"I have sworn upon the Altar of God, eternal hostility to every form of Tyranny over the Mind of Man."-Thomas Jefferson.

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period than six months : nor any discon-tinuance permitted, until all arrearages are discharged.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square will be conspicuously inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five cents for every subse-quent asertion. A fiberal discount made to those who aftertise by the year. LETTERS addressed on business, must be post paid.

A NARRATIVE OF THE PENNSYL-VANIA FRONTIER.

The following narrative, sent last winter Congress, accompanied by a petition for a persion, has been kindly sent us for pub-lication by a distinguished member of the house of representatives.

That an old soldier who remembers when the Susquehanna was the western frontier of our country should be still living, and able to write so stirring and account of his remarkable adventures, is matter for curious reflection. We are assured that he is en-tirely worthy of credence, and that the whole story is true. The language we have merely altered a little in its grammar and spelling. It is with pleasure we record that the old veteran's application for a pension was successful.-Wal. Library.

Narrative of Lieutenant Moses Van Campen during the war of the Revolution.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

My first service was in the year 1777. then I served three months under Col. John Kelly, who stationed us at Big Isle, in the west branch of the Susquehanna .-Nothing particular transpired during that time, and in March, 1778, I was appointed lieutenant of a company of six-months men. Shortly afterwards, I was ordered by Col. Samuel Hunter to proceed with about twenty men to Fishing Creek, (which empties into the north branch of the Susquehanna abovt twenty miles from North umberland,) and to build a fort about three miles from its mouth, for the reception of the inhabitants in case of an alarm from the Indians. In May, my fort being nearly keeping a steady fire upon us during the loss they sustained we could not ascertain, as they carried bif all the dead and wopned, though, from the marks of blood on the ground it must have been considerable .---The inhabitants that took shelter in the fort had built a yard for their cattle at the head of a small flat at a short distance from the fort, and one evening in the month of June. just as they were milking them, my sentinel called my attention to some movement in the brush, which I soon discovered to be Indians, making their way to the cattle yard. There was no time to be lost; I im-mediately selected ten of my sharpshooters, and under cover of a rise of land, got between them and the milkers. On ascendeng the ridge we found ourselves within pistol-shot of them; I fired first, and killed the leader, but a volley from my men did no further execution, the Indians running off at once. In the mean time the milk pails flew in every direction, and the best runner got to the fort first. As the season advanced, Indian hostilities increased, and notwithstanding the vigilance of our scouts, which were constantly out, houses were burnt and families murdered. In the summer of 1778 occurred the great massacre of Wyoming, after which the governors of Connecticut, New Yorkand Pennsylvania petitioned congress to adopt speedy measures for the progress and General Washington. . The committee, recommended that the war should be

the last of July our army moved for Tioga ed us, had touched on the lower settlements from my eyes; my tomahawk got covered Clure's plantatation, called M'Clure's fort Point, while a fleet of boats ascended the of Wyoming, and killed a Mr. Upson, and up and I could not find it in time to overtake where our provisions, were stored In the THERMAS:
The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT will be there early in August, where we halted for published every Saturday morning, at published every Saturday morning, at there early in August, where we halted for the same thalf yearly in advance, or Two Dollars, Fifty Cents, if not paid within the year.
Point, while a fleet of boats ascended, the two provisions, were, stored in the two provisions, were, stored in the same two provisions, were stored in the same two provisio siderable force at an Indian village about 11 miles distant As they became very troublesome neighbours, Gen. Sullivan contemplated an attack upou them, but wished to ascertain their numbers and situation, and selected me for that dangerous enterprise. I prepared myself an Indian dress, breech- the other; in the morning they pursued their We kept our ground till morning, and built the party was called the Grove party. We cloth, leggins, and mocasins. My cap had a good supply of feathers, and being paint-ed in style. I set off with one man, dres-sed in the same manner. We left the camp after dark, and proceeded with much caution until we came to the Chemung, which we suppossed would be strongly guarded. We ascending the mountain, crossed over it, and came in view of their fires, when having descended the hill, we waited quiet- that sometimes individuals performed won- to the narrows; discovered a smoke belaw, y until they lay down and got to sleep .-We then walked round their camp, counted the fires and the number of Indians at some of the fires, thus formed an estimate of them. their number, which I took to be about six or seven hundred. I returned, and having made my report to the general early next morning, I went to my tent, spread down my blanket, and had a refreshing sleep.— In the afternoon Major Adam Hooper, one

observing,"Soldiers, cut your way through." We did so, and entered the Indian, village and camp at day-break, but found that the birds had flown. We halted a few minutes for our men to refresh, set fire to their vilwe remarked seemed formed by nature for **Indians.** In May, my fort being nearly **completed our spice discovered a large par-ty of Indians making their way towards the fort. The neighboring residents had bare-ly time to fly to the fort for protection, leav-ing their appearance, and having plunder-ed and burnt the houses, attacked the fort, keeping a steady fire upon us during their seven to the their appearance, and having plunder-ed and burnt the houses, attacked the fort, keeping a steady fire upon us during their seven to the their appearance, and having plunder-ed and burnt the houses, attacked the fort, keeping a steady fire upon us during their every shot counted one; they seven to the their appearance, and having their every shot counted one; they are one the prisoners, and might defeat us. Keeping a steady fire upon us during their every shot counted one; they are one the advance one inter the prisoners and having their every shot counted one; they are one their appearance, and having their every shot counted one; they are one the prisoners and their appearance, and having their every shot counted one; they are one there their appearance, and having their every shot counted one; they are one to fire the guns, Pike and mysself and the tenth one we can kill at our leisure. They agreed to disarm them and after that the one side of the four, and the other two the one side of the four, and the other two the one side of the four and mark and for a moment reserv-tion the prisoners, and might defeat us. Keeping a steady fire upon us during their every shot counted one; they are one the prisoners are and mysself.** turn to fire: every shot counted one; they day. At night they withdrew, burning and fell. Gen, Hand now came on at quick destroying every thing in their route. What step, advanced within a few rods of them, and ordered his men to fire and then charge with them, until we were joined by our opposed by the enemy's whole force, conwhom we gave battle a little below Newtown Point. Cur loss was trifling. On the return of the army I was taken the party which attacked the before-mentioned fort, my father requested me to go tions for building another, and raising some grain. But little apprehension was enterseason, as they had been so completely routed the year before. We left the fort about the last of March, accompanied by my uncle and his son, about twelve years on our farms about four or five days, when tection of the western frontier, which sub-ject was referred to a committee of con-were surprised by a party of ten Indians.-My father was lunged through with a warspear; his throat was cut and he was sealpcarried into the enemy's country and a com- ed, while my brother was toms hawked, pany of rangers raised for the defence of scalped, and thrown into the fire before my the frontier. In 1779 Gen. Sullivan was eyes. While I was struggling with a warsent with an army into their country. The rior, the fellow who had killed my father, provisions for the supply of the army were drew his spear from his body and made a purchased in the settlements along the wa- violent thrust at me. I shrunk from the same time feeling for his knife, but could ferred that I should encounter the danger discovered to be that person my case would ters of the Susquehanna, and deposited in spear, and the savage who had hold of me store-houses. I was appointed under the turned it with his hand so that it only pene-

means of boats, had collected all the pro- had the same morning taken my uncle's lit- made a violent spring, and broke from his head waters of Little Fishing Creek, Chilisvisions at Wyoming, where Gen. Sullivan de son and Pence, though they killed my hold; we both rose at the same time, and he guaque, & Muncy, &c. In the spring of with his army lay waiting for them. About uncle. The same party, before they reacher ran; it took me some time to clear the blood 1781 we built, a fort on the widow. Mefied to a house; the Indians only fired on them and wounded a Cant. Ransom, when they continued their course till night. Hav-ing encamped and made their fire, we, the prisoners, were tied and well secured, five scalps of my father, brother, and others, I Indians lying on one side of us and five on strung them all on my belt for safe keeping Michael Groves, Lieut. Grainer and myself; course, and, leaving the waters of Fishing Creek, touched the head quarters of Hem-lock Creek, were they found one Abraham Pike, his wife and child. Pike was made prisoner, but his wife and child they paint-ed and told Jogo, squaw, go home. They continued their course that day, and en- erable property, though we saved our guns report. We returned, and a little below camped the same night in the same manner and ammunition, and took to land; we reach- the Sinnemahoning, near night, we discovas the previous. It came into my mind ed Wyalusing late in the afternoon. Came derful actions, and surmounted the greatest dangers. I then decided these fellows must were certain that a party of Itidians had discoverd there was a large party, how madie; and thought of the plan to despatch passed us in the course of the day, and halt- uy we could not tell, but prepared for the at-

nearest settlement. Our raft gave way, when we made for land, but we lost considand a raft lying at the shore, by which we

The next day I had an opportunity to for us but to rout them or go over the moun-communicate my plan to my fellow-prison-tain; the snow on the north side of the hill amined our tomabawk handles, and all beerst, they treated it as a visionary scheme for | was deep; we knew from the appearance of | ing ready we waited with great implationce, three men to attempt to despatch ten Indi- the raft that the party must be small; we and till they all lay down; the, time, came, ans. I spread before them the advantages had two rifles each, my only fear was of and with the utmost silence we advanced, In the afternoon Major Adam Hooper, one that three men would have over ten when a-of the general's aids, requested me to wait sleep; & that we would be the first prisoners it we agreed that I should ascertain their hawk in the other. upon the general, which I obeyed. The that would be taken into their towns and number and give the signal for the attack; I The night was warm, we found some of villages after our army had destroyed their crept down the side of the hill, so near as them rolled in their blankets a rod or two Chemung, that I would lead the advance, corn, that we should be tied to the stake to see their fires and back, but saw no Indi-he having selected Geu. Samuel Hand, of and suffer a cruel death; we had now an ans. I concluded they had now an ans. and suffer a cruel death; we had now an anis. I concluded they had gone hunting we first handled our tomahawk; they rose the Pennsylvania line, to make them a visit with eleven hundred men. I accepted the in source and any set of ground to fight on, and if we failed it would only be death, and we might as well the service, and we took up our line of march after sundown. When we came to the Narrows I halted, according to order. until the main body came up, when the came to the river, and saw their cances; pine timber; with poles and paddles we and took several scalps. It was a party of general ordered us to enter the Narrows, they had descended the river and run their drove her briskly across the river, and had twenty-five or, thirty, which had been as they had descended the river and ran their cances up Little Tunkannock Creek, so called; they crossed the river and set their cances adrift. I renewed my suggestions birds had flown. We halted a few minutes to my companions to despatch them that for our men to refresh, set fire to their vil-lage, and having discovered from their trail that they had gone up the river, followed it how had escaped that they had gone up the river, followed it but how shall we do it was the question, found a sink hole in which we made our the tomahawk and knife. In December'81, about two miles. Here our path lay up a narrow ridge, called Hogback Hill, which and come to close work at once. There cracking in the erust; Pike supposed the Inare three of us; plant our blows with judge- dians had got on to the island, and was for where our orders were countermanded, & we an Indian ambuscade. Accordingly, every ment and three times three will make nine, calling for quarters; to keep him quiet we were ordered to Reading. Berks county, eye was fixed on the hill, and as we began and the tenth one we can kill at our leisure. threatened him with his life; the stepping where we were joined by a part of the third to tomahawk; we cut and carried plenty of there was much joy to see us; we wood to give them a good fire; the prisoners one day, and it being not safe to go to North- pany. We halted at Northumberland two were tied and laid in their places after I was umberland, by land, we procured a canoe, or three days for our men to wash and restr laid down, one of them had occasion to use and with Pence and my little cousin, we de- from thence Entign, Chambers and myself them at the point of the bayonet; they were his knife; he dropped it at my feet; I turned scended the river by night we came to Fort were ordered to Mancy, Samuel Willis's soon routefi and put to flight. We returned with our dead and wounded the same night to our former camp. We had no fell asleep. About midnight I got up and found them in sound sleep. I out of the fort, he came across from the troyed by the enemy. We reached that further opportunity of coming to a brush slipped to Pence who rose; I cut him loose, west branch by the heads of Chilisquaque station and built a small block-house for the and handed him the knife; he did the same to Fishing Creek, the end of the Nob Mouns storage of our provisions; about the 10th or whole force under Gen. Clinton. We were for me, and I in turn took the knife and cut tain, so called at that day, where my father 11th of April, Capt. Robison came on with Pike loose; in a minute we disarmed them. and brother were killed; he had buried Esquire Culbertson, James Dougherty, sisting of Indians, British, and Tories, to Pence took his station at the guns. , Pike my father and unclei my brother was burnt and myself with our tomakawks took our a small part of him only was to be found, was ordered to select twenty or twenty-five stations; I was to kill three on the right wing, Col. Kelly informed me that my mother and men with these gentlemen, and to proceed and Pike two on the left. That moment her children were in the fort, and it was up the West Branch to the Big Island, and with the camp fever, and was removed to Pike's two awoke, and were getting up; thought that I was killed likewise. Col. thence up the Bald Eagle. Creek, to the here Pike proved a coward, and laid down. Kelly went into the fort to prepare her mind place where a Mr. Culbertson had been father was still living. In the course of It was a critical moment. I saw their was no to see me; I took off my belt of scalps and killed. On the 15th of April, st night, we the winter I recovered my health, and my time to be lost; their heads turned fair; I handed them to an officer to keep. Human reached the place, and encamped for the father's house having been burnt in '78 by despatched them in a moment, and turned nature was not sufficient to stand the inter- night; on the morning of the 16th we were to my lot as per agreement, and as I was a-bout to despatch the last on my side of son, and one had returned to take her by hard-fought battle; Esquire Culbertson and with him and a younger brother to our farm, the fire. Pence he shot, and did good exe-about four miles distant, to make prepara-cution; there was only one at the off wing was killed. that his ball did not reach; his name was Mohawke, a stout, bold daring fellow. In I was received with joy; my scalps were the alarm he jumped off about three rods exhibited the complexity my scalps were tained of molestations from the Indians this the alarm he jumped off about three rods exhibited, the cannon were fired, &c., Befrom the fire; he saw it was the prisoners fore my return a commission had been sent that made the attack, and giving the war- me as ensign of a company to be command- and carried in a silk case hung, with a whoop, he darted to take possession of the ed by Capt, Thomas Robinson; this was, as ribbon in my bosom; several got hold of guns; I was as quick to prevent him: the Lunderstood, a part of the quota which it, and one fellow cut the ribbon with his old, and one Peter Pence. We had been contest was then between him and myself. Pennsylvania had to raise for the continen- knife, and succeeded in obtaining it. They as I raised my tomahawk, he turned quick tal line. One Joseph Alexander was com- took us a little distance from the battlestuck in his shoulder, or rather the back of spent in the recruiting service our company round us in close order, each with his rifle his neck; he pitched forward and fell, at the was organised, and was retained for the desame time my foot slipped, and I fell by his fence of the frontier service. In February up five Indians we had killed, and laid them side, we clinched; his arm was naked; he 1781, I was promoted to a lieutenancy, and within their circle., Each one reflected for caught me around my neck, at the same entered upon the petive duty of an officer himself; our time would brobably be short. time I caught him with my left arm around by heading scouts and as Capt. Robison and respecting myself, looking back to the the body, and gave him a close hug, at the was no woodsman nor marksman, he pre- year'80 and the party I had killed, it I was and head the scouts we kept up a constant be a hard one. Their prophet or chief In our scuffe my tomshawk dropped out, chain of scouts around the frontier settle- warrior made a speech; as I was informed, tide of quarter-master, to superintend this trated my vest and shirt. They were then My head was under the wounded shoulder, ments, faom the north to the west branch afterwards by the British lieutenant, who business, and about the middle of July, by satisfied with taking me prisoner, as they and almost sufficient me with his blood. I of the Susquehenna, by the way of the belonged to the party, he was consulting

connoitre; viz: Capt. Campbell, Peter and tracks; we marched up the Sinnemahoning so far that we were satisfied it was a falso ered a smoke; we were confident it was a party of Indians, which we must have passed by or they got there some other way; we ed for the night. There was no alternative tack. As soon as, it was dark, we new

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commissioned as an ensign of our con William M'Grady, and a Mr. Barkley; I two others made their escape; I think, we my commission, was written on parchment, and tomahawk in his hand ... They brought

not reach it.