



BLOOMSBURG: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1838.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR: GEN. DAVID R. PORTER. (OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.)

Delegate Meeting.

The Democratic Electors of Columbia County, will meet at their respective places of holding the General Election, on SATURDAY, the first day of September ensuing, between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and elect TWO DELEGATES, in each election district, to meet at the house of Daniel Gross, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 3d day of September, to form a Ticket to be supported by the Democratic party at the ensuing General Election.

HUGH McELRATH, WM. J. IKELER, SEBASTIAN HOWER. Standing Committee. July 30, 1838.

DELEGATE MEETING.

Remember that this day, (Saturday, the first day of September,) between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon, is the time appointed by the Standing Committee of the county, for the meeting of the democratic electors of the several election districts at the places of holding their general election, to elect two delegates to attend a County Convention to be held at the house of Daniel Gross, in Bloomsburg, the Monday following, to form a county ticket. The place of meeting for Bloom district, is at the house of CHARLES DOEBLER in Bloomsburg. It is hoped that every democrat will attend that a fair expression of the voice of the county may be had at the general convention.

The Intelligencer says, that "the allusions of the Democrat to our opposition to regular nominations was expected," and acknowledges that he has "rebelled" after the ticket was formed, but gives as an excuse, that the federalists had interfered in its formation. Was this true? Did the federalists aid in the nomination of John Rhodes, or did they ever support him? or rather, was it not a fact, that they did, in conjunction with the editor of the Intelligencer, oppose him, both before and after the nomination, and by the union succeed in defeating him? Was Hugh McWilliams or John Fruit nominated through the influence of federalists, or were they supported by them? Every individual in the county knows to the contrary. But there is still another case. Who was instrumental in procuring the nomination of Dr. Petrikin at the time he was opposed by the Intelligencer? Was it the federalists? Will he acknowledge that the Doctor was as much a favorite with the federalists then, as he was two years ago, when two thirds of that party in the county, not only "interfered" in procuring his nomination, but sustained him afterwards by their influence and votes? If so, where was the editor's pure high minded democracy, that shone so conspicuously during his opposition to the Doctor, at the former election, and which now shudders at the bare thought of a candidate having a friend in the federal ranks, when he was advocating his election to Congress in 1837? Smothered—smothered—for the scene was shifted—the Doctor could pay well for assistance—the editor's conscience quieted—and the sin of receiving federal support pardoned by this High Priest of Summets. He has always acted upon the ground that he alone possesses the power of determining who is, and who is not the candidate of the democratic party—who shall and who shall not receive the support of the federalists, and yet be entitled to be called a democrat; but we cannot believe but that his twistings and turnings has lost him the confidence of the democratic party, his vauntings to the contrary notwithstanding. Nor can we be made to believe that the democracy of Columbia will permit this man to proscribe whom he pleases, or allow him to dictate to them who they shall nominate and support hereafter. There is too much stern integrity in the democracy of the county for them to be made subservient to his whims and caprices.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN KLINE, of Sugarloaf, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Columbia County.

We received too late for our last paper, the requests to announce the names of MICHAEL SANDERS, of Mahoning, and E. G. RICKETTS, of Orangeville, as candidates for Treasurer of Columbia county.

MILITARY.

By an advertisement in our paper it will be perceived that a "Military Muster" will be held at the Hotel of Robert Hagenbout, in Seidletown, on Saturday the 15th inst. consisting of several volunteer companies. From the known military character of the commanders, and the spirit of the soldiers, we anticipate a review worth seeing. In addition to the Military, there will probably be a grand display of candidates, organizing and drilling their forces for the coming contest, which will add much to the bustle and interest of the day, and draw together a large collection of people. Go and receive your share.

The "Berwick Sentinel" calls J. McReynolds "a federalist." The editor having met with a sudden conversion within a few days, we enquired of a friend at our elbow if he knew the cause. He suggested that it might have been something tangible or perhaps spiritual, received during court week, that had produced so miraculous a change in his views of matters and things. But we will not impute it to such an influence. We would rather show him more leniency, and throw over it the mantle of charity, by attributing it to a spirit of obedience engrafted into his constitution, of which we have heretofore seen a specimen.

The Intelligencer says that it is not "handcuffed,"—we will add that it is not "chained." It is too constantly turning summersets on the "spring-board," to allow time to do either.

Our neighbor of Danville, says that we are "reserved" as to a candidate for Congress. He will find, we think, that we have been too "un-reserved" for a time past, to suit his interest, or that of his master.

Three of the five boys convicted at Danville of a loathsome crime, during the last court, have been sentenced to the house of Refuge until 21 years of age—one to the Penitentiary for 3 years—and the other remanded to the county prison, under the belief that he labors under a natural imbecility of mind.

The Intelligencer talks about "open, honest and fair dealing," as if he was in the habit of practising them himself. Why, man, you was never even "suspected" of doing so, and no one will believe that you have abandoned your old tricks as sudden as your satellite at the other end of the county, abandoned a man, whom, previous to court week, he pledged himself to support as a good democrat, if nominated. It cannot be possible. Hardly a year has rolled round since you defeated almost the entire democratic ticket, by "deceit and stealth." You will not be trusted again.—Dont grumble.

THE MURDER CASE.

We neglected to mention last week, that the new trial of the two Gilligans, before Luzerne county court, for the murder of McComb on the Lehigh, terminated in their acquittal.

Awful Accident.—On Sunday last an interesting son of William Bosbyshell, Esq., of Port Carbon, aged about three years, was burned to death. His parents were at church, and had left their son in charge of a nurse, whose carelessness permitted him to play with the fire, which communicated to his clothing, and no assistance could be rendered until the vital spark had left its mangled frame, and ascended to those realms where the supreme joys more than counterbalance all the tortures endured in this world. This is a sad bereavement to the deoting parents, and a cause of great sympathy to those who have enjoyed the playful smiles of the deceased innocent.—Emporium.

Seventeen boxes of gold containing \$433,000, has been furnished by the United States Band of Pennsylvania, to the Exchange Bank of Virginia, and payment received in Treasury Notes.

It is stated that there are 400,000 feathers upon the wing of a silk worm moth, and that by one doubting the truth of the statement, you easily satisfy himself by counting them.

[Perilous Balloon Descent.

EASTON, AUG. 13. On Saturday last, 11th inst., at 10 minutes before 12 o'clock, I ascended, with my parachute balloon accompanied with small parachutes and animals, from the spacious yard of the Washington Hotel, kept by Mr. Connor and as soon as I attained the height of 2000 feet, I detached the conical parachute with its occupant, which landed in safety near the Lafayette College; by that time I rose several thousand feet more, when I detached my oiled silk parachute, which experiment was to decide the certainty and safety of my parachute balloon—it did not descend with that uniform velocity as the first. I, however, concluded that the experiment would not be hazardous, if not disagreeable. I also was satisfied, by former descents, that a balloon as soon as it became flaccid, would invert, in a rapid descent.—When I attained an altitude of about 13,000 feet the balloon became fearfully expanded, causing a loud hissing from the small tube at the bottom, through which the valve rope passed, giving me warning that unless I opened my safety valve, the balloon must rupture; at this critical moment I became somewhat excited as I looked over the side of my car and saw the vivid flashes of lightning passing from one cloud to another.—The thunder gust was moving from S. W. to N. E., and my vessel, at this time was sailing swiftly from N. W. towards S. E., passing New Village and Asbury.

I looked at my time-piece, and found it 20 minutes past 2, and as I was returning it to my pocket the balloon exploded! Although I had confidence in my apparatus, I must admit that it was a moment of awful suspense, the gas rushed from the balloon with a noise resembling the approach of a hurricane, and as I fell through the air it whistled through the net work like unto a strong north wester through the rigging of a ship. I cast my eyes to the balloon and found my expectations realized. It assumed the form of a concave hemisphere, falling rapidly without any vibratory motion until I reached the lower strata of air, which was blowing a sharp gale from the south.—When the parachute commenced its first vibrations, drifting me northward, making a vibration about every ten seconds, which now made the descent very unpleasant, every motion causing a sensation similar to that of a person dreaming they fall (I make the comparison because I consider it a general affliction, as it frequently occurs to myself.) The wind from the south drifted me about three miles before I approached the earth, and made my landing much harder than it would have been in a calm atmosphere.—As I neared the earth I threw over all my ballast, which put me off my guard, and as my car struck the earth obliquely, it bounced me out about ten feet, lightly bruising my shoulders. I sprang on my feet quickly to see it collapse, but it had fell alongside of me. I now stood gazing with astonishment first at the parachute, then at the car, which had turned bottom upwards. I next cast my eyes to the fleeting clouds through which I was sailing but three minutes before, and now I was standing on terra firma, congratulating myself on the result of my experiment, which I intend soon to repeat. I landed on the farm of Mr. Elijah Warne, about 10 miles from Easton and got the assistance of Mr. Warne and his neighbors, who were watching the descent of the parachute, little thinking that a human being accompanied it.

Easton, Aug. 11, 1838. J. WISE.

Anecdote for the Ladies.—The prison report of Connecticut, among other things, contains a short exposition of the difficulties and vexation which the officers of the prison have to encounter in the government of the four female convicts under their care, and the directors most ungallantly assert that those four make more trouble than the whole remaining ninety-three convicts of the other sex. But not content with this, they repeat a remark made to them, as they pretend, by the superintendent of the Auburn State Prison. "I have (says he) under my care about four hundred and fifty male prisoners, and nine females: and I could cheerfully undertake the care of an additional four hundred and fifty men to be rid of the nine women." What a brute!!!

From the St. Louis Republican.

Important From the Frontier.

We are informed that an important despatch has been forwarded by Major Mason of Fort Gibson, to General Gaines, the Commander of this Division. The substance of this communication is, that the Cherokees have built a council house, which is said to be considerably larger than any heretofore erected by any tribe of Indians. They have sent messengers with the black and red wampum, to all the tribes from the Red River to the Sacs and Foxes on the Mississippi—bidding the Kansas and Osages—inviting them to meet in council at Cherokee Council House in September next. The movement is believed to be but an incipient step to further difficulties, and had with a view of enticing and uniting all the tribes along the frontier in such measures as may be adopted. They have proceeded with caution and secrecy in the measure, and have endeavored to keep all their proceedings from the knowledge of their agents and of the officers of the posts. The time proposed for holding the council is sufficiently late to admit of the emigrating Cherokees reaching their country. All the information elicited goes to confirm the opinion expressed some time ago by

General Arbuckle, of the hostile intentions of several of the tribes, though it is not believed that any movement is intended by them until the opening of spring.

General Gaines, we are told, has forwarded the despatch of Major Mason to the proper department, with a request that he be permitted to attend the Council with an armed force. This would probably be the most effectual means to awe them into a compliance with their duty, and effectually prevent the formation of any plans for a general and united rising. It is greatly to be desired that his request should be granted.

From The Nashville (Tenn.) Banner, August 18. Important From the Frontier.

We learn from an authentic source that the Cherokee West of the Mississippi, have invited all the braves of the principal tribes, Osage and Cansas, residing near our Western frontier North of the Red river to meet them in council in the Cherokee country on the Illinois river, about ten or fifteen miles above the mouth of the Barren fork, on or about the 14 of September next. The object of the council in excluding the Osages and Kansas was not known. A runner was sent by the Cherokees with the wampum and talk to the Senecas and other small tribes in that vicinity, from them it was carried to the Shawnees, Delaware and Kickapoo near Fort Leavenworth. A Kickapoo runner then started with the wampum, two strings, the one black the other white, to the Sacs, Iowas, &c. No doubt was entertained that the object was to make a simultaneous attack on the settlements of Arkansas and Missouri. We may expect prompt measures from the proper authorities to ward off the intended blow.

Blackberry Sirup is recommended in the Philadelphia Focus, as an excellent proscriptio for the Summer Complaint; dose from a tea-spoonful to a wine glass, according to the age of the patient; to be repeated until relief is obtained. The recipe is as follows:

To two quarts of juice of blackberries, add one pound of loaf sugar, half an ounce of nutmegs, half an ounce of cinnamon, pulverized, quarter of an ounce of cloves, half an ounce of allspice, do. boil all together for a short time, and when cold add a pint of fourth proof brandy.

More Affidavits—More Perjury.

The opposition papers are publishing as the last batch No. 1, the affidavit of John Stonebreaker, who proves that his father, who we suppose is dead, assisted David R. Porter, in committing acts which would have sent them both to the Penitentiary, if they had been convicted of them—and that he and his brother knew of them. Now all we have to say, is, that the man who would believe the oath of one, who will voluntarily, in a political controversy, come forward and blacken the reputation of his FATHER, whether dead or alive, is destitute of either common sense or common honesty, and ought to be promoted in a party whose weapons of warfare, are CORRUPTION, SLANDER, BRIBERY and PERJURY. No honest man of any party, will for a moment give credit to either the oath of Stonebreaker, Sturgeon, Peggy Beaty, or any other of their worthy compeers, in affidavit making.—Keystone.

A new emission of one dollar City Corporation notes, new plate altered to three's are in circulation. They are well done and calculated to deceive. The city have not in their loan issued any larger than one dollar.—Foetus.

A Small Mistake.—The friends of Gov. Ritner made a small mistake when they calculated upon reaping any thing like a crop of popularity for him in this county by telling our Germans that a man who they say was drunk called the Governor a "Dutch Hog," as they doubt the truth of this assertion, and they do not think that the whole party should be blamed with the act of one of its members. Nor have they forgotten that Gov. Ritner gave the highest office in York county to James R. Reily, who said that some of our German farmers "only wanted horns to make them oxen." We dare them to deny it.—York Press.

The latest Arrival of NEW GOODS.

JUST received, via the Canal from Philadelphia, in addition to their former stock of goods, Molasses, Sugar and Rice, 500 bushels of Salt, 7 Tons of Iron, consisting of Wagon Tire of various sizes, square and horse shoe bars, &c. All for sale at the lowest possible prices at their store in Bloomsburg. Wm. McKELVY & Co. Sept. 1, 1838.

TAMMARINDS, To make a pleasant drink for sick people. For sale at D. S. TOBIAS' Health Emporium.

LEMON SIRUP WHICH answers the same purpose as the Lemons do. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium Bloomsburg.

ORANGES and different kinds of Raisins all kinds of nuts, all kinds of mint sticks &c. &c. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium Bloomsburg.

TOOTH POWDER, FOR SALE AT Tobias' Health Emporium, Bloomsburg.

Military Notice.

The members of the Independent Troop, are notified to meet at the Hotel of Robert Haugbout, at McDowell's Mill, on Saturday, the 15th of September, at 10 o'clock, A. M. with arms accoutrements, as the law directs, for parade and drill. M. McDOWELLS, Capt. N. B. It is expected that in addition to the Troop, the Briereck Rifle Company, and the Bloomsburg Infantry and Artillery, will meet at the above time and place.

Bloomsburg Rangers.

You are hereby commanded to meet at the house of John McReynolds, in Herklot township, on Saturday, the 15th of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. lawfully equip for drill and exercise. N. B. An Appeal will be held for the fourth July, by order of the Captain. DANIEL ROAT, C. S.

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUND

FOR SHAVING. This Compound has given satisfaction to thousands who have used it, and have found it better than any other shaving soap ever offered to the public. For sale at Tobias' Drug Store, Bloomsburg.

Gentlemen and Ladies, Look Here. ROSE Tooth Paste and Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash, for cleaning and preserving the Teeth and Gums and cleaning the mouth, for sale at TOBIAS' Health Emporium.

Ladies and Gentlemen please read this. ODORIFEROUS Persian Scent Bag, for laying in Drawers, Wardrobes, Trunks &c. communicating its pleasant perfume to the linens, laces, &c. and keeping away the moth. For sale at Tobias' Warehouse in Bloomsburg.

Take Notice.

PERSONS interested in the navigation of the Susquehanna river, are hereby informed, that in consequence of the erection of a Dam and Sluice in the river at Columbia, the falling channel near that town will remain closed until the 1st of October, unless the progress of the work should justify an earlier opening of the sluice, in which case due notice will be given. EDWARD F. GAY, Chief Engineer Susquehanna Canal, August 4, 1838.

Keystone and Intelligencer, Harrisburg; Miltonian, Milton; Gazette, Williamsport; Advocate, Wilkesbarre; Intelligencer, Danville; Democrat, Bloomsburg; and Aurora Borealis, Towanda, publish the above three times, send one paper to end charge this office.

NEW GOODS.

THE LATEST ARRIVAL. JUST received, and for sale at the ARCADE, in Bloomsburg, a fresh supply of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, RICE, BAND IRON, BAR IRON, SPRING STEEL, CAROLINA MOSS, &c. &c. Inquire at the store of RUPERT & BARTON, August 11, 1838.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF EVANS' Camomile Pills. Brandegee's Pills. Laidy's Pills. For sale by D. S. TOBIAS, Bloomsburg.

NEW ARRIVAL.

JUST received a new supply of Fresh Mackerel, Good assortment of Calicoes, Palm Leaf Hats, Bale of Carolina Moss, Spring, Stork and Waggon Tire, Saddlery, &c. and for sale by WM. McKELVY & Co. Bloomsburg, July 14.

BRICK!

OF a good quality, by 10-100-1000 or 10000—fresh burnt, and lying near the Canal.—For sale by HENRY WELLS. Bloomsburg, June 2, 1838.

LOOK HERE, DYERS AND PAINTER.

If you want to Buy CHEAP. CAM Wood, grounds, Chrom. Green, Drop Lake; C. Fastic; Logwood; Madder; Spanish Brown, for sale at Tobias' Health Emporium, Bloomsburg.

Don't Suffer too much!—Here is Remedy! File Ointment.

IT almost immediately removes the pains and allays the inflammation, and by attending to the all directions, the sufferer will be speedily relieved from the unpleasant affection. Call at Tobias' Health Emporium, Bloomsburg.

TO PARENTS. CARMINATIVE OR INFANT DROPS.

THIS valuable Medicine is a certain cure for young children, in cholica, coarctations, restlessness, griping, disordered bowels, green stools, sour vomitings, &c. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium, Bloomsburg.

Astonishing Facts. A certain Remedy for the Fever and Ague.

WARRANTED a prompt and effectual cure. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium, Bloomsburg.

Improved American Seidlitz Powders.

HOLD in high estimation for indigestion, heart burn and bilious affections. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium, Bloomsburg. RED and White Chalk—Hoel Ball for Shoemakers—Pumice stone. For sale at Tobias' Health Emporium Bloomsburg.