'ARMY WITH BANNERS,' and no doubt, 'a terrible' in the sight of the federal cons. The procession moved thro all the streets of the borough, amidst the waving of handkerchiefs by the ladies [God bless them!] When their smiles attend a cause, what power on earth can resist it!—It was indeed, a sublime spectacle.

You should have thought the very windows spoke so many greedy looks of young and old. Through casements darted their desiring eyes.'

The convention marched to the island, on the opposite side of the Northumberland Bridge, and was there called to order by ALEXANDER JORDAN, Esq. of Sunbury, who announced, that it had been unanimously agreed on that

HON. GEORGE KREMER OF UNION COUNTY, SHOULD PRESIDE.

This announcement was received by a round of hearty cheers. A more appropriate selection than the fearless Democrat who first exposed to the country the INFAMOUS CLAY AND ADAMS COALITION, could not have been made. Mr. Kremer returned thanks for the distinction conferred on him, and briefly reiterated the testimony in the 'BARGAIN.' His remarks were loudly applauded.

The following Vice Presidents and Secretaries were appointed.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| Captain John Foster of Union county. | do |
| Robert P. Barber | do |
| Col John Reber | do |
| John Ray | do |
| Henry Yearick Esq. | do |
| Dr Isaac Hottensine | do |
| Col Henry C Eyer | do |
| John McKinney Northumberland county | do |
| Hon John Montgomery | do |
| Jacob Gearhard Esq. | do |
| John Carl | do |
| John Laycock | do |
| Gideon Leisenring | do |
| Hon Lewis Dewart | do |
| David Matz | do |
| Robert Cray | do |
| Hon George C Welker | do |
| John Hummel Esq. | do |
| Allison White, Esq. Lycoming county. | do |
| N. F Jones Esq. | do |
| George Deitch | do |
| John B Aeck | do |
| Isaac Brunner Esq. | do |
| Col John Cotner | do |
| Samuel Weir | do |
| George F. Bost Esq. | do |
| Apollos Woodward | do |
| Mr. Fogleman Sr. | do |
| Thomas Taggart Esq. | do |
| Philip App. | do |
| Valentine Bieber. | do |

SECRETARIES.—John M. Baum, James Davis, Emanuel Zimmerman, William Wilson, William J Martin, Charles W Hegner.

The meeting was first addressed, in a speech of great power and eloquence, by Benjamin H. Brewster, Esq. of Philadelphia. He was loudly applauded. Col. Reah Frazer, of Lancaster was next called to the stand, and entertained the multitude for half an hour. Col. John J. McCabert next spoke, and was also warmly welcomed. He was followed by Robert M. Barr, Esq. of Reading, who gave an interesting history of the rise and progress of parties in this country, and eloquently depicted the important issues involved in the present struggle.

John W. Forney, Esq. of Lancaster, was next called out, and spoke with unusual ability and force. H. B. Wright, Esq. of Luzerne was the next speaker, and did ample justice to the Cause and its Candidates. One incident occurred during Mr. Wright's speech, that deserves to be recorded as showing the unanimity of feeling that pervades the Democracy of Pennsylvania on the tariff question, and the purity of Whig representations. The speaker exclaimed: 'In Pennsylvania we are all the friends of a Protective Tariff.' 'The d— you are!' exclaimed an imperious coon, who had strayed among the crowd.—'Take the vote, and you'll see.' The speaker taking the hint, immediately put the question:—'All those in favor of a protective tariff will please to say aye!' The entire assembly sent forth a simultaneous AYE, which made the very Young Hickories above them to echo the shout. 'Those opposed to a protective tariff will respond no.'—Not an answer was returned. The result fully confirmed the assertion of Mr. W.—The concluding speakers were E. W. Hunter of Harrisburg, Hon. B. A. Bidlack of Luzerne, and Capt. Hummel of Union co. We have never known speakers more happy in their remarks, or an audience more attentive.

After the people had returned to town, speeches were elicited, in front of Withington's hotel, from Col. Wm. Rigler of Clearfield, and others, which were received with every token of satisfaction. So far as we could learn nothing occurred to mar the festivities of the day, but all passed off in harmony, peace and good order. The number present we have heard variously estimated at from FIVE TO SEVEN THOUSAND! It was emphatically a Convention of Farmers, Mechanics and Workmen, and has afforded an irresistible indication, that Northern Pennsylvania is SOUND to the core for

POLK, DALLAS AND MUHLENBERG!

and will ratify and confirm these excellent nominations by an UNPRECEDENTED MAJORITY.

FIRE.—The extensive barn of Mr. GILBERT FOWLER, of the vicinity of Berwick, was on Tuesday night last, entirely consumed by fire, with all its contents, consisting of his summer crop, wheat, rye, hay, &c.,—together with his Wagons, Harness, Fanning-mills, and other farming utensils. The loss to Mr. F. is very considerably, and has been estimated at from \$3 to 4,000.—The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary.—Enquirer.

Great Haul of Fish.—The Providence Journal is great at fish stories.—We learn from that paper that a sein was drawn at Narragansett Pier on Wednesday, from which, at the last account 1,600,000 manhadin had been taken, & it was supposed that 400,000 were still in the seine. It was found necessary to place smaller seines within the larger one to relieve it.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

That the following staunch and implacable WHIGS, members of the house of Representatives, every one of them not only VOTED AGAINST THE TARIFF, but moved Heaven and Earth to procure its defeat, viz:—Messrs.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| ADAMS, | W. C. JOHNSON, |
| ARNOLD, | King, |
| BOTTS, | Lane, |
| Milton Brown, | Linn, |
| W. B. Campbell, | Mahlon, |
| Caruthers, | Mitchell, |
| Casby, | Owsley, |
| Craves, | Rayner, |
| Deberry, | Shappard, |
| A. L. Foster, | Sprigg, |
| P. E. Foster, | Summers, |
| Gamble, | J. B. Thompson, |
| Gentry, | Triplett, |
| Gilmer, | Underwood, |
| Goggin, | Warren, |
| Graham, | Washington, |
| Green, | C. H. Williams, |
| Habersham, | Wise—33. |

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE, ALSO:

That the following WHIG members of the United States Senate all voted against the tariff, viz:—Messrs.

- | | |
|------------|----------|
| ARCHER, | BERRIEN, |
| CLAYTON, | GRAYHAM, |
| HENDERSON, | MANGUM, |
| MERRICK, | PRESTON, |
| | RIVES—9. |

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE, ALSO:

That JAMES BUCHANAN, DANIEL STURGEON, Senator WILLIAMS, and SILAS WRIGHT, all prominent and substantial Democrats, voted for the bill, and saved it from defeat!

Reader, when a Federal Whig tells you that his party are the exclusive friends of a tariff, and the Democratic party its exclusive enemies, ask him to explain those votes, and you will have him cornered!

A HUNDRED GUNS FOR OHIO.

The Ohio Patriot has just reached us crowded with good news! Joseph Estill and David W. Estill; prominent Whigs in Columbiana county, in that State, lead off with able and eloquent letters against Clay, and the Patriot declares that SIX HUNDRED original Harrison men in that county alone will follow suit and go for the Democratic nominees! Col. Tod is on the stump and carries dismay into the very citadel of Whiggery.

The Eaton, Ohio Democrat, edited by a Whig of 1840, says, 'The prospect of the success of Democracy in Ohio was never more cheering.'

AND FOR MARYLAND!

In addition to the many other changes in Maryland already noticed, the Hon. David Stewart, a whig member of the State Senate has pledged himself to support Polk and Dallas.

FOR GALLANT LITTLE JERSEY!

The Newark Post, alluding to the number of renunciations with which every Democratic newspaper teems says 'Yesterday a list of SIXTEEN persons of this city was shown us with the names and residences attached. ALL OF WHOM VOTED FOR HARRISON in 1840, who have now come out for Polk and Dallas.'

Since the above was in type, we have heard of two more changes in the South West.

MORE DESERTERS FROM THE WHIG PARTY.

Twenty-one gentlemen in Rhode Island, all of the highest respectability, & in 1840 prominent friends of Harrison, have addressed a letter to the Bay State Democrat, in which they fully renounce Whiggery, for the reason, among others that the 'Whig party are the determined enemies of equal rights and of all rational liberty.

It is confidently asserted that at least one thousand citizens of that State have abandoned Federalism since 1840, and joined the Democratic party.

Timely Rescue.—

We gather the following interesting particulars from the New Haven Palladium of yesterday:—'As Dr. A. S. Main, dentist, of Woodbury, was passing through the town of Grafton, Mass., on Friday last, his notice was attracted by the screams of two female voices, proceeding from a house near by. They exhibited much terror, and were trying to alarm some one in the lot adjoining the house. Dr. M. and his friend left their carriage and proceeded to the house, where they found an infant, about four months old, apparently nearly exhausted. After some inquiries, they ascertained from the mother that a teaspoonful of laudanum had been administered to the child by mistake for paregoric. Dr. M. inquired for an emetic, but none was to be had, and he then thought him that he had seen vinegar recommended in such cases, and gave the child a tablespoonful. In a few minutes the little sufferer showed signs of life, and in half an hour was out of danger.'