

SEVEN REASONS WHY

DR. LEIDY'S SARSAPARILLA BLOOD PILLS.

Should receive a preference over all Pills now in existence:—First—Because they are composed of Vegetable extracts, free from minerals; and may be taken at all times with perfect safety by young and old, without restraint from occupation, temperate living, or fear of taking cold.

Second—Because they are composed of such medicinal extracts, as have been employed by all the most celebrated and respectable Physicians for more than a century past, in purifying the Blood and Animal fluid of the body.

Third—Because they may be employed as a mild or active purgative, according to the quantity taken, and their operation will not be attended with griping of the bowels, sickness at the stomach, prostration of the system, &c., as are produced by other pills.

Fourth—Because they possess a combined action, not possessed by any other pills, mixture or preparation whatever. Their first effect is in correcting all impurities with which the blood and fluids of the body may be affected, and by their gently operative effect, removing such impurities from the system.

Fifth—Because they are the terror of Quacks and Impostors, for most persons are obliged to take the Sarsaparilla Blood Pills, after taking their vile and destructive nostrums, to counteract and prevent their mischievous and baneful effects.

Sixth—Because they are the only pills in which Physicians have sufficient confidence to recommend to their patients, and employ in their practice, as they know they are Anti Quack, Anti Mercuro, Anti Bilious as well as a good and safe purgative and purifier of the Blood and Animal Fluids.

Seventh and Last—But not the least important, because they are prepared by a regular Apothecary and Physician, assisted by Drs. Physic, Horn, Caspman, Dewees, James, Gibson, Jackson, Cox, Hare, &c., &c., which alone is sufficient to entitle them to great confidence.

Certificates and Recommendations from Physicians and others accompany the directions around each box.

Price Twenty Five Cents a Box.

Prepared only and sold Wholesale and Retail at Dr. LEIDY'S Health Emporium, No. 191 North Second st., a few doors below Vine street, Philadelphia, also, sold by:

- J. Gilbert & Co., North Third street above Vine.
- G. S. Clemens, do 3d do do Woodst.
- J. R. Smith & Co. do 2d do next the Red Lion, and all respectable Wholesale and Retail Druggists in Philadelphia.
- They are also sold by: J. F. Long, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.
- J. W. Rohrer, do do
- W. Eberman Litiz.
- J. W. Oakly, Reading.
- J. B. Moser, Allentown.
- P. Pomp, Easton.

And the principal Merchants and Druggists in the United States.

For sale at the Health Emporium Bloomsburg D. S. TOBIAS, Agent. Bloomsburg July, 13, 1852.

COMMUNICATION.—How few they are that happen to be afflicted with Coughs or Colds pay attention to them. How many thousands from such neglect shorten their days, and hasten their final dissolution. Parents neglect them in their children, and thus form the foundation for Consumption, and hundreds of parents annually follow their own children to the grave, having died from some affection of the Breast and Lungs, which were neglected in their first stages.

Coughs and Colds, whether existing among young or old, ought at all times to be attended to early, and not suffered to continue any length of time, for the Lungs once affected, disease soon makes rapid strides, ending in the most fatal of all diseases, Consumption.

Dr. RECHTERMAN, for like favors.

Wm. F. PACKER, Esq., has withdrawn from the Keystone establishment, on account of his arduous duties as Canal Commissioner engrossing the whole of his attention.

GOV. PORTER'S SPECIAL MESSAGE.

This document, which we published in our last, created considerable sensation upon its first appearance, and it was pounced upon with eagerness, by a few who had been watching for an opportunity to show their teeth, thinking that the people could not understand their own interest, and might easily be deceived; but they have found that they have caught a tartar just time.

The house of representatives had just passed a bill requiring the banks to resume on the 15th Feb., while the loan of \$670,000, authorized by the legislature to pay the interest on the state debt due the first instant, was not yet taken, the banks having declared their inability to take it, if they were compelled to resume at the time, unless they coerced payment from their debtors, who were, generally, unable to meet their engagements without a sacrifice of property, and bring ruin and distress on the people.

Under these circumstances, the governor would have been recreant to his duty, had he not informed the legislature of these facts and placed the matter in its true light before them. The faith of the state was to be broken, and its credit abroad materially injured if this interest was not immediately paid. The governor, with that fearlessness and independency of character which he so eminently displayed in his annual message, step forth, "regardless of denunciations from any and every quarter," in defence of the people, and not of the banks, as some designing politicians would fain make us believe. Merely a resumption is not the question, but a permanent resumption is not only asked for, but demanded by the people, and this should be effected with as little injury to them as possible. To bring this about, the governor proposes that the banks should have a reasonable time to collect in their debts, and prepare for a resumption. It is no matter whether the time is the first of March or the first of May, if, when it does take place, it is a permanent one. It is a matter of expedi-

THE RESURRECTION OR, PERSIAN PILLS.

SUPERIOR TO THE HYGEAN, BRANDT'S, EVAN'S, SANSAPARILLA, OR ANY OTHER PILLS OR COMPOUND before the public, as certified to by Physicians and others. Let none condemn them until they have tried them, and then we are certain they will not.

It is now a settled point with all who have used the Vegetable Persian Pills that they are pre-eminently the best and most efficacious Family Medicine that has yet been used in America. If every family could become acquainted with their Sovereign power over disease, they would keep them and be prepared with a sure remedy to apply on the first appearance of disease, and then how much distress would be avoided and money saved, as well as the lives of thousands who are hurried out of time by neglecting disease in its first stages, or by not being in possession of a remedy which they can place dependence upon.

The Resurrection, or Persian Pills.

The name of these pills originated from the circumstance of the medicine being found only in the countries of Persia. This vegetable production being of a peculiar kind, led to experiments as to its medicinal qualities and virtues. In half a century it became an established medicine for the diseases of that country. The extract of this singular production was introduced into some parts of Europe in the year 1783, and used by many celebrated Physicians in curing certain diseases, where all other medicine has been used in vain. Early in the year 1792, the extract was combined with a certain vegetable medicine imported from Dura Eaca, in the East Indies, and formed into Pills. The admirable effect of this compound upon the human system, led physicians and families into its general use. Their long established character their universal and healing virtues, the detergent and cleansing qualities of their specific action upon the glandular part of the system, are such as will sustain their reputation and general use in the American Republic.

CERTIFICATES.

I certify that I have, by way of experiment, used the Hygean, and most of the various kinds of Pills, in my practice, which have borne the highest repute in the public estimation, that have been offered for sale in this vicinity for the last five years, including those called the Resurrection or Persian Pills; and the public may rest assured that none among the whole catalogue has answered a better purpose, as an easy and effectual remedy, than the Resurrection or Persian Pills, in most cases of disease.

CHARLES BACKER, M. D. Rochester, N. Y. Sept. 21, 1857.

TO MOTHERS.

Messrs. E. Chase & Co.—Gents.—Hearing much said about the extraordinary effects of the Resurrection or Persian Pills, upon those about to become mothers, we were induced to make a trial of them. My wife was at that time the mother of five children, and had suffered the most tedious and excruciating pains during and after her confinement of each. She had tried every means and taken much medicine, but found little or no relief. She commenced taking the Persian Pills about three months before her confinement (her health being very poor about this length of time previous) and in a short time she was enabled by their use to attend to the cares of a mother to her family until her confinement. At the time she commenced taking the Persian Pills, and for several weeks previous, she was afflicted with a dry hard cough, and frequent severe cramps, which the use of the Pills entirely removed before using half a box. It is with the greatest confidence we can advise all those about to be mothers, on the first of their confinement, to pass the resolutions below. As they express our views and feelings in the fullest manner, we copy them with pleasure.

Resolved—That Anti-Bank Democrats desire to eradicate all exclusive banking privileges as speedily as prudence and the exigencies of the community will permit; but they have no wish to bring unnecessary distress and disastrous consequences upon the Commonwealth, or individual citizens, by any ill considered, total and sudden disruption of an extended system long established—and intimately interwoven with the business of the country, but they are willing however to endure with cheerfulness such losses and inconvenience as may unavoidably arise from correct measures found necessary for the establishment of a sound currency, and the ultimate triumph of that equality of rights which the Constitution aims to secure but which all bank monopolies have grossly violated.

Resolved—That she decided, manly and patriotic tone of the late annual message of Gov. David R. Porter, has fully confirmed and established his claims to the respect and confidence of the true Democracy of this Commonwealth, and to all liberal minded and enlightened men.

Resolved—That the more recent message of Governor Porter to the two branches of the legislature relating to the embarrassed condition of the public finances and the critical state of the public credit, eminently entitles him to the respect of every good citizen, who holds as sacred the fidelity of the government, and merits the commendation of every man who would preserve untarnished the integrity and honor of our political institutions.

Resolved—That while a firm, independent and manly conduct is always a subject of just admiration, it becomes peculiarly so when, during a critical period of her financial and political affairs, the chief executive of a state, in times of excitement and regardless of all denunciations that may be poured forth from any quarter, interposes to save her credit, to restore public confidence, and to avert a ruin and disaster which threatened to extend from the centre to the circumference of the Commonwealth.

Resolved—That the hearty and cordial response and support given to the late message of Governor Porter by Messrs. Hopkins, Butler, McElwee, Snowden, Brodhead, Flenniken, Church, Heggins and Hege, and other democratic members of the legislature was as honorable as it was prompt and patriotic; and while their efforts to sustain the Governor have proved them to be Pennsylvanians at heart—in policy—in principle and in practice; it has also given them a renewed claim to the respect and gratitude of their constituents.

TO THE PUBLIC. LEGISLATIVE KEYSTONE.

During the approaching session of the legislature, the Keystones will, as usual, be published twice a week, and contain full reports of the proceedings in both branches of the legislature, including the speeches of members, legislative reports &c. For this purpose, the editors will have competent reporters in both houses of our legislature, as well as at Washington city, thus enabling them to furnish not only a complete report of the proceedings of our own legislature, but also of the approaching session of Congress. Having made ample arrangements for the bestowal of increased attention to the legislative department of their newspaper, they cherish the conviction, that they will render entire satisfaction in this respect not only to the members of the legislature, but to the reading community generally.

As it is more than probable, that the all-engrossing subject of the derangement of the currency under which the community is now laboring, and the condition of the several banking institutions of our state, will constitute topics of speedy legislative action, the proceedings of the approaching session will be fraught with unusual interest, and render a paper published at the seat of government, which bestows upon them constant attention, a vehicle of intelligence most devoutly wished!

We would also call to the minds of our readers that the great Presidential contest of 1850 is approaching with rapid stride, which is to decide, whether our National Government shall continue to be administered upon the truly republican principles of its present illustrious head, Martin Van Buren, or whether the reign of power shall be committed to the hands of ultra Federalists and friends of a great and blighting monopoly in the shape of a National Bank. The Keystones, being individually wedded to the support of the republican cause, will in this momentous conflict, battle manfully on the side of Van Buren, and a Constitutional Treasury, and contribute its mite to the advancement and ultimate triumph of the democratic cause. We shall continue unceasingly to expose the dangerous heresies of the Federalists and advocates of an overworking monetary monopoly, and spare no exertions, to render this "Keystone" an effective weapon in the hands of the Democracy of the State and Union.

Grateful for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed upon them by the community—a patronage, which has given the "Keystone" a circulation beyond that of any other paper at the seat of government—they look forward with confidence to its continuance, and will spare neither time nor labor to make it deserved.

TERMS.

For the Keystones yearly, twice a week, during the session of the legislature, and once a week for the remainder of the year \$3.00
During the Session of the Legislature twice a week 2.00
All Postmasters, and other Democratic citizens are requested to receive and forward subscriptions to us.

"The life of the flesh is in the blood," so saith the scriptures.—Leviticus c. xvii. vii.

DR. LEIDY'S BLOOD PILLS.—What better than scripture testimony can we have of the life of the flesh depending upon the condition of the blood? If impure or diseased, the flesh must of course be diseased thereby, and the whole system partake of such disease. If the doctrine be true, and there is not a doubt of it (for it is a fact established by all, that the scriptures are true beyond a doubt), then it behooves us to guard against the consequences of such impurities and thus preserve the flesh healthy. If the flesh be healthy, constituting as it does the principal portion of the human body, then must the whole body be healthy.

Proposed change of location of the dam, and are of the opinion, that for the purpose of introducing the Lackawanna as a feeder, it will not be necessary to extend the canal two miles up that stream. A good location occurs about one third of a mile above the old dam, which, for all the uses of a feeder should be adopted; but if the legislature designed to furnish to the inhabitants of Lackawanna valley, who are at present cut off from the improvements by the rapids in that stream, an outlet for their rich mineral and agricultural products, by extending the canal beyond the "Falls," which occur within the first two miles, then the dam should be constructed about one mile and seven-eighths above the former location. At that point there is an excellent site, requiring a little over two hundred feet wier, on rock bottom, and between natural rock abutments of coarse sand stone. Fifty-eight feet of Lockage would be required to descend from the pool formed by this dam to the level of the present canal, and the dam and locks are estimated to cost \$96,000.00. No appropriations having been made by the legislature, for the accomplishment of the proposed change, the board directed the temporary dam, which had been hastily thrown up to supply navigation, to be kept in repair throughout the season—and postponed a decision until further legislative action could be had on the subject. If the lower location be adopted the dam and additional feeder are estimated to cost \$11,700.00.

In addition to the repairs now under contract on this division, requiring a very large sum to be appropriated, the board would recommend that provision be made for constructing a towing path bridge across the pool of the Nanticoke dam—for deepening about five miles of the lower end of the first level below the dam,—for about one mile of protection wall below Berwick, originally constructed of timber, and for erecting a guard lock at Hemlock creek to protect the canal below, in times of flood.

The following is the estimated amount required for repairs, viz: Renewing eight locks, \$66,386 85
Aqueduct over Lodge's run, 7,976 75
Aqueduct at Mill creek, 11,500 00
Repairing Nanticoke dam (balance) 2,662 89
Repairing chute at Nanticoke dam, 4,377 20
Constructing towing path along the pool of Nanticoke dam, 32,809 24
Rebuilding and repairing 69 bridges (balance) 31,895 16
Castings, 750 00
Rebuilding walls, 13,500 00
Repairing weigh lock at Northumberland, 2,000 00
Renewing waste wiers, 1,500 00
Renewing water ways, 3,500 00

TO THE PUBLIC. Semi-Weekly State Capitol Gazette.

The proprietors of the State Capitol Gazette embrace this opportunity to return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public, for the very liberal patronage which they are pleased to have it in their power to say, has thus far been extended towards them, and respectfully announce that the future course of their journal shall be such as they trust will continue to receive the confidence and support of the Democratic party. They assure the public that no exertion on their part shall be wanting to effect this object, and they flatter themselves that they will be able to render their paper such a vehicle of usefulness and information, as will not fail to give entire satisfaction to every friend of republican principles.

The approaching session of the Legislature, will unquestionably, be one of great and unusual interest. There has not, perhaps, been a time before, when the attention of the public was so much engaged upon any one subject as it is at present upon the derangement of the currency, arising from the abuses of banking and the dilapidation of the existing Legislature, and as the deliberation of the Legislature, will in all probability be mainly directed to this important subject, it cannot be otherwise than that every thing which transpires at the seat of government in relation thereto, will be eagerly sought after. With these considerations in view, the undersigned have made ample arrangements for having before their readers full reports of the proceedings in both branches of the State Legislature, together with the speeches of members, reports, and other matter which they think will be interesting. In addition to this, it is the intention of the undersigned to employ able correspondents at the seat of the general government, by which means, they will be able, also, to place in their semi-weekly sheet early reports of the deliberation of Congress.

The presidential contest of 1850 is rapidly approaching. The flag at our mast-head indicates fully the course we intend to pursue in the relation to this great question; and as we have already given our opinion on at length on this subject, in a former prospectus, we deem it needless at present to refer our readers, by going over the same ground. Suffice it to say, that we shall give our united support and energies towards the reelection of presentable Chief Magistrate of the Union, and our humble aid in behalf of establishing a Constitutional Treasury.

BLOOMSBURG IRON FOUNDRY, AND Threshing Machine, AND PORTABLE HORSE POWER MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers take this method of informing their friends, that they continue Manufacturing Threshing Machines and Portable Horse Powers, on the most improved plans, made of the best materials and in the most workmanlike manner, and which they will warrant to stand with fair usage, and not injure the grain by breaking it.—They have surpassed all others where they have been introduced, in Pennsylvania, Virginia and North Carolina.

Fraff's Patent Smut, OR, GRAIN HULLING MACHINE.

Improved. An article of great utility to Millers for cleansing the grain for preparing it for flouring. These machines are manufactured of cast and iron. A Message has received from every rational man in the Commonwealth. In principle, this is identically the same with that, and we defy the utmost ingenuity to point out the slightest shade and difference.

When the Governor speaks of a reasonable time for resumption, he means such a time as will enable the debtors of the Banks and the Banks themselves, to discharge their several obligations with promptitude and fidelity. We have reason for believing that the Governor would consider it as a reasonable time to fix upon the first of April the first of May, or the first of June for the resumption of specie payments, as might be found expedient on due consideration.—We think it is the opinion of the Governor as we are sure it is of all other judicious men, that to force an immediate resumption would be to force every one of these institutions, large and small, to close their doors to put their concerns into the hands of commissioners to be wound up, to commence a series of law suits and commotion, which must end in wide spread ruin to all classes of the community. And to aggravate the state of things thus produced it would become necessary to send the tax gatherer to grind down still further an impoverished community.

It is against such evils as these, that the Governor announces his opposition. In so doing he has been sustained and will be sustained by every man who looks at the permanent good of the State. No man with proper feelings, who understands the subject, will be found to carp at and condemn the Governor's opinion. It is true, a very few honest men may be misled by clamor, and the perversion of the real meaning of the message. But they will soon all discover their mistake, and act as become men of honesty, and sound democratic principles.

THE FRESHET.

The ice in the Susquehanna river and Fishing creek, broke up on Monday last, and both streams are now nearly clear of ice, with a good rafting fresh. We understand that considerable damage has been done up the river to rafts and arks, several of which have passed down the river, with the ice, without a man at the helm. We have heard of no damage being done to bridges, except to the large bridge across Fishing creek, near this town, which is nearly rendered useless by the falling of one of the piers. This was one of the oldest bridges in the county, having been built 33 years. Our active Commissioners have advertised for proposals for rebuilding it immediately. In the mean time, we understand that arrangements are making to establish a ferry near the bridge that there may be no interruption of travel.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg at the end of the quarter ending on the 31st day of December, 1852.

Allen John,	McArney Daniel,
Blockhouse John,	Neus Samuel G.
Billsbater John,	Nerrill Benjamin,
Bowie Benjamin,	Nungesser Jacob,
Comillon Isaac,	Palmer Daniel,
Crivling Andrew 2,	Palmer Margaret,
Coffman Moses,	Peddy Isaac,
Cornelson Mary E.	Reidy Simon,
Cole Elisha,	Shipman Jacob,
Clymer Benjamin H.	Slater William,
Dann Jane,	Snaw William,
Fry John,	Smith Horace,
Hartman George,	Snyder Daniel,
Hendrick Henry,	Slicker Michel,
Hesselt Adam C.	Thornton Phebe,
Hartman Joseph,	Thornton Savina,
Kroeg Augustus,	Williams David,
Kroetz John,	Werner Jacob,
Kalder Charles Esq.	Waters Aaron,
Keller Mary,	Weir Thomas,
Kulan Isaac Capt.	Willower Susannah,
Kreiser Jasper,	Willits Martha,
Leight Mr.	Willis Sedwick,
Leiby Jacob,	Winner John,
Meyer Susannah,	Wright William,
McClure Joseph,	Wright Chris.

Jan. 1, 1840. Those inquiring for any of the above letters will please say it is advertised.

MILES COMPOUND EXTRACT TOMATO PILLS, For Sale at Tobias' Health Emporium

New Goods!



Just Received at the BLOOMSBURG ARCADE.

THE Subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have received and are now opening, a splendid and extensive assortment of Fall & Winter Goods,

which with a stock on hand, embraces a variety of reasonable Merchandize for the accommodation of town and County. In the Dry Good line, they have all the varieties of coarse, fine & superfine Cloths, Camises, Satinets, Merinos, Silks, Calicoes, Shacls, Ribbons, Laces, Linins, Mouseline de Laine, Muslins, Vestings, Stocks, Umbrells, Lady's Bonnets, Bonnet Silks, Trimmings; Furr, Cloth and Seal skin Caps; Boots and Shoes, Socks, &c. &c. &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

the use of the bank. At all elections for directors or any other officers, the holders of stock shall not be allowed to vote, except in their proper persons; and that each and every share of stock shall entitle the bona fide owner thereof to a vote, and no more; provided that the said share shall have been sold sixty days previous to the election; and all laws allowing stock holders to vote by proxy, to be repealed. It also provides that no bond, bill, or note shall be issued by any bank or corporation, except such as are payable on demand. It also provides that on the first Tuesday in February, in each year, it shall be the duty of each bank to transmit to the Auditor General a statement of the amount of its capital stock paid in; the amount of gold and silver held by the banks as its own; and within its vaults at the time of such statement, the highest and lowest amount within its vaults at any time, and an average of the amount between these periods and the time of making such statement; and also the amount of liabilities assets, and deposits; the amount of loans made by them, whether unlawful interest has been taken, &c. There are also many other restrictions in the bill, which we are obliged to omit for want of room.

The Portland Argus of Saturday says:—We learn from a gentleman who left Canada five days since, that Col. Goldier, of the 11th regiment of infantry, had then been appointed commander of the British forces in the contested territory, and that a reinforcement had been ordered to the territory of two companies of regular troops, and a detachment of miners—in all about 250 men.

Gen. Harrison's Age.—Gen. Harrison is now in his 69th year—six years older than General Jackson was when elected.—Yet, according to his opponents, he was then an "old doard." No difference what federalism does, it must show its nakedness in the act.

The Cleveland (Ohio) Herald says: the Sacs and Winnebagoes agreed to hunt on the same ground this season, some miles west of Dubuque. A difficulty occurred there between the parties, and the Iowa Sun states that the Sacs, headed by Stabbing Chief, attacked the Winnebagoes and killed forty or fifty. Two of the Sacs were killed.