

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR"



BLOOMSBURG:

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1840.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION—1840.

FOR PRESIDENT, MARTIN VAN BUREN. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, RICHARD M. JOHNSON. AND THE CONSTITUTIONAL TREASURY.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

Table listing electoral tickets for James Clarke, Geo. G. Leiper, and various candidates for President and Vice President.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.



A Democratic Meeting will be held at the house of Mr. Seiples in the township of Orangeville on the 11th day of June 1840, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

MANY.

The remains of Henry Fowler, who mysteriously disappeared from his fathers house, near Berwick, last October, were lately found on Summer Hill, about two miles from his residence. It appears that he committed suicide, by shooting himself with a pistol, one being found discharged near him.

What is there remarkable in the Register man talking about "Loaders?" Manding naturally talk about their own occupation.

Nothing disturbs the whigs so much, as the raising of a liberty pole, especially if its hickory. Be quiet gentlemen and take it easy. The people are yet friends of liberty and liberty poles, and you cannot persuade them to cut them up to build log cabins of.

It will be perceived, by a notice in to-days paper that a Democratic meeting is to be held at Orangeville on Thursday the 11th inst. We understand that one object of the meeting is to make arrangements for a county democratic 4th of July celebration, to be held near the centre of the county.

Pinegrove Coal.—The Advocate, published at Havre deGrace, says a boat loaded of coal from the Pinegrove Region, arrived at the Basin of the Tide Water Canal, on Friday last. The coal is of excellent quality, and we doubt not will meet with ready sale at profitable prices.

We are pleased to see that our Pinegrove friends have opened their business, by this commodious route.

The whig Log Cabin frolic at Berwick, last Saturday, we understand was every thing but cheering to the prospects of the Harrison cause in this county. No enthusiasm pervaded their ranks, but all appeared disheartened and in dispondency.

The total military force in Ireland on the 8th of April, amounted to 14,785 men.

LEGISLATURE.

The only matters of public interest we find in the proceedings of the Senate, for the past week were the report by bill of Mr. Brown, in relation to a board of Public Works. The provisions of which are: one person to be president, to be appointed by the Governor and a practical engineer—one to be appointed by the Senate and one by the House, for three years respectively; and on Tuesday, May 26, a debate upon the reference of the Improvement bill, as it passed the house, which was finally laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

In the House, on Wednesday, a resolution for the final adjournment on the 2d of June, was submitted by Mr. FOGEL, and laid on the table. The Tax bill came up in order. Mr. Snowden's amendment to repeal the so called Resumption bill, and require the banks to resume on the 1st day of October, was pending. Messrs. Church, Hugins, Crabb, and Hopkins, opposed it.

The Bank bill, came up. Mr. Snowden moved the previous question on § 1, which was sustained. When § 4 was under consideration, Mr. CRABS rose to oppose it. The previous question was called, Yeas 54, Nays 34—and then the section passed. § 5. Mr. Hugins, (of North'd.) moved to strike out and insert a Tax bill. While the subject was under consideration, the House adjourned.

THE SENATE, were occupied May 28, in the discussion of the bill for the better regulation of the militia, which was postponed, and on the Lancaster Loan Company bill. The latter elicited a warm debate, continuing to the hour of adjournment without a question.

In THE HOUSE, the adjournment resolution was postponed. The tax bill came up in order. Mr. Hinchman proposed an amendment levying a tax of one mill on a dollar, on real property—personal two mills. Mr. Snowden moved to postpone—lost.—Mr. Hamlin moved to stay collections until 1841—agreed to. Mr. Coolbaugh—to strike out real estate, rejected yeas 27, nays 63. Mr. Baily, to strike out bank stock, and insert bank capital—lost. The first proposition then came up and was defeated as follows: Yeas 45, Nays 47.

The whole bill was afterwards rejected, with all its various amendments before the house adjourned.

Monument to Washington.—Mr. W. Strickland, architect, proposes in the United States Gazette, that an equestrian statue of Washington should be erected in Washington Square, on the corner stone laid by La Fayette, the statue to be constructed of Anthracite Coal Iron of this State. Mr. S. alleges that this project is entirely feasible, as castings weighing upwards of ten tons have already been made by our ingenious fellow citizen Mr. Merrick.

The Hon. Jabez W. Huntington, (Whig) has been elected U. S. Senator by the Legislature of Connecticut, to fill the place of the late Mr. Betts.

Successful Experiment.—Yesterday afternoon, a rather singular experiment was made by a man, approximating to the age of sixty, of raising a canal boat which was sunk in October last, in the river Delaware, near Vine street wharf. In the first instance he hauled a sloop immediately over the sunken boat, at low water, and then grounded several boat hooks; by these he descended to the boat, a depth of about thirty five feet, and succeeded in fastening several chains around and to it. So soon as the tide rises he expects the sloop to raise the sunken vessel with it; and it is in this manner that he expects to convey it to a place of safety. The gentleman went to a great deal of pains. His powers of staying under the water are surprisingly great. In our presence he remained under the surface from six to ten minutes. Before descending he stuffed cotton into his ears and nostrils.—He is pronounced to be one of the best swimmers who visits this port.—Philadelphia Ledger of Wednesday.

The amount of tolls received on all the N. York Canals, from the 7th to the 14th of May, was \$53,000.

BRUTAL MURDER.

John Rox, a man of gigantic stature and great muscular strength, was in the bar of Wm. Gunn's Tavern, at the corner of Front and Master street, on Thursday evening.—In the same bar was a catman, of the name of Bernard Browning, a man of small stature. Browning said something which irritated Rox, when the latter struck Browning repeatedly with his fist. One of the blows dislocated the jaw-bone of Browning. Rox then seized the unfortunate Browning in his arms, and threw him with all his force on the ground, where he lay for a short time, and then expired; Rox was immediately secured and taken before Alderman Clark, of Kensington, who committed him for trial. Rox, it will be in the recollection of our readers, killed an Irishman of the name of Patrick Kelly, some short time back! For this offence he was convicted and sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.—Having served about six months of his time, through the influence of his friends he was pardoned by Gov. Porter. Alderman Clark held an inquest on the body, when the jury returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death by blows inflicted by John Rox.—Saturday Chronicle.

Sympathy.—On Friday the 8th of May, the federalists of New York had a celebration, and the British vessels laying in the stream, says the Sun, hoisted their colors in honor of the occasion.

Advertising.—A fortune can be made by advertising. Young men commencing business should look well to advertising.—The small sum required is nothing compared to the immense value of the extensive circulation of the advertisements.—Settler and Pennon.

A farm connected with the House of Industry, at South Boston, contains thirty acres. The produce of the farm for the last year amounted to \$5,237 91, being equal to \$176 the acre.

Two eminent English lawyers have decided that attorneys are not liable to serve out juries.

The Baltimore American states that twenty-six boats, laden with the produce of the interior arrived at the canal basin at Havre-degrace on the 24th ult.

A Gettysburg paper boasts of a stalk of rye the growth of that neighborhood, which measured eight feet in height.

BRITISH TYRANNY.

The sanguinary wars by which Great Britain has subjugated the hundred millions of India, and the stern despotism with which she rules and starves them, that her merchant princes may roll in splendor and lap themselves in voluptuousness, have a voice which the whole thickness of the globe cannot keep out of our ears. "A more beautiful country," says a brother clergyman recently of this city, "than that from Guddalore to Tanjore, (in Madras) cannot possibly be imagined. The dense population and rich soil give their energies to each other, and produce a scene of surpassing loveliness. But the taxes and other causes keep down the laborers to a state below that of our Southern slaves." "Turn your eyes backward," says a speaker of their own, no longer ago than last September, "Turn your eyes backwards to the scenes of the past year. Go with me into the North-west provinces of the Bengal presidency, and I will show you the bleaching skeletons of five hundred thousand human beings who perished of hunger in the space of a few short months. Yes—died of hunger in what has been justly called the granary of the world. The air, for miles, was poisoned with the effluvia emitted from the putrefying bodies of the dead. The rivers were choked with the corpses thrown into their channels. Mothers cast their little ones beneath the rolling waves because they would not see them draw their last gasp, and feel them stiffen in their arms." Jackals and vultures approached and fattened upon the bodies of men, women and children, before life was extinct. Madness, disease, despair stalked abroad, and no human power present to arrest their progress." And this occurred in British India, in the reign of Victoria the first. Nor was the event extraordinary or unforeseen. Far from it. Eighteen hundred thirty-five witnessed a famine in the Northern provinces. Eighteen hundred thirty-three beheld one in the Eastern. Eighteen hundred twenty-two saw one in the Deccan. They have continued to increase in frequency and extent under our sway, for more than half a century. Under the Administration of Lord Clive, a famine in the Bengal provinces swept off three millions! and, at that time, the British speculators in India had their granaries filled to repletion with corn. Horrid monopoly of the necessaries of life! Three millions died, while there was food

enough and to spare locked up in the store houses of the rich. To add to the horror with which we are now called upon to regard the last dreadful carnage, (that of the last year,) we are made acquainted by the returns of the custom house, with the fact that as much grain was exported from the lower parts of Bengal as would have fed the half million who perished, for a whole year! Yet this awful oppression, and these desolating famines must go on, that England may extort a hundred millions of dollars every year from her hundred millions of Hindoos; and poppies must grow, instead of wheat, that at her cannon's mouth she may force her opium upon the three hundred millions of the Chinese; while some one solitary marshman, perhaps, is translating the Bible of the Christians, to bring these countless millions to accept the religion of a nation that stands ready, at this moment, to destroy one half of them by war, that it may destroy the other half by poison!

\*Rev. H. Malcolm. See Thompson's Lectures at Manchester, pp 56, 59.—Rev. J. Pidrpoint.

HYMNICAL.

MARRIED.—By the Rev. D. S. Tobias, on the 31st ult., Mr. ROBERT RAMSAY, from Huntington, to Miss IENAH ANN LONG of Sidletown.

By the same on the 4th inst. Mr. ISAAC WEBB, to Miss HANNAH HALL both of Orangeville.

In Hemlock township, on Thursday morning last, by the Rev. G. C. Drake, Mr. SYLVESTER PURSEL, to Miss MARY ANN, daughter of Mr. Alexander Emmet, all of that township.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that on the 30th day of May, 1840, George Nungesser, jun. bought of Jacob Nungesser, at Public Vendue, one Bureau, one Sled, two Horses, Harness, Waggon and Box, one Cutting box and knife, and one Saddle. And that on the same day, Jacob Nungesser sold to Samuel Cressy, at Public Vendue, one Table, two Swarms of bees, one Harrow, 20 acres of Rye, and 3 acres of Wheat in the ground. June 6, 1840.

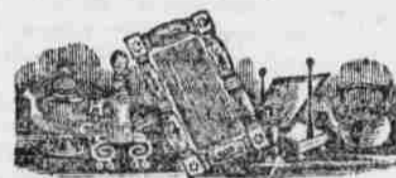
CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any manner taking an assignment of a promissory Note, given by the subscriber to Isaiah Kline, of Mount Pleasant township, Columbia county, for the sum of seven dollars and fifty cents, payable on or about the 15th of October next. Said note was fraudulently obtained and I am therefore determined not to pay it unless compelled by law. JAMES HESS. Sugar Loaf township, May, 30 1840.

CANAL BOAT For Sale.

THE subscriber has for sale a CANAL BOAT of about 50 tons burthen—has been in use one year, and would be sold on reasonable terms as to price and payments, or would take pay in Stone Coal or in freighting produce to Baltimore or Philadelphia. Address the subscriber. M. McDOWELL. McDowell's Mills, (Bloom.) Col. co. March 14. The Wilkesbarre Republican Farmer will please publish the above three times, and forward their bill to this office.

New Store.



THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the public generally, that he has purchased the Brick House on the corner of the Market square in the town of Bloomsburg, late the estate of Henry Giger, deceased,

TO WHICH HE HAS REMOVED HIS STORE,

and thus permanently, as he hopes, established himself in business in this place. He has on hand a neat and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Liquors, Hardware, Queensware, &c. &c.

which he offers for sale at very reasonable rates, for cash or county produce; and intends shortly to add to his general assortment, by new supplies from the City.

He tenders his thanks for the liberal encouragement he has received since his establishment in Bloomsburg, and respectfully solicits a continuance of public favor.

JOHN HORTMAN. Bloomsburg, April 11, 1840. 50—64

PAY THE PRINTER? GRAIN

Of all kinds. Also BUTTER and WOOD received in payment for papers at this office.

HOTEL.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has taken the large and commodious Tavern Stand, formerly kept by William Robison in Bloomsburg; that he is fitting it out in good style and intends to spare no pains, in endeavoring to render it in all respects, a comfortable house of entertainment for travellers and guests, who may favor him with a call. His larder will always be supplied with the best productions of the market, and his bar with choice wines and liquors.

The stables are ample for the accommodation of a large number of horses, and careful Ostlers will always be in attendance.

The Subscriber, by a strict attention to business, and careful attention to the comfort of guests, hopes to merit and obtain a share of public patronage.

GEORGE W. ABBETT. Bloomsburg May 9th 1840.

2000

PRIME PICKLES, For sale, or in smaller quantities. Garden Seeds from a POTATOE down to a MUSTARD SEED. Also, Two MALLS, with IRON and WOODEN WEDGES—besides a few Cabbage Heads!

ELI THORNTON. Hemlock township, April 4.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE EXTRA GLOBE: The publication of the "Extra Globe" will commence early in May, and be continued six months. The first number will contain the proceedings of the Democratic Convention to be held in Baltimore the first week in May, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

TERMS: For 1 copy \$1, " 6 copies 5, " 12 " 10, " 25 " 20. And in proportion for a greater number.

Payments may be transmitted by mail, at our risk postage paid. The notes of any incorporated bank in the United States, current in the section of country where a subscriber resides, will be received.—But when subscribers can procure the notes of banks in the Northern and Middle States, they will please send them.

No attention will be paid to any order unless the money accompanies it. The low price for which we publish this paper, precludes credit to any person for it. Therefore it is not worth while for any person to send an order to us, not accompanied by the money.

To insure all the numbers, subscription should be here by the 15th May next, at farthest. BLAIR & RIVES. Washington City, 16th April, 1840.

LOOK SHARP!!

THINK AND ACT QUICK! THE subscriber intending to close his business in Bloomsburg and move out of town, on the first day of April, calls upon all persons indebted to him to come forward and close their accounts before that time, or they will be left with a justice to settle according to law. REUBEN BOMBOY. March 21, 1840.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he has taken the well known



TAVERN STAND

lately occupied by Daniel Gross, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and solicits a share of public patronage. His BAR and LARDER will always be supplied with the best, and having good stabling and attentive hostlers, he flatters himself that he shall be able to give satisfaction to all who may call on him.

E. HOWEL. Bloomsburg, April 11, 1840.

NEW LANDLORD, SWAN HOTEL,

Orangeville, Columbia County, Pa. THE subscriber informs the public, that he has taken the above well known stand lately kept by Samuel Richer, and invites his friends and the public generally to give him a call. His

BAR shall at all times be supplied with the best and choicest of LIQUORS, and his LARDER

with all the choicest delicacies of the season. With good attention in the house, and attentive hostlers, and good stabling, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

GEORGE SEIPLE. April 11, 1840.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

THE subscriber has just received a supply of Fresh Garden Seeds, from the United Society of Shakers in the state of New-York, which are considered the best and cheapest offered to the public.

JOHN R. MOYER. March 21.

Lost,

Sometime last winter, near Bloomsburg Basin, a

Log Chain. The finder shall be reasonably rewarded by giving information to this office where it may be found.