

FROM WASHINGTON.

The following letter from our correspondent contains later and more interesting intelligence than given in our preceding editorial notice.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26, 1837.

The Senate to-day, by a vote of 31 yeas to 15 nays, passed a resolution submitted to them by the Committee of Finance, that the prayer of petitioners for "a United States or National Bank," ought not to be granted. This was a dumb-founder to the Bankites. A resolution of similar tenor was reported in the House yesterday; and on a motion to lay it on the table, it was refused by a vote of 122 to 80. It is before the House yet. The House have been engaged for 7 days in debating the bill from the Senate for suspending the payment of the fourth instalment to the states, under the department. The opposition do nearly all the talking—they speak against time, and about every thing but the question before us. We had a long session yesterday, and only adjourned at 1/4 past 12 o'clock last night.

Buck-wheat cakes and fried mush, notwithstanding the glorious prospect presented last week, are likely to prove a scarce article next winter. The severe frosts have completely nullified the Buckwheat in this neighbourhood, and materially injured the Corn.

The whole line of Canal navigation on the North Branch is now rendered useless for want of water; and we are informed that such also is the case on the West Branch and Juniata divisions. It is a great draw-back on the business fraternity, and will materially affect the revenue of the Commonwealth.

We insert the annexed communication, and from our knowledge of Maj. McCAY's standing in society, freely join in the refutation of the base calumny. Such slanders can have no effect in this quarter—where he is known; and it is only to prevent prejudicial effects abroad, that this publication is made by his personal friends.

COMMUNICATED.

Mr. Ingram: There is a report circulating throughout this county, that Maj. Neal McCay has issued Shiu-plasters to the amount of \$5000, and then decamped. The undersigned know that this report is without foundation—that his issues do not exceed \$500—and that we consider his shiu-plasters as good as Col. Paxton's, or any other in the state.

B. C. Williams, Wm. S. Davis, Henry D. Long, John Derr, H. McWilliams, Levi Bisel.

The undersigned will redeem any notes issued by Major NEAL McCAY, when presented in sums of Five Dollars.

R. McCAY, Washington; L. BISEL, Jerseytown; Dr. I. McCAY, Danville.

The annexed communication was handed in during our absence last week; and if we did not know the author as a genuine democrat we would decline inserting it. Mr. Jackson, we presume, can answer for himself, as we shall transmit him a number of our paper containing it, and freely give publicity to any explanation he may think proper to lay before the public.

COMMUNICATED.

Mr. Editor: By referring to the proceedings of the Legislature, I find that Evan O. Jackson was rather favorably disposed to the re-charter of the Manmoth Bank, and that on some occasions he voted with the Bank party. I would wish an explanation of his vote against a repeal of his charter, as will appear by his vote on the 24th of March, 1836. His name is surrounded by Biddleites and Anti-masons; and if such be his principles, I would rather go for an open enemy than a pretended friend, at this crisis. I might possibly have been silent on this subject, did I not conjecture some treachery on his part, in permitting his paper at Berwick to oppose John Fruit and Hugh McWilliams, two of the regularly nominated candidates on the Democratic ticket, and in whose elections I feel a deep interest both as a personal friend, and

AN OLD DEMOCRAT.

It is stated in the New York Times, on the authority of persons well acquainted with the subject, that no less than fifty thousand persons, male and female, are out of employment, comprising mechanics of every description. The prospect of suffering during the coming winter which is here held out, is truly frightful, and the subject of its alleviation is already engaging public attention.

A trifling Property.—George Robbins, the celebrated London auctioneer, had an offer lately, of 167,000 guineas—in round number \$830,000—for a single estate in Yorkshire, which he was employed to sell. It belongs to Sir Bellingham Graham.

The Attorney General has given it as his opinion that all who reside at the West Point Hotel, are under military control.

THE STUART FAMILY.

A recent popular English writer thus enumerates the dark calamities of that celebrated race, the Stuart Family:

"The fortunes of Mary are but one scene in the long and fearful tragedy of the Stuarts. Her ancestor in the sixth degree upwards, King Robert III, had a nephew named Alexander Stuart, who at the beginning of the 15th century, murdered Malcolm Drummond, the brother of the Queen of Scotland, and married his widow Isabella, with her consent—a counterpart or antitype of the history of Darnley, Southwell, and Mary. The Duke of Albany, brother of King Robert threw his son and his nephew Rothsay into prison, and let him starve till he gnawed the flesh off his own limbs, and then died. As soon as Rothsay's brother, James I, the father of Mary's great great grandfather, ascended the throne, he sought and found an opportunity to have all the sons of the Duke of Albany beheaded, for which, in the year 1446, and partly by his own relations, he was attacked and killed with sixteen wounds James's widow sacrificed the perpetrators to the names of her husband, in a manner which calls to mind the vengeance of Queen Agnes for King Albert of Germany. James II, Mary's great great grandfather, caused two of his cousins, the Douglasses, to be beheaded, murdered the third with his own hands, and perished by a violent death at the siege of Roxburg. His son, James the III, Mary's great grandfather, was engaged in a sanguinary contest, first with his brother, the Duke of Albany, and then with his own son. He lost, against the latter, the battle of Sanchiebura, and was assassinated in his flight. James IV, Mary's grandfather, did not enjoy the happiness which he expected in the sovereignty that he had unjustly acquired, and was killed in the battle of Floddenfield. James V, Mary's father, lost his senses, through grief at the disobedience of the nobility and the failure of his plans, and died eight days after the birth of his daughter.

"Such were the ancestors of Mary, and now her descendants: James I, (VI) Charles I, Charles II, and James II, four kings of whom it is difficult to say whether they were more unfortunate or more unworthy. Before the Stuarts lost their power for the second time and forever, James II, caused his nephew, the Duke of Monmouth, to be executed, and thus concluded the three hundred years series of bloody deeds and fortune of this ill-fated race."

LATEST FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

From the American, Sept. 12. From the True Association, we have had the misfortune to loose our Foreman, Mr. P. C. M. Andrews.

We were unable to publish our paper on Saturday, as ALL the hands in our office were taken down with the prevailing epidemic but one, who is himself complaining. One of our carriers died on Friday and the others are all down.

We have made an effort & have collected together a few hands, but how long we shall be permitted to keep them God only knows.

Sickness in our own family, among our friends, whom we are obliged to attend to, our employers and their families, prevents us from bestowing any attention upon our paper. Our subscribers will receive it for a few days with indulgence.

Late arrivals have brought into our afflicted city near five hundred strangers, and no provision whatever has been made for their safety. They may be easily distinguished walking the streets, food for the yellow fever, of which they are sure to become the victims, if they remain here but a few days.

Health of the City.—We made every exertion yesterday to procure the list of interments, but without success. At the grave yards we were directed to call at the Mayor's office; we went there and found it closed.

Of one thing, however, we are certain, both from our own observation and information of several physicians: the sickness has increased, and the deaths cannot for the last three days be less than two hundred. The weather continues the same, hot sun, dry, cool breezes. We cannot reasonably hope for any amelioration until we have a good frost, which is not likely to happen before the end of October.

It is stated in the Globe that the force collected at Fort Monroe, Old Point Comfort, under the command of brigadier General Eustis, destined for Florida, amounts to about fourteen hundred men, all recruits. There are ten old and experienced officers, and thirty young officers, engaged in instructing them, and preparing them for the field. The progress which these men have made in the military exercise is highly creditable to the intelligence and industry of the officers concerned. A gentleman who lately visited Fort Monroe makes most favorable reports of the condition of this fine body of recruits, and the conduct of the officers in regard to them.

Chaplains to Congress.—The Rev. Mr. Slicer, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, has been elected Chaplain to the Senate—and the Rev. Mr. Tustan, of the Presbyterian Church, Chaplain to the House of Representatives.

Wheat at New Albany, Indiana, is down to 62-1/2 cents. At Corydon, in the same state, the 2d inst. it was 75 cents.

BANK SECRECY.

The Banks of Philadelphia say they have reduced their discounts and circulation since May last. Our paper says the circulation has been reduced \$1,500,000, and the discounts \$1,700,000, and of this last reduction the Girard claims credit for \$1,250,000, leaving only \$450,000 for all the others including the United States Bank. Now the United States Bank increased her discount line in the month of April at one leap \$7,216,801.11 and if less than \$500,000 has been the general reduction of discounts, how much must have fallen to her share!

If the circulation and discounts have been decreased, why not, as honest men publish a statement under oath, or voluntarily send the proper returns to the Auditor General?

We cannot, and the people will not, believe that any institutions who claim to supply us with the 'better currency,' have really acted in good faith, who shroud all their affairs in the mantle of bank secrecy. They are whig banks, managed by whigs, who disdain to inform a "mere society of plunderers" of the secrets of their prison houses. Governor Ritner, we are informed, APPROVES of all their conduct. It will be a question whether they can satisfy a democratic legislature as easily.—Keyst.

Where is the Specie?—The Banks in this state have over FIVE MILLIONS in specie, locked up in their vaults, and refuse to redeem their notes. If a private citizen were to refuse to pay his debts when he had hoards of gold and silver in his strong box, it would be considered as the rankest dishonesty, and he would be punishable as a criminal. But it is "agrarianism" for a citizen holding depreciated rag money, to complain of the banks!—Th

The king of Prussia has given a gold medal to profs. Russel and Berthold, for the discovery of oxyhydrate of iron, as an antidote for arsenic.

If any thing could heighten the contempt with which honorable men must look upon a press constantly prostituted to the base purpose of slander and detraction, and the support of corruption and profligacy, it must be the thrusting its nose into and publishing the private affairs of individuals, giving facts a false coloring and suppressing truth with the view of bringing odium upon them.—Com. Herald.

From the Philadelphia Sentinel, Sept. 18. FEAT OF HORSEMANSHIP.

The feat of riding, of which we spoke some days since, was performed on Friday and Saturday, by John Grant, in handsome style, and with great ease—to wit, 283 miles in 24 hours. By the following statement, taken from the record of one of the judges of the race it will be seen that the feat was done in 23 hours, 28 1/2 minutes—Mr. Grant having won the bet within 31 1/2 minutes of the time given.

The average speed with which he rode, was one mile in 3 minutes 47 1/2 seconds. The shortest time in which a mile was done was 2 minutes 18 seconds, and the longest 5 minutes and 50 seconds.

STATEMENT OF TIME.

Table with columns: Hours, Min., Sec. and rows: Riding time, Mounting and dismounting, Resting and refreshments, Time to spare.

A warm pun.—"How do you like the country?" said a lady to a little boy from the city, who was visiting some relatives in the country. "I like it very much," said he, "because here we get cows milk, but at home we only get milkmen's milk."

6000 laborers are wanted at the White Water Canal, Ohio.

Suicide.—Peter V. Moore, in Wayne county, Pa., a young man recently married, committed suicide a few days ago.

The Rev. Mr. Taylor in a sermon at Boston the other day, said the first great land speculator was the devil himself.

Honour Stuart.—A poor fellow named McGuine, was found dead in a yard in front of our office this morning. He had died some time in the night, and was the prey of Rats.—We never saw a more horribly mangled body. The nose, lips, cheeks, eye brows, were all eaten away. The intimacy of those who knew of his situation is criminal to the last degree. He was hoxed up about 11 o'clock, and carried off to his long home.—N. O. Picayune.

Suicides are so plenty in New York that the papers of that city are obliged to chronicle them by "chapters," instead of giving each case a separate paragraph.

Paupers.—At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen of Boston, on Monday last, an order was passed authorizing the committee on the House of Industry, Correction, and Reformation, to send alien paupers to the country from whence they came; provided it can be done at an expense not exceeding ten dollars for each person so sent, and that the whole expense shall not exceed one half of the fund derived from the tax levied on alien passengers under the law passed April 20, 1837.

Peaches at Pittsburg, Pa., are selling at six cents a piece.

A deficit of \$18,000 is discovered in the accounts of J. P. Burnham of the Branch of the United States Bank, at Hartford.

155,965 tons of coal have been shipped from the Lehigh mines, up to the 9th inst.

COMMISSIONER.

WE are authorized to state that JOHN KELLER Esq. of Mifflin township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner at the ensuing election.

September 30.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE.

THE DELAWARE COUNTY Insurance Company. Capital authorised by Law, \$250,000. CHARTER PERPETUAL.

The public are respectfully informed, that this Company will make insurance, either permanent or limited, on property and effects of every description, against loss or damage by fire, on the most reasonable terms, at their office in Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

The citizens of Columbia county are hereby informed, that insurances by the above Company on every description of property, can be effected by applying to the undersigned agent, in Cattawissa. The following are the annual Rates of Insurance on the \$100, upon the most Common description of property, viz:

Table with columns: Stone or Brick dwelling houses, Frame or Log do., Brick or Stone barns, Frame or Log do., Brick or Stone Grit Mills, Frame do.

Merchandise and furniture contained in houses, and grain and utensils in mills and barns, in proportion. Information can be had by applying either personally, or by letter post paid, to EZRA S. HAYHURST, Agent. Cattawissa, September 30, 1837.

LOOK HERE!!!



NEW GOODS AGAIN.

THE subscribers thankful for past favors, have the pleasure of announcing to their customers, and the public in general, that they have just received and are now opening a fresh supply of cheap and

SEASONABLE GOODS

carefully selected for the season, at their new and cheap store in Bloomsburg.

Come friends and patrons, one and all, And see our purchase for the fall; If you'll but call and take a peep, Surely you'll say, they're very cheap.

J. T. MUSSELMAN, & Co.

September 30, 1837.

JUST received, and now opening at the new & cheap store—

- 568 Yards 6-4 Merinos; 560 Yards 3-4 do.; 3000 do. Brown do.; 4000 Yards New Style of Prints, at from 6 1/2 to 28 cents per yard; 30 Pieces—900 yards—of Sattinets; —ALSO—

Blue, Brown, Olive, Black, Steel-mixed, Drab, Claret and Invisible Cloths.

All which they are determined to dispose of very cheap for cash or country produce.

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 30.

PETERSHAM and Bearskin cloths, for Overcoats, just received and for sale by

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

BLANKET Shawls, and Ladies' Capes and Tippets, just opened at the new & cheap store of

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

BLANKETS, of various sizes and qualities, and warranted a fresh article, for sale at the new and cheap store of

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

CAMLET, for Cloaks, for sale very cheap at the new & cheap store of

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

QUEENSWARE, of every variety of figure and price, just received & for sale by

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

LIQUORS.

WINE, Brandy, Gin, Cordial, &c. just received, and ready for delivery to customers, at very reduced prices, by

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

AN assortment of HARDWARE, just opened and for sale at the new & cheap store of

J. T. Musselman, & Co.

Sept. 30, 1837.

SHARP SHOOTING.

CAPT. HIRAM A. ROOT, of Cattawissa, lately from Tomkins county, New York, shot across the Susquehanna river, ranging the enormous distance of four hundred yards, and killed a Crane. The feat was done on the 28th inst. on Col. Paxton's farm, in Bloom township, in the presence of a number of spectators. This is but one of the many marvellous feats that Mr. Root has performed with his rifle; but he is a first rate marksman, and those who excel in this art, can have a chance to try their skill with Capt. Root, on a bet of from Ten to One hundred dollars, string measure. He will be found at Cattawissa valley, where he will be very happy to wait on any Gentleman who may favour him with their custom. Cattawissa, Sept. 30, 1837.

WANTED.

AN Apprentice to the Tailoring Business, is wanted immediately. A Boy between 14 & 17 years of age, will find a good situation by applying to the subscriber. P. R. HEIGIMAN, Orangeville, September 30, 1837.

SILK & FUR HATS.

JUST received, a handsome assortment of Silk & Fur Hats, which will be sold cheap at the store of C. B. FISHER. Bloomsburg, Sept. 30, 1837.

STOVES.

JUST received and for sale at the store of the subscriber, a splendid assortment of WOOD STOVES, both Plain and with Boilers. Also an assortment of round and square Coal Stoves; different sizes. C. B. FISHER. Bloomsburg, Sept. 30, 1837.

MARBLE MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he continues the above business, in all various branches, in Selinsgrove and Milton, where he has constantly on hand an assortment of

MONUMENTS, Head & Foot Stones, TOMB-TABLES,

OF ALL SIZES AND DIFFERENT QUALITIES

ALSO:

Mantles, Centre-Tables, WINDOW AND DOOR-SILLS DOOR-STEPS, &c.

made to order, on the shortest notice, and in the best manner. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

Lettering, both English and German, done in a neat, bold, and beautiful style.

GEORGE GUNDRUM.

September 30, 1837.

The Terms, &c. can be ascertained by calling upon the Editor of the "Columbia Democrat," who will attend to any orders which may be made by the people of this neighbourhood, and guarantee a speedy and faithful execution of any job which may be specially ordered.

GRAND EXHIBITION.

SPEED THE PLOUGH!

Union Agricultural Society's CATTLE SHOW.

THE annual Cattle show, and exhibition of Agricultural products, and articles of domestic manufacture, will be held in McEwensville, Turbut township, Northumberland county, on Tuesday the 24th day of October next, when

PREMIUMS

to the full extent of the funds of the said society will be awarded to the successful competitors. Viz For every species of LIVE STOCK. In this particular, committee on premiums will especially direct their attention to any and every view to the improvement of stock within the bounds of the Society.

24. On every kind of Domestic Manufacture articles of Iron, Wood, Wool, Cotton, Flax, Silk, Hemp, Furs, Skins, &c. In this department, Cloth manufactured of Wool, Silk, &c. produced within the limits of the society, will be entitled to a preference over those whose materials may be of foreign origin. Provided that no manufacturer receive a premium for an article of manufacture of the same description or kind upon which he receive a premium formerly, unless a special improvement over the former article shall be so manifest as to entitle him to it. Improvement being the object of the Society, it will not be deemed sufficient that the article be the best exhibited to entitle, if it should not exceed articles previously exhibited from the same factory.

30. On agricultural products. The products of the Field and the Dairy. The successful cultivation of the vine; and also the manufacture of Sugar from materials, the growth of the district comprising the Society will be interesting objects of premium. Also samples of Malt and Vinous Liquors, of the materials the growth of the district.

The fact that good ploughing is at the basis of good and successful agriculture, induces the society to hold out premiums for the best specimens of ploughing (40 perches) to be performed at the Cattle Show. Premiums will be awarded for useful improvements & implements in husbandry.

No animals, or specimen of manufactures that obtained a premium at a former Cattle Show, shall again be a subject of premium; nor will a premium be allowed for any animal raised out of the limits of the society, except those introduced for the purpose of improving the stock and which shall have been within the bounds of the Society at least one year previous to the exhibition.

The best flock of sheep, raised by an individual, (not less than ten) taking into view their breed, healthful state, and the quality of their wool, will also be the object of a premium.

To encourage the production of Barley, the committee on grain will award suitable premiums to its successful cultivators.

Successful experiments in the cultivation, of all kinds of Crops, Grain, Grasses, Vegetables, Vines, Trees, &c. communicated in writing, will be laid before the committee as subjects of premiums

AN AUCTION

will be held, commencing at 1 o'clock to continue if expedient from day to day, in order that those who have articles of manufacture; improved agricultural implements. Grain and vegetable seeds of superior quality, and all kinds of blooded and improved animals, may sell them and thus distribute them throughout the country. This sale offers a good opportunity to those who reside out of the district, and have improved stock, &c. to expose it for sale, and they are respectfully invited to do so.

All animals and articles intended for the Auction, must be exhibited for inspection at 10 o'clock, A. M. Committees of inspection will be appointed and regulations to govern the proceedings of the day be instituted, and notice given in due time.

By order of the Board.

J. F. MURRAY, Sec'y.

Aug 19, 1837.

COMMISSIONER.

WE have been authorized to announce JOHN P. DAVIS, of Cattawissa, as a candidate for County Commissioner at the next election. Sept. 23, 1835.

JOB PRINTING, Executed at this Office.