THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

The next Legislature will probably stand as:

Senate.

Democrats	13
Whig and Anties	20

House of Representatives.

Democrats	56
Whigs and Anties	44

giving the Democrats a majority of five on joint ballot—unless the difficulty as to the county of Philadelphia defeats the return of the democratic members, and deprives the people of Pennsylvania of a democratic U. S. Senator. Upon this subject we give below, an article from the American Sentinel.

"The majority of the return judges of the county, ten in number, having refused to receive the return of the election in the Northern Liberties, in consequence of some irregularity in making the return of the Seventh Ward, reported the democratic candidates for Senate and Assembly as duly elected. The minority, consisting of seven, certified to the election of the Whig members. Three of the return judges of the Third Congressional District, refusing to receive the returns of the Northern Liberties, certified the election of CHARLES J. INGERSOLL; the other three, receiving the Nothern Liberties return declared CHARLES NAYLOR, the present member, elected. The whole day, from ten o'clock in the foernoon, until late in the evening, was occupied in the discussion of the law relative to the duties of return judges, the examination of witnesses, and summing up and making out the returns.—Messrs. INGERSOLL, NAYLOR, and C. BROWN engaged in the discussion, in behalf of themselves and their political friends respectively. We have since learned, that the whig judges had their returns transmitted by the Sheriff to the Governor on Friday night, by express; and that on Saturday morning the democratic judges deposited theirs with that officer. Much excitement existed during the whole of Friday, in the vicinity of the State House, among the friends of the opposing candidates; and some anxiety has since been felt by our own friends, lest advantages may be taken by the opposition of this circumstance, as it is known that they have a decided majority in the Senate, and nearly equal the democrats in the House if the country members should be temporarily excluded from their seats.

Of the right of the democratic members to their seats there can scarcely be a doubt. It is admitted, we believe, that they have a majority, even if the Northern Liberties returns are included. But the election for U. S. Senator is fixed by law for the 2d Tuesday in December, precisely one week after the meeting of the Legislature; and there is no telling to what length such men as THADDEUS STEVENS, exasperated by defeat and thirsting for revenge may venture to go.

THE TABLES ARE TURNED.

The banks having resumed specie payment in the Middle, Eastern and some of the Southern and Western States, we find their paper at par with specie, and the exchanges are suddenly becoming regulated.—There is no National Bank—the Treasury is sustained independent of the banks, and yet, contrary to all Whig predictions and forebodings, business and trade are getting active, the country prosperous, and all as it should be.

We must trust to our faithful and excellent Administration, the officers of the Treasury, and those who are connected with the finances, to exercise a proper vigilance in discharging their duties, for the want of necessary laws. It would have been better had Congress passed the bill reported by Mr. Wright, or some similar bill, which required heavier bonds, and which also imposed a penalty on officers who used the public funds; but the Opposition prevented the passage of such a law through the House, insisting that the public money should be used for private purposes instead of being kept to pay public debts. Every day's experience is satisfying the country, that the President was right in his recommendation—that the bill which passed the Senate—ought to have become a law—that the public funds ought not to be used for private purposes, and that public officers should be held to a rigid accountability.

The whole country is becoming satisfied and united on this subject; and none will hereafter advocate the use of the public money for speculating purposes, except those who wish to use it. Few people desire that the public treasure should be placed in the hands of speculators. They had rather their funds should be kept to pay the public liabilities. We all perceive that the banks are resuming without the use of the public money—and without a National Bank.

Hartford Times.

Losing a vote.—The Boston Times says "so great was the anxiety to get out all the voters at the recent election in Maine, that in one instance a man was taken from a sick bed, and actually died before he reached the polls."

A chance for single Ladies.—In Scott county, Iowa, after a residence of four days, the last single lady found a market on the 19th ult. A correspondent writes, "our gentlemen are three to one, and so anxious are our settlers for wives, that they never ask a single lady her age. All they require is teeth."

COLUMBIA COUNTY ELECTION RETURNS,

OCTOBER, 1838.

OFFICIAL.

	Governor. D. R. Porter,	Congress. J. Ritner,	Congress. D. Petrikin,	Congress. W. G. Hurley,	Assembly. W. Colt,	Assembly. J. Bowman,	Com'sioner. John McHenry,	Com'sioner. J. Laubaugh,	Treasurer. J. Welliver,	Treasurer. W. S. Davis,	Auditor. S. Hower,	Auditor. A. Mears,	For Amend'ts,	Against Amend.
Bloom,	174	123	74	232	109	174	65	225	83	203	104	162	114	151
Brier Creek,	193	110	170	131	158	144	159	140	189	108	157	205	35	268
Cattawissa,	164	204	154	207	158	202	152	204	154	206	157	205	35	298
Derry,	232	43	216	52	235	36	213	38	128	138	210	19	146	63
Fishing Creek,	91	22	86	26	87	27	77	36	88	15	86	15	22	82
Greenwood,	135	82	70	129	73	119	58	142	98	82	60	97	76	80
Hemlock,	110	37	83	61	99	49	64	68	79	57	80	55	45	86
Liberty,	155	27	150	27	160	22	149	22	84	89	140	23	141	15
Limestone,	86	36	78	45	93	31	86	36	73	45	88	34	79	52
Mahoning,	247	75	223	91	265	57	249	65	240	73	241	72	228	79
Madison,	192	39	133	91	179	51	138	82	203	27	155	25	111	65
Montour,	90	36	86	42	93	34	78	48	87	35	82	33	46	53
Mount Pleasant,	55	26	29	59	38	48	28	60	36	55	33	52	6	71
Mifflin,	182	43	135	83	153	61	135	79	127	48	144	20	104	36
Orangeville	109	39	98	49	105	43	88	62	107	37	105	31	108	22
Paxton,	95	26	95	28	94	24	92	26	91	27	90	28	50	28
Roaring Creek,	186	92	182	91	185	90	187	78	188	51	185	87	73	143
Sugarloaf	120	18	84	46	83	48	68	68	79	44	81	42	121	5

RECAPITULATION.

David R. Porter,	2616		
Joseph Ritner,	1088	Majority,	1,528
David Petrikin,	2146		
William G. Hurley,	1480	Majority,	666
William Colt,	2367		
John Bowman,	1260	Majority,	1,117
John McHenry,	2076		
John Laubaugh,	1487	Majority,	567
Jeremiah Welliver,	2114		
William S. Davis,	1340	Majority,	774
Sebastian Hower,	2211		
Alexander Mears,	1115	Majority,	1,096
For the Amendments,	1556		
Against the Amendments,	1505	Majority,	50

The following Statement of the Votes polled for Governor, at the late election, we have gathered from the Harrisburg, and other papers from different portions of the State. Though not all official, yet we believe them nearly correct, and that the official majority will not vary much from that which we now give.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR. PORTER' Majority.	GOVERNOR. RITNER's Majority.	REPRESENTATIVES. Democrats.	REPRESENTATIVES. Federalists.
Adams,	1535	3310		2
Alleghany,		1466		4
Armstrong,	1271		1	
Beaver,		542		2
Bedford,	149		2	
Berks,	7101	3215	4	
Bradford,	1836	1621	1	
Bucks,	4553	4146	3	
Butler,		52		1
Cambria,	141			1
Centre,	1159		1	
Chester,	4537	4976		4
Clearfield,	278		1	
Columbia,	2616	1088	1	
Crawford,	423		2	
Cumberland,	430		2	
Dauphin,	2165	3843		2
Delaware,	1203	1731		1
Erie,		1212		2
Fayette,	2582	1931	2	
Franklin,	277		2	
Greene,	1768	1027	1	
Huntington,		919		2
Indiana,		418		1
Jefferson,	180		1	
Juniata,	1049	863		3
Lancaster,		3054		6
Lebanon,	1542	2227		1
Lehigh,	2460	2349	2	
Luzerne,	3132	2592		2
Lycoming,	2496	1555	1	
Mercer,		631		2
Mifflin,	185			
Monroe,	811			
Montgomery,	4558	3748	3	
K'Kean,	213			
Northampton,	1056		3	
Northumberland,	2144	1164	1	
Perry,	1914	882	1	
Philadelphia city,	3156	7203		7
Philadelphia county,	7982	6187	8	
Pike,	521	117	1	
Potter	263		1	
Schuylkill,	2271	1508	1	
Somerset,		1393		1
Susquehanna,	1231	1098	1	
Tioga,	573			
Union,		676		
Venango,	1149		1	
Warren,	300			
Washington,		51	3	
Wayne,	1062	538		
Westmoreland,	4561	2315	2	
York,	4196	3557	3	

Population.—Spain has an average of 63 individuals to the square mile, Scotland 72, Denmark 75, Massachusetts 78, Connecticut 73, Rhode Island 62, New York 44, New Jersey 28, Maryland 32, Pennsylvania 29, New Hampshire 28, Vermont 28, Ohio 29, South Carolina 18, Virginia 17, Tennessee 17, North Carolina 15, Maine 12, Indiana 18, Georgia 9, Alabama 6, Louisiana 5, Mississippi 3, Illinois 3, Missouri 2.

No go.—A young *lady* sentenced to "Blackwell's Island," New York, for six months, finding an empty coffin there on her arrival, jumped into it, and remaining until night, made her escape. She was retaken several days afterwards, and sent back.

"Ministers of the Gospel" are excluded from all civil offices in New York, by the Constitution.

Base attempt to hoax.—Some letter writer has stated without the least shadow of truth or presumption of its truth, that the Hon. Henry Clay, died recently at Cincinnati, from drinking cold water.

Resignation of Lord Durham.—We learn from the New York Journal of Commerce, that Durham has resigned his office as Governor General of the Canadas, in consequence of the proceedings of the British Parliament already noticed.—This important act was announced by his Lordship at Quebec on Saturday week, and as might have been expected, created much excitement.

Pencil marks may be rubbed from paper with the corner of a silk handkerchief, as well with a piece of India Rubber.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Oct. 1st. 1838.

Mr. Barkley Esq.	Paul Hopper
Samuel Beitleman,	Joseph Hopper,
John Bower,	John Ingram Esq.
Daniel Buss,	Samuel Jacoby,
John Caldwell,	Mr. Kahler,
Lew W. Coos,	Mark Klimer,
Joseph Coleman,	George Lmert,
Robert Cathcart,	John C. Morris,
John Cox,	Dr. Cahan Mayer,
D. M. Davis,	Joseph Maust,
Elizabeth Dunham,	Lewis H. Maus,
George W. Decker,	Col. John Parsel,
Isaac Driblebis,	Jane Rigg,
John Eadger,	John Richards Esq.
John Elliot, 2	Sidney S. Slater,
Rev. J. W. Eyer,	Moses Steerheer,
C. B. Fisher, 4	E. & M. Springer,
Joseph Fahr,	Jane Smith,
Daniel Gross Esq.	Ann Wynett,
Solomon Hackman,	Clara Wells,
Wm. G. Hurley Esq.	Sarah Washington,
William Hilborn,	George Zigler.
Abraham Houpt,	

49.

B. RUPERT, P. M.

Persons calling for letters on the above list, will please say they are advertised.

Bloomsburg 2. 1838.

PROSPECTUS

For a weekly newspaper to be published at Columbus, Luzerne county, Pa., under the name of the

LUZERNE & COLUMBIA REPORTER.

To satisfy a very natural enquiry in the mind of those who may be about to become the patrons of a new establishment of the kind here contemplated, viz: What are to be the political features of this paper?"—we unhesitatingly answer, the *most purely democratic*; the principles of Thomas Jefferson, will be recognised by the Editor, as the plat-form on which the political principles of the REPORTER will be based. The prominent measures of the administration of General Jackson, will find a ready defence in the columns of our paper, and present National Administration, will find in our columns as ready an advocacy.

Though we shall at all times aim at a temperate course, yet we shall never shrink from an unequivocal and fearless expression of our views upon the great topics which may at any time agitate our country.

THE REPORTER will be of the size of our largest country papers. The first number will be issued as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers shall be obtained to warrant the undertaking. To facilitate this object, every person holding a subscription paper is requested to make return to RUFUS BACON, at Columbus, Luzerne co., by the 25th of October, 1838.

TERMS OF THE REPORTER.

TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable semi-annually on the delivery of the first paper, and if not paid within the year, invariably, *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* will be charged. Subscribers will please designate the Post-Office or place to which their papers shall be forwarded.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THROUGH a lingering and irremediable desease, my health at length became so impaired, that I became unable to attend to all the requirements of my official duties.—By persuasion of my numerous friends, I consented at last to keep an apothecary, thinking it would be the most becoming, easiest for me to engage in at the present time; and since (or while) I have established a shop, I would humbly solicit the support of my friends and the public in general, on account of my great sickness. And especially, would I request the merchants of this place, to give me all possible chance of selling those articles belonging to my line of business, for which they may receive my sincere thanks. A few articles only which are to be found in my Health Emporium are advertised. There will be kept a constant supply of such articles as may be called for; but if per chance, a call should be made for such as I am not in possession of immediate preparation will be made in order to obtain them.

Further, do I earnestly invite Physicians of this place and its vicinity, to give me a call, as I intend to sell very reasonable.

There will be kept constantly on hand, all kinds of Medicines, Patent and others, warranted to be genuine. All kinds of Paints, Glass, Dye-stuff, &c. &c. Also a variety of Confectionaries, Raisons, Nuts, Herring, Sugar and Water Crackers, Oranges, Lemons, Figgs, Prunes, Perfumeries, &c. &c. All articles in the Health Emporium, I intend to sell cheaper than they can be bought at any other place in the county. Your Friend and well wisher.

D. S TOBIAS.

Health Emporium, Bloomsburg Sept. 22