

FOR PRESIDENT, JAMES BUCHANAN. (Subject to the decision of a National Convention.)

THE NEW COUNTY.

The news of the passage through the Senate of the bill erecting the new county of Madison, has created an unexampled excitement throughout the district interested. Had there been news spread among them, that a land of desperadoes were about to visit them, to burn and pillage their homes, it would not have created a deeper and more determined feeling of resentment and resistance, than this act of the Senate. Meeting after meeting has been held, got up after a few hours notice, attended by hundreds of abused, insulted and betrayed citizens, notwithstanding the almost impassible state of the roads. Sugarloaf, Fishing creek, Orange, Mifflin, etc., and Brier creek, too has spoken, in language not to be misunderstood, that they will not be transferred, like cattle in the market, to subserve the interest of a few aristocratic demagogues, in Berwick and Danville. A more monstrous and outrageous proposition was never presented to any legislature for their approbation, than this new county of Madison act. An act to erect a new county against the wishes and remonstrances of five sixths of the legal voters residing within its limits and that too, without a single plausible argument in its favor. Seven townships out of eleven unanimously opposed, and but a small portion of the remaining four in its favor, or in fact none, except those who reside in and around Berwick village. And yet, notwithstanding all this opposition, the Senate of Pennsylvania, at the request of our worthy senator, has passed the bill. But there we flatter ourselves it will stop. We cannot be made to believe, that the house of Representatives, will so far forget what they owe to the majority, as to ratify this act of the senate. If they should, NULIFICATION, would be a virtue.

Our neighbor of the Danville Intelligencer has started a new paper, at Harrisburg, for the avowed purpose of sustaining General Cass for the Presidency, although he still keeps the Johnson flag at the mast head of his paper in Danville. This is truly having a fiddle, with two sets of strings, to play a tune to suit the company he is in, or for those who will pay Best. He has now changed from Buchanan to Johnson, from Johnson, to Cass, within a little more than one year, and we should not be surprised, if he made another somersett before July next, and hoist the Tyler flag, and by that means get the third bonus. The State Capital Gazette, in speaking of this new paper

HARRISBURG ARGUS.

A new paper, bearing the above title, and professing democratic principles, made its appearance here yesterday. It supports Gen. Cass for the Presidency, and is edited and published by V. Best, who is also editor and publisher of the Danville Intelligencer, a Johnson paper!

This remarkable fact has suggested an arithmetical question which may be easily settled as follows:

Simple Subtraction—sum Ist. Danville Intelligencer Johnson. Harrisburg Argus Cass. Subtract Cass from Johnson, leaves TYLER! Remainder SPOILS!

Appointment by the Attorney General.

EDWARD EMELIUS LECLERE; Esq. Attorney at Law; son of Joseph Philippe LeClere; Esq. of Wilkesbarre; and grand son of the late Ford Cutler; Esq. of New York; to be Deputy Attorney General for Luzerne county; vice Harrison Wright; removed.

The Mormons.—In the Illinois Legislature on the 27th ult. the Senate repealed by law created the Nauvoo Legion military corps. They also repealed the Charter of the Mormon City of Nauvoo. The vote in favor of the latter was 22 to 11.

Prolific.—The Cumberland Allegheian states that a few days since, Mrs. Dimmitt, of Western post, in that county, presented her husband with four children at one birth, and that they are all doing well.

ORANGE ANTI-DIVISION MEETING.

At a Meeting of the citizens of Orange, Fishing creek and Sugarloaf, townships, held at the house of Isaac U. Johnson, in the town of Orangeville, on Saturday the 25th day of March 1843, convened in pursuance of a short notice. On motion, ISAAC KLINE, was appointed President.

DANIEL PEALER, JOHN B. EDGAR, WILLIAM COLE, JOHN B. HESS, C. W. Kline, A. W. Fortner, Vice Pres't. Secretaries.

The object of the meeting being briefly by G. W. Lott, the following named persons were appointed a committee to draft a preamble and resolutions expressive of the object of the meeting.

G. W. Lott, E. G. Ricketts, E. Cole Esq. A. Young Esq. John Stokers, E. Lazarus, J. Conner, Thomas Mendenhall, S. Crevelin, J. Keim, A. Ammerman, J. Laubach, D. Fornwald, J. Achenbach, C. Ash, John Bright, B. Hayman, D. Achenbach; M. S. Mears, M. McMath, A. Colley.

The committee through their chairman, Doct. G. W. Lott, reported the following which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas a bill has passed the senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania erecting a new county out of parts of the counties of Columbia and Luzerne which should it become a law, would be destructive to the best interests of a large portion of the inhabitants within its territory, we would therefore respectfully make the following statement of facts for the purpose of setting the matter right before the Legislature.

The proposed new county of Madison includes, within its limits from the county of Columbia, the townships of Sugarloaf, Fishingcreek, Orange, Briercreek, Mifflin, and about one half of Bloom, comprising about one third of its territory, one third of its inhabitants, and one third of its wealth, and that too against the unanimous voice of the townships of Sugarloaf, Fishingcreek, Orange, and the portion to be taken from Bloom, more than one half of Briercreek, and about two thirds of Mifflin. Between the proposed new county seat, Berwick, and the townships of Sugarloaf, Fishingcreek and Orange, there is little or no reciprocity of interest, and being separated by an almost impassible natural barrier, a high mountain, which extends the whole width of the new county, a distance of about twenty miles. The natural and only outlet to this section of country, is down Fishingcreek to the Susquehanna River. In this channel flows all our trade. Our produce and our lumber are transported in this discretion, from necessity, as will be evident to any one who will cast their eyes upon the map of the county or who is at all acquainted with its geography. Our interest, our business, and our intercourse are distinct from the town of Berwick, and should the new county be formed, we should be, as it were strangers in a strange land, made tributary to advance the interest of others, ground down with taxes, while the existence of the county would depress the value of our property, and in a measure destroy our business. Why, then, we ask, should we be included in a new county, against our unanimous remonstrance, and against our interest? And why should we be sacrificed to advance the interest of a few land speculators in Berwick, as but few out of the immediate vicinity of Berwick, in either county ask for the division or desire it, but all are decidedly hostile. There can be no reason or justice in it. We therefore, ask the Legislature, in the name of all that is good, if they cannot better our condition by granting us the boon, for which we have so long and so urgently prayed, and which is the wish of a large majority of the county, not to destroy what little prospects we have of bettering our condition by our own industry, by inflicting upon us this worst of all curses that could befall us, the new county of Madison.—Therefore

Resolved—That our Senator from this district, and our Representative from the county, be and they are hereby requested and instructed, in the strongest terms; to oppose the passage of the bill erecting the county of Madison, as a measure fraught with the worst of consequences to the inhabitants included within its limits, especially that portion who resides in Columbia county.

Resolved—That, although our burdens are heavy, and the injustice we labor under great, in consequence of the present unjust location of our courts, yet they are small in

comparison to what they would be, were this iniquitous proposition of a new county carried into effect, it would, therefore be much better for our interest, to remain as we are.

Resolved—That if the bill is to become a law, we urgently ask the legislature to strike out the townships of Sugarloaf, Fishingcreek, Orange, and that part of Bloom, included, and not force us into a renegeation against which we are unanimously opposed.

Resolved—That as freemen, and as citizens of this Commonwealth, having rights and interests in common with our fellow men. We confidently ask the Legislature, not to destroy the fruits of our industry, by reducing the value of our property, that a few individuals in Berwick may be enriched thereby, as the erection of the proposed new county can have no other effect.

Resolved—That the course pursued by Senator Headley in urging the passage of the bill erecting the new county of Madison when he knows the decided hostility which exists in the breasts of a large portion of the inhabitants of Columbia county against it, both within and without the limits of his proposed new county, is any thing but such as a high minded and honorable Senator would adopt in return for the confidence placed in him, by a confiding, though deceived, insulted and much wronged constituency.

Resolved—That as we have not only placed upon the files of the Legislature, the remonstrances of more than five to one of the voters of that portion of the new county to be taken from Columbia, but have given the same expression through the ballot boxes at the last October election, we cannot, in our hearts believe that the popular branch of the Legislature will go counter to such an expression of the popular will, to gratify the personal interest of a few individuals.

Resolved—That as we have had to bear the expense and burden of one new county from its infancy, until it is now just beginning to arrive at manhood, we ask to be allowed to remain and derive a little benefit from its ability to maintain itself, without being compelled to nurse a half starved bantling, which would take at least a century to enable it to walk even with the best of care.

Resolved—That the proceedings be signed by the officers of the meeting and every member present, and a copy forwarded to our members in the Legislature, with a request that they be laid before their respective bodies, and published in the newspapers of the county.

(Signed by the Officers, and one hundred and eighty three others.)

Fishingcreek Meeting.

At a meeting of the citizens of Fishingcreek township, convened at the school house near John Stokers, in said township, on Monday the 27th day of March, 1843, in pursuance of a short notice, Abraham Robbins, Esq. was called to the chair— Nathan Fleckerstine, William Robbins, William Evans, and Bernard Ammerman, Vice Presidents—and Jacob Yeable and John T. Evans, Secretaries.

The object of the meeting having been stated, on motion, a committee of fourteen was appointed to prepare proceedings for the consideration of the meeting, to wit:— Abraham W. Kline, Charles W. Fortner, Daniel Pealer, John Lazarus, Elias McHenry, John Alliger, Isaac Buss, Harman Labor, Frederick Hartman, John Hess, Thomas J. Hutchison, Alden Ammerman, Daniel Stoker and Michael Lemon, who reported the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, it has been the custom in all ages of the world, for the subjects or citizens of all governments, peaceably to assemble and publicly give their assent or dissent to measures proposed and advocated by the legislators of that government, whereby the relative position of such subjects, or citizens would be substantially changed.

We, the citizens of Fishingcreek township, in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, do; therefore, enter this our humble but firm and solemn PROTEST against the erection of the county of Madison out of parts of Columbia and Luzerne counties, which will take from Columbia county the townships of Sugarloaf, Fishingcreek, Orange, Briercreek, Mifflin and a part of Bloom, as a measure that is in direct hostility to the best interests of all that portion of the citizens that would be included within the bounds of the proposed new county, except a few at Berwick and

Whereas, the constitution of the United States, whereof Pennsylvania is a member, grants to the citizens the right of petition, instruction and remonstrance. Therefore, as peaceable citizens, we remonstrate against any diminution in the territory of the county of Columbia whatever, and instruct our members in both branches of the state legislature, to use their utmost endeavors to

prevent any such measure being adopted, as it would bring upon us a grievous burden of taxes, in addition to those already laid upon us, which we now feel truly burdensome and oppressive.

Resolved—That as we have heretofore in this township unanimously remonstrated against the erection of the proposed new county of Madison, and also at the last fall's election, as unanimously cast our vote against it, we now again unreservedly and earnestly remonstrate against the bill which has passed the senate of this State, erecting the said proposed new county, becoming a law.

Because, it would be committing on set of the grossest outrage upon our rights.

Because, it would entail upon us an evil in the shape of poor, mountainous and thinly populated county, which would require heavy taxes upon our property to defray its expenses.

Because, it is leaving both Columbia and Luzerne, as well as the new county, barely the name of counties, without a population to render them respectable.

Because, none within its limits, except a few in and around Berwick, would be benefited by it, the remainder would be taxed for the interest of that few, without deriving any corresponding advantage.

Because, Columbia county is now small in territory, with but a small excess of population more than enough to entitle her to a representative, and it would be the height of injustice to reduce a county below a representative when her citizens are almost unanimously opposed to it.

Resolved, That Senator Headley deserves the severest censure from his constituents for advocating this new county, he having previous to his election pledged himself to his constituents to carry out their wishes when expressed, and he well knows that he is going counter to them when he advocates this measure.

Resolved, That we view the course pursued by our Senator, S. F. Headly, as being any thing but redeeming the pledge made to this part of the citizens of Columbia before his election to office. As every act of his, wherein our immediate interests are concerned, has been directly contrary to his pledge, and also contrary to the known wish and prayer of not only the inhabitants of this and the adjoining townships, but of the wish and prayer of a large majority of the voters of this county.

Resolved, That we will never consent to be a member of this new county, as our life's blood is now nearly spent in sustaining an unjust located county town, and this new project would take from us the last drop that courses our veins, and render us complete victims to the cupidity of men.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the course pursued by Daniel Snyder Esq. our member in the State Legislature in bringing forward and sustaining the removal bill, by which the county buildings of this county were to be erected in the most convenient central town of this county, as this is an act of justice which our Fathers prayed for, and we, their sons still continue to pray for; and we believe to be the only measure that can be adopted in regard to the local matters of this county, which will do justice to all, and advance the interests of the majority of the inhabitants of this county.

Resolved, That we have always adhered to the doctrine of petition and instruction. That we have year after year petitioned for a removal of the seat of justice from Danville to Bloom, or some other central seat of the county. We now again unitedly, unanimously and unreservedly remonstrate against a division of Columbia county.

Resolved—That the proceedings be signed by the officers, and all present, and published in the Columbia Democrat, and forwarded to our member at Harrisburg to be laid before the Legislature.

Signed by A. ROBINS, President. NATHAN FLECKERSTINE, WILLIAM ROBBINS, WILLIAM EVANS, BERNARD AMMERMAN, Vice Presidents.

Jacob Yeable, John T. Evans, Secretaries. And ONE HUNDRED others.

HUNTINGDON MEETING.

At large and respectable meeting of the inhabitants of the township of Huntingdon, held at Columbus, Luzerne county, to take into consideration the fraudulent and unjust measures which are at this time practised in the state Legislature, upon Luzerne and Columbia counties, to procure the passage of a law to create a new county of Madison by a division of the above named counties, whereupon, John Brittain was unanimously chosen President—A. J. Koons, Daniel Koons, Philip Erickbaum, T. O. Bogardus, Josiah Haines, Timothy Tubbs, Ewan Buckalew, John Boston, George Rhone, Zebulon K. Stevens, James Ramsay, Andrew Fellows and Silas Dodson were chosen Vice Presidents—Henry Ink, Edwin Holmes, were appointed Secretaries.

The meeting being organized; on motion a Committee of four, to wit: George Laurish, A. M. Fellows, A. Hilliard and John M. Heacock were appointed to arrange resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

The committee retired a few moments, & returned and reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, a few of the leaders of the Berwick Faction have had an agent secretly operating on the inhabitants of Huntingdon for more than six months past, who has stated that a majority of the inhabitants of said township of Huntingdon were in favor of the said county of Madison. Therefore

Resolved—That we consider it unqualifiedly false, and for the truth of our assertion, we refer your honorable bodies to the numerous petitions which have been forwarded against said county of Madison, from said township.

Resolved—That we, as citizens of one of the townships, within the bounds of the proposed new county of Madison feel ourselves grossly imposed upon by the recent attempts of certain individuals, residing in said county about Berwick, to procure the passage of an act erecting a new county with the seat of justice at that place, and that we will use all fair and honorable means to prevent the same.

Resolved—That we view the recent attempt of the Berwick agent to hold a public meeting at Town Hill, for the purpose of buying signatures to the Berwick Faction, as a Total failure, it being but thinly attended, and all opposed to the judge, and the Hon. Senators cross cuts.

Resolved—That we, as the people of the township of Huntingdon, do believe it to be against our interest to create a new county out of parts of Luzerne and Columbia, as the former has lately been divided, and consequently reduced in territory, by striking off a new county from the upper section and because there is an almost impassible mountain lying between this place and Berwick (the proposed county seat of Madison)

Resolved—That we recommend to all the inhabitants within the proposed new county, to hold similar meetings and circulate remonstrances against the same.

Resolved—That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and published in the Columbia County Democrat and Wilkesbarre Farmer.

(Signed by the Officers.)

At a large and respectable meeting of the inhabitants of Huntingdon, Luzerne county held on Saturday the 25th day of March 1843, to take into consideration, public matters in which we are generally interested, Whenceupon, George Laurish, was unanimously chosen President—John Brittain Isaac Draner, William Balleby, Josiah Haines and John Boston Vice Presidents, and E. Haines, Secretary.

The following resolutions having been introduced, on motion they were unanimously adopted.

Times have arrived to an alarming crisis, the Commonwealth unable to perform her engagements; or fulfil her liabilities, creditors thirsting after the blood of their debtors and seeking how to get their heads swimming for nothing—all good feelings between man and man, ceasing to exist. Be it therefore

Resolved—That we will endeavor to bring about a reformation, by working more buying less; and selling more of our own country productions; and living more on the productions of our own American soil.

Resolved—that we will use all fair and honorable means to prevent the passage of any law authorising banks to issue small bills; as it would only create a new fund for the favorites of Lanks; and certain dignitaries and officers in our county towns; which banks are located to carry on bribery and corruption and oppression against the laboring portion of the community.

Resolved—That we approve of the course of Col. Wright; in our State Legislature, in relation to the Canal Commissioners. We believe that the people ought to have something to do in the election of the Canal Commissioners; as well as pay taxes.

Resolved—That these proceedings be published in the Wilkesbarre Farmer; and the Columbia County Democrat.

(Signed by the Officers.)

THE MEXICAN TREATY.

Circumstances having prevented or delayed the official promulgation of the terms of the convention recently concluded between this country and Mexico, the National Intelligencer gives an abstract of its provisions, on which abstract we draw the following terms. They may be interesting to many of our readers. The absence of the Mexican Minister from Washington has delayed the former ratification; but the matter is considered as settled, however.

The Mexican Government agrees to pay on the thirtieth of April next, to such persons in the city of Mexico as the United States shall appoint, the interest on awards made under the convention of 1839. The principal is to be paid in the same manner, within five years, in equal quarterly yearly payments; the money to be gold or silver, free from custom house or other charges, and transported, at the risk of Mexico, to the city of Vera Cruz. To this payment the direct taxes of the Mexican Republic are pledged, with the understanding that the United States do not look to that fund alone; and the Mexican Government furthermore agrees to add two and a half per centum to the payments for freight and charges. A new convention is to be entered into, for the adjustment of remaining claims.

The Great Western has now been running five seasons—crossed the Atlantic fifty four times; and made one hundred and sixty thousand six hundred and eighty seven miles.