The Lehigh Register.

VOL. XXVI. ALLENTOWN, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1872. NO. 38.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	3t	1 mo.	3 mos.	6 mos	1yr.
One Square	1.00	1.75	3.50	6.50	12.00
Two Squares	3.00	3.50	6.00	9.00	20.00
Three Square	4.50	5.25	9.00	17.00	23.00
Six Squares,		11.50	17.00	25.00	45.00
Quarter Column		13.50	22.00	40.00	80.00
Half Column		20.00	40.00	60.00	110.00
One Column		30.00	60.00	110.00	200.00

Professional Cards $1.00 per line per year.
Administrator's and Auditor's Notices, $3.00
Notices, 20 cents per line 1st insertion 15 cents per line each subsequent insertion.
Ten lines agate constitute a square.

ROBERT IREDELL, JR., PUBLISHER,
ALLENTOWN, PA.

ROBERT IREDELL, JR.
Plain and Fancy Job Printer,
No. 638 HAMILTON STREET,
ALLENTOWN, PA.
ELEGANT PRINTING
NEW DESIGNS
LATEST STYLES
Stamped Checks, Cards, Circulars, Paper Books, Constitutions and By-Laws, School Catalogues, Bill Heads Envelopes, Letter Heads Bills of Lading, Way Bills, Pass and Shipping Cards, Posters of any size, etc., etc., Printed at Short Notice

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANI .

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT:

Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, and at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN.
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March. Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, June 26th, 1872. 6yl-3mdaw

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURE! — CALIFORNIA — DR. WALKER'S — EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a Letter guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, and a Bilious Purgative.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

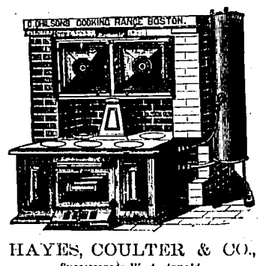
The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic and Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

J. WALKER, Prop'r. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., and corner of Washington and Charlton Sts., New York
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
march 23-3m d&w

LACE CURTAINS,
WINDOW SHADES,
CORNICE DECORATIONS,
LAMBREQUINS,
LACE DRAPERIES,
PIANO COVERS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
TASSELS AND LOOPS,
NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
CRETONES,
SUMMER CURTAINS,
BROCATELLE,
Special Interior Decorations
TO ORDER, AT MODERATE PRICES.

WALRAVEN'S
MASONIC HALL,
NO. 719 CHESTNUT STREET
PHILADELPHIA
feb2-1aw



HAYES, COULTER & CO.,
Successors to W. A. Arnold,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Heaters, Ranges, Low Grates,
AND
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
No. 1305 Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Send for catalogue (mv7-6md&w

NEW GOODS!
A Large Stock and Constantly Arriving.
Styles New and Unexcelled, Coloring Beautiful
SELLING AT THE LOWEST
Philadelphia and New York Prices,
AT
SAM'L G. KERR'S
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
632 HAMILTON STREET.
(FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY GUTH & KERN.)
ALLENTOWN, PA.
BRUSSELS,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN,
DOMESTIC, &C.
HALL AND STAIR CARPETS,
All widths, with borders to match.
OIL CLOTHS,
From five-eighth yards wide to full sheets for covering an entire floor.
ALSO,
TABLE AND STAIR CLOTHS,
Window Shades and Hollands.
MATTING, MATS, RUGS, CARPET LINING, STAIR PADS, STAIR RODS, DRUGGETS, &c.
Carpets Sewed and Laid.

JUSTUS EVANS,
730 Hamilton Street,
Bargains in SUMMER DRESS GOODS to close out, ready for the early Fall trade.
Spreads, Towels, Embroideries,
STOCKINGS,
GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BRUSHES, COMBS, &C., &C.,
as cheap and cheaper than ever.
JUSTUS EVANS' CHEAP STORE,
730 HAMILTON STREET.

New Advertisements.

Pennsylvania Military Academy,
At Chester, Delaware County, Pa. (For Resident Cadets Only.) The eleventh annual session commences Wednesday, Sept. 4. Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Mathematical and Natural Sciences. The Classics and English is imparted by West Point graduates and other competent professors. Circulars may be obtained of Col. THEO. HYATT, Pres. P. M.

EATON FEMALE INSTITUTE
On Phila & Balt. Central R. R., Kennett Square, Chester Co., Pa., offers all the inducements that constitute a home in connection with a thoroughly English Education, at $165 per school year. No extras except for instruction in Wax, Music, Latin, French, German, Painting and Drawing. Eastern teachers, graduates of our best New England schools, have been employed for several years. Inquire of EVAN T. SWAYNE or SALLIE W. SWAYNE, Principals.

BORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COLLEGE.—Thorough instruction. Healthful and beautiful location. One of the most carefully conducted and best sustained institutions in the State. For terms etc., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D.

ADVERTISING
AT LOW RATES!
FOR $70 PER INCH PER MONTH we will insert an advertisement in 120 FIRST CLASS PAPERS in Penna. Let sent on application to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

Campaign Goods for 1872.
Agents wanted for our Campaign goods. SELL AT SIGHT. PAY 100 PER CENT PROFIT. Now is the time. Send at once for Descriptive Circulars and Price Lists of our Fine Steel Engravings of all the Candidates, Campaign Biographies, Charts, Photographs, Badges, Pins, Flags, and everything suited to the times. Ten Dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $1. Address MOORE & GOODSPEED, 37 Park Row, New York.

AGENTS WANTED for Chamberlin's Great Campaign Book, The
STRUGGLE OF '72.
A Novelty in Political and Popular Literature.
A GRAPHIC History of the Republican and Democratic Parties; a racy sketch of the so-called Liberal Republican party; a *battle review* of the Cincinnati Convention. The minor tickets or *side shows* of the campaign. The finest illustrated book published. A Book wanted by every 7 American citizen. To secure territory at once, send $1 for outfit. UNION PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill., Phila., Pa., or Springfield, Mass.

POLITICAL GOODS
OF ALL KINDS.
FIREWORKS, FLAGS, LANTERNS,
TORCHES, BADGES, UNIFORMS, &c.
JOSEPH B. PURDY,
32 AND 34 MAIDEN LANE,
ESTABLISHED 1845. NEW YORK.

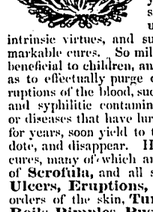
Medicinal.

NO CURE, NO PAY.
DR. H. D. LONGAKER.
Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia has been in successful practice for a number of years in various parts of the United States; will promptly attend to all branches of his profession at his rooms,
East side of Sixth street, bet. Hamilton and Walnut,
ALLENTOWN, PA
No Patent Medicines are used or recommended; the remedies administered are those which will not break down the constitution, but renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines, and leave it in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.
CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA,
and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Stomach, and Liver, which yearly carry thousands to untimely graves, can undoubtedly be cured.
MELANCHOLY ABERRATION,
that state of alienation and aberration of mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures of performing the duties of life.
RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS,
in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable. Epilepsy, or falling sickness, and chronic or stubborn cases of FEMALE DISEASES speedily and radically removed; Salt Rheum, Skin Diseases (of years' standing) every description of Ulcerations, Piles and Scrofulous diseases, warranted cured.
Particular attention given to private diseases of every description of both sexes.
Ladies suffering from any complaint incidental to their sex, can consult the doctor with assurance of relief.
Cancer cured, and Tumors of all kinds removed without the knife or drawing blood. Diseases of the
EYE AND EAR
successfully and effectually removed.
Dr. Longaker will make visits any distance if desired; can be addressed by letter (confidentially) and medicine sent with proper directions to any part of the country.
OFFICE: East side of Sixth street, between Hamilton and Walnut Allentown, Pa. may 28-1y

PILES OR HEMORRHOIDS.
PILES OF ALL KINDS perfectly and permanently CURED, without pain, danger, caustics or instruments, by
WM. A. McCANDLESS, M. D.,
2001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA,
Who can refer you to over 1200 cases cured in Philadelphia alone. We desire to say to those afflicted, that is positively no *deception* in the *cure* of these DISEASES, it matters not how *long* or how *severely* you have been *afflicted*, we can cure you. We also cure Fistula, Fissure Prolapsus, Strictures and Ulceration of the lower bowel. Come you that are suffering, we will not deceive you. We have patients from almost every State in the Union and from Europe. Have treated these diseases for twenty years without a failure. apr 25-1y

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.—A NEW COURSE OF LECTURES, as delivered at the Penna. Polytechnic and Anatomical Museum, 135 Chestnut St., three doors above Twelfth, Philadelphia, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; The cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents by addressing: Secretary of the Penna. POLYTECHNIC AND ANATOMICAL MUSEUM 135 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penna une 22-1y

WILTBERGER'S
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
Are warranted equal to any made. They are prepared from the *fruits*, and will be found *much better* than many of the *Extracts* that are sold.
Ask your Grocer or Druggist for Wiltberger's Extracts.
BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE
is, without doubt the *best article* in the market, *for blueing clothes*. It will go more water than *four times* the same weight of indigo, and much more than any *other brands blue* in the market. The *only genuine* is that put up at
ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE,
No. 23 NORTH SECOND STREET, PHILAD'A., PA
The LABELS have both WILTBERGER'S and BARLOW'S names on them. *All others are counterfeits. For sale by most Grocers and Druggists.*
WILTBERGER'S INDELIBLE INK
Will be found on trial to be a superior article. Always on hand for sale at reasonable prices.
SPONGES, Genuine MEDITERANEAN, Chamois Skins, Sponges, Tapioca, Pearl, Sago, and all articles in the drug line, at wholesale and retail. ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE, No. 23 North Second St., Phila., Pa.
June 28-1y

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

Is widely known as one of the most effectual remedies ever discovered for cleansing the system and purifying the blood. It has stood the test of years, with a constantly growing reputation, based on its intrinsic virtues, and sustained by its remarkable cures. So mild as to be safe and beneficial to children, and yet so searching as to effectually purge out the great corruptions of the blood, such as the scrofulous and syphilitic contamination. Impurities, or diseases that have lurked in the system for years, soon yield to this powerful antidote, and disappear. Hence its wonderful cures, many of which are publicly known, of Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Ulcers, Eruptions, and eruptive disorders of the skin, Tumors, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Sores, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, and internal Ulcerations of the Uterus, Stomach, and Liver. It also cures other complaints, to which it would not seem especially adapted, such as Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Fits, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Female Weakness, Debility, and Leucorrhœa, when they are manifestations of the scrofulous poisons.
It is an excellent restorer of health and strength in the Spring. By renewing the appetite and vigor of the digestive organs, it dissipates the depression and listless languor of the season. Even where no disorder appears, people feel better, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. The system moves on with renewed vigor and a new lease of life.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
SOLD IN ALLENTOWN BY
W. E. BARNES & SON.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring to Gray Hair its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* This hair is thickened, falling hair checked and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so unclean and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.
SOLD IN ALLENTOWN BY
W. E. BARNES & SON.

Presidential Campaign!
CAPS, CAPES & TORCHES.
Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.
CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 204 Church St.,
Philadelphia
June5-4mw

HOW WHEN & WHERE TO ADVERTISE SEE THE ADVERTISERS GAZETTE
BY MAIL 25 CENTS
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
41 PARK ROW
NEW YORK
aug10-1md

OPENING!
NEW
BOOT & SHOE STORE,
NO. 706 HAMILTON STREET,
Two doors above Kramer's Corner Store,
ALLENTOWN, PA.
The undersigned would respectfully inform you that they have opened at the above place with an entire new stock of
BOOTS & SHOES
of all styles and qualities, purchased at low figures, enabling us to offer
EXTRA INDUCEMENTS
to buyers, trusting that by fair dealing we may merit your favor.
Very Respectfully,
RITTER & HUBER.
BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER. ALSO, MENDING done in the neatest manner and with promptness.
JOS. M. RITTER. C. LEWIS HUBER.
sep 7-d se 11-w

THE ISSUE IN THE STATE.

The October election is to decide whether the State government, as an entirety, is to remain in the hands of Republicans or be surrendered into the keeping of the Democratic party. It is to indicate something more than a preference for one set of candidates before any other set, because in such a contest mere personal considerations sink into comparative insignificance. The candidates fairly represent the principles of the parties whose standards they bear. The Democratic candidate for Governor exactly typifies the spirit of the Democracy, which sympathised with rebellion and omitted nothing during the war that could embarrass the Federal and State government.

Publicly and privately, Mr. Buckalew went through that period in our history protesting against every important war measure. His Democracy was the Democracy of James Buchanan and Jeremiah S. Black, and it has not changed. He still believes that the subjection of the south by force was unconstitutional. He holds to the ultra State-rights doctrines which made rebellion possible. His highest idea of patriotism is strict subservience to party behest. His devotion to party is so profound that he cannot be better than party. He has occasionally shown symptoms of impulses above the Democratic grade, but these symptoms have been promptly repressed. Under most favorable circumstances he can not be expected to favor any improvement of the policy which had become chronic with his party prior to its national downfall, and continues chronic with his party where it has local sway.

The creation of the debt of this Commonwealth was mainly the work of the Democratic party. The reduction of that debt has been the work of the Republican party. When the Republicans took the helm the debt was about forty millions. Had the war for national life not been forced upon the country by the Democratic party, the debt would have been reduced very nearly one-half, so that not more than twenty millions would remain to be paid. The policy of paying debts is, in a public sense, peculiarly Republican. The policy of contracting debts is as peculiarly Democratic. Thus, in an era of profound peace, the national debt rose from about thirty millions in 1857 to about sixty-five millions in 1860. That is to say, under the financial policy of the administration of James Buchanan the debt of the nation rather more than doubled. In the eyes of Mr. Buckalew Mr. Buchanan was the embodiment of Democratic statesmanship. If permitted to control State finances, he would probably take up Democratic policy where Mr. Buchanan left it. He is an imitator, not an originator. He can only work after Democratic models. The people know whether they have had enough of that sort of financial management or not. If they have not had enough of it they should vote for Mr. Buckalew. But if they have had enough, or too much, of it, they will vote for General Hartranft.

And if the people favor the employment of legislative appropriations to further the political ambition of any man, they should by all means vote for Mr. Buckalew. If he did not bargain for the support of a faction of the Republican party in the management of the McClure-Gray Senatorial contest, then facts and obvious indications no longer speak truth. Every sane man knows that if the testimony in that case proved anything, it proved that neither party was entitled to the seat, or that it belonged to Mr. Gray. Had Mr. Buckalew's committee remanded the whole subject to the people of the district it would have escaped the suspicion, since rendered a certainty, of a bargain—one of the prospective ends of which was the support of a Republican faction for the present candidacy of its chairman.

Again, if the people think note regard a man who used his position in the Senate of the United States to hinder the prosecution of the war for the suppression of the Rebellion, a safe man for Governor, they will find such a man in Mr. Buckalew. If the colored voters in the State prefer a man who voted to prevent their becoming citizens, they will find such a man in Mr. Buckalew. If anybody wants a man whose record during the darkest hour in the history of the Republic was so utterly bad as to require hourly defence at this time—if anybody is in search of such a man, Mr. Buckalew is the very man sought.

But if the people prefer a man who has been steadily reducing the burden of State indebtedness, and all but abolished taxation of productive industry for State purposes during the last six years, they will find such a man in General Hartranft. If the people prefer a man whose record during the war is its own invulnerable defence, they will find such a man in General Hartranft. He had no accidental interviews with rebel emissaries; and when he met such persons he sent them his compliments in the shape of shot and shell. There is no question about General Hartranft's position from 1861 to 1865, nor since. If the people want a man who, while accepting place and pay under the Federal government, not only did not meanly seek to stab the government, but did openly assault its foes; if the people want to honor such a man, they can do it by voting for General Hartranft. And we take no particular risk when we predict that the people of Pennsylvania will show that they prefer General Hartranft to Mr. Buckalew in October.

THE YERKES AFFIDAVIT.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin.

A statement is published purporting to be an affidavit of C. T. Yerkes, setting forth that he had paid General Hartranft $2,700, profits made by him in negotiating purchase of State bonds for the State Sinking Fund. No such affidavit was ever made by Mr. Yerkes. The name appended to it is not his signature. We give an emphatic contradiction to its genuineness. It is a fabrication or a forgery. Mr. Yerkes is now in prison and cannot make this contradiction in person; but we speak what we know when we say that he would brand it as it deserves if he had his personal liberty, or were personally accessible.

The fact that the pretended affidavit is a forgery is also proved by the testimony of Mr. Yerkes' confidential clerk and book keeper, and that of E. M. Lewis, President of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank.

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, is, by law, the fiscal agent of the State. The State loans, on their face, are payable and transferable there and there only, and the interest on them is payable there only. All the purchases of loans for the State by the commissioners of the sinking fund were made by this bank, acting officially for the State, and Mr. Yerkes was employed by this bank as its broker, to go into the market and make purchases; and the evidence shows that Yerkes was not employed by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund at all, nor did he receive any commissions from them. The bank paid him for what he did for it, and the bank turned over the bonds to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund at what they cost in the open market. The money to purchase them was furnished by the bank, and no part of the State deposit with Yerkes was used for this purpose.

All the charges current against Hartranft are mere repetitions of those made in an article from the New York Sun, and these have been pronounced untrue by the Legislative Investigating Committee. We give the testimony of R. D. P. Bogard, reporter for the Sun, to show that they came from Payne; and Payne's testimony shows that *he* got them from Strahan, Evans's Attorney—a New York sayster, who trumped them up to serve his client. The whole brood of charges came direct from Evans and are not supported by a single particle of testimony.

PENNSYLVANIA.

POTTSVILLE, Sept. 7.—This morning, in the Criminal Court of Schuylkill county, in the trial of Joseph Brown, a boy eighteen years of age, for the murder, in February last, in Washington township, this county, of Daniel S. Kramer, a wealthy farmer, and his aged wife, the jury brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree. The trial commenced on Tuesday of last week, and has continued ten days, during which time voluminous evidence of a circumstantial character has been adduced and was of that the jury required but little time in making up their mind, having been out of the box but fifty minutes.

During the entire trial the prisoner maintained the utmost indifference, and appeared to be totally oblivious to what was going on around him; and after the verdict had been rendered he assumed an air of braggadocio that could hardly be imagined by any who did not witness his stolid indifference. His counsel moved an arrest of judgment and for a new trial, and Judge Green grated his counsel until Wednesday next, in which to show cause, and appointed Saturday next at the day for argument. The case has elicited the attention of the entire community from the day of the commission of this most heinous crime, and the verdict is received with entire satisfaction by all. Should Brown be hung, it will be the second man hung in Schuylkill county, the first being a negro who was hung at Orwigsburg in 1848.

BUCKALEW'S FRIENDS IN CANADA.

From the Miners' Journal.

Buckalew has publicly admitted that he conferred with the Rebel Agents in Canada. That he went to Canada as a Committee from the United States Senate. That Jerry Black was authorized to confer with them by special permission of our Government, and he informed Buckalew that he might talk to them. This is Buckalew's own version of his interview with these traitors. He admits that he had no authority except from Jerry Black, Buchanan's Attorney-General, who gave, as his opinion, that he, Buchanan, possessed no power to coerce the Rebel States. The question naturally arises, *why did Buckalew, without direct permission, desire to have an interview with these traitors?* That is the question. No loyal man would seek such an interview. He says it took place in presence of his wife. Just the person of all others that would not expose any treasonable conversation that might take place.

The following testimony taken during the trial of the assassins of Abraham Lincoln, which we find in the Harrisburgh Telegraph, shows the character of the persons with whom Buckalew voluntarily sought an interview:

More Villiany of Buckalew's Friends—The Murder of Lincoln a Part of their Scheme—The President marked for Destruction—Infected Clothing Sent Him by Express As a Present—The Sworn Proofs.

The enormity of Buckalews treason can only be measured by the atrocious designs of the rebels he skulked to Canada to see and consult, and it would seem that their crimes are grosser and more fiendish the more light we get upon them. Read this, taken from Pitman's Report of the Trial of the Assassins of Abraham Lincoln.

Godfrey Josephs Hyams, sworn—I am a native of London England; about the middle of December 1863, I made the acquaintance of Dr. Blackburn; he asked me to go South and serve the Confederacy; I said I would; I was to stay in Toronto and go on with my legitimate business until I heard from him; I had been out to take a pair of boots to a customer of mine, and when I returned home my wife had a letter for me from Dr. Blackburn; I read the letter; the letter instructed me to proceed to Montreal and thence to Halifax to meet Dr. Blackburn; it was dated Havana, May 10, 1864; when Dr. Blackburn arrived at Halifax he sent to the Farmers' Hotel where I was staying, for me; I went to see him, and he told me some goods were on board the steamer Alpha; Mr. Hill, the second officer, told me to get an express wagon and take it to the Cunard wharf; I did so, and there got eight trunks and a valise; I then went to Dr. Blackburn and told him I got the goods off the steamer; he told me the five trunks tied up with ropes were the ones for me to take, and asked me if I would take the valise into the States, and send it by express, with an accompanying letter, as a present to President Lincoln! I declined. Dr. Blackburn, by way of caution, asked me before leaving if I had the yellow fever? On my answering no, he said "You must have a preventive against catching it. You must get some camphor and chew it and get some strong cigars The strongest you can get and be sure to wear gloves when handling things. When I arrived in Washington I turned over *five trunks* to W. L. Wall & Co., commission merchants. Dr. Blackburn told me that his object in having these goods disposed of *in different cities was to destroy the armies*, or anything they came in contact with! All these goods had been care fully infected in Bermuda with yellow fever, small pox and other infectious diseases. The goods in the valise which were intended for Mr. Lincoln, had been infected both with yellow fever and small pox; I afterwards heard it had been sent to the President; on dispersing of it I immediately left Washington and went to Hamilton Canada; in the waiting room there I met Mr. Holcombe and Mr. Clement C. Clay; they both rose and shook hands with me, and congratulated me on my safe return.

****They seemed perfectly to understand the business in which I had been engaged! Mr. Holcombe told me Dr. Blackburn was at Montreal, and that I had better telegraphed him, stating that I had returned!

And these are the men whom the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, Charles R. Buckalew, desired to meet in *Canada and counsel with!* Voters of Pennsylvania! is this the kind of man you want for the highest office in the State? Are you prepared for the disgrace of such a chief magistrate?

We copy the following also from the Telegraph:

BUCKALEW'S PROVEN RECORD!

A FIT CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR!

Since the nomination of Charles R. Buckalew at Reading the following charges have been made against him, and proven from reliable testimony and official papers which cannot be impugned.

1. That the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company bought Buckalew's nomination over George W. Cass, and that this purchased control of the Democratic convention is notorious, and has been denounced by high Democratic authority.

2. That Buckalew attempted to destroy the usefulness of the bill to secure safety to the miners, and did defeat a supplement intended to give that law immediate force and complete effect to save the lives of the laboring men.

4. That in the Senate of the United States he never gave a vote—never spoken a word—that can be tortured into the appearance of support of our soldiers, or in opposition to the monstrous and wicked rebellion waged to destroy our country!

That Buckalew did go to Canada, and did seek an interview with rebels engaged in plots to embarrass his country in war waged for National existence; to burn the cities of Pennsylvania, and of other States; to introduce infection and pestilence in the North; and to murder Abraham Lincoln.

Bad---Very Bad---Positively Gloomy.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, (Liberal) has also caught it, if the first symptoms were in the doleful remark: "There seems to be a feeling, quite prevalent among both the supporters and opponents of Greeley that he is gradually losing ground. The feeling began to manifest itself about a week or ten days ago, and is not confined to Washington." Then the case develops itself in the following:

"It cannot be denied that those who are conducting the campaign on the part of the Liberals are letting it go by default, and the soon they are made aware of it the better it will be for the cause. All the Greeley committees seem to be waiting, delaying, putting off the work which must be done if the party hopes for success. They seem to be blind or ignorant of the fact that organization is necessary. * * * * * * *

"It has always been claimed, and justly, too, as I believe, that the Democrats have been equalled in the tact with which they managed their canvasses. The party has always been a model of organization, and it has been its chief pride since it came into life. * *

"But where is it to-day? Where is its splendid organization, that has always been its boast and the envy of its opponents? It ceased with the Baltimore Convention. *

"So far as the Democratic National Committee is concerned, with Schell at the head, it amounts to nothing. Thus far nothing absolutely has been done. * * *

"The Liberal committees are doing no better. They rush about and make a good deal of noise in New York, but they have accomplished nothing. They have a young man named Allen as the principal manager in that city and he is simply incompetent, and unfit in every particular for the duty assigned him. He is nothing more or less than a blustering egotist."

Cutter & Gallup, of Mystic Bridge, Conn., have been awarded by the Treasury the contract for building nine life saving stationhouses on the coast of Cape Cod and one on Block Island, R. I. The price is $1400 for each station-house. The buildings are to be completed by December 1.

The Democrats and Liberal Republicans of Connecticut united in Convention at Hartford on Wednesday, and nominated an electoral ticket, consisting of one Democrat and one Liberal at large, and four district electors equally divided. Resolutions were adopted reaffirming the Cincinnati platform and indorsing the address of that Convention, and arraigns the Administration in pointed language.

NOT GUILTY.

It is not our custom to speak of men or measures in ambiguous phrase. Thus from the beginning of the campaign, we have invariably spoken of General Hartranft in terms of unequivocal approval. We have recommended him to our public as a soldier whose name adorns the historic page as his deeds illuminate his once battlefields. We have commended him for prudence, business tact and unblemished reputed for upright dealing, both as a citizen and as an officer of the Commonwealth. We have said, over and over again, that General Hartranft is a man whom the people may safely trust, and one who they may well delight to honor. We claim to comprehend the meaning of plain Anglo Saxon words, and while we may not use them to make the worse appear the better reason, we generally manage to make our intent plain to the average American citizen.

But upon reference to the Tribune on Saturday we learn that what is positive in this latitude becomes negative in the latitude of New York. The journal alluded to declares that the North American has only advocated Hartranft by negative means. The Tribune may be pardoned for calling an unqualified indorsement of the public and private character of a man negative commendation. It may be pardoned for urging this view of that matter because of late it has taken to advocating men for place who have very bad reputations for honor and honesty. But it must not judge other Journals by itself. When the North American recommends a man as entirely worthy the suffrages of an enlighted people, it intends positively to advocate his election. And it has from the first, and will continue to the end to advocate the election of General Hartranft as a man eminently worthy of public trust.

In alluding to the preposterous charges preferred by the opposition against General Hartranft the Tribune asks: "Is Hartranft guilty?" We reply positively, that he is not guilty. The pretended Yerkes "affidavits" are bold and unscrupulous forgeries, perpetrated by the men whom the Tribune ranks as champions of reform. They are as trick of desperation. The "affidavits" themselves are weak and could scarcely damage anybody even were they genuine. But they are not genuine. Mr. Yerkes says that affidavits were presented to him but that he refused to sign them. No longer ago than Wednesday of last week, Mr. Yerkes most positively denied, to a reporter for the Evening Telegraph, that the charges contained in those affidavits were true. To the direct question—"Did you and some of the State officials speculate with funds of the commonwealth for their benefit, as charged in the newspapers?" Mr. Yerks replied: "That is not true." The question now turns upon the credibility of the witness. Admitting, for the sake of argument, that the "affidavits" are genuine, Mr. Yerkes is the witness called by the friends of Mr. Buckalew. He positively denies making any affidavits, and he positively declares that he did not use the funds of the State in speculations for the benefit of any State officials. This language is so square that even a professor of Journalism could misapprehend it; and since the opposition have tried to put Mr. Yerkes on the witness-stand, they cannot be permitted to discredit their own chosen witness.

We now turn to the testimony of Mr. Lewis by which it attempted to sustain the charges against General Hartranft. If, after reading that testimony, any man of common sense, leavened with common honesty, can find any support of the charges, we have yet to make his acquaintance. Mr Lewis himself says that he don't see how the State officers could have derived any profit from the transactions to which he testifies. Neither can anybody else, not determined to discover fraud where none exists, see how any profit could have inured to State officials by the said transactions. But we do understand how a man so criminally reckless as to forge affidavits, for any purpose whatever, is prone to believe evil rather than good of the purest men. That is natural.

And it is also natural for men steeped in frauds and speculations, and who are only known as corrupters of Legislatures and political adventurers, to disbelieve as something unprecedented, in the possibility of any man controlling public finance without degenerating into a common thief. We commend this view to the Tribune, because it relates to the notorious characters who are advocating the election of Horace Greeley to the Presidency of the Republic.

And now let us dispose of the last charge against the integrity of General Hartranft. It was asserted in a communication published in the Tribune on the 28th of February, 1872, that General Hartranft and State Treasurer Mackey had been guilty of malfeasance in office. Other communications reflecting upon these officials were published in the Tribune and Sun. A joint committee was appointed to investigate these charges. It proceeded to discharge its duty, and reported that it had called before it *all* of the witnesses whose testimony seemed likely to throw any light upon the transactions charged, and that upon careful inquiry of witnesses under oath, it found that *the specific charges made in those communications were not true.* We have now to state that this report was written by Senator William A. Wallace, a Democrat of Democrats, and a fervid supporter of Horace Greeley. The Tribune will find the acquittal here cited on page 1226 of the Legislative Journal.

And finally, to set the Tribune entirely right touching our confidence in General Hartranft, let us say that when the North American recommends a man for the suffrages of the people it does so understandingly and whole heartedly. If we have not given up our columns to the defendence of General Hartranft, it is because it has not seemed necessary to defend a man whose record is an unimeachable, and has never been questioned, or attempted to be impeached by any reputable authority whatever. To step aside and bandy words with common calumniators constitutes no part of the duty of an honest journalist as we understand that duty. But our contemporary asked a question, apparently under a misapprehension of the position of this paper. We have paused in the assault upon Mr. Buckalew to answer its question; and our reply is, General Hartranft is not guilty in the matters charged, but the Tribune, its editors and correspondents *are* positively guilty of publishing unfounded calumny for truth, and the advocates of Charles R. Buckalew are guilty of forgery. Let us hope that this language will not be considered negative in terms.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

Hon. E. L. Acker Nominated—Rotting Delegates.

From the Northampton Democrat of the 5th.

The Democratic Congressional Convention of Montgomery county assembled this morning in the court-room, at eleven o'clock, and was called to order by Jesse B. Davis, chairman of a committee that met a similar committee from Lehigh county on two previous occasions and failed to agree.

The Convention was permanently organized by selecting John M. Fenton from Cheltenham, as Chairman, and Dr. Wm. J. Ashenfelter from Upper Hanover, and Daniel Keck from New Hanover, as Secretaries.

The various election precincts were then called and the credentials of the delegates received.

The delegates from Whitemarsh, Mr. Henry Unger and Jacob Hinkel, presented their credentials and desired that their protest against the holding of the convention, be entered upon the minutes.

On motion of H. Stew