

Democrats Arouse. THE ENEMY MUST BE FOSTRATHED.

Disorganizers at work.

The "windmill" threatened in the last intelligence has commenced. The old disorganizers Petrie and Best have again opened their batteries, against the ticket, because it was not finished to suit them.—The interests of all parts of the county had been consulted in its formation, instead of theirs, and it must be broken up, even if the Democratic party was destroyed thereby. To effect their object, McMahon of Liberty has been coaxed to permit himself to be used by them as a tool.

Having got his name before the public, they now openly assert that they have no hopes of his election, but support him to break down Headley, and of course the whole Democratic ticket. Will the Democracy of the county permit it. We think not. In our next we shall speak more plainly.

The announcement of James McMahon's name in another column, is done at the request of Joseph Dole, John Clark and Joseph Key, of Liberty. Straws show which way the wind blows.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONFERENCE MEETING.

The Conference from Lezerne and Columbia counties, met at the public houses of F. Nicely in Berwick, on Tuesday the 15th inst. for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Congress, to be supported by the Democratic party of the 15th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Luzerne. Isaac, George P. Steele and Samuel Saylor, from Lezerne county, and George Smith and M. W. Jackson, from Columbia. On motion GEORGE P. STEELE, of Luzerne county, was called to the Chair, and George Smith, of Columbia, appointed Secretary. On motion of Samuel Saylor, Esq.

BENJAMIN A. BIRD, recently reelected of Wilkesbarre, Democratic candidate for senator from this District.

Resolved.—That this conference has the entire confidence in the soundness, integrity and purity of MARTIN VAN BUREN and RICHARD M. JOHNSON, the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President, and that we will most cheerfully give them our cordial support.

Resolved.—That we approve most heartily of the course and the administration of DAVID R. PORTER, our present excellent Governor, and particularly of his efforts in favor of Bank reform, and his steady support of the interests of Northern Pennsylvania.

Resolved.—That we pledge ourselves to support the nomination this day made.

Resolved.—That these proceedings be signed by the officers, and published in all the democratic papers of this district.

GEORGE P. STEELE, Pres't.
George Smith, Secretary.

Major Samuel F. Headley.—In answer to numerous letters from democratic friends in Columbia, says the People's Emperor can only assure them that we will give Major Headley upwards of 800 majority in Schuylkill county, for Senator at the next election. This all parties may rely upon a safe estimate.

Accident at a Camp Meeting.—The small peasant, (O.) Register, of the 26th inst. says a serious accident occurred at the Camp Meeting held in Red-stone Creek, near Smith's mills, in this county. During the gust on Sabbath the storm prostrated several trees immediately round the campment. A large limb was torn from a tree, partly demolishing two tents; it fell upon a group of men standing outside of tents. Several were severely injured, some had their arms or legs broken; the backbone of one man was crushed in. One named McClain, has since died and is not expected to live. Several others were overthrown by the wind, and the rest ran off with the vehicles attached to them.

We are gratified to learn, amidst the gloom and alarm and danger, none of our soldiers or their families suffered injury.

A Hickory Pole 130 feet high was raised on Saturday last at the house of Wm. Timbrook in Washington. Several hundred Democrats attended, and partook of an excellent dinner prepared by Wm. Timbrook. After the raising of the pole the assemblage was addressed in an eloquent manner by J. G. Montgomery and S. F. Henley.

Will some of our federal neighbors answer the following plain questions?—A great deal is said by the newspapers in the regular services of the Banks and nobobs, about the sub-treasury reducing the wages of labor—they say it will make the rich richer and the poor poorer. Now here is a question we should like answered well to see answered by some of these pretended soldiers:

If the Independent Treasury will make the rich richer? why do all the pure, proud nobobs and aristocrats oppose it? They are not usually found voting money out of their own pockets.

Now here is a chance for federal ingenuity. Answer the question "why?" or say nothing more about the Independent Treasury making the "rich richer." Will you toe the mark, and make this matter plain so that we low folks can understand it, or will you, like General Harrison remain mute.—Eric Observer.

Heartrending Calamity.—The Ripley Telegraph says:—"We understand that a poor woman, living in Adams county, Illinois, lost three children a few days ago under the following circumstances:—She went to a small creek near her dwelling to do some washing, taking the three children with her. During the fore part of the day, her children becoming hungry, she sent the two oldest to the house to procure some eggs out of a hen's nest under the floor of the building. They not returning, (having been absent two hours) she went to seek them, leaving the third at the creek. Imagine the poor mother's distress when she came to the house, on finding her two children dead. They had been devoured by snakes which had made their nest. The mother almost immediately returned to the creek, intending to get her other child and go for neighbors; but, dreadful to relate, when she reached the creek, her third child had crept in and was drowned.

LOOK AT THIS PICTURE OF THE FEDERAL CANDIDATE.

The following portrait of the certificate here, was published in the Richmond Whig, a leading federal organ in Virginia, a short time previous to Harrison's nomination. It is to the left, and we recommend it to the careful perusal of the whiggies.—They will form a just estimation he was held by his own party previous to his nomination for the Presidency.

"Shall we then turn to Gen. Harrison, who not many years ago, thanked his master that he had cast his vote beyond the Ohio, and told the men of Virginia politicians and Virginia negroes? But, in God's name! what is Gen. Harrison, during, should be President of the United States? A heretic! Another heretic! Nay that Lord Byron had not thoughts for him on the left! A heretic! Who wants to seek safety again under the arm of a military chieftain, if this is not his recommendation? what is it? that for the sake of Tippoo-Sing and the Tharunes, (and you know, sir, what more there was in the one, and in whom the credit of the other belonged,) who would not possess thoughts of him for pipe as for fire-dam? The Queen of England might as well make Lord Wellington a chiefship of Germany. And why is he thought of? why disfurnished from obscurity? Why is the thick darkness of his coat broken up, and the heavy slumber of his features disturbed by this unaccustomed dawn of glory? Who but the marvellous success of Andrew Jackson has dislodged a general, not before suspected, which to all such as you, a scoundrel and a fool, recommends a military man most likely to catch the favor of the scoundrel who worships power and buys it? What is he but a man, who, with a few more grains of understanding, might have half enough taken out that he has not even enough left of what should really stay for the station he aspirates to? Who has taught him this, and besieged him with it, to make him the tool of the comedy? Let this go to sleep again, like Christopher Sly, and sleep himself sober, and not wake up the clerk of the country court.

Last act of Treachery.—A lady now living at Martin's Vineyard, aged about 80, the widow of an officer of the Revolution, has recently made from fifteen to twenty large and beautiful pincushions for the Bonner Hill Fair.—Boston Democrat.

FIVE YOUNG LADIES DROWNED.

The Portland and Daily Advertiser, of Wednesday evening, announces the painful intelligence of a melancholy accident which occurred in that harbor the previous afternoon which cast a deep gloom over the countenances of her citizens. Five young ladies between the ages of eleven and eighteen, suddenly, unexpectedly, is a moment as it were, launched into eternity. The Advertiser gives the following particulars:

The Banner, always considered one of the safest and best boats belonging to the city, left the wharf early in the afternoon to visit the three ships comprising the squadron which left us yesterday. The frigate, we believe, had been visited, and a sail was passed in the harbor. At three o'clock the Banner had visited Hog Island, and those on board had landed. At half past three the boat was making way for the city and with about one hundred rods from the island, a whale equal—as it is called—smack the top of the sail boat, which was not perceived or felt by those on board, except in the upsetting of the boat. The Banner went down stern foremost, leaving the bows above water. There were nine persons on board—five young ladies in the cabin, another young lady in the stern—who was saved—two men, and a lad fifteen or sixteen years of age. The young ladies in the cabin were drowned, and drowning death was but the work of an instant. The persons saved, placed themselves on board the tender to the Banner. The first assistance came from those on board the Water Lily, a strong, safe, and excellent boat, belonging to Mr. Samuel Davis. There were six persons on board the Water Lily—Captain Hawes, of the Steamer Bangor, Messrs. Samuel, Stephen, and John V. Davis, Dr. Betts, and Capt. W. H. Dinsdale. Capt. D. was at the helm when the Banner and her perilous condition was discovered by the eye of a glass.

The Water Lily made way for the Banner with all possible despatch, but the distance was so great that some minutes passed before she came along side. The master, with the surgeon, was near by, but all on board seemingly suspended with flight.—The sad story was soon told, and every effort was made for the speedy rescue of the bodies in the cabin of the Banner. The first attempt made was to tow the boat ashore. This could not be done, an effort was then made to raise the boat. The effort was partially successful, and four bodies were taken from the cabin and placed on board the Water Lily a third time.

New purchases.—The fish body was recovered by cutting a hole through the top of the cabin, and the last of the young ladies,—listless as the rest,—was placed with her kindred associates, but a few moments since alive and happy, on the deck of the Water Lily. The five bodies were placed beside each other, and the spectacle presented,—the heart-rending contrast of a brief half hour,—we need not picture to our readers.

Every effort was made by Dr. Barres to restore life to the apparently dead, but in vain, and no sudden was the work of the fell destroyer, that even the jewels which adorned the fingers of the young ladies, dropped from their momentous bodies were brought to the light of day.

The Water Lily arrived at the steamboat Bangor, between six and seven o'clock, where a coroner's inquest was held, and a verdict returned. The parents and friends were present at this mournful ceremony, and received the lifeless remains of children and relatives whom they had parted with, a few hours before, in the anticipation that they would meet those they loved again, not in the cold embrace of death, but in the glad welcome of renewed health and happiness. The following were the names of the young ladies who were drowned:

Frances Ingraham, daughter of Widow Ingraham.

Ashelia Thaxter, daughter of Mr. Sam'l Thaxter, Campter.

Julia Ann Miller, daughter of Capt. Miller, of the bark Ocean.

Charlotte and Elizabeth Hiley, daughters of Mr. Jonathan Hiley.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE FRUITS OF WHIG ABOLITION.

Some incrimination in Attala.—Just as our paper was going to press, we have received information that an insurrection of negroes has lately taken place in the parish of Lafayette, nine of whom have been engaged, and forty others are in prison to be tried. Several white Abolitionists are implicated in this infamous affair, and are now in prison, awaiting their trial.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.

Letters received in the city from Orléans, state that four hundred negroes had planned an insurrection in the parish of Lafayette, which was to have taken place at Verneuilville, on the night of the 22d inst. Most providentially a negro belonging to Mr. Mercer, told his master of the circumstances, and the principal ringleaders, to the number of twenty, were immediately arrested, nine of whom were sentenced to be hung on the 27th ult. We have since heard that four white Abolitionists, who inspired the negroes to revolt, have been arrested and placed in confinement.

Southern Patriot.

The New Orleans paper contains no particulars of the projected insurrection of Lafayette. Ten of the negroes engaged in it were hanged on the 27th ult.—Mobile Register.

EBENEZER W. STURDEVANT, Esq. is the candidate for Congress on the People's Ticket, in Luzerne.

FANCY & WINDSOR CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the business of manufacturing

CHAIRS AND SETTEES,

of almost every variety of pattern and finish; and that he will attend to turning any article in wood that may be ordered. He will also attend to

HOUSE & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING,

in all their branches and respectfully solicits a consideration of public favor. Turners shop on Market street, nearly opposite the Printing office of the Columbia County Intelligencer—Building shop on the main street nearly opposite George Weaver's store, Bloomsburg September 19, 1840.

To Bridge Builders.

The Old Bridge, at Mr. Auten's Mills, across Chillisquaque Creek, is so much decayed as to be rendered not passable. The Commissioners of Columbia county met and agreed to build a new Bridge, and will enter into Contract with the lowest and best bidders for building a bridge across Chillisquaque at or near where the old bridge now stands, on the road from Mooresburg to Daniel Schimesch. It will be let at the house of Mr. Auten, on the 5th day of October, and is to be of the following dimensions and materials. Stone abutments 10 feet wide at the top of said abutments, to be about 2 feet higher than the old ones—To be 10 ft. thick.

The wing walls to be about 15 feet long on the south side of said bridge, and on the north side the wing walls to be about 25 feet both sides to have a curve. All of which is to be stone of the largest size and all to be laid in good lime and sand mortar.

The superstructure to be an arch bridge to be 80 feet long between the abutments and 18 feet wide from end to end, with a good shingle roof and well weatherboarded. The plan and specifications can be seen on the day of the letting. The old bridge will be offered for sale on that day.

Proposals will be received from 12 until 2 o'clock of the same day.

JOSEPH BROBST,
JOHN McHENRY,
JOHN DIETERICH.

Commissioners.

Danville, September 17, 1840.

JOHN C. LENSIG

Will be a Volunteer candidate to represent Columbia county in the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Campbell, Sept. 12, 1840.

Doct. Cohen Moyer, French McCormick Doctor, From Reading,

Inform the public that he has returned to Bloomsburg after absence since January last, and can be found at the Hotel of Daniel Snyder, where he will at all times ready to attend to patients who are afflicted with Rheumatic joints in the limbs or body.

Bloomsburg Sept. 5, 1840.

115 KEYS NAILS

Just arrived from the Coalbrook Dale Works of Coal and iron, made from the DANVILLE ORE, and will be sold to those who buy in bulk very cheap.

WILLIAM DONALDSON,
Danville, Aug. 14, 1840.

TO THE ELECTORS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Fellow Citizens:—At the solicitation of many friends in various parts of the county, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of

SHERIFF

at the ensuing General Election, and respectfully solicit your voices and interest for the office. I solemnly pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with fidelity and humanity.

JOSEPH SHANNON.

Bloomsburg, July 29, 1840.

The Sentinel and Conservator, Berwick, publish the above till election.

We are authorized to announce

JOHN HAZLET

as a volunteer candidate for

SHERIFF

at the approaching election.

JOSEPH BRIGGS

Will be a Volunteer candidate to represent the counties of Columbia and Schuylkill, in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

Cattaraugus, Sept. 12, 1840.

By an advertisement dated January 12, 1829 the subscriber offered a reward of 10 dollars for the apprehension of George Williamson. This is to give notice that I no longer consider myself responsible for the payment of said reward.

JACOB BEIDLEMAN.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 19, 1840.

SHERIFF

and most respectfully solicit your suffrages,

JOHN FRUIT.

Madison, July 24, 1840.