

# To the polls!

## NEXT TUESDAY

Decides the question who shall govern the destinies of old Democratic Pennsylvania for the next three years—whether it be PORTER and DEMOCRACY, or RITNER and the FEDERAL BANK SHIN PLASTER PARTY. Let every democrat be at his post, and give his vote for the Democratic candidate for Governor, David R. Porter, and the county ticket as formed at Bloom.

### DEMOCRATS LOOK OUT.

The Ritnerites are at their old tricks of circulating forged letters from Democratic Standing Committees, and the State will no doubt be flooded on the day of the election with handbills, containing all manner of fraudulent and slanderous statements calculated to injure the election of the Democratic candidate for Governor, General Porter. Believe none of them.

P. S. We have just been informed that handbills have been seen in the hands of Ritner men, purporting to give a circular from the Democratic State Central Committee, WITHDRAWING THE NAME OF DAVID R. PORTER, and SUBSTITUTING JUDGE LEWIS.—If such are in circulation, we are warranted in pronouncing them a base forgery. Neither Gen. Porter, or his friends have any idea of withdrawing his name. He will stand the canvass, and be elected too, by an overwhelming majority. We say again, look out—this will not be the only attempt to deceive the democracy of the State; other and more desperate acts will be resorted to, to defeat the Democratic Candidate.

### THE AMENDED CONSTITUTION.

Let every man go to the polls with a determination to vote for the Amended Constitution. The Aristocracy will oppose it. The Democracy should support it. We say again, remember to vote for the Amended Constitution.

Every democrat should do his duty on Tuesday next. One vote may change the election. One single vote may change the destinies of the whole state for the next three years. Then let no democrat stay away from the polls, but be on the ground, and cast his vote and influence for Porter and democracy.

The investigating committee from Schuylkill have returned from Huntingdon county without coming to any mutual understanding with regard to the charges made against the character of Gen. Porter. The first charge investigated, was the assertion that Porter procured the postponement of the trial in the case of Porter vs. Campbell, for a libel, because he dare not come to trial.—After the testimony had been heard, the Ritner portion of the committee would privately acknowledge that Porter was not at fault, but would not make a public declaration to that effect. The democratic portion of the committee having become satisfied that their opponents would not acknowledge the truth, under any circumstances, abandoned the joint investigation as useless.

### Inspector's Election.

From all parts of the State, the news with regard to the Inspector's Election is most glorious for the cause of Porter and Democracy, and gives us assurance that our candidate will be elected by a majority of from 12 to 15000 majority. Huzzah for Porter and Democracy.

We would advise the "High Priest of Summersets" to reserve his "pity" for those that need it. We can do without it, and therefore do not wish him to bestow it on us; nor do we ask for any favors. We never asked for more than "fair play;" this we had the promise of—but it appears we were not to receive even this boon, unless we were willing to carry the "hod" for the wire-workers below. They must go above to find a man to do this dirty work them.

The "High Priest of Summersets" says "that a committee from Bloom waited on Maj. Colt, and requested him to be a candidate." Will the editor inform us who composed that committee, and from what meeting it emanated. The democracy of Bloom never heard of any such committee or any meeting for that purpose. Was your pimp, the Doctor, who assumes of late the control of a portion of the democracy of Bloom, the committee? We should like to know.

### KEEP AN EYE ON THE ENEMY.

The opposition have grown desperate, and every stragem that their ingenuity can invent, will be put in operation to defeat the will of the people. We therefore admonish our friends to be on the watch. Be not deceived by their falsehoods, nor turned aside from duty by their tricks.

We copy their following timely warnings from the Harrisburg papers:

#### TAKE CARE!

We have just been informed that the friends of Ritner have now prepared and printed for circulation, thousand of forged certificates of Porter's application for the benefit of the insolvent laws—with a schedule of his property annexed, showing that he did not return all his property. They pretend that it has just been discovered, and it purports to be authenticated with the seal of Bob Campbell, the prothonotary.

They have also a forged letter, purporting to be written by Porter to one of his friends, in which they make him state that he has secreted from his creditors enough of his property to begin this world again. These infamous forgeries are now in preparation, and will be secretly distributed throughout the state, to be scattered just a day or two before the election. Private agents, have been sent from Harrisburg within a few days probably freighted with these and other wicked calumnies, into all parts of the commonwealth. We call on our friends every where to be on the alert and to give publicly to this notice. After the evidence before the public, of the abandoned wickedness of the Ritnerites, we must believe that they will stop at nothing, that malice and villainy can devise. They have offices and bets trembling on the result. Democrats take care of the manufactures of perjured affidavits.—*Keystone.*

From the Locomotive Gazette.

Amid the deep and all absorbing excitement in relation to the coming election, for Governor, it would seem that all other subjects are lost in the vast interest which is taken in the struggle which awaits us,—and although all that is dear and sacred, in the minds of freemen is at stake, and the question of Monarchy or Democracy is at issue—a subject sufficient to agitate the mental energies of any mortals on earth—yet another matter of vital importance to the whole people of Pennsylvania presses upon us at this time and this occasion. I refer to the adoption of the amendments of the Constitution of our State. No man who reflects whether Democrat or Federal (for I take it that there are but two parties in existence now—for anti-masonry, whigism, Loco Focos &c. &c. all lost sight of,) and the grand division and denomination of parties which began in 1799—now mark well the distinction in point of principle as well as men—but that admits that the present Constitution is defective, and all admit that amendments and alterations are necessary; yet both parties find some fault with the present amendments and changes in the old one.

Yet it seems to me that there is one amendment which must satisfy all parties. It is the power of having future amendments by the united voice of the sovereign people. And if the convention had done nothing more it seems to me that the commonwealth could well afford to pay the expenses of the convention. But I think there are many of the alterations, which must meet the approbation of every candid reflecting mind. Some of these amendments vest more power in the hands of the people, a matter which is desired by all parties. That provision which gives to the people the power of electing Prothonotaries, Registers and Records, no party objects to, but all admit is a wise provision. There are some other provisions in which both parties agree.

Then let us unite and vote for the amendments.—And if after trying the influence and effect, of those amendments, they are defective, the remedy is at hand, it can be changed without the trouble, expense, and excitement of an election, and the assembling of a Convention. I have not time, nor is there space in your paper to describe fully all the various alterations which must add much to the welfare and glory of our commonwealth. It is sufficient that both parties agree that many of the changes will be beneficial to the people. Nor will it be possible to ever frame a Constitution which will please all:—if then a majority are favorable to some of the amendments, let every one who wishes for the prosperity of the Commonwealth go to the polls and vote for the Constitution.

#### A REFORMER

To the Independent Electors of Columbia County.

At the earnest solicitation of a large number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for

#### County Treasurer.

Should I be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with impartiality and correctness and with fidelity to your interest.

WILLIAM S. DAVIS.  
Derry, Sept. 21, 1838.

#### SAPONACEOUS COMPOUND

FOR SHAVING. This Compound has given satisfaction to thousand who have used it, and have found it better than any other shaving soap ever offered to the public. For sale at Tobias' Drug Store, Bloomsburg.

#### GRAIN,

And all kinds of country Produce, taken in payment for Newspapers, at this Office.

### GENERAL ELECTIONS

### PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections within this Commonwealth, passed the 6th day of February, 1799," it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give public notice of such elections to be holden, and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected: Therefore,

#### I WILLIAM KITCHEN

High Sheriff of the county of Columbia, do hereby give public notice to the Electors of said county of Columbia, that a

#### GENERAL ELECTION

Will be held in the said county, on Tuesday the 9th day of October next, at the several districts therefore as follows, to wit:

That part of Bloom Township,

Not included in the new Election district hereinafter mentioned, at the house of Charles Doebler, in Bloomsburg.

Brier Creek Township,

At the town house in Berwick

Cattawissa Township

At the house now occupied by Stacy Marjerum, in the town of Cattawissa.

Derry Township,

(a separate election district)

At the house of Jacob Seidel, in said township.

That part of Fishing Creek Township,

Not included in the new Election district hereinafter mentioned, at the house of Peeler, in said township.

Greenwood Township

At the house now occupied by Joseph Lemon.

Henlock Township,

At the house of John M Reynolds in said township.

Liberty Township,

At the house of Henry Gibson, in said township.

Limestone Township,

(a separate Election district)

At the Union school house, in said township.

Mahoning Township,

At the Court House in Danville.

Mifflin Township,

At the house of John Keller, Jr. in said township.

Madison Township,

At the house of Jeremiah Welliver, in Jerseytown.

That part of Mount Pleasant Township,

Not included in the new Election district hereinafter mentioned, at the house of Frederick Miller, in said township.

Mount Pleasant Township,

At the house of Leonard Lazarus, in said township.

Sugarloaf Township,

At the house of Ezekiel Cole, in said township.

Roaring Creek Township,

At the house of John Yeager, in said township.

The District

composed of parts of the townships of Bloom, Mount Pleasant, and Fishing creek, which by an act of the General Assembly, passed the 15th day of April, 1835, was established into a separate Election district, shall hold their election at the house now occupied by Isaac C. Johnson, in the town of Orangeville.

The District

composed of that part of Mifflin township, laid off for a new township, to be called "Paxton," which by an act of Assembly, passed the first day of April, 1835, was established into a separate election district at the house of Adam Michael in the said district.

At which time and places are to be elected by the freemen of the county of Columbia,

ONE PERSON

for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

ONE PERSON

for Member of Congress of the United States.

ONE PERSON

for member of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON

for Commissioner.

ONE PERSON

for county Treasurer

ONE PERSON

for county Auditor.

And whereas, in and by the same act of Assembly for regulating the General Elections of this Commonwealth, it is enacted, that the Inspectors of the General Elections shall be chosen by ballot on the Friday next preceding the first Tuesday in October, (being this year the 28th day of September) in each and every year, at such place in each town, ward or district, as the citizens have generally met for that purpose, public notice of which shall be given by the constable or constables, by six or more written or printed advertisements, at least one week before the said day; and the election shall be opened between two and three o'clock in the afternoon by the said constable or constables, to be assisted by two qualified citizens.

And it is also required that the Inspectors be at the place of the district each, on the day of the general election aforesaid, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required by the said recited act.

By the first section of an act passed by the State Legislature, on the second of April, 1821, it is thereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the several qualified electors who shall vote at any general or special election within this commonwealth, shall give to the Inspectors of such election separate tickets for each station or office voted for, which shall contain no more than the proper number of names; but no ticket shall be rejected by the Judges of the election in counting off the votes, should the same contain fewer names than the proper number, those for sheriffs and coroners excepted.

And whereas by an act of the General Assembly, passed the second day of April, 1831, it is enacted, that it shall be the duty of the Sheriff or Coroner, as the case may be, to give public notice at the same time, and in the same manner, and under the same penalty, that he is now required to give notice of any general or special election, that every person who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of the United States; and also, that every member of Congress, in his incapacity of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge Inspector, or clerk of any election in this state,—of which all the electors are hereby notified and required to govern themselves accordingly.

The returns judges for the several election districts of the county of Columbia, will meet at the court

house in Danville, in the said county, on Friday, the 12th day of October next.

By the fourth section of an act passed the 2d day of April, 1832,

The Judges of the election in each county or district, erected into a separate district, after having formed the return of the whole election in said county or district, in such a manner as is by law directed, shall within six days, cause said return to be deposited in the office of the Prothonotary of said county or district, and shall also cause a duplicate thereof, signed and sealed in the same manner as the said return, under a sealed cover, directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be placed forthwith in the nearest post office or to be otherwise, within twenty days, safely delivered to him, and they shall also transmit to each of the persons elected a certificate of the returns of his election.

WILLIAM KITCHEN, Sheriff.  
Sheriff's Office Danville,  
September 7th 1838.

### PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Convention to propose Amendments to the Constitution, have agreed upon sundry Amendments to be submitted to the people of this Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection: Now therefore in pursuance of the provisions in such case made in and by an act of the General Assembly, passed the 29th day of March, A. D. 1836, and of authority given by said convention:

#### Notice is hereby Given,

That an election will be held in the several townships and districts of the said county of Columbia on the said second Tuesday of October next, (being the day for holding the General Elections of the Commonwealth) for the ratification or rejection of the said Amendments to the constitution. The Judges and Inspectors of said election are required to receive tickets either printed or written from citizens qualified to vote, and to deposit them in a box or boxes, to be for that purpose provided by the proper officers, which tickets shall be labelled on the outside "amendments," and those who are favorable to the amendments may express their desire by voting each a printed or written ticket, or ballot, containing the words, "For the Amendments;" and those who are opposed to such amendments may express their opposition by voting each a printed written ticket or ballot containing the words—"Against the Amendments."

Given under my hand and seal at Danville, the 7th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and the sixty-second year of the independence of the United States of America.

WM. KITCHEN, Sheriff.  
Sheriff's Office, Danville,  
September, 7th 1838.

## Take Notice

The subscriber has left his Book accounts and Notes in the hands of Iddings Barkley, Esq. for collection. All persons indebted will please call immediately and settle, or there will be cost, as delays are dangerous.

C. B. FISHER.

## For Sale.

One Two Horse Wagon, and a Sled with Cast Shoes, both nearly new, which will be sold Cheap at easy terms; by calling on

IDDINGS BARKLEY.

#### TO THE PUBLIC.

THROUGH a lingering and irremediable disease, my health at length became so impaired, that I became unable to attend to all the requirements of my official duties.—By persuasion of my numerous friends; I consented at last to keep an apothecary, thinking it would be the most becoming, easiest for me to engage in at the present time; and since (or while) I have established a shop, I would humbly solicit the support of my friends and the public in general, on account of my great sickness. And especially, would I request the merchants of this place, to give me all possible chance of selling those articles belonging to my line of business, for which they may receive my sincere thanks. A few articles only which are to be found in my Health Emporium are advertised. There will be kept a constant supply of such articles as may be called for; but I per chance, a call should be made for such as I am not in possession of immediate preparation will be made in order to obtain them.

Further, do I earnestly invite Physicians of this place and its vicinity, to give me a call, as I intend to sell very reasonable.

There will be kept constantly on hand, all kinds of Medicines, Patent and others, warranted to be genuine. All kinds of Paints, Glass, Dye-stuff, &c. &c. Also a variety of Confectionaries, Raisons, Nuts, Herring, Sugar and Water Crackers, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, Perfumeries, &c. &c. All articles in the Health Emporium, I intend to sell cheaper than they can be bought at any other place in the county. Your Friend and well wisher.

D. S. TOBIAS,  
Health Emporium, Bloomsburg Sept. 23

#### NEW GOODS.

#### THE LATEST ARRIVAL

JUST received, and for sale at the ARCADE, in Bloomsburg, a fresh supply of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, RICE, BAND IRON, BAR IRON, SPRING STEEL, CAROLINA MOSS, &c. &c.

Inquire at the store of  
RUPERT & BARTON.  
August 11, 1838.

#### TAMMARINDS,

To make a pleasant drink for sick people. For sale at D. S. TOBIAS' Health Emporium.

#### LEMON SIRUP

WHICH answers the same purpose as the Lemons do. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium Bloomsburg.