

'This is unfortunate,' sighed Marian; for, ignorant of your attachments, the king has commanded her to accept Jules de Rocheleau, and—here he comes.'

'You aim me at once, Marian. I was infirm of purpose; I am so no longer.'

'Count! the king's command leaves you no choice; but it is also one which you have sought. Deprived of the hope of being united to the Marquise de Brissac, life would be to me no longer of value. You stand between me and that hope. You are the blight upon the fathomless love which I have cherished! Upon your head be the forfeit—or upon mine. Hard by the Petit-Trianon at eight. Remember.'

'There was still a strong twilight at the hour mentioned; the Duke was at his post, pacing impatiently to and fro. Five, ten, fifteen minutes and no Count. Anger, contempt, desperation, fury—successively seized upon him, when in the very height and whirlwind of his paroxysm the laughing female voice rang in his ears.

'Sorry to have kept you so long waiting; for I had the charge,' exclaimed Marian, 'of your antagonist; but the fact is, she—yes, she—as the Count de Rocheleau—liked not her cavalier's dress, and prefers appearing before you as you now appear before her—without disguise! Inez come forth.'

Of course, the Duke was at her feet at that moment; and never after was he a victim to that painful insufficiency of character which might have made an 'ower true' of Marian's merely fabricated command of the French monarch.

**Prosecution of the War in Florida.**—It appears, by a statement in the St. Augustine Herald of the 3d instant, that the war in Florida is about to be prosecuted with unusual vigor. The Herald says:

We are happy to announce that the Secretary of War has requested the Navy Department to order the Commander of the West India squadron to provide for the protection of Key West and the Florida Keys generally.

And also to send out boat expeditions into the bays and inlets of the coast, to cut off any parties of Indians who may be hovering about the shores.

Vessels will be kept on the coast, to cut off any chances of communication, by which supplies may be furnished them from abroad.

Two entire and fresh regiments of U. S. troops are already ordered to Florida.

The Governor is authorized to raise 200 horsemen, in addition to those already in the field, which will make the mounted force under Gen. Reed 1,200 strong.

The Governor is also authorized to raise 500 foot for the same brigade.

Physicians, when required, are to be received as surgeons to the volunteers, under the rules which govern in the regular service.

An officer is appointed for Middle and another for East Florida, to examine the accounts of expenditures of the volunteer service for the past season.

Mr. Poinsett is using his utmost exertions to render the efforts of the Governor of the Territory, General Read, and of the other officers in command, effective in protecting the settlements from depredations, and expelling the Indians from their lurking places.

**Strife of a Member of Congress.**—

The Baltimore Sun states, that "on Saturday evening last, the Hon. William S. Ramsay, of Carlisle, Pa., re-elected to the United States House of Representatives at the recent election, for the Thirtieth congressional district, arrived in town, and put up at Barnum's City Hotel. About 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Sunday he appeared to be quite well, manifesting no unusual excitement of depression of mind, and making some inquiries at the bar relative to the boats and cars to Philadelphia; and in about an hour afterwards, the report of a pistol was heard in his room. The report attracted first a gentleman stepping at the house and some of the waiters, when he was found speechless and dying near the fire, a pistol lying close by his side, his right hand being covered with blood, which had flowed profusely from a wound in the right eye, where the ball had entered. He was recognized by the Hon. Mr. Jenifer, who soon entered the room, and sent for the Hon. Messrs. Howard and Carroll. An inquest was held by Seth Pollard, Esq., coroner, when on examination, the ball was found to have nearly come out at the back of his neck. The verdict of the jury was, that he came to his death by shooting himself with a pistol. He was 25 years of age, and rumor attributes the suicidal act to disappointed affection. Some unopened letters found with him have been taken possession of by his friend Mr. McBlair."

**Death of the oldest Methodist Preacher in the world.**—The English Wesleyan Magazine announces the death of the Rev. James Wood, Wesleyan Minister, at Kingswood Circuit. He entered upon the ministry in 1773; and was, at the time of his death, the oldest Methodist preacher in the world. Having travelled fifty-three years, fourteen years ago (reckoning from next conference,) he became a supernumerary. He continued to preach as long as his strength would allow, and only desisted when the infirmities of his advanced age disabled him.

**Mysterious Affair.**—Extract of a letter dated Nassau, (N. P.) 27 August, 1840, received via Havana:

"A singular circumstance occurred a few days ago. A large French ship from Hamburg, bound to Havana, was picked up by one of our little wreckers, about a fortnight ago, quite deserted. She was afloat with no sails set but a jib—not the least injured—having a very valuable cargo of wines, silks, fruits, &c., and all in good order, and her papers and every thing on board in their proper places. When sounded, three feet water was found in her hold, which was immediately pumped; and it was discovered that she had no leak. A few poultry and a cat were only found alive. There were a number of cages, with Canary birds, apparently starved to death in them. I have seen one of the persons who first went on board (our old wrecking acquaintance B.), and he says that the cabins and state rooms were beautifully furnished, and had all the appearance of passengers having just stepped out of them, one in particular had a ladies' toilet, combs, brushes, &c. on a settee lay a bonnet, shawl, work box, needles, thimble, &c. as if that moment laid down. No one can conjecture why she was abandoned. There are many cases on board addressed to different merchants in Havana, and the vessel by which I am now writing is despatched to gain some information on the subject. She is a large, new ship, built this year, and named the Rosalie.—N. O. Bee.

**The North Eastern Boundary.**—A few days since a gentleman from the state of Maine, informed us that on the 5th ult. a party of surveyors under Capt. A. Talcott, U. S. commissioner, left Canaan, Vt. for the head waters of Connecticut river, for the purpose of tracing the sources of the Magalloway river. A branch of the party, to which our informant belonged, proceeded through Bury, and are now examining the sources of Arnold river, at the head Megantic lake, where they expect to meet their companions from the head of the Connecticut.

The party are then to proceed along the dividing highlands to the Kennebec road. Another party under professor Renwick have proceeded to the Resigouche Bay, from whence they are to trace the highlands agreeable to the treaty, and expect to meet the first party in the vicinity of the Kennebec road. A third party under Major Graham is employed in running the meridian line from Mars Hill.

**Anthracite Iron** is appropriately termed in the Philadelphia Commercial List, the second staple of Pennsylvania; the first being Coal. That paper remarks that altho' not one year has elapsed since it was brought into use, it has already increased with a rapidity that may fairly be taken as the harbinger of what it is destined to become in a few years. Within the brief period of nine months there have been constructed and are now in blast, three Furnaces making iron of first quality, with no other fuel than Anthracite Coal. They have been in blast from three to five months and turn out from 40 to 50 tons of Pig Iron weekly. During this time many experiments have been made in nearly all of which it has been satisfactorily ascertained that they can be managed and kept in order as easily, as the Furnace using charcoal or coke. Two more furnaces are erected, which are to be put in blast this month. Sixteen more Furnaces are already erected, or are now in progress, all of which will use Anthracite Coal. Four large Rolling Mills with Puddling Furnaces are erected, one of which is in successful operation, and the others will soon commence manufacturing with coal as fuel. Two additional Mills are to be put up this winter and next spring.

The above twenty-one Furnaces and six Rolling Mills with their Puddling Furnaces will use Anthracite Coal as fuel. Thirteen of the Furnaces and five of the Mills are located on the line of the Lehigh and Morris Canal, and will create a tonnage including Ore, Coal, Limestone and Pig Iron of 227,500 tons, of which amount there will be 90,000 tons of coal obtained from the Lehigh Mines.

**Latter Day Saints.**—The Liverpool Chronicle contains the following:

The New York packet ship North America, Captain Lober, sailed on Tuesday week, with 19 cabin passengers and 200 in the steerage. The whole of the steerage passengers belong to a sect called "Latter Day Saints," and are bound for Quincy, in the State of Michigan, on the borders of the Mississippi, where a settlement has been provided for them by one of their sect, who had purchased a large tract of land in Michigan. We understand that upwards of 2,000 are in treaty to embark early next spring for the same locality. A great portion of those who sailed in the North America are members of the Total Abstinence Society and are from Leicestershire and Herefordshire. They were shipped by the respectable house of Fitzhugh and Grimshaw of this town.

"My dear," said a husband to his affectionate better half, after a matrimonial squabble, "you never will be permitted to go to Heaven."

"Why not?"

"Because you will be wanted as a torment down below."

## BEAUTIES OF THE FEDERAL AP- PORTIONMENT BILL.

The county of Philadelphia, which is democratic, polled at the recent election about TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND votes, and elected EIGHT members of the Legislature. The city, which is federal, polled ELEVEN thousand votes, and elected SEVEN members, within a fraction as many as the county.—It requires therefore TWO democratic votes in the county to equal the vote of ONE aristocrat in the city!!!

Democratic Columbia has polled more votes in the recent contest than federal Adams, and yet Columbia has but ONE Representative in the Legislature, and Adams has TWO!!!

It is by these means of such a law, that the democracy of Pennsylvania has been cheated out of its rights. Democrats resent the invasion upon your privileges by a rush to the ballot boxes on the 30th!!!

With a clear and undisputed majority of more than 15,000 of the popular vote against them, the federalists in this state nevertheless claim to have elected a majority in both branches of the Legislature.—What but a fraudulent, unconstitutional apportionment bill could thus put the minority in power? The bare mention of the fact, is sufficient to arouse the honest indignation of every true-hearted democrat. Never in any country under the sun, have a people's rights been more daringly trampled under foot, than have the rights of the democracy of Pennsylvania.—Magician.

The Presbyterian Synod of New Jersey, convened in this Borough on Thursday last, and remained in session several days. Many distinguished divines were in attendance; among them the venerable Dr. Miller, Dr. Junkin, President of Lafayette College, Easton, Professor McLean, of Princeton College, and Rev. N. Murray, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian congregation in this place. Such an assemblage of pious and learned men is an unusual occurrence in Wilkesbarre, and their deliberations attracted much interest. We hope they have carried home favorable impressions of the hospitality, intelligence, and general morality of our community.—Farmer.

The subjoined from the New Orleans Bulletin is, we presume, according to federal Whig logic, another evidence of the great distress afflicted upon the country by the Independent Treasury:

NEW ORLEANS.—The Bulletin of October 9th, says:—We counted yesterday afternoon twenty steamers moored at our Levee. The number is unusually large for the season, arising from the early commencement of business. The bustle of the wharves is quite considerable. The accumulation of produce reminds us of the busiest times of winter. There may be seen mountains of cotton bales, running generally in ridges one and two tiers deep—hills of potato barrels, little mounds of cabbages, cords of lead and piles of the miscellaneous productions which descend every autumn the Father of waters, from the fertile lands which he drains in the far North and West."

A letter from New Orleans to the Baltimore American says:—"I learn from good authority that Richard Winn, Esq., the candidate in the Third Congressional District in this State, defeated by Moore, died a few days since of congestive fever. Mr. Winn was the ablest and most efficient Van Buren leader in this State."

The New York Times states that the insurance offices in that city are, in consequence of the war news from Europe, unwilling to take long risks.

## FOUNDY.

A new Foundry has been erected in this Borough, by the Messrs. Rohrbach. The machinery is driven by a steam engine, from the manufactory of Haywood & Snyder of Pottsville. The Foundry is located immediately on the Rail Road, so that the coal from Shamokin can be deposited from the cars at the mouth of the furnace, and in a short time the iron will be furnished from the furnaces which are now being erected in Shamokin. This will enable these gentlemen to manufacture castings as cheap as they can be made anywhere else. The cheapness of coal and iron at this place, renders it a most favorable location for all kinds of iron manufactory. The castings turned out by the Messrs. Rohrbachs are neat and substantial, and we hope their enterprise may meet with a proper reward.

Sunbury American.

## SCHUYLKILL BANK.

Mr. Wm. Newell, of Philadelphia, has published a counter statement to the one recently issued by the Board of Directors, and shifts the responsibility of Lewis' disappearance from his shoulders pretty successfully. It is evident from the statements of both parties, that Lewis' presence might militate against the interests of the Schuylkill Bank, in the trial now pending between that institution and the Bank of Kentucky.

There is evidently something wrong in this business, and we are sure that the public will never be satisfied, until every thing connected with the return of Lewis, and his second disappearance, is fully and satisfactorily explained.—Miners' Journal.

The following is a correct list of the members of the state legislature, and members of Congress from this state, as elected on the 13th inst—

## Pennsylvania Legislature.

### SENATE.

DIST. I. Philadelphia city—Frederick Fraley, Henry S. Spackman.

DIST. II. County of Philadelphia—Michael Snyder, Charles Brown, Benjamin Crispin.

DIST. III. Montgomery, Chester and Delaware—Nathaniel Brook, Abraham Bower, John T. Huddleson.

DIST. IV. Bucks—Samuel A. Smith.

DIST. V. Berks—Samuel Fegely.

DIST. VI. Lancaster and York—John Strohm, Thos. E. Cochran, William Hiesler.

DIST. VII. Dauphin and Lebanon—John Killinger.

DIST. VIII. Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata Perry, and Union—Robert P. Maclay, James Mathers.

DIST. IX. Columbia and Schuylkill—Samuel F. Headley.

DIST. X. Lehigh and Northampton—John S. Gibbons.

DIST. XI. Luzerne, Monroe, Wayne and Pike—Ebenezer Kingsbury jr.

DIST. XII. Lycoming, Centre, Clinton, and Northumberland—Robert P. Fleming.

DIST. XIII. Bradford and Susquehanna—Elihu Case.

DIST. XIV. Franklin, Cumberland and Adams—C. B. Penrose, Thomas C. Miller.

DIST. XV. Bedford and Somerset—Samuel M. Barclay.

DIST. XVI. Westmoreland—John C. Plum.

DIST. XVII. Washington—John Ewing.

DIST. XVIII. Fayette and Greene—William F. Coplan.

DIST. XIX. Allegheny and Butler—Thomas S. Williams, Chas. C. Sullivan.

DIST. XX. Beaver and Mercer—John J. Pearson.

DIST. XXI. Crawford and Erie—Joseph M. Stierrett.

DIST. XXII. Jefferson, McKean, Potter, Tioga, Venango, and Warren—Samuel Hays.

DIST. XXIII. Indiana, Armstrong, Clarion, Cambria, and Clearfield—Findly Patter son.

New members marked thus [\*]—democrats, 15, in italic—federal 18, in Roman.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Philadelphia city—Wm. A. Crabb, Edward E. Law, Isaac Myer, Benj. M. Hinchman, G. Rush Smith, Jacob Gratz, Jacob Rush.

Philadelphia county—John Felton, Edward A. Penniman, John Painter, William Wilkins, Thos. M. Scott, Thomas McCully, Wm. Bonsall, Lewis Crousilatt.

Bucks—John Apple, Isaac Vanhorn, Joseph Titus.

Chester—John D. Steel, Wm. K. Correy, John B. Chrisman, Robert Fethley.

Lancaster—Benj. Pennell, Jos. McClure.

Philip Von Neida, Christian Kieffer, Jacob Foreman, Hugh Andrews.

York—Isaac Garretson, John May, Adam Elbaugh.

Cumberland—A. S. McKinney, John Zimmerman.

Perry—Wm. B. Anderson.

Berks—Daniel B. Kutz, Henry Flannery, Robert M. Barr, Samuel Moore.

Schuylkill—John Weaver.

Northampton and Monroe—Richard Brodhead, jr., John Flick, Joseph Trach.

Lehigh—Benj. Fogle, Peter Hass.

Wayne and Pike—John H. Brodhead.

Northumberland—Jesse C. Horton.

Mifflin, Juniata and Union—Joseph A. Bell, John Funk, Ner Middleworth.

Columbia—Daniel Snyder.

Washington—Jonathan Letherman, Samuel Livingston, Jaron Kerr.

Westmoreland—Samuel Hill, Wm. Johnson.

Armstrong—Wm. F. Johnson.

Indiana—John Cummins.

Jefferson, McKean and Warren—Jas. M. Gillis.

Fayette—Robert P. Flenniken, John Fuller.

Bedford—Daniel Washabaug, Richard Bard.

Franklin—Andrew Snively, Jos. Purnoy.

Montgomery—Ephraim Fenton, Wm. B. Hahn, William Bean.

Dauphin—Samuel H. Clark, Benj. Musser.

Lebanon—Jacob Brumer.

Luzerne—Hendrick B. Wright, A. Cortwright.

Susquehanna—Franklin Lusk.

Bradford—Stephen Pierce.

Tioga and Potter—D. Walklee.

Huntingdon—Joseph Higgins, John G. Miles.

Beaver—Mathew T. Kennedy, Jas. Spratt.

Allegheny—Geo. Darsie, Wm. Dilworth, Isaac Lightner, Daniel McCurdy.

Butler—Pearson.

Delaware—Joshua P. Eyre.

Somerset and Cambria—Joshua F. Cox, John Hanna.

Lycoming, Clearfield and Clinton—James S. Gabel, George Leidy.

Greene—Thomas P. Pollock.

Adams—Daniel M. Smyser, Geo. L. Evans.

Centre—George Boal.

Crawford—Joseph Douglass, Gaylord Church.

Erie—Stephea Shriver, James Dunlop.

Venango and Clarion—Alexander Holman.

Mercer—Banks.—Montgomery.

Democrats in Roman—Federalists in Ralic.

## CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

Philadelphia city and county—

First District—Charles Brown.

Second—John Seargeant, Geo. W. Toland.

Third—Charles J. Ingersoll.

Fourth—Chester Lancaster & Delaware: Jeremiah Brown, Francis James, John Ekwards.

Fifth—Montgomery; Joseph Fornace.

Sixth—Bucks; Robert Ramsay.

Seventh—Northampton, Wayne, Pike and Monroe, John Westbrook.

Eighth—Lehigh and Schuylkill: Peter Newhard.

Ninth—Berks: George M. Keim.

Tenth—Dauphin and Lebanon: Wm. Siminton.

Eleventh—York: James Gerry.

Twelfth—Adams and Franklin: James Cooper.

Thirteenth—Cumberland, Perry and Juniata: William S. Ramsay.

Fourteenth—Centre, Huntingdon Mifflin and Clinton: James Irwin.

Fifteenth—Columbia and Luzerne: Benj. A. Badlack.

Sixteenth—Northumberland, Union, and Lycoming: John Snyder.

Seventeenth—Tioga, Bradford, Susquehanna, McKean and Potter: Davis Diamond, jr.

Eighteenth—Somerset, Bedford and Cambria: Charles Ogle.

Nineteenth—Westmoreland and Indiana: Albert G. Marchand.

Twentieth—Fayette and Greene: Enos Hook.

Twenty First—Washington: Joseph Lawrence.

Twenty Second—Allegheny: William W. Irwin.

Twenty Third—Butler, Clearfield, Armstrong and Jefferson: William Jack.

Twenty Fourth—Beaver and Mercer: John Henry.

Twenty Fifth—Erie, Crawford, Venango, Warren and Clarion: Arnold Plumer.

The present delegation in Congress, stands 15 Democrats 13 Federalists, in italics.

[\* Since deceased.]

## WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

In the Store formerly occupied by John Hortman.

THE Subscriber, from the city of New York, would inform the public, that he has located himself in the above named place, where he will attend to the

## REPAIRING

## OF CLOCKS AND WATCHES

of every description, such as Musical Repeating Watches, Chronometers, Harrison's Escapement, Duplex, Lepine, Double crown wheel escapement, Patent Levers, Horizontal, Virguel, Alarm and Plain Watches. ALSO, Brass and Wooden Clocks Repaired, and CLOCKS AND WATCHES FOR SALE.

From strict attention to business, and his long practical experience he hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

JAMES COCKS.

Oct. 24, 1840.

## Doct. Cahen Moyer,

## French Rheumatism Doctor,

From Reading,

Inform the public that he has returned to Bloomsburg, after an absence since January last, and can be found at the Hotel of Daniel Snyder, where he will be at all times ready to attend to patients who are afflicted with Rheumatic pains in the limbs or body.

Bloomsburg Sept. 5, 1840.

## FANCY & WINDSOR

## CHAIRS

## MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the business of manufacturing

## CHAIRS AND SETTEES,

of almost every variety of pattern and finish, and that he will attend to turning any article in wood that may be ordered. He will also attend to

## HOUSE & ORNAMENTAL

## PAINTING.

in all their branches; and respectfully solicits continuance of public favor. Turning shop on Market street, nearly opposite the Printing office of Columbia County Register—finishing shop on main street nearly opposite George Weaver's store.

BENJAMIN HAGENBUCH.

Bloomsburg September 19, 1840.

## SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Several School Teachers are wanted at Bloomsburg. Teachers, well qualified and well recommended will receive good wages. Schools to commence about the first of November next. Application to be made to the Directors.

Oct. 19, 1840.