

To the people of the United States:

Fellow Citizens—The scenes of deep distress, which everywhere pervade our country, call loudly for some measure to be adopted that shall restore confidence, revive the drooping energies of our nation, and give a healthy tone to the circulating medium. Although this deplorable state of things has, for years, been growing upon our nation, and rising in wretched climax, from bad to worse, will the attention of the majority, has been diverted from this growing evil.

The din of party politics has been continually ringing in our ears, and those who have been placed as sentinels upon the watchtower of our nation, gave not the alarm of danger, but have continued the cry, all is well, all is well, while at the same time, the cloud so big with distress, could not be unobserved by those whose duty it was to sound the alarm.

And now that deep distress can no longer be hid, those who should have been the first to give the alarm, are instant with loud voices in charging the cause of distress to every source but the right one, and are ready to raise any excitement that shall divert the public attention from the true and legitimate source of the distress what now pervades our nation. And do you ask, what the source of this distress may be? I answer, that according to my train of observations of manners, customs, and the laws of nations; as well as the laws of justice, expediency, and the true principle of progressive liberty, pride has been an ingredient, extravagance another, a wild spirit of speculation another, and an entire violation and abuse of all the banking privileges, another, and to cap the climax, idleness, gambling, and a wild excitement after vain wit and theatrical amusements, have steeped in and drawn thousands within the vortex of ruin. These are the causes to which we must ascribe this deep distress, which is so widely spread and so fearfully felt.

And I would here enquire of our legislators and ex-legislators, if they have not deeply participated in many of these causes? If they have not departed, and that widely, from the pattern set by our beloved and honorable WASHINGTON? If they have not sown the seeds of pride and extravagance? If they have not fostered the plant of wild speculation and the abuse of banking privileges? If they have not dug about the roots and well manured the tree of idleness and gambling, and cherished the vine of wild excitement after vain wit and theatrical amusements?

Then, if these degrading vices have been planted, watered and nourished by the legislators of states that compose a nation, is it any wonder, if they become national vices, and grow with the nations growth, and strengthen with the nations strength, until they, at length, destroy confidence, and spread misery and distress throughout the length and breadth of the whole land, as we see they have done in this our land once so prosperous.

If then we are only reaping an abundant harvest which the seed sown would naturally produce, what reason have we to complain? Senators and Statesmen, Financiers and Judicaries, are all brought to feel and drink of the common cup which they have been so industrious in mixing, and while they were placed as the guardians of morality, virtue, and national economy, they have cherished their opposites, and thus become chargeable with the distress of the nation. And what do those Senators, Statesmen, Heroes, Financiers, and Judicaries propose to do in order that the wheel of National and State prosperity may be unlocked?—Nothing that is likely to survive the moment, and give any lasting benefit, but we see them preparing for an active political campaign, that they may have a full list of competitors for the Presidential chair.

And is all this jargon of politics to be before the American people for two full years; and the wants of the country cast in the back ground? Will Americans suffer themselves longer to be led by aspirants for office and hired stump orators, who make the tour of the states, proclaiming to the multitude the virtues of this, and the vices of that candidate, exalting this and debasing that party, and thus sacrifice the welfare of the nation at the shrine of political party?

Let the intelligence be once fairly aroused and the American people can force their sentinels to take measures to meet the wants of the country. The wants of the many are to be supplied for the wants of the many are the wants of the country, and the constitution calls for the public servants to use

all honorable means to maintain the credit and faith of the nation, and yet they have not done it.

Let the press become the vehicle of inquiry and communication, and let the people hold meetings where the wants of the nation may be fairly discussed, and where measures may be proposed for the removal of these evils; that the people may have an opportunity of deciding on some measure, that they may unitedly present the same before the properly constituted authorities for legislative action. The people must be united in asking if they expect to receive any thing at the hands of the legislative body.

Thus I have endeavored to set before the nation the true source of the present distress in hopes that the subject may be taken up and examined with candor and impartiality, and in my next I shall endeavor to present a plan for the alleviation of the present distress of the nation.

NUMA.

Rohersburg, Dec. 7, 1842.

United States Stock and Revenue.—According to the New York Express, the Secretary of the Treasury has not been forced to throw into the market any of the United States six per cent. Loan, or to require the sale of Treasury Notes.—The government is, in fact, receiving double revenue. The bonds taken prior to the passage of the Tariff Law, requiring all duties to be paid in specie, are falling due. These with the payment of cash for duties on goods imported, make a pretty large sum paid into the revenue, and enables the department to keep their loans out of market.—Treasury notes bear a small premium, and the loan is taken in moderate sums at six per cent, as fast as individuals wish to invest.

HYMNICAL.

MARRIED—At Milton; on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Steover, Mr. SIMON SCHIVE of this place, to Miss MARY THOMAS of Muntingdon tp. Luz. co.

OBITUARY.

DIED—In Millin township, Columbia co. on the 26th ult. WILLIAM WOODS, aged about 58 years.

NOTICE

I hereby given to all concerned, that we have purchased of Peter R. Miller, two bay horses, one black horse, one two horse wagon, and harnesses for three horses, three cows, three yearling steers, two yearling heifers, two last spring calves, nineteen sheep, two ploughs, one harrow, one sled, one windmill, one half of forty acres of wheat on the ground, 200 dozen sheaves of wheat in the barn, seventy-five bushels of corn in the crib, one stove, one clock, and have left the same in his possession during our pleasure, and forbid any person taking them from him, either by purchase or otherwise, without our consent.

AARON BOON.
FREDERIC SHAFER.
Bloom township, Dec. 9, 1842. 33

NOTICE

I hereby given to all concerned, that I have purchased at constable sale, as the property of Andrew Emmons, three grey horses, and one black horse, and have left the same in his possession during my pleasure, and caution all persons against taking them from him without my consent.

NOAH S. PRENTISS.
Dec. 9, 1842. 33

NOTICE

I hereby given, that I have purchased as the property of William Faux, one mantle clock for \$3.25, one corner cupboard \$3.62, one wash stand \$1.00, one book case \$5.00, one cooking stove \$5.00, one sleigh \$10.25, two sets of harness \$6.00, one lot of lumber 1.00, one beaucan \$6.00, and have left the same in his possession during my pleasure, and hereby caution all persons not to take it from him either by purchase or otherwise, without my consent.

GEORGE L. KLINE.
Dec. 8, 1842. 33

NOTICE

I hereby given to all persons, that I have purchased at constable sale, as the property of Harman Lemon, one brass mantle clock, one sheet, and one acre of wheat in the ground, and have left the same in his possession during my pleasure.

JAMES K. LEMON.
Dec. 9, 1842. 33

BRIDGE LETTING.

PROPOSALS will be received by the County Commissioners of Columbia County, at the house of Abraham W. Hause, in Derry township, on Friday the 22d day of December inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. of that day, for building a County Bridge over Chillisquaque Creek at or near Abraham W. Hause, in said township, of the following dimensions, viz:

It is to be a stone arch bridge, the abutments and pier to be 18 feet long at the foundation and 6 feet thick, 1 feet high from low water mark and 5 feet thick where the arches commence. Wing walls on east side 18 feet long and on west side 20 feet long, 3 feet thick at the foundation and 18 inches thick at the top, 3 feet higher than the filling in on the bridge and covered with good coping stone 5 inches thick, the arches to be 14 feet wide at the foundation. The whole work to be laid in good lime mortar and well-pointed.

CHRISTIAN WOLF
JACOB DEMOTT
JOHN B. EDGAR
Commissioners.
Commissioners' office Danville, Dec. 9 1842.

CASH AND PRODUCE STORE.

THE Subscribers are about receiving and will open in a few days, the CHEAPEST and BEST assortment of goods ever brought to this market, which they are determined to sell for CASH and PRODUCE ONLY.

E. H. BIGGS, & Co.
Nov. 5, 1842—28.

TAILORING.

CHARLES KAHLER, thankful for past favors respectfully announces to his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he still continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches, at his old stand on the corner of Maine & East streets, where he hopes by his long experience in business, that he is prepared to attend and execute all orders in his line of business, with the utmost punctuality and workmanlike manner, so cannot fail to render satisfaction to all those who may favor him with a call. Particular attention paid to cutting, and good fits warranted.

N. B. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work, and cash will not be refused.
Bloomsburg, Dec. 3, 1842.—32.

NOTICE.

I hereby given, that we have this day bought at Constable sale, as the property of Isaac Buss, the following property, to wit:—one red Resne Mare, one set of harness and Collars, one Sled, twenty-seven acres of Rye on the ground, three acres of Wheat on the ground, one Plough, and one Harrow, and have left the same in the possession of the said Buss, during our pleasure, and forbid any person taking them from him, either by purchase or otherwise, without our consent.

E. & J. LAZARUS.
Orangeville, Nov. 28, 1842.

NOTICE

I hereby given, that I have bought, on the 10th day of Nov. last, at Constable sale, the following property of Charles Albright, to wit: one white & brown Cow, and one red & white Cow, and have left the said property in possession of the said Albright, during my pleasure, and forbid any person taking them from him, either by purchase or otherwise, without my consent.

SAMUEL LAZARUS.
Monteur tp. Dec. 3, 1842.

THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM WELIVER, DEC'D.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters testamentary have been granted to the subscribers, residing in Madison township, upon the late will of Wm. Weliver, late of Madison township, aforesaid dec'd. therefore, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment, and all having claims to present them for settlement.

JOHN WELIVER,
RICHARD DEMOTT.
Executors.

Jerseytown, Oct. 29, 1842.—27—6w.

State Capitol Gazette.
Two Dollars for the Session—in Advance.

The undersigned embraces the present opportunity of conveying to his friends and the public, his sincere acknowledgements, for the very liberal patronage which they continue to extend to the State Capitol Gazette; and in his future course he shall use every endeavor to merit their approval of which he has the best evidence in their generous support of the paper. The approaching session of the Legislature will be one of deep interest and importance to the people of Pennsylvania. The election of a State Treasurer, and a United States Senator, and the adoption of an Apportionment Bill, are among the important acts to be performed by the Legislature; and they will engross much feeling and deliberation. With the hope of increasing the usefulness of our paper, we have made ample arrangements, as well for reporting the proceedings of both branches, as for presenting them to our readers at the earliest possible period. We have engaged the most competent Reporters, and our publication will embrace full details of what may transpire in either branch during the session. In many instances we shall give a full report of the debates, and in every instance we shall produce such a synopsis of the discussions, as will convey to the constituent, the course and zeal of his representative. In addition to this, we have employed an able and attentive correspondent at the seat of general government; and our readers may anticipate, not only the earliest Congressional intelligence, but also the earliest and most correct information in regard to the doings of the administration, and the plans and operations upon the political chess-board.

It may be well enough to reiterate, what we stated on assuming the sole ownership and control of this paper, that its political character will remain unchanged. We were educated in the school of Jeffersonian democracy—we have always zealously contended for the principles we then imbibed, and under the broad banner of equal rights, we shall be found rallying, faithfully defending our beloved doctrines, and our hallowed institutions. As an organ of the democratic party, we shall exert every zeal and ability to maintain its usages and principles, and secure the success of its candidates. As a sentinel upon freeman's watch-tower, we shall always be found vigilant and energetic in guarding the rights and liberties of the people; and as a journalist, our columns will contain that quantity and quality of intelligence which cannot fail to please and instruct the general reader.

With these profusions of enterprise and declaration of principles, and with renewed assurances of our gratefulness, for the liberal support extended to us, we pledge our zealous exertions to deserve a continuance of the patronage of an enlightened public.

TERMS.

The State Capitol Gazette will be published twice a week during the session of the Legislature, and once a week during the remainder of the year, at the following prices:

The session only, (twice a week) \$2 00
The whole year, 3 00

Any person sending us five subscribers accompanied by ten dollars, shall receive a copy for their trouble, gratis. Payments may be transmitted by mail postage paid, at our risk. By a rule of the Post Office Department, Post-masters are permitted to frank letters containing money for subscriptions.

No attention will be paid to any order unless the money accompany it.
JOHN B. BRATTON.
Harrisburg, Nov. 18, 1842.

New Goods

WM. MCKELVY, & CO.

HAVE just received a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, of every variety, which they are enabled to offer to the public a little lower than that the cheapest for the READY GO DOWN, such as

CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE, the THOUSAND YEAR CREDIT SYSTEM having been ABANDONED. Among their assortment of

Dry Goods

may be found all the varieties of English, French and American Manufactures of Wool, cotton, silk, flax and hemp; among which is an elegant assortment of superfine, fine and common Broad Cloths and Cassimeres; Sattinets; Cotton and Linen Drilling; Irish Linens; brown Holland; Marseilles and other vestings; Silk Velvets; brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings; Calicoes; printed Lawns and Muslins; Mousine de laine; Challies; plain and figured Silks; a large variety of silk, mohair, and Merino Shawls and handkerchiefs, Lady's and Gentlemen's Gloves and Mitts, Hosiery; Ribbons, Gentlemen and Children's

HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

Gentlemen's, ladies and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Among their

GROCERIES,

will be found

Sugar and Coffee of several kinds and quality, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson skin, and Shouehong Teas; Chocolate, Spices of all kinds; Madeira, Port, Lisbon and Malaga Wines, Brandy, Holland Gin, Spirits, Rum, and Whiskey, West India, New Orleans, Sugar House and Boston Syrup MOLASSES,

HARD WARE,

Knives and Forks, Cutlery Saddlery, Coach and Wagon, trimmings and mountings, Mill and M cut Saws, tenant saws, Saddler's, Shoemaker's, Tailor's and Carpenters tools; Blacksmith's Anvils and Vices; Sweeping and a great variety of other brushes; all kinds of Ropes and Cordage &c. &c.

A large and elegant assortment of

CHINA GLASS AND QUEENSWARE, CROCKERY WARE.

IRON

Of all kinds by the Ton or smaller quantity, Spring Steel, English blister, Crowley, Sheer and Cast steel, German steel, and American blister, Nails and Spikes, Large and small Copper Kettles, &c.

It is impossible to mention separately in an advertisement, all the articles which they have on hand; but the subscribers wish it to be understood that their assortment has been laid in solely with a view to supply the wants of the country, and therefore few will be disappointed who may call upon them to have their individual wants supplied, provided they offer in exchange the

"READY GO DOWN."

WILLIAM MCKELVY & Co.
Bloomsburg, Nov. 19, 1842. 30—4f.

LECTURES ON ENGLISH GRAMMAR

THE undersigned proposes delivering a course of lectures on E. Grammar; consisting of 36 lectures for the benefit of such young persons as have not an opportunity of attending school in the day time; and who are desirous of becoming acquainted with the grammar of the English language. These lectures will be delivered each week, on such evenings as may be most suitable. Those desirous of uniting to form a class for the above purpose, will please make early application and leave their names at either of the printing offices in Bloomsburg, or the subscriber, in order to commence as early as possible.

JOSEPH D. BILES.
Bloomsburg, Nov. 19, 1842.—30.

\$5 REWARD.

LOST, on Friday, the 21st day of Oct. 1842, somewhere in the township of Fishingcreek, or Geenwood, a calfskin

POCKET BOOK,

containing about \$35 in bank notes.—One five on the Miners Bank, Pottsville, and other Relief Notes of different banks.—Any person finding said Pocket Book, and will deliver it, with its contents, to the owner, shall receive the above reward.

RICHARD HAYCOCK.
Nov. 5, 1842—28.

HALL'S PATENT BEE HIVES.

THIS Hive is one of the best constructed now in use, and so arranged, as to supersede the necessity of killing bees to take from them their honey. It is simple, and can be made with little expense.

The subscriber has the right to sell to individuals, the privilege of making them for their own use, and requests all who are interested in bees, to call at his house, and see the hives for themselves, as he has been now working in the.

GEORGE LILLY.
Bloomsburg Oct. 30, 1842.

LIST OF BETAILORES

The following is a list of the wholesale and retail dealers of Foreign Merchandise in the county of Columbia. Classed as follows for 1842 viz:

TWELVTH CLASS	
William Donaldson	paid
Peter Baldy	paid
William Biddle & co.	paid
William M'Kelvy	paid
John & J. R. Sharpless	paid
Abraham Miller	paid
Derr & M'Bride	paid
John C. Grier	paid
Leib & Trego	paid
E. & C. Reynolds	paid
J. & J. Bowman & co.	paid

THIRTEENTH CLASS.	
Daniel L. Schmick	unpaid
Rupert & Barton	unpaid
George Weaver	unpaid
Cyrus Bartlo	unpaid
Robert B. Sproul & co.	unpaid
James Davidson & co.	unpaid
Andrew & Peter Miller	paid
C. A. & C. G. Brobst	paid
Stuman & Rittenhouse	unpaid
Leyers & Nagle	paid
Grim, Derr & Dye	unpaid
Robert M' Cay	unpaid
Masters & Mather	unpaid
Samuel Hackenberg	unpaid
Eleszer Brothwell	unpaid
Nathan Snyder	paid
Brown & Creary	unpaid
George Shuman	paid
Levi Beisel	paid
George Kaufman	unpaid
Kowover & Leibrick	unpaid
Bullist & M'Ninch	unpaid
E. & J. Lazarus	unpaid
Covanhovan & Steward	unpaid
William W. Cook	paid

FOURTEENTH CLASS.	
Israel Wells	unpaid
Christian Hartman	unpaid
Stephen Baldy	paid
G. H. Fowler & co.	paid
George Kelchner	unpaid
Neal M' Cay	unpaid
Vanah Reese & co.	unpaid
Eves Kester & co.	unpaid
Hugh M' Williams	unpaid
Marshall Shoemaker & co.	unpaid
James & Hethrington	unpaid
John Lundy	unpaid
George Kaufman	paid
Coleman & Miller	unpaid
William & D. Fox	unpaid
William M Auton	unpaid
Moses Meyer	unpaid
Joseph Sharpless	unpaid
Dengler & Wertman	unpaid
Russel P. Welliver	paid
Colt & Rishel	paid
O'Daniel's & co.	unpaid
Silas Allen	paid
George Stives	unpaid
Jonas Sperring	unpaid
Moses May	unpaid

L. B. REPURT, Treas'r.
Bloomsburg, Nov. 5, 1842—28.

VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

TO be sold at public sale, on the premises, on the 10th day of December, 1842, that valuable and well improved farm, situated near Jerseytown, Madison township, Columbia county, adjoining lands of Jacob Zeisloff, John Heller, and others the property of John Vastine, dec'd. containing about

150 ACRES.

About one hundred acres cleared land, a large quantity of

GOOD MADOW

well watered, a good Orchard, and in a good state of cultivation—the buildings are

A Frame

DWELLING HOUSE

A Frame Barn,

and a

Stone Springhouse.

The uncleared land well timbered.

ALSO

Another tract, situated in the same township, adjoining, containing upwards of

FORTY ACRES,

part of which is cleared, the balance being excellent

Timber Land,

Adjoining lands of Wm. Welliver, and Powell Hat dote.

ALSO

A certain tract of timber land situate in the same township, containing

21 ACRES

And Ninety-nine perche.

Adjoining lands of Peter Heller, Daniel Snyder and others.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. when terms of sale will be made known. Persons desirous of getting information relative to either of the above named tracts, can obtain the same by calling on ROBERT CAMPBELL, who resides on the farm.

WM. VASTINE,
AMOS VASTINE,
HUGH VASTINE,
Executors.

October, 21, 1842. 27—4f