

ow, will any unprejudiced man say we "have made much about nothing," as we have heretofore spoken of the adages that the neighborhood of Fishing Creek, possesses over any other portion of county for iron manufactures? No.—one. As for the little man of Danville, do not expect any acknowledgments from him. That would be flying from his position. Nor do we wish, or ask him, to speak of us, or of Bloomsburg, in other terms than those of censure, as insure from him is praise, and praise a

COLUMBIA COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CELEBRATION.

The meeting held at Orangeville, on Tuesday last, for the purpose of making arrangements for a democratic celebration the 4th of July was numerously attended by gentlemen from all parts of the county. Several spirited resolutions were adopted in relation to the State and National Administrations, as well as those relating to a county celebration. The latter at which we received the proceedings, appears so reluctantly to omit, this week, but the following. The whole proceedings, however, shall appear in our next.

Whereas—In order to sustain the cause of democracy at the ensuing Presidential election, by securing the election of our own candidates, we should unite in all possible measures calculated to effect this end—and as the 4th of July is a day sacred to the cause of the rights of man, should be advancing the cause which stand pledged, as democrats, to sustain, celebrating the day so memorable in the story of our country, with demonstration of signs of gratitude to the fathers of our country. Therefore,

Resolved—That we recommend to the democratic citizens of Columbia county to meet at Bloomsburg, on the 4th of July 40, for the purpose of uniting in a pro- celebration of the day.

Resolved—That a committee of arrangements of three from a township, be appointed to make the necessary arrangements.—The following named gentlemen were appointed said committee.

Bloom—Daniel Snyder, Charles Kahler, Solomon Newhard.

Lawrence—M. Fornwald, Owen D. Leib, Daniel Knittle.

Orange—M. S. Mears, Isaac Welch, Peter Heighman.

Fishing Creek—John Lazarus, Thos. J. Hutchison, Harman Labor.

Greenwood—Iram Derr, Andrew Keeler, James Dewitt.

Danville—John Fruit, John Mendershott, Jacob Swisher.

Johnson—John M'Henry, jr. James Yokum, Esq. Daniel Poust.

Sugar Loaf—John M'Henry, sen. Benj. Keeler, Peter Hess.

Corry—Neal M'Gay, Cornelius Cleckner, James M'Cormick.

Westmont—George Smith, Samuel Oaks, Wm. S. Davis.

Liberty—George Bilmeyer, Hugh M'Elwrath, Hugh M'Williams.

Alley—Joseph Maus, James Childs, Isaac Blue.

River Creek—John Knorr, W. A. J. Britain, John Workheiser.

Wiffin—Samuel Creasy, John Keller, jr. Marshal Kinay.

Watson—John Mann, Conrad Bredbender, Adam Michen.

Roaring Creek—Paul Roath, Col. Michael R. Hower, Daniel Keller.

Fonteur—John Dietrich, Jacob Rishel, Peter Rupert.

Amlock—Thomas Vanderslice, Reuben Bomboy, Alex. Emmet.

Danville—Valentine Best, Wm. Donaldson, B. K. Rhodes.

Resolved—That Henry Webb, Elijah G. Sickets and John G. Montgomery, be appointed a committee to procure an orator for the day.

We are requested to mention that a meeting of the above committee of arrangements will be held at the house of Charles Doebler, in Bloomsburg, on Saturday the 9th inst., at one o'clock P. M. to make the necessary arrangements, for the celebration.

Every description of saws, from the largest mill saw to the smallest kind used by cabinet makers, is now made at the manufactory of Messrs. Dunlop & Madeira, at Chambersburg, Penn.

As the little man of Danville has thought proper to catechise us, we would take the liberty of propounding to him a few questions, not that we expect civil answers, or even any unless it be a direct insult to the upper portion of the county, but to show him that others can ask questions as well as himself.

Why did Burd Patterson, after he had purchased ore lands in Danville, within four miles of Roaring Creek Furnace, purchase lands in Bloomsburg ten miles distant to supply it with ore?

Why is it that all the Iron masters, far and near, prefer Bloomsburg ore to that mined in Danville?

If "transportation is always considered the heaviest item in the bill of expense," why is Danville the best site for the manufactory of Iron in Columbia county, when they have to transport coal ten miles further than we do.

If it cost fifteen dollars a day, besides the wear and tear, and interest on original cost, to drive a Steam Engine of sufficient power to blow one Furnace, while the daily cost of water power is mere nothing independent of original cost, why is it that steampower is cheaper and better than a permanent water power?

Why is it, if Danville has so many advantages over Bloomsburg, that the manufacturers procure their lime stone, which is no small item in the expense, from Bloom township?

If Danville is in the centre of the iron region of Columbia county, and he has no fears of competition from other portions, why does he endeavor to understate the advantages of other sections, and more especially the water power of Fishing Creek?

THE TAX BILL.

This bill as it came from the House of Representatives, yesterday passed two readings in the Senate without amendment. It will undoubtedly pass a third reading to day and become a law. The credit of the state will immediately revive, both at home and abroad.

The legislature will undoubtedly adjourn as soon as Tuesday next, if not before; before which we trust the Senate will pass the bank bill and the supplement to the apper-tionment bill.

THE IMPROVEMENT BILL.

The House yesterday concurred in the amendments made in Senate to this bill, so that it now only wants the signature of the Governor to become a law. We gave the bill in a late paper as it passed the House, and we believe the principal amendment made in senate to it, was that moved by CHARLES BROWN, Esq. to exempt the United States Bank from the obligation of loaning the money at 4 per cent, and ordering it to be borrowed by the Governor at an interest not exceeding 5 per cent.

Keystone, June 10.

KASE & BERGSTRESSER'S IRON FOUNDRY.

This establishment was started some two years since, in Danville, by Mr. Simon P. Kase, upon a cheap and economical scale, the first buildings being merely temporary sheds, with horse power, and every thing on the cheapest plan, for a beginning.—Subsequently Mr. Kase and Mr. Let Bergstresser formed a partnership in the Foundry business. Their business soon became so extensive and promising, that they were induced to embark in the erection of more extended and costly works—the principle shed had to give way to a well planned and spacious two and a half story, frame building—the horse power is superseded by an excellent steam engine, and all the fixtures and facilities for executing orders in their line of business, greatly enlarged and improved. They now run off in castings, as high as twenty-five hundred weight of metal per day. A more extended notice of their enterprising operations will be given hereafter.—Danville Intelligencer.

LEAD MINE—VALUABLE DISCOVERY.

A valuable vein of the above mineral was recently discovered by the workmen, who were engaged in quarrying limestone on the land of Messrs. Sesholtz and Bergstresser, about two miles below Sunbury. The species ore discovered, is, what mineralogists term Galena or the Sulphurat of lead, the most valuable and productive of all the lead ores, and in fact the only kind that occurs in sufficient quantities by itself, to justify its working.—In appearance, it much resembles the ore at Galena, Ill. excepting that here it occurs in a massive form while the ore at Galena, we believe, occur principally in cules.

The vein, which appears to be about two feet in thickness, traverses a large body of compact limestone, which forms, at that place, a bold and precipitous rock, washed by the Susquehanna. The breadth or extent of the vein, has not yet been fully ascertained, but so far as it has been exposed in presents a breast of about sixteen feet in breadth. Some of the specimens that we have seen, seem to be equally as rich as

the best ore at Galena, and will on an average, we think, yield from 60 to 70 per cent. Several persons from the neighborhood have melted the ore in a common iron ladle and cast bullets of pure metal.—Sunbury Gaz.

HORRID MURDER

The Hollidaysburg Standard gives the following account of a shocking outrage perpetrated in Huntingdon county:

A man of the name of Brown, who resides with his family near Jacks Mountain, had been from home part of the week, and on returning to his home on Saturday evening, found his door fast, and on trying to get in he heard a shot from a gun and on turning round, (thinking the shot was fired at him) another gun went off, the ball grazed his face and passed through his ear. He saw the smoke of the gun at his barn; and ran towards it. He saw two men run from the barn, but did not get near enough to identify them. On climbing up into the hay loft, from whence the smoke proceeded, he found his two rifles, and also the key of the door. He returned to the house, and on opening it found his wife and oldest son (21 years of age) murdered and the rest of the family missing.

He gave the alarm to his next neighbors, who turned out to hunt the rest of the family. On the next day (Sunday,) he found four of his children murdered, two shot, one with its throat cut, and the other with its brains knocked out. They were found in different directions, evidently flying for safety, but were overtaken and butchered in this most fiendish manner.

Thus perished six of this unfortunate family—the mother and five children, the latter of whom were between 21 and 10 years of age. The father is badly wounded in the face, but will probably recover.

Suspicion rests on a man by the name of McConaughery, a son-in-law of Mr. Brown who is in jail at Huntingdon.

THE FRESHET IN THE SANANNAH RIVER.

A slip from the Charleston Courier, containing accounts from Augusta and Hamburg to the 30th May, represents the devastation at those places fully equal to what had been at first stated. The rail-road was less injured than was previously supposed. At Aiken the water flowed rapidly through the town, and was so high that it covered the floors of the second stories in almost all the houses. It rose too rapidly to allow of saving any thing from below.

At Augusta many houses were carried away, and many brick tenements undermined and thrown down. The streets were torn up, and large holes washed in them.—The town is nearly destroyed, and many merchants entirely ruined.

Amidst this fearful calamity and the constant danger which surrounded the inhabitants, it is remarked, as a singular fact, that the life of no white person is known to be lost.

Some of the Federal Harrisonian papers are fiercely angry at the President for having introduced the ten-hour system among the workmen on the public buildings at Washington. They would prefer that the government should take care of the rich, that the rich should take care of the poor. This, however, is not the creed of our democratic President. The Boston Daily Advertiser, a Harrison paper, has the following remarks on the matter:

"This is making a serious inroad upon the long established habits of the industrious portions of our community. It appears to us not very judicious, and certainly not very economical, for the President of the United States by his judicial authority, to introduce such a change in the usages of the country."

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.

We learn from Washington Globe, that Mr. Rayner, a member of Congress from North Carolina, a modern whig, waylaid Mr. Montgomery, a democratic member, and struck him repeatedly with a sword cane; a conflict ensued in which the sword cane out of the cane and was secured by interfering friends, who succeeded in parting the combatants. Scenes like these are highly disgraceful to our country and if not stopped, will bring discredit upon our republican institutions. Gentlemen visiting Washington, have again and again expressed a desire that those favoring the federal party, could be there to see the conduct of their leaders in Congress; being assured, that sincere friends of the republic would, on sight, abandon the cause which required such conduct to sustain it.

The grand jury of Philadelphia, have indicted Theodore M. Moore and George S. Schott, the Cashier and President of the late Philadelphia Loan Company, with a conspiracy in six counts. 1st, conspiracy to cheat. 2d, same charge specially laid. 3d, conspiracy to issue certificates falsely, certifying that John Wilson had deposited money in the Philadelphia Loan Company, 4th, same as to Wm. Simpson: 5th, same charge specially laid. 6th, conspiracy to issue certificates not authorized by law. If the Grand Jury of Baltimore, which is now in session, does its duty, several important indictments will be found against similar swindlers in that city. "Let justice be done though the heavens fall."

A violent hail storm lately visited some parts of Kentucky. In Herring county it was so severe that it stripped the trees of their leaves and young fruit, beat down grain, corn, and grass; window glass was broken, and birds, fowls, lambs, and even calves and colts were killed.

Russian steam ship.—The New York Herald states that the frame of the steam ship now building in that city, for Nicholas of Russia, is completed, and that when finished, she will be as splendid a specimen of American naval architecture as was ever launched into the Atlantic ocean. She is about the size of the Great Western.

North West Passage.—This passage has at length been discovered, through the perseverance of Messrs. Deane, and Simpson, of the Hudson Bay company.

Wellerism.—"If the people of this country wish to preserve their liberties, they must do their own fighting," as Harrison said when he resigned his commission in the late war.

Naylor & Ingersoll.—The committee on Elections are still employed at Washington, in the Ingersoll and Naylor case.

Boundary.—It is said that the Earl of Mulgrave came over in the British Queen, with dispatches relative to the Boundary question—and that the intentions of England are pacific; so that no war need be apprehended.

Blow up.—The St. Louis Arsenal, near St. Louis, blew up with a tremendous explosion, on the 10th ult. Loss \$10,000.

Hail Storm.—On Friday afternoon last, parts of the townships of Bushkill and Plainfield, in this county, were visited with a severe hail storm which did some damage to the grain and broke a considerable quantity of glass in windows having a western exposure.—Easton Sentinel.

The Boston Post says "Rumor estimates the value of the property left by the late John Parker, Esq. at nearly Six Millions of Dollars.

Letters are said to have been received by the Secretary of War at Washington, announcing the capture of Fort Crumbs by a party of Indians on the 20th ult. and the massacre of all who had refuge within its walls.

A house in Goshen, Mass., occupied by Mr. Alfred Tucker, was destroyed by fire on the 16th. In the absence of Mrs. T. a young rascal, three years old deliberately took a coal of fire in the tongs, and applied it to the bed where his infant brother or sister was sleeping. An older child snatched the infant from the bed in time to save it from harm; but the house was burnt to the ground.

According to a statement made in the General Assembly, Philadelphia, there are attached to the Presbyterian Church in the United States, from 160,000 to 180,000 communications.

Dr. H. C. Gillete, of East Windsor, Connecticut, has succeeded in making wine of a fine flavor and of good appearance, from the Tomato, and this without the use of any alcoholic preparation. If the Tomato be as highly medicinal as it has been represented, it may be anticipated that this wine will find favor with the public.

The Texas Sentinel pronounces the story of Col. Crockett being alive and a prisoner in the Mexican mines, to be a hoax, and says the rumor never received any credit at Austin.

BLOOMSBURG Rangers.

YOU are hereby commanded to meet in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 4th day of July next, at precisely 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for Military exercise and drill, arms and accoutrements in good order.

By order of JOHN HAZLET, Capt. June 13, 1840.

Bloomsburg Artillery.

This company are ordered to meet at Charles Doebler's in Bloomsburg on Saturday the 4th of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for military exercise and drill. The Bloomsburg Band are required to attend.

By order of the Captain. E. ARMSTRONG, O. S. June 13, 1840.

To the Electors of Columbia county.

The Subscribers offers himself to the Electors of Columbia county as a candidate for

SHERIFF

at the approaching election, and solicit their votes. Should he be elected he pledges himself to perform the duties of the office with fidelity and correctness.

MURRY MANVIL.

June 13, 1840.

PAY THE PRINTER'S GRAIN

Of all kinds. Also BUTTER and WOOD received in payment for papers at this office.

STRAYED

From the pasture of the subscriber, 6th the 7th inst. a two years old grey MARE COLT, legs rather light colored. She is supposed to have gone west, as the last I heard of her was in Mount Pleasant township. Any person who will give information where she may be found, shall be reasonably rewarded.

THOMAS J. HUTCHINSON. Fishing Creek, June 13 1840.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that on the 30th day of May, 1840, George Nungesser, jun; bought of Jacob Nungesser, at Public Vendue, one Bureau, one Sled, two Horses, Harness, Waggon and Box, one Cutting box and knife, and one Saddle. And that on the same day, Jacob Nungesser sold to Samuel Creasy, at Public Vendue, one Table, two Swarms of bees, one Harrow, 20 acres of Rye, and 3 acres of Wheat in the ground. June 6, 1840.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any manner taking an assignment of a promissory Note, given by the subscriber to Isaiah Kline, of Mount Pleasant township, Columbia county, for the sum of seven dollars and fifty cents, payable on or about the 15th of October next. Said note was fraudulently obtained and I am therefore determined not to pay it unless compelled by law.

JAMES HESS.

Sugar Loaf township, May, 30 1840.

CANAL BOAT For Sale.

THE subscriber has for sale a CANAL BOAT of about 50 tons burthen—has been in use one year, and would be sold on reasonable terms as to price and payments, or would take pay in Stone Coal or in freighting produce to Baltimore or Philadelphia. Address the subscriber.

M. McDOWELL.

McDowell's Mills, (Bloom.) Col. co. March 14. The Wilkesbarre Republican Farmer will please publish the above three times, and forward their bill to this office.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE EXTRA GLOBE.

The publication of the "EXTRA GLOBE" will commence early in May, and be continued six months. The first number will contain the proceedings of the Democratic Convention to be held in Baltimore the first week in May, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

TERMS:

For 1 copy	\$1
" 5 copies	5
" 12 "	10
" 25 "	20

And in proportion for a greater number. Payments may be transmitted by mail, at our risk, postage paid. The notes of any incorporated bank in the United States, current in the section of country where a subscriber resides, will be received.—But when subscribers can procure the notes of banks in the Northern and Middle States, they will please send them.

No attention will be paid to any order unless the money accompanies it. The low price for which we publish this paper, precludes credit to any person for it. Therefore it is not worth while for any person to send an order to us, not accompanied by the money.

To insure all the numbers, subscription should be here by the 15th May next, at farthest.

BLAIR & RIVES.

Washington City, 16th April, 1840.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he has taken the well known



TAVERN STAND

lately occupied by Daniel Gross, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and solicits a share of public patronage. His BAR and LARDER will always be supplied with the best, and having good stabling and attentive hostlers, he flatters himself that he shall be able to give satisfaction to all who may call on him.

E. HOWEL.

Bloomsburg, April 11, 1840.

NEW LANDLORD, SWAN HOTEL,

Orangeville, Columbia County, Pa.

THE subscriber informs the public, that he has taken the above well known stand lately kept by Samuel Richer, and invites his friends and the public generally to give him a call. His

BAR

shall at all times be supplied with the best and choicest of Liquors, and his

LARDER

with all the choicest delicacies of the season. With good attention in the house, and attentive hostlers, and good stabling, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

GEORGE SEIPLE.

April 11, 1840.

LOOK SHARP!

THINK AND ACT QUICK!

THE subscriber intending to close his business in Bloomsburg and move out of town, on the first day of April, calls upon all persons indebted to him to come forward and close their accounts before that time, or they will be left with a justice to settle according to law. REUBEN BOMBOY. March 21, 1840.