

**THE CHARGE.**

A REVOLUTIONARY INCIDENT.

An old gentleman, one of the few survivors of Lee's celebrated partisan legion, gave me the following account of a charge made by that gallant corps, which he pronounces the most effective it ever made.

We were lying near Fort Gramby, said he, watching the movements of the British Army, and seeking daily for opportunities to cut off its supplies, or any detached parties that might be pushed out. Early one morning, Captain Armstrong, the most dashing, headlong and gallant fellow of our corps, was detached with twelve men, on a reconnoitering expedition, and during the afternoon of the same day, Capt Eggleston was sent out with a party of eighteen in a different direction. Towards evening the parties met; and having formed a junction, retired into a piece of wood which skirted the road; and which though prostrated apparently by a tornado, yet afforded sufficient cover to hide us from casual observation, when dismounted; while at the same time, it enabled us to see every thing passing on the road. We threw ourselves on the ground, under the broad canopy of heaven, as was our usual custom, not being possessed of tents and slept soundly, having first fastened the bridles of our horses to our hands. At break of day, having aroused ourselves from sleep, while some were idly lounging about, and others standing chatting, in groups, a woman, wrapped in a red cloak, and mounted on horseback, passed by. Some of the men, for want of better employment, kept following her with their eyes as she rode along. Presently she turned a road which intersected the one that ran in front of our position, and led to the British camp. It was skirted by high fences on either side that terminated at the wood we were in. As they continued watching her progress their eyes fell suddenly upon a party of six British dragoons, who were approaching her from their camp, on a foraging expedition. They rode up to her, and during their conversation, her pointing frequently towards the spot where we were stationed, soon convinced us that she had discovered our position and was imparting her knowledge to them. Well aware of what was likely to ensue, we all, without waiting for orders, mounted our horses, and sat in silent expectation. 'What shall we do?' said Eggleston, turning to Armstrong. 'Charge them!' replied the latter, and at the same time mounting his horse called out 'twelve men follow me,' and dashed down the road towards them at full speed, without ever stopping to weigh the hazard of an encounter, with a force so vastly his superior. The enemy seeing two bodies of cavalry issue from the road, drew up his line facing us, and sat firmly, pistol in hand, waiting our approach. As Armstrong rode up they fired at his party, but so hurriedly that not a shot took effect, and before they had time to draw their sabres, he burst in upon them like a thunder clap, overturning whole ranks, and cutting them down in every direction.

Eggleston now joined, and the slaughter became terrible, for they trusting, in the first instance, that the fire of their pistols would either check or repulse us, had made no attempt to draw their swords, until we came hand to hand with them. Such attempts when made was in the most cases rendered of no avail by the ardor and gallantry of our men, who unhorsed them before the sabre had left its sheath, or dealt a blow in defence of its wearer. Resistance was now changed to flight, and while pressing their flying flank, in the chase, we were forced to cut down many who had ceased to resist, as a regard to our own safety, and their numerical strength, forbade their being left unharmcd & capable of doing us injury in the rear. Hemmed in on both sides by fences, and mounted on sorry horses, this last recourse availed them so little, that but one of the whole party escaped capture or death and so hotly did we pursue him that the outer line of sentinels was passed, and one of them captured, before we reined in. The detachment captured, formed part of the army, under the command of Lord Rawden. General Lee, as mentioned the circumstance in his Memoirs, but is incorrect in the minor details. He says Eggleston was detached with 30 dragoons, to join Armstrong, who had been previously sent out with a party—and that 46 only of the enemies dragoons were taken. The fact is we numbered in all but thirty men, and captured or killed 60 of the enemy, including the sentinel. Capt. Eggleston was thanked in general orders; but the glory of the achievement belongs manifestly to Armstrong, and probably never would have hazarded his command in such an attack, unless compelled

ed, as in the present instance, by the necessity of supporting his daring comrade.

**DANGERS OF THE MINE.**

We have to record another deplorable occurrence as one among many accidents to which the workers of our mines are subjected by the hazardous nature of their occupation. On Tuesday last, an explosion of fire damp took place in the mine worked by Messrs. Miller & Haggerly, at the northern end of our Borough, by which five persons were burned. We are pleased to learn that the injury, although severe, is not great enough to cause any fatal results to either of the sufferers. These explosions were formerly much more frequent in our mines than they are the present day, in consequence of the many careful precautions which miners now use by means of safety lamps, &c. However, long security from imminent danger (even by precaution) makes men careless or regardless of its presence, & European miners are proverbially fearless in this respect.—Many lives have already been lost in this region through recklessness; & workers in veins where even the slightest portion of this gas is discernible, cannot use too much caution. We learn that this accident was caused by the intentional ignition of the gas, a course which, although dangerous, is frequently practised in our mines. The miners on Tuesday, having discovered that there was some fire-damp in the breast they were about to work, allowed a small boy to fire it, thinking that there would be but a slight explosion—but it appears that there was a hole or offset in a working adjacent to the spot, in which a large body of the inflammable matter had collected, and when the lamp was applied, this mass of air exploded and rushed out over their bodies. The men being accustomed to such scenes, threw themselves upon their faces and the volume rolled over them without injuring them very seriously; but the boy was severely burned.—*Anthracite Gazette.*

**A CHEAP PAINT.**

Take one bushel of unslacked lime, and slack it with cold water; when slacked, add to it 12 lbs. of Spanish whiting, 17 lbs. of salt, and 12 lbs. of sugar. Strain this mixture through a wire sieve, and it will be fit for use after reducing with cold water. This is intended for the outside of buildings or where it is exposed to the weather. In order to give a good color, three coats are necessary on brick, and two on wood. It may be laid on with a brush similar to whitewash. Each coat must have sufficient time to dry before the next is applied.

For painting inside walls, as before, 1 bushel of unslacked lime, 3 lbs. of sugar, 5 lbs. salt, and prepare as above, and apply with a brush.

I have used it on brick, and find it well calculated to preserve them—it is far preferable to oil point. I have also used it on wood, assure you that it will last longer on rough siding than oil paint will on planed sidings or boards.

You can make any color you please.—If you wish straw color, use Yellow Ochre instead of whiting; for lemon color, Ochre and Chrome Yellow; for lead color, Lamp black, for blue, Indigo, for Green Chrome Green. The different kinds of paint will not cost more than one fourth as much as oil paints, including the labor of putting on.

**DR. FRANKLIN.**—The Rev. Mr. Clapp, of New Orleans, recently preached a sermon on the religious character of Dr. Franklin. From the closing paragraph of a short report we copy the following:—'It is both false and unphilosophical to charge any man with a want of piety, because he differs from us in his mode of manifesting his faith in God. His actions are the best test of his opinions. An eloquent moral may be inculcated by the self-denying virtue of the hero, as by the teachings of Paul.—Such virtue can only be the result of a right culture of christian duty, and of an humble reliance on the divine assistance; for it is manifest the human ambition is to short-sighted to attain this eminence. It would be well for our country if the example of these extraordinary men were more felt and acknowledged—if their voices were still present to our view—if the same spirit which actuated their lives were felt in the breast of the statesman of our own day, and the sneering tone of this 'age of reason' were changed for a feeling of veneration of the wise and good, who adorn the pages of our history.

A new way to open oysters is to sprinkle a handful of snuff over a heap of them & in a few moments they will sneeze themselves out of their shell.

**Brandreth's Pills.**  
PICTURE OF HEALTH.

HEALTH is characterised in an individual by the absence of all pain, suffering, or affliction in any part of his body; by the free and regular exercise of his functions without any exception.—They consist in having a good appetite at meal times, an easy digestion, free evacuations, without looseness or costiveness at least once in every twenty-four hours, and without heat, dryness, or burning at the passage, the free issue of the water without acrimony or burning, and without a reddish sediment which is always a sign of a present or an approaching pain; quiet sleep without agitation or troublesome dreams; no taste of bile or other bad taste in the mouth upon rising in the morning; no sourness or disagreeable rising of the stomach; a clean tongue; a sweet breath; no itching, pimples or spots on the skin; no piles; no burning heat upon any part of the body; no excessive thirst when exposed to labor or other known cause; no interruption to any natural evacuation, nor pain at their periodical return.

Where the state of the system does not harmonize with the above picture of health, it is of the greatest importance that no time be lost in sending for a doctor, or in the use of foolish remedies, too often the result of speculation; instead of this course take a dose of BRANDRETH'S PILLS be taken, which will not deceive, but will at once restore health to the organ or part that requires it.

All who wish to preserve their health, all who are determined to defend their life against the encroachments of disease which might send them prematurely to the grave, will, without hesitation, have recourse to the Brandreth Pills, when the state of the system does not harmonize with the above picture of health.

Those who live in a country where contagious or other diseases prevail, should often think of this true picture of health, and observe himself with particular attention, in order to act accordingly. The wise and rightly directed will follow this advice—the unwise are left to their own destruction.

**AGENTS.**

Washington—Robert McKays.  
Jerseytown—L. & A. T. Biel.  
Danville—E. B. Reynolds & Co.  
Cattawissa—C. G. Brobst.  
Bloomsburg—J. R. Moyer.  
Limestone—Babbitt & McInch.  
Buckhorn—M. G. Shoemaker.  
Lime Ridge—Andre & Miller.  
Berwick—J. W. Stiles.  
May 4, 1844—2.

**PAPER! PAPER!**

THE subscriber having established a PAPER MILL at MILL GROVE, near Bloomsburg, Columbia county, where he has the latest IMPROVED MACHINERY, and having followed the business for twenty years he is confident he can furnish as good paper as any in the country and on as reasonable terms to printers, Merchants and Lawyers, or any persons who may want the article. He also keeps constantly on hand Attorney's Cap, Fool's Cap, Letter, writing, Printing and Wrapping paper of all kinds also, an assortment of School Books also, Blank Book, Extra bound. Full bound, and half bound of all sizes and assortment of writing books &c. He is ready to exchange the above for Paper or Books, for Rags of Sizing.

**THOMAS TRENCH.**  
Millgrove; February 26' 1844—if.

**CATAWISSA HOTEL.**  
**J. DYER.**

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the travelling public in general, that he has taken the above Hotel situate in the centre of the town of Cattawissa, Columbia county, Pa, and formerly occupied by D. Clark. Where he will be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with their custom. The Hotel is large and commodious and well furnished throughout, and no pains will be spared to render general satisfaction.

His table will be furnished with the best the country can afford.

His Bar is well stored with the best of liquors.

Excellent stabling is attached to the establishment and careful and attentive hostlers are always in attendance.

Cattawissa, May 13, 1843—3.

**List of Letters**

REMAINING in the Post Office at Cattawissa for the quarter ending March 31, 1844.

Bows Conrad	Munroe Isaac
Boone Milton	Paxton Joseph 5
Boyles William	Poter Thomas
Drum George	Pursel Lusanna
Peteroff Michael	Rantz John
Guger Joseph	Raver Elizabeth
Harder Washington	Ritter Davis 2
Hughes Ellis	Ritter John
Johnson John	Schuk George
Kitchen Ebenezer 2	Shelhart John
Kunse Peter	Wertz Cyrus
Laurence Samuel	Wolveler John
Lilly Abram	Wilson Emiline
Milles John	Ward John
Mills Levi	Zagar Alfred
McMichael Alfred	Zarr Benjamin

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

**C. A. BROBST, P. M.**

**LIST OF LETTERS.**

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Orangeville, the quarter ending March, 31, 1844.

James Anthony	Jonas Kissner
Samuel Bogart	J. C. Hughes
Tompson Dilley	Luther German
Andrew Emmons	Wilamina Everhart
Jacob Good	Samuel Henry
Jonas Hayman	Jacob J. Kline
Robt. Lockhart	Reuben Parrish
Rev. John Loder	Elizabeth M'Cord
Jonathan Miller	J. Parks
Samuel Richard	Abram Robbins 2
John Boyer	A. Vallerchamp 2
Russell White	Isaac Devault
Sarah Aman	

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

**E. LAZARUS, P. M.**

**NOTICE**

IS hereby given to all concerned, that I have purchased at Constable sale, as the property of James Valk, the following property, and have left the same in his possession during my pleasure, and forbid any person taking it from him, either by purchase or otherwise without my consent, viz:—  
One grey horse, one brown mare; one two horse wagon; twelve acres of Rye in the ground, and half of five acres new ground wheat.

**JOHN ROBISON.**  
May 18, 1844—4.

**THE SATURDAY MUSEUM.**  
New and Improved Series.

To the Subscribers of the Philadelphia Saturday Museum.

It is with unfeigned satisfaction on the part of the Proprietors, Editors and Regular contributors of the Saturday Museum that their paper is now offered to its numerous subscribers, under such arrangements as will place it beyond all rivalry among American Weekly Newspapers. Certain features in the typography having heretofore been adopted in the museum, which it is now considered expedient and more consistent with good taste to abandon. The sections into which the paper was divided, occupied much valuable space, which by the present condensed arrangement of the matter increases the amount of reading in ever nearly four columns, equal in the course of a year to two duodecimo volumes of three hundred pages each.

With this change in the museum we have the pleasure of announcing also, a general improvement in all its departments, with additional advantages exclusively presented in this journal.—They are briefly exhibited under the following heads.

**ORIGINAL ARTICLES.**

The museum is sustained in its editorial columns by the talents and experience of gentlemen competent for every species of periodical writing. The violence of political partisanship and the prejudice of religious sectarianism will be equally eschewed.

**ORIGINAL FICTION.**

It is hardly necessary to assure the subscribers to the museum that this department will be richly supplied.

**ORIGINAL SKETCHES, ESSAYS, &c.**

Under these titles the museum will contain the contributions of the ablest writers of our city.

**FOREIGN LITERATURE.**

This general head embraces an endless variety of selections from the Reviews and magazines and other periodical publications of Europe. This advantage the museum boasts as peculiar, and of itself sufficient to secure its universal popularity.

**NEWS.**

This head will include every species of matter properly belonging to a Newspaper.

**COMMERCIAL AND OTHER MATTERS.**

An experienced editor is employed exclusively for the collection and reporting of the markets, the revision of the Bank Note and stock Tables, and the regular correction of the price current.

**AGRICULTURE.**

As the most important of all arts, a portion of the museum will be regularly devoted to the subject of Agriculture.

**MISCELLANY.**

We might proceed to enumerate under various other heads, the subjects which will constitute distinguishing features of the museum. Suffice it to say that nothing will be omitted necessary to preserve its character as the greatest and best

**FAMILY NEWSPAPER**

in America.

To Agents and New Subscribers.

**EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS**  
to take the Saturday museum.

One copy for one year	\$2
Three copies for one year, or one copy for three years	\$5
Seven copies for one year	\$8
Twelve copies for one year	\$12
Seventeen copies do	\$15
Two copies for one year, and one copy of Godey's Lady's Book, or Graham's Magazine	5
Five copies, and two copies of Godey's Lady's Book or Graham's Magazine	16

The money must always be sent in advance free of postage.

TERMS—Two dollars a year in advance.—Three dollars if not paid till the end of the year.

**PREMIUMS.**

To any person sending two dollars in advance, we will send the museum for one year and one of the new novels.

For five dollars three copies and one of the new novels.

For ten dollars seven copies and either of the new novels.

For twenty dollars sixteen copies and two new novels.

**Chair Manufactory,**  
THE subscriber continues to carry on the

**CHAIR MANUFACTURING**  
business at the old stand of B. & S. Hegenbuch, where he will be ready at all times to furnish Fancy & Windsor Chairs, Settees, Boston Rocking Chairs, &c, of every description, which may be called for, at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. He will also execute House, Sign & Ornamental Painting, and House Papering, in a superior manner.

From his experience in the business, and his facilities of manufacturing the various articles of his line, he flatters himself that he shall be able to furnish as good work, and upon as reasonable terms as can be done in the country, all of which he will dispose of for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

N. B. Orders from a distance will be strictly and punctually attended to.

**B. HAGENBUCH.**  
Bloomsturg, Dec. 30, 1843.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP**

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between Owen D. Leib & George Frederick, at the Cattawissa Foundry was dissolved on the 15th of March last by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted, will please make payment and those having claims will present them to Owen D. Leib who is duly authorized to settle.

**OWEN D. LEIB, GEORGE FREDERICK.**

N. B. The business will in future be conducted by George Frederick, who respectfully solicits a continuance of patronage.

May 25, 1844—5.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

Estate of George Zorr, late of Cattawissa township, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration on the above mentioned estate, were this day granted to the subscriber residing in the town of Cattawissa. All persons indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated to

**EZRA S. HAYHURST, Adm'r.**  
Cattawissa, May 22, 1844—5.

**CHARLES KÄHLER.**  
**Tailor,**

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg, and its vicinity, that he still continues to carry on the above business, at his old established stand on the corner of Main and East streets. Having received the LATEST PHILADELPHIA and NEW YORK FASHIONS, in connection with Scott & Willson's Highly Improved patent for cutting garments in the most fashionable manner, warranted to fit without any possibility of failure, and feeling assured from his long experience in the business, that work executed at his shop, will never be complained of, he hopes, by strict attention to business to receive a share of public patronage a heretofore.

**OPEN B. CASH,** and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE; only taken in payment for work done, at the market prices. Charges for work moderate to suit the times.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1843. 28

**Wanted,**  
NEAR BLOOMSBURG,  
50,000 feet each Pine Boards.  
50,000 feet Weather Boards.  
100,000 Lap Shingles.  
30,000 feet Pine and Hemlock Plank.  
2,000 feet lineal Round Timber, from 10 to 14 inches in diameter.  
And a quantity of Oak and Pine Timber for Mill Right work.

Apply to  
**JOSEPH PAXTON,**  
President of the Bloomsburg Rail Road Iron Company.  
March 23, 1844. 48

**A Valuable Property For Sale.**

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS TO SELL HIS VALUABLE **FARM** AND MILL PROPERTY. AT PRIVATE SALE, situated in Greenwood township, Columbia County, Pa, upon the road leading from Rhoadsburt to Jerseytown, about 5 miles from Rhoadsburt, and ten from Bloomsburg, containing

**115 Acres,**  
most of which is improved, and upon which are erected a

**TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, 48 BY 32 FEET**

**A SAW MILL**

AND **Clover Mill.**

and other out buildings. There are also on the land

**TWO VERY GOOD APPLE ORCHARDS OF FIRSTRATE FRUIT.**

The land is in a good state of cultivation, and that which remains uncleared is covered with good timber. He considers it unnecessary to give any further description, as all who wish to purchase will view for themselves. It will be sold on reasonable terms, and possession given on the first of April.

**WILLIAM LEMON,**  
Greenwood, January 5, 1844. 3m37

**THE NEW VOLUME,**

We to day commence a New Volume of Chambers Journal and we avail ourselves of the occasion to remind those who desire to subscribe for it, that it is the proper time to do so. A work that has risen to a circulation of 75,000 copies weekly in Great Britain, cannot be one of mean pretensions. For moral teaching, information, instruction, and cheapness, it has no equal in the English language. It can, therefore, be recommended to families in every rank of society, without stint or reserve, and if it is desirable to put into the hands of the rising generation agreeable and instructive reading, as a set-off to the English and French novels circulating in such profusion, Chambers' Journal is a work eminently adapted to that purpose.

**TERMS**

In order to put this work within the reach of all classes of the public, we have determined to issue it at the very low price of one dollar and a half per annum, and also to furnish it to agents at a discount from this price of thirty three and a third per cent. And in order to disseminate the publication most extensively we have determined to give individuals or companies of individuals who may order five copies the advantages possessed by agents, and to extend to them also the benefit of the discount. A remittance of five dollars then provided it be in funds at par in the city of New York, or not more than five per cent discount, will command five annual copies. The publication is weekly, contains eight pages, and is printed in the quarto form, with neat type and on good paper. It is scarcely necessary to state that the low price at which we offer this work, will oblige us to adhere to the cash system without any deviation whatever. Editors throughout the Country inserting this Prospectus four successive weeks, and sending a copy containing it to the Albion Office, will be entitled to a free copy for one year.

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons indebted, to the subscriber, will please take notice that the subscriber has left his Books in the hands of Solomon Newhart Esq. for collection. All persons indebted will please call and settle the same to save cost and trouble.

**SAMUEL WEBB.**  
March 22—1844.

Now is the very nick of time to Subscribe, as, on the 16th of March, 1844, will commence the fourteenth Volume of

**The Family Newspaper, THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER**

With the largest Subscription list in the World!

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

For the purpose of facilitating the formation of Clubs, of which any old subscriber officiating will be considered as one, we offer the following

**Extraordinary Inducements**

Three copies of the Saturday Courier, 1 year, or one copy for three years.	\$5
Seven copies of the Saturday Courier, 1 year	10
Twelve	15
Seventeen	20
Two copies of Godey's Lady's Book, or Graham's Magazine	6
Five copies of the Saturday Courier, and 2 copies of Godey's Lady's Book, or Graham's Magazine	10
Two copies of the Saturday Courier, & 1 copy of the Ladies' National Magazine	5
Five copies of the Saturday Courier, & 1 copy of Godey's Lady's Book, or Graham's Magazine, and one copy of the Ladies' National Magazine	16
Five copies of the Saturday Courier, and 1 copy of Frost's new Pictorial History of America, a \$5 book	10

In fact, whatever offer is made by any other Family Journal, at all approaching in worth, beauty or pretensions, to the SATURDAY COURIER, will be furnished by us.

The SATURDAY COURIER has become so well and favorably known through a triumphantly popular course of thirteen years, that it would be superfluous to say much on that subject here. We may remark, however, that to the industry, talent and enterprise, which have for years kept this paper a bright exemplar for all its imitators, will constantly be added the productions of every available writer, and continued judicious and liberal expenditures will constantly be made, as well in the Literary as the Typographical departments. Our means will enable us to be in advance of all others.

*Original Domestic Tales, Essays &c.*

Every number contains several practical Domestic Tales, Essays, or Sketches, from such pens as T. S. ARTHUR Esq., one of the most popular Tale-writers in America; Henry W. Herbert Esq., Dr. James M'Henry, Professor Ingraham, John Frost, L. D., Mrs. Caroline Lee Hewitt, Mrs. M. St. Leon Loup, and indeed most of the writers in this country or Europe.

**OUR ENGRAVINGS**

Scarcely a number is issued without one or more instructive and explanatory engraving or copy of some gem of the old masters, with a descriptive Tale, Essay, or Sketch.

**OUR TRAVELLER.**

In this department constantly appear Original or Selected Letters from our special correspondents or transient travellers, in England, France, Ireland, and Germany.

**To Farmers, Gardeners, &c.**

Our increased size gives us much more space to indulge in our favorite subject of filling the bounteous earth, and special attention is paid to Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, and the culture of every thing calculated to improve and benefit mankind, make them independent of Foreign Monopolists, pernicious Legislature, &c.

*Our European Correspondent.*

Our especial European Correspondent, resident in London, keeps us supplied with the earliest news and materials for enriching our departments with choice Literature and Variety, and giving to Emigrants, as well as others, a correct and connected account of whatever occurs of interest, either at home or abroad.

**THE MARKETS.**

Particular care is taken to procure the earliest advices in reference to the prices of all kinds of Grains, Provisions, Produce, &c. the state Stocks, Banks, Money, and Lands; and our extensive arrangements will heretofore render our Prices current of inestimable value to the Traveller, Farmer, and all Business classes whatever.

**Bloomsburg MARBLE YARD.**

The subscribers have established at the above place, a new MARBLE YARD, and will always be ready, at the shortest notice, to furnish to order,

**MONUMENTS, TOMB-TABLES, TOMB-STONES, HEARTH-JAMBS, MANTLES, PAINT-STONES, MULLERS, &c.**

or any other work in their line. They are also prepared to furnish WINDOW CAPS and SILLS, DOOR SILLS and STEPS, &c. either of Marble, Lime or any kind of stone that can be procured in this vicinity.

Having had considerable experience in the business, they pledge their work to be executed in as handsome a style as can be furnished from any yard either in the city or country; and on as reasonable terms.

**ARMSTRONG & HUGHES.**  
Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1843. 1y—28

**List of Letters**

REMAINING in the Post Office at Bloomsburg the quarter ending March, 31, 1844.

John Hutchison	Joseph Murry
Mrs. Mariah Hall	Ransom L. Porter
Chaistion Heist	Norman A. Smith
John Lot	

Person calling for letters in the above list will please say they are advertised.

**J. R. MOYER, P. M.**

**COAL**  
COARSE AND NUT COAL,  
Of a superior quality for Sale by  
**GEORGE WEAVER.**