

of any good meaning citizen of the county.

Resolved—That the votes of Daniel Snyder upon the tax bills which the assertion of Pelly Best couples to British bondage, strictly such principles as the political party to which he boasts the honor of being a member, have always advocated, and were advocated by the democratic party at the time when Daniel Snyder voted with them.

Resolved—That the only sure plan of guarding ourselves against the baneful results which would inevitably be experienced by a division of our small county, is to use every honest means of defeating the election of Richard Fruit, and cause a general rally for the support of the removal candidate.

Resolved—That we now call upon the candid consideration of the freemen of Columbia county, to decide a question which will either render them comfortably blest with an act of justice, or forever deprive them of sacred rights as a people, by allowing the county to be cut, carved, and divided for the gratification of a few reckless political partisans, at the expense and inconvenience of the tax payers.

Resolved—That we will go to the polls with the watch word of SNYDER. REMOVAL. EQUALITY and JUSTICE. against FRUIT, DIVISION, HIGH TAXES, and OPPRESSION.

Resolved—That the course pursued by the Editor of the Columbia Democrat in advocating and sustaining our interest in the exciting question of removal that now agitates Columbia county, meets with our approbation.

Resolved—That as the Editor of the Columbia Democrat sustains our interests, we will sustain his, in preference to those who oppose it, therefore we will use our exertions to extend the circulation of his paper, that the people may have correct information, and recommend to all who feel an interest in behalf of the removal, to subscribe for his paper, and thus encourage him to do his duty manfully as he has here before done.

Resolved—That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and published in the Bloomsburg Democrat, and all other papers in the county.

(Signed by the Officers.)

Voice of Briercreek.

A very large meeting of the citizens of Briercreek township was convened in pursuance of public notice, at the Briercreek school house in said township, on Thursday the 29th day of September 1842. The meeting was organized by electing GEORGE KALCHNER, President, JOHN KNORR, JOSEPH WISE, ISAAC BOWLER, SAMUEL TRASHER, Vice Presidents, John Freese, and Simon Hagenbuch, Secretaries.

The object of the meeting being stated, on motion, it was

Resolved—That a committee of TWENTY be appointed to prepare resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

Whereupon the following committee was appointed:—John Hess, Hector McCormick, John Hill, Isaiah Salomon, John Connor, Gilbert H. Fowler, Henry D. Knorr, Eelman Hutchinson, Samuel Kelchner, Wm. Hagenbuch, Jacob Fieckenstein, F. Workheiser, Wm. Hutchinson, George H. Freese, Abraham Dieterich, John Kelchner, Benjamin Fowler, Samuel C. Jacoby, Daniel Zener, John Zener, who reported the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, We are now on the eve of one of the most important elections that has ever taken place in Columbia county, as upon its result depends its future prosperity. It is not merely whether this or that political party shall triumph,—whether this or that candidate shall be elected to the legislature,—but whether the county shall be ruined by a division—or be kept together by a removal. Therefore

Resolved—That we view the attempt of a few reckless speculators to cut and carve up the county merely for the advancement of their own personal interest, regardless of the injury that the people may receive by the act, with feelings of indignation that words cannot express.

Resolved—That in order to prevent a division, and effect a removal if possible, as the least expensive measure that can now be adopted to settle the excited state of feeling in the county, we will give our votes to, and use our every honorable exertion to secure the election of Daniel Snyder, to the legislature.

Resolved—That we will do so, because we believe him to be honest, faithful and capable.

Because, we believe he will advocate the wishes of his constituents & carry them out to the letter, if it lays in his power, regardless of the frowns, favors or promises from any quarter.

Resolved—That the faction who surround the Danville Intelligencer, by issuing their scandalous hand bills, abusing and slandering Daniel Snyder and his friends, deserves the severest censure that a community can bestow upon them.

Resolved—That Richard Fruit, the candidate of the division faction for the legislature is not entitled to the confidence of either party, from the fact of his having be-

longed to all, and left each as his interest preponderated.

Resolved—That we cannot, therefore give our support to Richard Fruit, because we want to elect a man to the legislature whom we know will be honest and faithful to his constituents.

Resolved—That living as we do, within the limits of the proposed new county, we can call with the greatest confidence on all throughout the county who are opposed to division to come to our rescue and save themselves as well as us from being oppressed with taxes, for years to come.

Resolved—That we will use our utmost exertions to defeat the election of Richard Fruit, to the legislature because we consider he has made so many pledges, that he cannot perform them all, therefore we can not support such a man to represent Columbia county in the state legislature

Resolved—That we will give our support to Daniel Snyder, for the legislature the democratic removal candidate, and that we are determined to vote the removal ticket, the whole ticket and nothing but the ticket.

Resolved—That we now come out with a full determination not to be trampled under foot any longer, by a young set of speculators, but to go for the labouring class, such a man as Daniel Snyder, the good old farmer the poor man's friend, and on the 11th of October next, we will go to the polls, with the watch word, Snyder, Industry and Economy.

Resolved—That the proceeding of this meeting be signed by the officers and published in all the newspapers in the county.

(Signed by the Officers.)

The piety of the Algerine was much shocked at the idea of our attending a camp meeting near Berwick, but it appears that his religious scruples, were like his conscience, "thrown to the devil" on Sunday last, while he was travelling through the upper portion of the county electioneering, particularly while drinking, carousing, and cleopaneering in a bar-room, making so much disturbance that the neighbors threatened to prosecute him for a breach of the Sabbath. These things may do in *Algiers* but they will not be countenanced in Columbia county, any more than his raking up the ashes of the dead to vent his fiendish disposition upon the living. Look out, *Algerine* you may get nabbed the third time.

John Fruit was in the upper end of the county electioneering against the removal, upon the grounds that Danville was not within eleven miles of Northumberland line, and that should the removal take place, the lower part of the county would go off to Northumberland. What nonsense. 'Small potatoes that very.'

It is said that John Rhodes has taken up his residence in Roaring Creek and Millin until after the election. We wonder in which township he intends voting. Where does he get his washing and mending done? Remember that will be the question, when you offer your vote.

By the way, where does he get the ginger cakes that he says he can buy the voters of Roaring Creek with. He must get a large supply, if he always nibbles them first.

John Fruit declares that he can and will elect his brother Richard. Who elected him sheriff? Was it himself, or the people? He boasts so much of his ability to elect any man in the county that he pleases, perhaps he had better bring into the field another member of his family for Prothonotary. There is now but one candidate for that office, and it is no more than fair that he should take care of all of his family as he has the power. The people will no doubt do as he bids. Better try it.

The remains of Mrs. Tyler reached Richmond on Wednesday evening week attended by the President, General Hunter, Mr. Fendal, General Mason, General Eston, and some of the higher officers of the Government. They were received at the depot by a large number of citizens, and attended through the city towards New Kent, where the remains were deposited in the family burying ground.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 3d inst. says: 'The bark Hiram W. Tyler, arrived yesterday from Havana, reports the yellow fever very bad in Havana; all hands on board, with the exception of one man, were sick while in Havana, they however recovered. The man who escaped while in Havana, took the fever on the passage from Havana to this port, and died on his arrival in this city.'

Dr. Joseph P. Peters, extensively known as a manufacturer of pills and medical lozenges, hung himself at New York on Sunday last in his bed post. He has been in poor health for a number of years, and he appeared the day before to be very much dejected in spirits and almost distracted.

Nineteen wagons, containing some two or three hundred of the Tuscarora tribe of Indians, came up from Niagara county, N. Y. last week, to meet their brethren of the Seneca tribe, on the reservation near this city, for the purpose of joining in their annual athletic games. These sports, consisting of ball playing, wrestling, running, leaping, &c. will probably continue for two or three days.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot says the Madisonian and the Globe are to be merged into one paper, under the management of Isaac Hill and Francis P. Blair.

A prophet has sprung up in Buffalo who predicts that Buffalo will be burnt on the 10th of January, 1843. Let them keep an eye on the prophet, or he may fulfil his own prediction.

The wife of Morgan, the great antimason is at Nanvoo, and is now the better half of a Mr. Harris, one of the prophet's chosen men

2500 persons have applied for the benefit of the Bankrupt Act in Maine, and but 200 in New Hampshire.

A man some months ago, was killed by a spring gun in the District of Columbia. The instrument was set in a goose hole, and the deceased was getting into the premises to steal the geese. The owner was indicted for murder. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty. Very right. Every man can protect his premises in any way he pleases, from trespass.

The Massachusetts Legislature has refused to inquire into the Ursuline convent affair, with a view to pay for the loss occasioned by the riots. This is the basest toleration of the descendants of the Puritans!

TEMPERANCE TRIUMPH

Mr. Williams, a Temperance lecturer in the West has obtained, since he placed his own name to a thirty-five thousand, eight hundred and fifty signatures to the pledge, in Western Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Ohio, without counting those in Pittsburg, where he has, with others, made great efforts. Of the number mentioned above nine were distillers and thirteen retailers of ardent spirit, all of whom left the business. In Pittsburg, within three weeks, over three hundred have joined the Cold Water Army. Give us a liberal system of education combined with a temperate population, and we will have, in twenty years, a nation such as the sun never yet shone on!

Horrid Death.—A young man named Ohio W. Rohrback, on the 16th instant came to his death at his father's farm, near Sharpsburg, Md., in the following dreadful manner: He was standing on a large portable threshing machine, and having finished a rock, the horses were stopped, and while the wheels were yet revolving, he stepped on one of the arms with the intention of springing off, to prepare and direct the next preceding, but, from some cause, his foot slipped, and his leg being caught between the arms of the two wheels the arms of the two wheels, swiftly revolving in opposite directions, was instantly torn off below the knee, and the thigh utterly torn and crushed to the hip. He expired in about four hours after the accident.

Usefulness of Snakes.—A writer in the Genesee Farmer advises those who are in the habit of destroying snakes, to let them alone, as they are early risers, and at work in the field by the break of day, picking up those depredators, the corn worm, which infest corn fields. What was made in vain!

Joe Smith.—The State Register of the 26th ult. says that Joe Smith Mormon prophet, has recently received an important revelation, which requires him to be in England in a short time. It is rumored that he has already departed for Washington where he is required to perform miracles.

EDUCATION.

A School for the instruction of youth, in the various branches of science and literature, will be opened in the Academy in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, 3d of October.

Application for admission to be made to the School Committee, or to the subscriber; when the terms of tuition will be made known.

J. D. BILES.

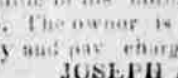
Bloomsburg, October 1, 1842.

N. B. A lecture, on instruction in common School, will be delivered in the Academy on Saturday evening Oct. 1st, at 7 o'clock, parents and guardians are respectfully invited to attend.

Stray.

Broke into the enclosure of the subscriber about 3 months since, a

WHITE STEER,



drooping a little in his horns, and about four years old. The owner is requested to take him away and pay charges. JOSEPH FURSEL. Madison Oct. 1st.

PROCLAMATION. GENERAL ELECTION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to the election of this Commonwealth, passed the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839," it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give public notice on such notice to be holden and to made known in such notice what officers are to be elected—Therefore,

I JOHN FRUIT,

High Sheriff of the county of Columbia do make known by this advertisement, to the Electors of said county of Columbia, that a GENERAL ELECTION, will be held in the said county, on

Tuesday the 11th day of October, next at the several districts thereof, as following, to wit:

Bloom township, at the house of Charles Dobbler, Bloomsburg.

Brier creek township, at the town-house in Berwick.

Catawissa township, at the house now occupied by Stacy Marjoram, in the town of Catawissa.

Derry township, at the house of Jacob Seidel, in said township.

Fishing Creek township, at the house of Daniel Peeler, in said township.

Greenwood township, at the house now occupied by Joseph Lemon.

Hemlock township, at the house of John M. Reynolds, in said township.

Jackson township, at the house of Joshua Savage, in said township.

Liberty township, at the house of Hugh M. Elrath, in said township.

Limestone township, (a separate election district) at the Union School house in said township.

Mahoning township, at the Court House in Danville.

Millin township, at the house of John Keller, Jr. in said township.

Madison township, at the house now occupied by John Weillier, in Jerseytown.

Mount Pleasant township, at the house of Frederick Miller, in said township.

Monter township, at the house of Lenord Lazarus, in said township.

Sugarloaf township, at the house Ezekiel Cole, in said township.

Roaring Creek township at the house now occupied by Alan Gable, in said township.

Orange township at the house of Isaac C. Johnson, in the town of Orangeville.

The district composed of that part of Millin township, laid off for a new township, to be called "Paston," which by an act of Assembly, passed the first day of April, 1836 was established into a separate election district, at the house of Adam Mischeals, in the said district.

Valley township, at the house now occupied by James B. Ten Brook, in said township.

At which time and places are to be elected by the freemen of the county of Columbia.

ONE PERSON

for member of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

ONE PERSON

to fill the offices of Prothonotary, Clerk of the Courts of General Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer and Orphan's Court.

ONE PERSON

to fill the offices of Register of Wills and Recorder of Deeds.

ONE PERSON

for Commissioner.

ONE PERSON

for county Auditor.

In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839.

Notice is her by Given.

That the general election and election for inspectors and judges are to be opened between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until 7 o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

That every person, excepting the justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit, or trust under the government of the United States, or for this State, or of any city, incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise; a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judicial department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of this select or common council of any city or commonwealth of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding, or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And the said act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2d, 1839 further provides as follows to wit:

"That the Inspectors and Judges chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong.

"before nine o'clock in the morning, on the 2d Tuesday of October,

in each and every year, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of the votes for Inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as Inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected a Judge appoint an Inspector in his place; and in case the person elected a Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such office shall have been elected, present at the place election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of said Assessors, respectively to attend at the place of holding every general or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors or Judge, when called on in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessment or to votes the said in-

spectors or Judge, or either of them, shall from his to time require."

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, either than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year & in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who had previously been a voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and having resided in this State one year, and in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners unless, First: he produce a receipt for the payments within two years of a state county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second: if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall deposit on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act. Whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote, shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid a tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote on account of his age, and in either case, the reason of such vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the state for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district and that he did not remove into said district, for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof if required of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempted to prevent any officers of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up, or attempt to block up the window or the avenue to any window where the same may be holden or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than twelve months. And if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had that the person so offence was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled, to vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any written or printed advertisement challenge of invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet, or offered to be bet.

"If any person, not by law qualified shall fraudulently vote at any election, within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district or if any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person or persons so offending, shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently falsify and deliver to the inspectors two tickets together, with the intent to illegally vote, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall divide or procure another so to do, he or they so offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in his Commonwealth agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

The Judges are to make their returns for the county of Columbia, at the Court House in Danville on Friday the 15th day of October, A. D. 1842.

God save the Commonwealth.

JOHN FRUIT, Sheriff.

Bloomsburg, Danville, 2
Sept. 16, 1842—10

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I have purchased at Consable Sale, the following property belonging to Aaron Barringer Jr. to wit: ONE BUREAU, and one MANTLE CLOCK, which property I have left with him during my pleasure, and all persons are warned against taking the same from his possession by purchase, or otherwise, without my consent.

E. PRICE.

Roaring Creek, Aug. 23, 1842.