



BLOOMSBURG:
SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1838.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION
FOR GOVERNOR:
GEN. DAVID R. PORTER.
(OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.)

Appointment by the Governor.
James Donaldson, jr. to be Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts of Columbia County, vice, James Donaldson, sr. resigned.

There is no subject which now agitates this nation, that strikes so directly at its peace, happiness and union, as that of the "immediate abolition of all slaves." It involves the right of property, guaranteed to the citizens of our republic at the adoption of our constitution. The right of holding slaves was adhered to by the South, at that time, with such tenacity, that neither the fear of a final separation, or of being subjugated by a foreign power, could induce them to relinquish it. For the South refused all propositions from the North, for a union, upon any other terms than a guarantee of this right to them; and, in consequence, the North pledged not only their own honor, but virtually that of their posterity, that they should forever remain in its undisturbed possession. Shall this pledge be now broken in the days of our prosperity? or is it to be expected that the South will give up in their strength what they would not grant in their weakness? No—there is too much honor in the North for this one, and too much chivalry and independence of spirit in the South for the other, even if there were no other considerations involved. Yet we have among us men, who appear to be not only willing to break that pledge, thus solemnly given, to insure our existence as a nation, but to throw us into a state of anarchy, civil war and blood shed, merely because they are in favor of a measure, that every one would gladly see brought about, could means be devised by which it could be effected, that would not subject us to a greater evil than slavery itself. Many of the southern slaveholders are as decided advocates of emancipation as the most strenuous abolition lecturer can possibly be. All the difference is, that the one, from personal experience, knows that it cannot be effected immediately, but that it must be the work of time; while the other, without any regard to the consequences, advocates immediate abolition.

That there may be, and undoubtedly there are some, who take part with the abolitionists, from pure disinterested motives, through a mistaken zeal to aid in ameliorating the condition of the slaves, and from the fact of their not being thoroughly acquainted with the subject, but the leaders of the party, have no such excuse. They know the consequences, and yet pursue their reckless course with a zeal worthy of a more honorable cause. It is certainly creditable to the citizens of the non-slaveholding states that, notwithstanding their feelings are strongly in favor of emancipation, and would do every thing they could to effect it consistent with their duty to their country, they have generally discountenanced these fanatics in their base attempt to create a spirit of hatred and animosity between the north and the south. They have rebuked them in such a manner, that any set of men, who had not sinister designs in view, would consider as a sufficient admonition to refrain from any attempt to enforce their principles upon the public.—All who value the union and desire the welfare of the slaves of the south, should oppose the dissemination of the disorganizing principles of the abolitionists; for be assured, that their acts tend to bind still closer the chains of slavery, and it may be asserted, without fear of contradiction, that if ever the Union is dissolved, one of the main causes will be the agitation of the slave question.

Lynn Banks, Democrat, has been elected to Congress, from Virginia, in place of Mr. Patton, and the federal whig candidate, Mr. Slaughter, defeated.

It is asserted, in a neighboring print that in 1832, David R. Porter encouraged betting on the election of Gov. Wolf, by making heavy bets himself; and that his friends lost, while he saved by hedging on the opposition candidate. Now this is going farther than we supposed even a whig editor would go. Claim that Rittner was elected Governor after his opponent had occupied the chair for his full term. Why man this will never do. The whig victories you have blazoned forth lately have made you crazy.—You must not think you can make the people believe that Rittner was elected in 1832, because he obtained a plurality of votes in 1835.

It has been the practice of the whig editors, for years past, to announce whig victories in all elections, before the full returns had been received, no matter what the democratic majority might be; but it has been left for our erudite neighbor to give us the intelligence, that Wolf was not elected governor in 1832. Bring forward proof neighbor. You may possibly invalidate the acts of Gov. Wolf during his last three years' administration.

We last week gave a heart rending account of the explosion of the boiler of a steam boat at Cincinnati, Ohio. Later accounts, which we publish to day, represent the accident still more severe and appalling. Instead of the loss of 125 lives, as first given, it is now stated that there were not less than 200 or 250 perished. We also publish the account of another steamboat explosion on the Mississippi, by which from 70 to 90 persons were killed. Both accidents are stated to have been caused by carelessness and mismanagement on the part of the commandants.

Cannot Congress do something to render less dangerous this mode of travelling? It certainly has the power, and why shall not that power be exercised? and not allow every ignorant worthless scoundrel, who aspires to the command of a steamboat, to trifle with the lives of his fellow beings for the sake of gain or notoriety.

The stockholders of the Cattawissa Bridge Company held an Election on Monday the 7th inst. when Col. Joseph Paxton was elected President of the board of managers. Ezra S. Hayhurst, Esq. Secretary and Treasurer. Joseph Erobst, Esq. Stephen Baldy, Esq. Benjamin Boone, William McKelvy, Casper Hartman and George H. Willits, managers.

The May Number of the United States Magazine and Democratic Review is now before us, and we venture to say that none of the numerous periodicals of the day are more worthy of public patronage, than this. The present number is entirely original, and gives us a proof that the publishers are determined to keep up the interest which their Magazine has heretofore produced.

The Gentlemen's Magazine for May, has been received, and we have read its contents with considerable interest. It is one of the cheapest miscellaneous publications that now flood the country, and no lover of light reading should be without it.

From late accounts we learn, that the Congress of Texas, have passed the following resolution:

Resolved unanimously.—That the President be requested to have the petition of annexation to the United States immediately withdrawn.

Our Prospects.—Every day brings us the pleasing intelligence, (says the Keystone,) that our cause is gaining in Pennsylvania, and assure us that General Porter will be elected by the old fashioned democratic majority. The ferocity with which he is assailed by the opposition press, is a proof that they are alarmed, while the opposite and calm course of the democratic presses shows that they are sure of victory. Joseph Rittner, the slim plaster Governor, slipped in by a minority vote; his act and measures have been condemned at every election since. His own party have, at every session of the Legislature, passed censures upon him and his stupidity, by reversing his votes, and hundreds and thousands of those who voted for him will do so no more. His doom is fixed.

Mr. Parris, (democrat) has been elected to Congress from the Oxford District, Maine, in the place of Mr. Carter. His majority is probably between 300 and 400.

The Original Charter of the state of Pennsylvania has been framed, covered with glass, and placed for the inspection of visitors, in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

How is it?—The Banks of Philadelphia suspended the payment of specie, about a year since, because the banks of N. York had done so, and to prevent the specie in the country from being shipped to Europe. Now, instead of specie being sent out of the country it is coming into it by millions, and the banks of New York have resumed the payment of specie; and how is it, that the Banks of Philadelphia cannot do likewise? This is a question which a people suffering under the most worthless, disgraceful and villainous rag-currency the world ever saw, will and ought to ask. The reasons assigned by Mr. Biddle are not satisfactory to all his friends, and much less so to the people at large.—Chambersburg Repository.

DEPARTURE OF THE SIRIUS.

The steam packet Sirius departed from New York for Portsmouth and London, at 1 o'clock on Tuesday, May 1st. She had 50 passengers on board. It is stated that on heaving the log in the neighborhood of Sandy Hook, she made full nine knots an hour. In noticing the departure, the New Era says:

"About a hundred yards from the outer wharf of Castle Garden lay the Sirius, with her ensigns displayed at her mast head, and the steam hissing out at the waste pipe, while scores of our gay club boats kept shooting around her dark hull, and numerous dashing skiffs belonging to the Whitehall boatmen were hanging on to her quarter, waiting for parties that had gone on board to take a last farewell of some of the many passengers bound to the eastward on this new sort of exploring expedition. Shortly after 12 o'clock, one of the Brooklyn ferry boats went along side with the letter bags, and after a brief interval, during which we could see the merry tars engaged in getting their anchor apeak, the ferry boat sheered off, and those on board sent up a cheer that made the welkin ring again, which was replied to by those on board the steamer with increased effect if possible."

Notions of Freedom.—A Swedish Captain, named Bolin, commander of the Gasparus, now in port, had some of his seamen arrested for what he called an attempt to desert. He was struck with wonderful amazement, that the magistrates could not entertain such a complaint. The Swedish consul seemed also surprised at such a decision, but an old Swede, who was in the police court at the time, could scarcely contain himself. "Libertish," said he, "is his coat, it is very well; but not too moosh; too moosh is bad, very bad. Dey have in this countrish too moosh libertish. Very bad."

During the twenty days preceding the 12th ult. there had been 13 Indian murders in the vicinity of Jacksonville.

A salmon weighing 22 lbs. was sold in the Fulton market, New York, on Friday 4th inst. for \$45.

Cucumbers have made their appearance in the New York markets.

General Jackson was on a visit to his friends in Nashville, on the 20th inst. He was in improved health.

Reciprocating Favors.—Christians in the Sandwich Islands, have established a monthly concert to pray for the American heathens!

On Tuesday last, a bill for the establishment of a Territorial Government over the Indians who have been sent west of the Mississippi, passed the Senate of the United States, by a vote of 38 to 6.

The out-fit of Lord Durham, Governor General of Canada, is said to be of the most costly description: £15,000 have already been expended on plate and china, and other arrangements are made on a corresponding scale of magnificence.—It will be worth a trip to Canada this summer, to take a lesson in style.

The Governor of the state of Massachusetts has signed the license bill. After the first of July next, no license for the sale of spirituous liquors will be granted in Massachusetts.

According to the technicalities of hard drinking, this can scarcely be called a "blue law," though it may cause some noses which now bloom like Bardolph's famed proboscis, to change a dull purple. People who now desire to bidate spiritously in Massachusetts, cannot purchase a small glass of a less dimension than a fifteen gallon keg—such are the provisions of the new law.—Pennsylvanian.

The chain bridge across Wills Creek, in Cumberland, Allegheny county, gave way at the western abutment last week, and the whole structure fell into the stream below. There were several persons on it at the time but escaped unhurt.

The canal and railroad tolls received on the Pennsylvania improvements, up to the 21st of April, amounted to \$335,257, being \$22,000 more than were received up to the same time last year.

The market people of Boston refuse all shin plasters under a dollar, from their customers.

HYMENIAL.

MARRIED—On Monday, April 30th, by the Rev. James Kay, Charles Pleasants, Esq. to Miss Eliza Priestly Bellas, daughter of Hugh Bellas, Esq. all of Sunbury.

OBITUARY.

DIED—On Friday, April 13th, in North White Hall, Lehigh co. Loran, infant and only son of Jeremiah Shindle, late of this place, in the third year of his age.

On Saturday morning last in Cattawissa township, Thomas Wilson, aged about 76 years.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE to the PRINTING BUSINESS. A smart active lad, from 14 to 16 years of age, will receive good encouragement, upon application at this office.

NEW GOODS.



THE subscribers have just received, at their old establishment, in Bloomsburg, a new and general assortment of Goods, laid in with great care, and suitable for the present and approaching seasons; which, with their former stock, they flatter themselves, presents a various choice of goods as can be had in any part of the country, and which they are disposed to part with at the lowest price for Cash or in exchange for Country Produce.—Their Stock of

DRY GOODS

consists of all varieties of the manufactures of Silk, Flax, Cotton, and Wool, and their numerous combinations, in England, France and America.

Superfine, Fine, Common, and Coarse Cloths, Cassimers and Sattinets;

Cotton Goods from the Coarsest to the Finest texture; among the latter an assortment of French Chintzes, Muslins and Calicoes of new and superb patterns, Silks and Silk Vestings, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, &c. Irish Linens, dressed and undressed, French Linens and brown Hollands.

Groceries & Liquors,

Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Tea, Spices of all kinds several kinds and qualities of Brandy, Spirits, Rum, Whiskey, Wine and Molasses.

HARDWARE.

Knives and Forks, Cutlery, Saddlery, Coach and Wagon mountings and trimmings, Scythes, Mill and Cut Saws, Tools for Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, Saddlers, Tailors, Carpenters and other mechanics.

CHINA, GLASS

AND QUEEN'S WARE.

Crockery Ware, Cedar Ware, Willow and other BASKETS, and a thousand and one other articles which it is impossible separately to mention.

Paints, Drugs and Dye Stuffs.

FISH, OIL & PLASTER.

IRON AND STEEL

of all kinds and qualities of foreign and domestic manufacture.

Don't throw away good bargains by neglecting to call on WILLIAM MCKELVY & Co. Bloomsburg, May 12, 1838.

SPRING FASHIONS.

BERNARD RUPERT, TAILOR.

HAS just received the Spring Fashions from Philadelphia, and is ready to make all kinds of garments in the newest and most fashionable style. Bloomsburg, May 5, 1838.

White Italian Mulberry,

FOR SALE AT TORLIS' HEALTH EMPORIUM, IN BLOOMSBURG.

April 23.

AN ASSORTMENT OF PLOUGHS,

of a superior Patent, called "FARMER'S DELIGHTS," just received and for sale at the Cheap Store of the subscribers.

J. T. MUSSELMAN & Co. Bloomsburg, April 28.

New Goods

AND GREAT BARGAINS!!

THE subscribers respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they have just received and are now opening at the

BLOOMSBURG ARCADE,

A Large and Choice Assortment of

NEW GOODS,

selected with care, and suitable for the season; which in addition to their former stock, presents to the consumer, as large a variety, as can be found in any of the country stores.

Their present stock embraces almost every article in demand in the market, in the

DRY GOOD LINE.

They have also an extensive Assortment of

HARD WARE,

Queens Ware,

GLASS WARE,

CEDAR WARE;



Fish, Salt, Iron, Steel, Paints, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c. &c.

All of which they offer to sell very low for Cash, or in exchange for Country Produce.

RUPERT & BARTON.

Bloomsburg, May 12, 1838.

A New Landlord,

SWAN HOTEL,

ORANGEVILLE,

Bloom Township, Columbia County, Pa.

THE subscriber embraces this opportunity to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the house formerly occupied by JACOB DOMBOY. He invites his friends from Orangeville, and travellers, to honor him with their custom, and assures them that no pains shall be spared to make their stay at his house as agreeable as possible.

HIS BAR

Shall at all times be supplied with the Best and Choicest Liquors, and Tables shall be laden with all the delicacies the market affords—his stables shall be clean and airy, and an attentive hostler will at all times be ready and willing to take care of the horses. A variety of the latest and most interesting newspapers shall be procured to wait the pleasure of his customers. In short nothing shall be left undone to deserve a liberal share of the public patronage. SAMUEL RICKER. Orangeville, April 28, 1838.

A Young Lady,

Qualified to Teach the English Branches, is desirous of engaging in a School for the Summer.—Application to be made at this Office.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE Commissioners of Columbia county will enter into contracts with the lowest and best bidders for building the following Bridges in said county as follows: A Bridge to be built across Fishing Creek, about one mile above Ezekiel Cole's mill in Sugar Loaf township; will be let at the house of the said Ezekiel Cole, on Wednesday the ninth day of May next, and is to be of the following dimensions and material. Stone abutments, nineteen feet long at the foundation, ten feet thick and twelve feet high with wing walls. The superstructure—a brace Bridge ninety feet long by sixteen feet wide from out to out.

The other Bridge to be built near Alexander Montgomery's mill, across Mahoning Creek in Mahoning township, will be let at the Commissioners office in Danville on Thursday the 17th, day of May next, and is to be of the following dimensions and material—Stone abutments, nineteen feet long, six feet thick and eight feet high from low water mark, with one or more wing walls. The superstructure a brace bridge, fifty-five feet long between the abutments at the foundation, and sixteen feet wide from out to out.

Both Bridges to be put under a good shingle roof to extend ten feet beyond the face of the abutments.

IDDINGS BARCLAY, CORNELIUS CLACKNER, JOSEPH BLOST.

Commissioners office Danville April 28, 1838.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg, April 1st. 1838.

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|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Peter Bittenbender, | Peter Biggs, |
| John Bender, | Benjamin Boone, |
| John Bowyers, | Paul Carholt, |
| Paul Cromley, | Joseph Coleman, |
| Franklin Davis, | Elizabeth Dunham, |
| Miss Rhoda Ann Emitt, | Daniel Fulmer, |
| Jacob Flickner, | John Fry, |
| John K. Griton, | Daniel Giger, |
| Jacob Hartzel, | Archabold Henry, |
| Joseph Hartman, | William Howel, |
| Masheok Hull, | Jacob Jacoby, |
| Miss Caroline Lynn, | Peter Loidy, |
| Jacob Leidy, | Jacob Malick, |
| Januel Moore, | Jacob Markel, |
| Dr. Lewis Moyer, | Benjamin Meril, |
| Rachel Moris, | Isaac Miller, |
| John Moyer, | Miss Susan Noble, |
| Christian Neihard, | William Neal, |
| Richard Rue, | John Robison, |
| Joseph Rockel, | Daniel Redy, (2) |
| Robert Rusell, | Henry Rees, Esq. |
| John Richard, | Chapman Smith, |
| James Strawn, (2) | Henry Trimbley, |
| Rebecca Vanderslice, | Jeaso Wagner, |
| Abraham Young, | |

Persons calling for the above letters will please saythey are advertised.

BERNARD RUPERT, P. M.