

Pennsylvania Legislature.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, MAY 12.

The Senate met at 12 o'clock, M., and there being no quorum present, adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13.

Mr. KILLINGER read in his place a bill to extend the charter of the Lebanon bank, and asked leave to present the same. Considerable debate arose here, as to the propriety of presenting a bill of this kind at the present time, it being contended by Mr. Brown, that this was a new session of the Legislature, and that all business should come up original.

Mr. SPACKMAN moved that the consideration of the subject be postponed for the present, which was agreed to, without a division. The Clerk of the House, being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the House, announcing the death of Charles Chandler, and Joel Swayne, Esq., representatives from the county of Susquehanna and Chester, and transmitting the proceedings of that body in relation thereto.

The extract having been read by the clerk, resolutions were offered by Mr. Case, and read as follows:

Resolved—That the members of the Senate have learned with deep sorrow and regret, the death of their esteemed friend Charles Chandler, late member of the House of Representatives, from the county of Susquehanna.

Resolved—That, as a testimony of respect for the deceased, the members and officers of the Senate will wear the customary badge of mourning, for the space of thirty days.

Mr. STERIGERE moved to add the following, which was accepted by Mr. Case:

Resolved—That the members of the Senate have heard with deep regret, the communication of the death of Joel Swayne, Esq., a member of the House of Representatives, from Chester county.

Resolved—That, in testimony of their respect for the memory of the deceased, the members and officers of the Senate do now adjourn.

Resolved—That the Senate do now adjourn.

After a few remarks by Messrs. Sterigere and Spackman, in relation to the character and accomplishments of Mr Swayne and Mr. Chandler, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

IN THE SENATE yesterday, among other petitions, was one for the repeal of the laws relative to Sabbath breaking, blasphemy &c. A motion was made not to receive it, after debate, it was postponed. A resolution relating to the order of the business of the late session, was adopted. Bills for the incorporation of several companies—the Lancaster Loan company, and the Lebanon bank, were presented; and Mr. MILLER of Adams, submitted a resolution for the appointment of a committee of 5, to enquire into the expediency of issuing certificates of Treasury stock, in amounts less than \$5, and without interest and receivable in the payment of public dues, but before a second reading was had, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, May 12.

Pursuant to adjournment the House met at 10 o'clock, A. M. No quorum appearing. On motion of Mr. BUTLER, the House adjourned.

THURSDAY, May 14.

The Speaker laid before the House the return of the special election held in Bedford county.

Mr. FISHER, submitted resolutions directing the Speaker to issue his writs directing elections to supply the vacancies occasioned by the deaths of Charles Chandler, of Susquehanna county, and Joel Swayne, of Chester county; which lies on the table, the House refusing to proceed to second reading, yeas 23, nays 48.

Mr. FISHER enquired if it was not the imperative duty of the Speaker, under the constitution, to issue these writs.

The SPEAKER replied, that he regarded it to be his imperative duty to issue these writs. He then explained that a blank writ had been sent to him by the Clerk, after the death of Mr. Chandler, which was filled up and returned, but in consequence of a letter having been received by the Clerk, signed by about fifty citizens of Susquehanna county, expressing their disinclination to hold an election, as the House would probably adjourn before the election could be held, the writ was withheld by the Clerk.

After some little discussion regard to the matter, the proceedings on this subject, were directed not to appear on the journal.

Mr. HINCHMAN submitted a resolution to raise a select committee, to be composed of the members of the Internal Improvement committee, and committees of Ways and Means, Mr. Heginis to be chairman of said committee, to prepare an improvement bill, and bills to create revenue for the payment of interest on the state debt, and for the extinguishment of said debt.

Mr. HINCHMAN submitted a joint resolution, fixing the 25th of May, as the day for the final adjournment of the Legislature.

Mr. PENNINGER of Philadelphia, sub-

mitted the following resolution, which lies on the table.

Resolved—That the Board of Canal Commissioners be requested to submit to this House, as soon as possible the amount of debts due, and unpaid upon the Erie Extension, North Branch and Wisconsin canals. Also the amount of debts due and unpaid in the Motive Power and supervisors departments, upon the Philadelphia and Columbia rail road, and also the amount for repairs on the 18th of May, 1840, on the several lines of canal already completed.

Mr. HEGINS moved that the House proceed to the consideration of the bill to consolidate and amend the several acts relative to damages.

Mr. FORD raised a question, whether this House could take up any business of the late session without its originating *de novo*.

The SPEAKER submitted this question of order for the decision of the House.—After some remarks by Messrs. Watts, Ford, Brodhead, Heginis, Snowdens, and Hopkins.

Mr. SNOWDEN moved to postpone the question of order so that he might introduce a resolution to remedy the difficulty in which the House was now involved; which was agreed to.

Mr. SNOWDEN then introduced a resolution, that bills of the Legislature, on file, which were progressed in, be considered as though no adjournment had taken place on the 16th of April.

Mr. Butler moved to amend, by striking out "bills on file and progressed in" and insert "all unfinished business," which was agreed to and the resolution as amended was agreed to.

The bill to consolidate and amend the several acts relative to a board of appraisers was passed through committee of the whole.

The House then adjourned.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR"



BLOOMSBURG:

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1840.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION—1840.

FOR PRESIDENT,

MARTIN VAN BUREN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

AND THE

CONSTITUTIONAL TREASURY.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

JAMES CLARKE, of Indiana, } Senatorial

GEO. G. LEIPER, of Delaware, }

1 Col. John Thompson 12 Frederick Smith

2 Benjamin Millin 13 Charles M'Clure

3 Frederick Stoever 14 J. M. Gemmill

4 Wm. H. Smith 15 G. M. Hollenback

5 John P. Steinman 16 Leonard Pfouts

6 John Dowlin 17 John Horton jr.

7 Henry Myers 18 William Philson

8 Daniel Jacoby 19 John Morrison

9 Jesse Johnson 20 Westly Frost

10 Jacob Able 21 Benj. Anderson

11 Geo. Christian 22 William Wilkins

12 Wm. Shomer 23 A. K. Wright

13 Henry Dehuff 24 John Findley

14 Henry Logan 25 Stephen Barlow

ROARING CREEK ANTHRACITE FURNACE.

On Monday last, we paid a visit to this Establishment, which is situated near the mouth of the Big Roaring Creek in Cattawissa township, Columbia county, and which has just been completed and put in full operation. This is the first Anthracite Furnace in blast in Columbia county, and we believe the second in the state. This Enterprise was commenced by Burd Patterson, Esq. of Pottsville, to whose enterprising spirit the Iron region of Columbia county owe so much. The work was commenced and now finished under the general superintendance of Edward Y. Farquhar. The buildings and all the arrangements both for the comfort and convenience of the workmen have been upon the most liberal scale. The stack house which is 100 by 45 feet is attached by spacious sheds to the Bridge house of the Ore and Coal, &c. are always sheltered from wet weather and a very great saving of stock is also obtained by having the Ore and Coal put into the Furnace in a dry state. The following are the dimensions of the Stack, Buildings &c. Height of Stack thirty one feet. Width across the boches nine feet. Size of hearth 3 feet square by five feet high and seven feet long in the bottom. The casing house is 60 by 80 ft. The arrangement of the hot blast is considered to be the best in Amer-

ica. It consists of four chambers, each containing 12 semi-circular pipes and is capable of heating the blast to upwards of 600 degrees, which we believe is the greatest degree of heat used for the blast in Wales. The blowing cylinders are 46 by 72 inches, and five feet stroke. They throw out 4300 feet of blast per minute, nearly double the amount required for one Anthracite Furnace. The location of this Furnace is perhaps one of the best for water power in the State. The stream Roaring Creek, is a never failing one, and has a fall of 54 feet on the property attached to the furnace. There is ample power here to work up all the Iron made at the furnace and it is in contemplation to erect a rolling mill for that purpose. The Coal, Ore, &c. can be brought on the River Susquehanna to within a few hundred yards of the works.

The furnace is calculated to produce 8 tons of iron per day. Mr. Perry, the gentleman who started the Pottsville Furnace, now has the charge of this, and we understand, has been engaged for some length of time.

Any person viewing this establishment, will be at once struck with the immense advantages that water power possesses over steam. Here we have a large establishment set on motion by a never failing stream of water, acting on machinery of simple construction, not liable to be flung out of gear by breaking, or by bursting of boilers, and making a saving of 12 or 15 dollars a day for one stack. The same power is capable of blasting 2 furnaces, which give a saving of nearly 30 dollars per day, over steam.—Certainly a handsome saving these hard times.

We have this week, commenced the publication of the address of the Democratic National Convention held at Baltimore on the 5th inst. It is truly an able document, and well worthy of the serious and caudid attention of every freeman. Who is there, after reading this address, depicting in truth as it does, the true policy of the Democratic party and of the present administration, will give his support, to the puerile, every-which-way, "ask my Committee Candidate," General Harrison, in opposition to Martin Van Buren? The interested portion of the whigs may huzza for a while, but the sober second thought of the people will, in the end, put all things right, by re-electing Mr. Van Buren by a greater vote than any President has ever been elected when there has been a warm contest.

A CARD.

The members of the Bloomsburg Band, return their thanks to the Field Officers of the 48th Regiment, and to the citizens of Washington, for the attention shown them, and for the ample refreshments furnished them gratuitously during their visit to that place on Wednesday last.

Bloomsburg, May 23, 1840.

On Wednesday last, we were present at the meeting of the 2d Battalion of the 48th Regiment at Washington in this county, under the immediate command of Major James M'Cormick, and we were highly pleased with the military spirit manifested on the occasion by Col. Wm. Kitchen, Lieut. Col. Neal M'Cay and Maj. James M'Cormick, the field officers present. They were all handsomely equipped, and it being Maj. M'Cormick's first appearance before a line we were highly gratified with the readiness and correctness with which he performed his duty. Great credit is alike due to Cols. Kitchen and M'Cay.

GEORGIA.—The accounts from this state are extremely favorable. A correspondent of the *Constitutionalist*, published at Augusta, writes from Milledgeville as follows:—"The Georgia Whigs have the severest race to run this campaign that they ever have had. Their efforts, now making, clearly evince the troubles they anticipate. 'The clouds which lower upon their house' are surcharged with elements which, peal after peal, will thunder dismay into their ranks. The positive and negative electricity of the Georgia states rights men, will mingle in June next—and then 'farewell, a long farewell, to all their former greatness."

The mint at New Orleans is in full operation, and striking off at the rate of about five thousand quarter pieces in an hour.—The design is the same as the last, but deeper and more beautiful. So says the *New Orleans True American*.

A Mr. James Bowman, formerly of Bangor, Maine, recently lost his life by falling into an excavation for a cellar, at St. Louis. On hearing of the accident, Mr. Glasgow, to whom the premises belonged, but who was in no wise blameable for the criminal neglect by which the accident occurred, drew his check for 500 dollars, and sent to the destitute family of the deceased. Such acts of noble benevolence deserves to be chronicled.

Quite Natural—that the Whigs should wish to put us under "petticoat" government; as their brethren over the water are under "that same."

There is a person now living at Horton near Bradford, Mass., of the name of John Priestly who during a period of forty-five years has travelled to his work every morning, a distance of three miles, and returned home again the same evening, being the whole 100,740 miles.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE WHIGS AND DEMOCRATS.

The Democratic National Convention adopted resolutions and an address, declaratory of their principle—fairly, frankly, and without concealment.

The Whigs adopted resolutions, setting forth no principle, but advising their friends, throughout the Union, how to gull and deceive the people, and defraud them of their suffrages; that they may gain power, and use it without restraint.

The intelligence of yesterday morning alludes to the failure to nominate a candidate for the Vice Presidency: *The Democratic party can, and do, agree upon principles, if they cannot on men. The Whigs really agree upon men, and cannot agree upon principles.*

Another striking contrast between the two parties is, that the Whigs carry their doctrine of credit so far, that they even require the people to give them power on credit; they ask the people to trust them even without their bond, for their principles, after they get in, as neither of their National Conventions at Harrisburg or Baltimore, has dared to put forth the principles on which they would administer the Government, nor will they suffer their candidate to do so.

The Democratic party ask no credit or time for the avowal of their principles; they put them forth now; and are acting them out every day; through the Administration of the Government.

HYMNICAL.

On Tuesday morning, 12th inst. in St. Stephen's Church, by the Rev. William James Clark, Mr. AMOS SISTY Editor of the *Wilkesbarre Advocate*, to Miss MARTHA C. BETTLE, both of Wilkesbarre.

HOTEL.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has taken the large and commodious

Tavern Stand,

formerly kept by William Robison in Bloomsburg; that he is fitting it out in good style; and intends to spare no pains, in endeavoring to render it in all respects, a comfortable house of entertainment for travellers and guests, who may favor him with a call. His larder will always be supplied with the best productions of the market, and his bar with choice wines and liquors.

The stables are ample for the accommodation of a large number of horses, and careful Oastlers will always be in attendance.

The Subscriber, by a strict attention to business, and careful attention to the comfort of guests, hopes to merit and obtain a share of public patronage.

GEORGE W. ABBETT.

Bloomsburg May 9th 1840.

PAY THE PRINTER?

GRAIN

Of all kinds. Also BUTTER and WOOD received in payment for papers at this office.

2000

PRIME PICKLES,

For sale, or in smaller quantities. Garden Seeds from a POTATOE down to a MUSTARD SEED. Also, TWO MALLS, with IRON and WOODEN WEDGES—besides a few Cabbage Heads!

ELI THORNTON.

Hemlock township, April 4.

CANAL BOAT

For Sale.

The subscriber has for sale a CANAL BOAT of about 50 tons burthen—has been in use one year, and would be sold on reasonable terms as to price and payments, or would take pay in Stone Coal or in freighting produce to Baltimore or Philadelphia. Address the subscriber.

M. McDOWELL.

McDowell's Mills, (Bloom.) Col. co. March 14. The Wilkesbarre Republican Farmer will please publish the above three times, and forward their bill to this office.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE EXTRA GLOBE.

The publication of the "EXTRA GLOBE" will commence early in May, and be continued six months. The first number will contain the proceedings of the Democratic Convention to be held in Baltimore the first week in May, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

TERMS:

For 1 copy \$1
" 6 copies 5
" 12 " 10
" 25 " 20

And in proportion for a greater number. Payments may be transmitted by mail, at our risk, postage paid. The notes of any incorporated bank in the United States, current in the section of country where a subscriber resides, will be received.—But when subscribers can procure the notes of banks in the Northern and Middle States, they will please send them.

No attention will be paid to any order unless the money accompanies it. The low price for which we publish this paper, precludes credit to any person for it. Therefore it is not worth while for any person to send an order to us, not accompanied by the money.

To insure all the numbers, subscription should be here by the 15th May next, at farthest.

BLAIR & RIVES.

Washington City, 16th April, 1840.

LOOK SHARP!

THINK AND ACT QUICK!

The subscriber intending to close his business in Bloomsburg and move out of town, on the first day of April, calls upon all persons indebted to him to come forward and close their accounts before that time, or they will be left with a justice to settle according to law. REUBEN BOMBOY. March 31, 1840.

PUBLIC HOUSE.

The Subscriber informs the public that he has taken the well known



TAVERN

STAND

lately occupied by Daniel Gross, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and solicits a share of public patronage. His BAR and LARDER will always be supplied with the best, and having good stabling and attentive hostlers, he flatters himself that he shall be able to give satisfaction to all who may call on him.

E. HOWEL.

Bloomsburg, April 11, 1840.

NEW LANDLORD,

SWAN HOTEL,

Orangeville, Columbia County, Pa.

The subscriber informs the public, that he has taken the above well known stand lately kept by Samuel Richer, and invites his friends and the public generally to give him a call. His

BAR

shall at all times be supplied with the best and choicest of Liquors, and his

LARDER

with all the choicest delicacies of the season. With good attention in the house, and attentive hostlers, and good stabling, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

GEORGE SEIPLE.

April 11, 1840.

INDEPENDENCE.



The celebrated and well bred horse INDEPENDENCE, will be kept for service at the stable of the Subscriber, in Bloomsburg, the ensuing season, to commence in the first of April and end on the first day of July next, on moderate terms.

INDEPENDENCE, is a beautiful bright Bay, having a black list along his back, and black legs, mane, and tail. He stands rising sixteen hands high; and for symmetry and movement, he can hate but very few superiors on this Continent. His former owner kept him for the turf, on which he never lost a race, for six hundred yards, and a quarter of a mile. He is well known in this neighborhood to be a sure horse; and his stock of more value, than that of any other horse that has been kept in the county for many years past.

The Sire of INDEPENDENCE, was the celebrated imported horse, Printer, the swiftest horse, at that time, in the United States. His Dam was got by the imported horse Whip; Grand Dam, by the imported horse Quicksilver; all first rate horses; that were the noble progenitors of what is now considered, the best blood, and most valuable stock in Kentucky.

NOAH S. PRENTIS.

Bloomsburg, April 7th, 1840.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

The subscriber has just received a supply of Fresh Garden Seeds, from the United Society of Shakers in the state of New-York, which are considered the best and cheapest offered to the public.

JOHN E. MOYER.

March 31.

Lost,

Sometime last winter, near Bloomsburg Basin, a

Log Chain.

The finder shall be reasonably rewarded by giving information to this office where it may be found.