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VOL. XXVI.

ALLEN

ADVERTISING RATES.

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One Square	1.50	1.75	3.50	6.50	12.00
Two Squares	3.00	3.50	6.50	9.00	20.00
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Quarter Column		13.50	22.00	40.00	60.00
Half Column		20.00	40.00	60.00	110.00
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Professional Cards $1.00 per line per year.

Administrator's and Auditor's Notices, $3.00

■C Notices, 20 cents per line 1st insertion 15 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Ten lines agate constitute a square.

ROBERT IREDELL, JR., PUBLISHER,

ALLENTOWN, PA.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT:

Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, and at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

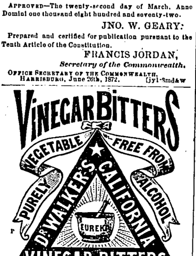
APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, June 26th, 1872. [jy1-3md&w



No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic and Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

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LUMBER YARD!

KINDLING!

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FRONT AND LINDEN STS.

WHITE AND BLACK OAK SAW LOGS wanted, for which the highest market price will be paid upon delivery.
d-w july 12-1y

NOTICE.

CITY TAX for 1872.

By a supplement to the City Charter of Allentown, approved the 22d day of March, 1870, the City Treasurer is made the receiver of all city taxes. All of said city tax remaining unpaid on the first day of August next, five per cent. shall be added; all of said tax remaining unpaid on the first day of October next ten per cent. shall be added.

Notice is hereby given that the city tax for 1872 will be received at my office, No. 639 Hamilton street, Allentown.
jel1 4md&w] JONATHAN REICHARD, Treas.

HAPSUS,

The great remedy for bots, colic, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels in horses. *Cures every case.*

SHOULD BE IN EVERY STABLE.

Sent free by mail for Fifty Cents.

AGENTS wanted everywhere. A. SWYDAM,
apr5-wem] Cabell C. H., W. Va.

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This widely-known School affords more thorough Christian education, at a cost of little more than $5 a week; *one fourth off for Clergymen.* The 87th session (20 weeks) opens Sept. 11th. The address of all former pupils is requested. A grand reunion at the close of the next year. Send for particulars to REV. CHARLES C. BEATTY, D. D., LL. D., Sup't., or Rev. A. M. REID. Ph. D., Principal.

BORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COLLEGE—Thorough instruction. Healthful and beautiful location. One of the most carefully conducted and best sustained institutions in the State. For terms, etc., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D.

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Forty-fourth Annual Term begins Sept. 10th.
Send for Circular.

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J. F. FRUEAUFF, Secretary,
Columbia, Lancaster County, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED for **Chamberlin's Great Campaign Book,** THE

STRUGGLE OF '72.

A Novelty in Political and Popular Literature.

A GRAPHIC History of the Republican and Democratic Parties; a racy sketch of the so-called Liberal Republican Party; an *inside view* of the Cincinnati Convention. The minor tickets or *side shows* of the campaign. The finest Illustrated Book Published. A Book wanted by every American citizen. To secure territory at once, send $1 for outfit. UNION PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill., Phila., Pa., or Springfield, Mass.

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Agents wanted for our Campaign goods. SELL AT SIGHT. PAY 100 PER CENT PROFIT. Now is the time. Send at once for Descriptive Circulars and Price Lists of our Fine Steel Engravings of all the Candidates, Campaign Biographies, Charts, Photographs, Badges, Pins, Flags, and everything suited to the times. Ten Dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $3. Address MOORE & GOODSPEED, 37 Park Row, New York.

CAMPAIGN BADGES. Thirty new and beautiful designs. Get Price List of T. C. RICHARDS & CO., Manufacturers 47 Murray Street, N. Y.

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THE CHEMISTRY OF DIVINE PROVIDENCE has never produced a mineral water which combines in such perfection the qualities of antibilious tonic and cathartic medicine, as that of the Seltzer spa; and TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT is the artificial equivalent of that great natural remedy.

$1,000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Blead. that DR BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 00

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE.

Is the cheapest and best article in the market for BLUEING CLOTHES. The genuine has both Barlow's and Wiltberger's name on the label, and is put up at Wiltberger's Drug Store, No. 233 North Second St., Philadelphia. D. S. WILTBERGER, Proprietor. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.

KEEP IT HANDY—The Reliable Family Medicine, for the prompt cure of Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Cramps, Summer Complaint, &c., Jordan's Compound Syrup of Blackberry Root and Rhubarb, an old and well-tried remedy, entirely vegetable, pleasant to take, quick and certain in effect; can be depended on in the most urgent cases; may be given to the youngest infant as well as to the aged. It is readily taken by children. Keep it in the house, and use in time. Sold by Druggists. HANSELL & BRO. 2000 Market Street, Philadelphia. Try it.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers,* Portland, Maine.

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Proprietors of the

Gallery of Anatomy and Museum of Science,

807 CHESTNUT ST., PHILA.

Have just published a new edition of their lectures, containing most valuable information on the causes, consequences and treatment of diseases of the reproductive system, with REMARKS ON MARRIAGE and the various causes of the LOSS OF MANHOOD, with full instructions for its complete restoration; also a chapter on VENEREAL INFECTION, and the MEANS OF CURE, being the most COMPREHENSIVE WORK on the subject ever yet published—comprising 200 pages. Mailed free to any address for Twenty-five cents.

Address Drs. JORDAN & DAVIESON,

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1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

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MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

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would inform the public that he has the largest display of Candy, of all kinds, fancy and common, new styles, such as

Cream Chocolate Cocoa-Nut,
Greek Cocoa-Nut Paste,
Iceland Moss Paste,
Extra French Cream Almonds,

&c., &c., and dealer in all kinds of FRUIT, such as
ORANGES, NUTS, FIGS, &C., LEMONS, &C., DATES,

☞ALSO—A large variety of TOYS, constantly on hand.
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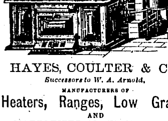

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NO CURE, NO PAY.

DR. H. D. LONGAKER,

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East side of Sixth street, bet. Hamilton and Walnut,

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No Patent Medicines are used or recommended; the remedies administered are those which will not break down the constitution, but renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines, and leave it in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA,

and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Stomach, and Liver, which yearly carry thousands to untimely graves, can undoubtedly be cured.

MELANCHOLY ABERRATION,

that state of alienation and aberration of mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures of performing the duties of life.

RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS,

in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable. Epilepsy, or falling sickness, and chronic or stubborn cases of FEMALE DISEASES speedily and radically removed; Salt Rheum, Skin Diseases (of years' standing) every description of Ulcerations, Piles and Scrofulous diseases, warranted cured.

☞Particular attention given to private diseases of every description of both sexes.

Ladies suffering from any complaint incidental to their sex, can consult the doctor with assurance of relief.

Cancer cured, and Tumors of all kinds removed without the knife or drawing blood. Diseases of the

EYE AND EAR

successfully and effectually removed.

☞Dr. Longaker will make visits any distance if desired; can be addressed by letter (confidentially) and medicine sent with proper directions to any part of the country.

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PILES OF ALL KINDS perfectly and permanently CURED, without pain, danger, caustics or instruments, by

WM. A. McCANDLESS, M. D.,

2001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Who can refer you to over 1200 cases cured in Philadelphia alone. We desire to say to those afflicted, there is positively no *deception* in the *cure* of these DISEASES, it matters not how *long* or how *severely* you have been *afflicted,* we can *cure* you. We also cure Fistula, Fissure Prolapsus, Strictures and Ulceration of the lower bowel. Come you that are suffering, we will not *deceive you.* We have patients from almost every State in the Union and from Europe. Have treated these diseases for twenty years without a failure. apr 26-1y

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PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.—A NEW COURSE OF LECTURES, as delivered at the Penna Polytechnic and Anatomical Museum, 1205 Chestnut St., three doors above Twelfth, Philadelphia, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; The cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents by addressing: Secretary of the Penna. POLYTECHNIC AND ANATOMICAL MUSEUM 1205 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penna. june 22-1y

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Are warranted equal to any made. They are prepared from the *fruits,* and will be found *much better* than many of the *Extracts* that are sold.

☞*Ask your Grocer or Druggist for Wiltberger's Extracts.*

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE

Is, without doubt the *best article* in the market, for *blueing clothes.* It will color more water than *four times* the same weight of indigo, and much more than any other *wash blue* in the market. The *only genuine* is that put up at

ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE,

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The LABELS have both WILTBERGER'S and BARLOW'S names on them, *all others are counterfeits. For sale by most Grocers and Druggists.*

WILTBERGER'S INDELIBLE INK

Will be found on trial to be a superior article. Always on hand for sale at reasonable prices. Pure Ground SPICES, Genuine MEDICINE, Chamois Skins, Sponges, Tapioca, Pearl Sago, and all articles in the drug line, at ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE,
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HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye.

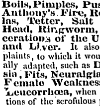
FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation;* which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL, & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.

SOLD IN ALLENTOWN BY
W. E. BARNES & SON.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla



Is widely known as one of the most effectual remedies ever discovered for cleansing the system and purifying the blood. It has stood the test of years, with a constantly growing reputation, based on its intrinsic virtues, and sustained by its remarkable cures. So mild as to be safe and beneficial to children, and yet so searching as to effectually purge out the great corruptions of the blood, such as the scrofulous and syphilitic contamination. Impurities, or diseases that have lurked in the system for years, soon yield to this powerful antidote, and disappear. Hence its wonderful cures, many of which are publicly known, of **Scrofula,** and all scrofulous diseases, **Ulcers, Eruptions,** and eruptive disorders of the skin, **Tumors, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Sores, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm,** and internal **Ulcerations of the Uterus, Stomach, and Liver.** It also cures other complaints, to which it would not seem especially adapted, such as **Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Fits, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Female Weakness, Debility,** and **Leucorrhoea,** when they are manifestations of the scrofulous poisons.

It is an excellent restorer of health and strength in the Spring. By renewing the appetite and vigor of the digestive organs, it dissipates the depression and listless languor of the season. Even where no disorder appears, people feel better, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. The system moves on with renewed vigor and a new lease of life.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

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TOWN, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG

THE
Greeley Banner!

Who Carry It---What is Inscribed on It.

The Rallying Cry of Its Followers.

Some Things to Which Honest Men Cannot Shut Their Eyes or Close Their Ears.

Every lover of fair dealing can but regret that the Tribune, in making up its list of papers which support Greeley and Brown—which it parades with so much satisfaction and pride—should have neglected to include that ardent and enthusiastic supporter of the Baltimore ticket, the Lexington (Missouri) Caucasian. This is not right. Horace Greeley was first nominated for the Presidency by that paper, and not only did the Caucasian choose the philosopher for its standard bearer, but the philosopher in turn took the pains to write a letter of thanks to the editor for the interest he had manifested in his behalf. Moreover, the platform of the Caucasian is a much more plain and specific exposition of Greeleyism than the glittering generalities of the Cincinnati and Baltimore pronunciamentos. Here it is, *verbatim et literatum :*

STATE SOVEREIGNTY

WHITE SUPREMACY
AND
REPUDIATION

THIS IS LIBERTY!!

OUR MOTTO:

Never Despair of the Republic.

OUR PLATFORM:

The Constitution of 1860, and the Rights of the States.

OUR DOCTRINES:

This is a White Man's Government, Made by White Men, for White Men and Their Posterity, Forever.

Down with the Fifteenth Bedamnedment.

TOTAL REPUDIATION OF THE MONSTROUS Yankee War Debt! That Accursed Unconstitutional Burden, accumulated by an Unconstitutional Mob styling itself a Congress, in the prosecution of an Unconstitutional Crusade, for the accomplishment of an Unconstitutional and Horrid Purpose.

DOWN WITH BONDHOLDERS AND TAXATION.

Subordination of the Military to the Civil Authorities.

DOWN WITH THE SATRAPS.

Equal Taxation and the Rightful Representation of all the States, or

ANOTHER REBELLION!

REVOLUTION MUST BE MET BY COUNTER-Revolution! Force by Force! Violence by Violence! And Unsurpation should be Overthrown, if needs be, by the Bayonet!

Down with Test Oaths and Registrations.

VIVE LA REPUBLIQUE!

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORACE GREELEY.
of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN.
of Missouri.

The difference between the Caucasian, which flies this flag every week and proposes to fight out the campaign under it, and the majority of its Confederate contemporaries, consists simply in the superior frankness and ingenuousness of the former. But the inspiring motive is everywhere the same, and no one knows this better than the Tribune and Horace Greeley, whom they have made their decoy duck to lead people astray, and behind whom are ranged the very men and principles, that first precipitated and then upheld the slave-holders' rebellion. Indeed, we have Mr. Greeley's own words that this is exactly the case. On the 14th of November, 1870—less than two years ago—he said :

"We do not share the prevalent belief that the Democratic party will acquiesce in the enfranchisement of the blacks. Necessity and apprehension may for a time constrain it to silence, but its restoration to power will inevitably revive the assertion. "This is a white man's government," with the usual Democratic inference from that premise Just as the attempt to defraud the national creditors by paying off their bonds, which draw six per cent. in gold, with greenbacks drawing no interest, and payable at no particular time, was dropped, upon proof that the country would not tolerate it, so the purpose of disfranchising the blacks may be disclaimed, but not relinquished. If there were no Republican party, the National debt would never be paid, and the blacks would be divested of every franchise. While repudiation and disfranchisement endanger the success of the Sham Democracy, they may be disavowed; but give that party a four years' lease of power, and it will improve its opportunity by cheating the public creditors and remanding the blacks to serfdom. Whatever virtue it may assume is imposed by its fears."

This is Horace Greeley's deliberate opinion concerning the purposes of the men who now boast that they have "put a hook in his nose," and some of whom publicly declare that he has given "direct pledges" that he will carry out their policy in the event of his election. In view of these incontrovertible facts, corroborated by the weight of Greeley's own testimony, honest and upright people everywhere will see, in the Tribune's omission of the Caucasian from the list of Greeley's supporters, only another proof that the candidate is committed to the cause it espouses, but that he prefers to rely on the power of deceit and chicane for the present.

If more proof should be needed, it is fortunately close at hand. Here is another declaration of the Confederate candidate respecting the principles and purposes of those on whose votes he now relies for election. The passage is taken from the Tribune of February, 1871 :

"The brain, the heart, the soul of the present Democratic party is the Rebel element at the South, with its Northern allies and sympathizers. IT IS REBEL AT THE CORE TO-DAY. It would come into power with the hate, the chagrin, the wrath, the mortification of ten bitter years to impel and guide its steps. It would devote itself to taking off or reducing tax after tax until the Treasury was deprived of the means of paying interest on the national debt, and would hail the tidings of bankruptcy with unalloyed gladness and unconcealed exultation. Whatever chastisement may be deserved by our national sins, we must hope that this disgrace and humiliation will be spared us."

Should this not suffice, let the words of Gen. Hodge, Democratic Elder for the State of Kentucky, delivered at a Greeley ratification meeting some two weeks ago, be offered in evidence. He said :

"Looking back upon the once shattered and fruitless hope of the South, I now see that the equal rights and sovereignty of States shall be restored, and my comrades of the lost cause have not died in vain. This will be a victory for that which they fought. Mr. Greeley promised to do all he could to aid us when we get a majority in Congress. Not only will Mr. Greeley not forget who has helped him to his position but *pledges—direct pledges—have been given us by him that we shall not be forgotten in case of success.*

Colonel U. C. P. Breckenridge said at the same meeting :

"Our part of this bargain is to give the Liberal Republicans our votes, in order to enable them to succeed in the undertaking. Their part of the bargain is to restore to power the now disfranchised sons of the South, to drive out of the temple these vandals and thieves, and restore you, Democrats, to their positions. They are to give you, men of the South, those places which the men of the dominant party now hold. *I don't care a picayune for Horace Greeley, or what he has said. He represents the dawn of a new era to us, an era that will restore us to power. Will that not be victory enough for us?"*

In like manner, at a Greeley meeting recently held in Nashville, ex-Governor Brown remarked that—

"He did not care what Greeley had said in the past against the south and its institutions. It was enough for him to know that now he was in favor of restoring her to her pristine rights. Greeley, if *elected, would pay the losses of the South!"*

At the same meeting Hon. Ed. I. Golladay, member of Congress from Nashville in the course of some remarks, said that "the Democracy had not abandoned their principles, and in adopting their (Cincinnati) platform, they had not ignored their past record." This, he said, was a sufficient indication of what they would do when in power, with the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments, which "the Democracy did not believe to be just or constitutionally adopted." Of the candidate he said :"

"Greeley, at the outset of the war, was in favor of letting the 'wayward sisters depart in peace,' and afterward went single-handed and alone to meet our Commisioners in Canada, to treat for peace. Not a Democrat in the North dared go with him, or manifest any desire to go. *He was then in favor of paying the South for her slaves, and I believe he is still.*

Of that resolution of the Cincinnati and Baltimore platforms which declares that its subscribers "remember with gratitude the heroism and sacrifices of the soldiers and sailors of the Republic," the Quintam (Georgia) Banner which supports the Greeley movement, has this to say :

"The atrocites of the Northern soldiery are still too fresh in our memory; the scars on our hearts are not yet erased; the names of Chickamauga and Elmira still suffuse the eyes with tears, and the heart with terrible thoughts of vengeance. Ah! it is too soon to make light of the four year struggle for liberty. Widows have not ceased to lament the loss of husbands mothers still cherish the memory of departed sons; brothers and sisters still remember idolized fathers and brothers. The remains of war's terrible havoc are still visible—the grim land marks of a vandal host are not erased—the blackened ruins made by incendiary and hireling armies are altogether to fresh in the minds of Southern men—to expect from them even political endorsement of all the atrocious acts of a vandal host."

Horace Greeley is now the standard bearer Vance, who wanted "hell crowded with Yankees," Booty and Beauty Beauregard, Fort Pillow Forrest, Pirate Semmes, and generally those who demand pay for their slave property, who insist upon the assumption and liquidation of the rebel debt, and who call for pensions for rebel soldiers. The record of the candidate shows, first, that he knows they expect these things; and next, that he he has given them a right to expect them. Who can doubt that he would do their bidding? The people of Pennsylvania who propose by their votes to accelerate this baleful triumph should not forget to vote for Buckalew, who holds precisely the same relation to Greeley which the Fishing Creek Confederacy held to the Southern Confederacy at large during the progress of the rebellion, which Greeley by his secession views helped to precipitate, and Buckalew by his disloyalty encouraged.

A Rhinoceros Breaks from His Keepers—Two Men Killed by the Infuriated Beast A Museum of Curiosities Destroyed.

A letter from Red Bird, a small town in Monroe county, Illinois, gives a thrilling account of the escape from its keepers of the rhinoceros belonging to Warner & Co.'s menagerie and circus, on the occasion of its being brought into the ring for the first time. The showmen had prepared the animal for the exhibition in the ring by attaching to a ring in its nose two strong wire ropes, and twenty four men were deemed sufficient to control the beast, which submitted quietly to being led from the cage, but on entering the arena suddenly threw up his head, and plunging madly to the right and left, broke loose from the men and dashed forward through the tent. Its first victim was John Gillem, a canvasman, who was knocked down, and the beast trampling upon his breast, he was killed instantly.

It next ran its nose against Martin Ready, another canvasman, striking him in the stomach and ripping out his bowels, killing him. It next made a dash in the direction of the seats which by this time were cleared by the frightened spectators, and knocked down nearly all of the seats on one side of the tent, dislocating the shoulder of one of the employees and breaking the arm of a spectator.

It then ran into the menagerie tent and upset Mr. Forepaugh's den of performing animals, after which it struck the centre pole with its head, bringing it down with a crash upon the cages of the tiger and leopard, but not breaking them so as to allow the animals to escape. Dashing into the museum tent, it broke all the curiosities, stampeding all the people in the neighborhood, and rushed out through the side of the canvas into the street, finally bringing up in a vacant house, the door of which stood open, and here the men succeeded in capturing the animal and getting it into a cage. The damage to the show was abont $3,000.

Grant and Rawlins.

General Kilpatrick, in a speech at Glenn's Falls last week, told more than he knew. He charged that when General Rawlins lay on his death-bed, he telegraphed to General Grant at Saratoga. "General, I am dying; I must see you before I die: Come here." Grant, said Kilpatrick, refused to go, preferring rather to attend a ball at Saratoga. Kilpatrick dwelt upon this theme for twenty minutes in his speech, picturing the dying Rawlins' last moments and painting the awful ingratitude of Grant in not hastening to his bedside. The facts are that General Sherman telegraphed to the President: "Rawlins is worse." Grant hurried down to Albany, took a freight boat to gain a few hours time, and was by Rawlins' side when he died, accepting the guardianship of his children, a duty which he has since fulfilled with the utmost fidelity.

THIS is the way it is done. The Bangor (Me) Commercial says that "600 Republicans of Stephen county, New York, have signed a call for a Greeley and Brown convention." There is no such county in the State of New York.

The Stadt Theatre in the Bowery, Ne York, was sold last week to Wm. Martin, f $122,000.

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UST 28 1872.

THE MAINE CAMPAIGN.

Unanimous Nomination of Mr. Horsey by the Republicans For Congress—Ex-Congressman Rice, Claimed as a Greeleyite, Pronounces for the Republican Party.

[Special Dispatch to the New York Times.]

BANGOR, Me., Aug. 14.—The Republican Fourth Congressional District Convention met here to-day, and unanimously nominated Gen. Samuel F. Hersey, of this city, for Congress, on the first ballot, the only opposing candidate Hon. Josiah Crosby of Dexter, withdrawing in his favor. The convention was large and enthusiastic. Capt. Isaac Randall, of Island Falls, one of the most prominent men in the last State Legislature, and a leading Republican in this section presided. Its most notable feature, besides the unanimity of the nomination, was the appearance as a spectator of Hon. John H. Rice, Congressman from this District, immediately preceding Hon. John A. Peters, a pronounced Liberal Republican, who has been repeatedly claimed by the Greeley men as one of their converts, and his reply from the platform in response to calls for a speech from him This was as follows:

FELLOW REPUBLICANS: I have no sentiments to disguise. I am a Republican to day as I have always been. [Applause.] I have never cast a Democratic vote. I never expect to cast one. [Applause.] I will support the nominee of the convention to day. [Cheers.] And although I understand very well that the most significant vote for Grant will be a vote for Derham for Governor, I shall vote for him. I know him to be an honest man. There have been some things in the conduct of the Republican party that has not been satisfactory to me—matters of policy, and, perhaps of principle. I am free to admit this, but the only thing we can do is to be governed by the common sentiment, the common judgement of the great party with which we act. [Applause.] I have expressed, and freely, dissatisfaction with the Administration. I hope the day will never come when a man will be prevented from expressing his sentiments of the conduct of his party, within its lines or without. I, understand the significance of this reception. You regard it as a welcoming back of a lost sheep to the Republican Party. [Applause.] I have thought much since the nominations. I have not been satisfied with what I have seen in the Republican party. I have wanted reform. I may have had some personal feeling, but I have reconsidered all that, and I stand here to day without wishing or expecting any thing from the Republican party. I have come to the conslusion that to vote for Horace Greeley is to vote for the Democratic party, and that I cannot do—[cheers]—and so I shall vote the entire Republican ticket on the 8th of September. I never supposed that I had a swallow large enough to take down Marcelus Emery, the Democratic candidate for Congress in this district. I have nothing to say against him personally, but I cannot vote for a man who, if he lives up to his often expressed sentiments and convictions, would, if in Congress, vote for reopening the troubles settled by the war; who would vote for the repayment of rebels for slaves emancipated by the nation; who would vote for pensions to the rebel soldiers. It is not an idle thing to say that the time will come when these questions will again be mooted in Congress, and it is every man's duty to see to it that no man is sent into Congress who might give his votes for these or any other rebel measures.. [Applause.] The Democrats have among them smart business men. They are not going to put in ninety-nine hundredths of the capital and not take ninety nine hundredths of the dividends; and Horace Greeley being a just man is not going to withhold from them their share of the dividends if he is elected. Therefore, I can see no reform through the party supporting him. So far as my as my influence is concerned I am with the Republican party. [Cheers.] Your friends are my friends; your faith is my faith; your gods my gods. [Repeated cheers.]

Senator Hamlin being called upon while the regular Committees were out preparing the business for the Convention, made a sterling and vigorous speech. He [illegible] quoted in the annals of history; and we may that in all the progress of the ages the American people may never see the like. We are told that we should be bound by the sound and christain maxim set down in Holy Writ and so we should. We are told that we should follw the prodigal son, who went away from home and became quite as poor and degraded as the Democratic Party is to-day. The father received that son, but to the reception the boy gave an honest repentance. But the Democrats ask more than forgiveness. We do not read that the father, when he forgave that son put him at the head of his farm. [Applause.] That's what they want us to do. Now we are told that these men have repented. They have done no such a thing. Up to last February the Democratic Party had opposed every vital issue which involved the integrity of the Government for the last ten years. He would be pleased to know what single act in evidence of their conversion they have exhibited. Their repentance is a mere declaration of the lip when they should give the best substantial evidence of honest repentance. He would be one of the first to offer forgiveness; he would clasp hands with no one over the bloody chasm but when that chasm was filled up with honest repentance and promise of good work, when the chasm had disappeared, then he would clasp hands, and gladly, with the bitterest of them all.

Gen Hersey, the nominee of the Convention made a brief speech accepting the position.

Resolutions indorsing the candidate and reiterating the principles of the Republican party were reported and the Convention adjourned.

HEADQUARTERS

Republican State Committee,

NO. 716 WALNUT STREET,
Philadelphia, August 14, 1872.

The Republican State Committee desires to congratulate the Repuplicans of Pennsylvania upon the noble victory recently won by their brethren in North Carolina. It was a triumph over the fearful odds, and was won in spite of the fraudulent practices imported into the State from New York by the Tammany ballot-box stuffers, who now lead the Greeley army.

It has demonstrated that the Republicans of the Southern States cannot be won from the support of their principles by the oily tongues of the Republican traitors who were sent among them. Schurz and Trumbull, Tipton and McClure may blazon their own treachery, but cannot win followers.

It has demonstrated, also, that while the men with grievances, the soreheads and the disappointed demagogues, may be able to make a great din over their own abandonment of their professions they carry no one with them. The treachery they represent is only on the surface; it does not reach down into the masses; the people are not infected by it. These men went out from us because they are not of us.

This inspiriting success in North Carolina was won by *organization* and persistent *work*. It could not have been won without those essential adjuncts.

It behooves us, therefore, to profit by their example. Wherever the work of organization has not been begun in Pennsylvania, it has been attended by the best results. Wherever it has been resorted to, apathy and indifference prevail. Friends! If this be the case in your county, break the spell at once, and begin the essential work of the campaign. Waste not a day in waiting. Every day that this work is deferred is an opportunity lost.

We implore our people throughout the State, who have not yet entered into the spirit of this all important contest, to remember the great interests at stake, and how much may hang upon the consequences of their inaction.

Our intelligence from all parts of the State is of the most encouraging kind. In the few places where disaffection existed, it is steadily disappearing, and the party is rapidly settling down into a compact and unbroken mass. The few men who have gone off to the enemy have made all that is possible out of their change of front, and henceforth must cease to have any influence in our ranks. These ranks are as solid and firm as ever, and nothing remains but to march forward to the victory that awaits us.

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We are going to win this fight! Of that we have no doubt. The conclusive proofs of this are all about us. Pay no heed to the fables put forth as facts by our opponents. Regard all reports as false that point to any change in our State ticket. No change will be made. Our leaders are chosen, and under them we go forth to battle. Organize and work. Cast all fears and apprehensions to the winds. Put the croakers out of hearing; and with a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether, the work will be done to the satisfaction of all. Even Greeley, in his private letters, does not claim Pennsylvania; he knows better.

One word more: In carrying on this fight do not act on the defensive. The enemy is so vulnerable that our chief purpose should be to attack him at every weak point. Buckalew's record while in the United States Senate, proves him to have been a disloyal man, the companion and counsellor, not merely of traitors, but of incendiaries and murderers, who plotted with him at Niagara to burn and destroy the cities of his own State, no matter at what cost to the helpless and defenceless. Holcomb's letter, in conjunction with Thompson's, and his own senatorial record fully prove this. Charge it home on him, and give his defenders no rest from attack.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

THE LESSON OF 1861.

Suppose Charles R. Buckalew had been Governor of Pennsylvania when Abraham Lincoln called for seventy-five thousand volunteers to quell the slaveholders' insurrection, does any man doubt that he would have caused this good old Commonwealth to make a very different history for herself than that she caused to be recorded under the administration of Andrew G. Curtin? That appeal, remember, was made to the States as States. It so happened that nearly every free State was officered by Republicans. We all remember how nobly the free States responded. It was, and continues yet to be, cause of pride and gratulation that the action of the Governor of Pennsylvania was so prompt and sagacious that the reaction of Bull Run was stayed thereby. Does any man believe that the famous Pennsylvania Reserve Corps would have had an existence had Charles R. Buckalew been the Governor to whom the President's appeal was made?

We have only to regard the responses to that appeal made by Democratic governors in the border and southwestern States, and we are sufficiently answered. "The militia of Virginia will not be furnished to the powers at Washington," replied Governor Letcher. "I can be no party to this wicked violation of the laws of the country," replied Governor Ellis, of North Carolina. "Tennessee will not furnish a single man for coercion, but fifty thousand, if necessary, for the defence of our rights and those of our brethren," replied Governor Isham G. Harris. "I say emphatically that Kentucky will furnish no troops for the wicked purpose of subduing her sister southern States," replied Governor Magoffin. "The President's call is illegal, unconstitutional, revolutionary, inhuman, diabolical and cannot be complied with," replied Governor Jackson, of Missouri. "The laws of the State do not confer upon the Executive any authority allowing him to comply with such a requisition," replied Governor Burton, of Delaware. "I will suffer my right arm to be torn from my body before I will raise it to strike a sister State," said the Governor of Maryland. Is it necessary to go further in these quotations to show the action of that hour of great peril?

To know what Mr. Buckalew would have done had he been Governor of Pennsylvania in that emergency, we have only to note what he did do as a citizen and as a Senator. Neither as citizen nor as Senator did he attempt to strengthen the hands of the State or Federal government during the four years of war for national life. He was the apologist for the southern wing of the Democratic party in arms against the Union, and the willing defender of men who strove to embarrass the government by discouraging enlistments and resisting the drafts. Had he been in a position to split hairs touching the right of armed regiments from other States to pass through Pennsylvania to the defence of the capital, who can say that he would not have submitted six columns of protest to the invasion of Pennsylvania? He was in perfect political accord with such Democrats as Mayor Brown and Marshal Kane, of Baltimore. So late as 1864 he was in secret communication with rebel emissaries, though at the time Senator of the United States.

No man who was against us, or who occupied a doubtful position during the rebellion can be trusted with the control of State affairs. Nor is this harsh judgement. The tories were never admitted to position of trust and honor after the Revolution. Morally and practically Mr. Buckalew's attitude toward the government from 1861 to 1865 did not differ essentially from that of the tories toward the confederation. If it be said that no emergency like that of 1861 will again arise in national affairs, we reply that no man can foreach time and decide that. No such emergency was believed likely to arise when in 1860 Andrew G. Curtin was elected Governor. And so the people of this commonwealth wrought wiser than they knew, and prepared the State for a glorious page in history. As citizens, having the honor of Pennsylvania in keeping, we are called upon to act up to the highest wisdom of to day, and the highest wisdom of this day is the average experience of the last twenty years brought to bear upon present political action.

We all know that General Hartranft never betrayed a trust reposed in him. We know that he would rise to the level of any emergency that has arisen or may arise. Never for a moment was his position doubtful during the war. As an executive officer he ranked high among generals. As a cool, determined, brave man his record is without spot or dimness. Twice the people of the State elected him to the second highest place in their gift, and he has proved entirely worthy of the confidence. He is no new man, no stranger, offered for the suffrage of Republicans. To bestow upon him the high trust for which he is named is not to try an experiment. The experiment of trusting General Hartranft has been tried, and he has not been found wanting. To labor for his preferment is an agreeable duty, and to congratulate him in the hour of victory will be the pride of true patriots.—*North American.*

THE Louisville Ledger is by no means joyous over Mr. Greeley's second letter of acceptance. It says: "Democrats had walked up like little men and swallowed the Cincinnati pill—after it was sugar-coated with the original letter of construction. We had thought that enough. But not so. Now, just as we are enfeebled, faint and helpless from the nauseating effect of the dose. It seems the very refinement of cruelty to be thus drawn across the knee of the grim red man and soundly spanked. But anything to beat Grant."

The State Republican Convention of Georgia met at Atlanta last week seventy-two counties being represented. Judge Dawson A. Walker was nominated for Governor, and an electoral ticket put forth. Resolutions endorsing Grant and Wilson were adopted.

The Republican State Convention of Arkansas assembled at Little Rock last week, every county being represented. A temporary organization was effected, and the Convention adjourned until 7 P. M. Judge Baxter, of Batesville, was nominated for Governor.

WHY.

BY FALCONRIDGE.

"Mr. Shepley?"

"Mr. Shepley, sir."

"Well, John."

"There is a gentleman would like to see you, sir."

"Show him in."

I had mused myself almost too sleep that December afternoon; the dull gray clou had a ghastly look about them, and the bl had the shriek of a demon in it, and betwe the two, the play of the clouds and the wi nature's orchestra, I had well nigh dropp off to sleep.

"Is this Mr. Shepley, sir?"

The speaker was a man of magnificent f ure, with iron grey hair, and with what w would call a *distingue* air about him. He h removed his hat, and stood hesitating.

"It is; pray be seated."

The man sat down, a splendid figure, sh ing out against the dark back ground of t dingy office, while a streak of sunshine shimmered through the window and fell on his face.

"The demons seem set loose out of doo to-day," I said. I had been conjuring strange fancies before he came in, and h almost forgotten my visitor as I spoke."

"They *are* let loose, they are let loos As he spoke a cloud came between him a the warm sunshine, leaving his face i shadow.

There was something more interesting th clouds to study; the man has evidently sou perplexing legal difficulty, and he has co to the firm of Shepley and Pearson to have solved. He shall not be disappointed, I r solved, mentally.

"I see you advertised for a copyist," we on the man, "I desire a situation.

I started when he began the senten "You, sir," I managed to stammer, "a copyist?"

The man evidently observed a look of a tonishment that broke over my face.

"I have been to twenty places to-day, s no work—all full," and the swash of rain the window pane outside and his voice had hopelessness in them.

"Do you see the wind take that limb," continued the man, a little slower, "how i writhes and twists, and struggles. every le stripped from it! I am in the grasp of demon fiercer than the winds. It's follow me for forty years. There," as the limb we down with a crash, "I'm afraid *that* will b the end of *me*."

You shall have the situation," I said ear estly, for I saw it was not legal perplexit out a problem old as eternity, and that he in its issues the destiny of a soul.

The sun came out just then and fell acro his face again, "the face of a gentleman," you said instinctively; the profile of so Greek philosopher cut in marble, could no look nobler.

"The sunshine again," I said, pleasantl "Yes," he said, absently; "can I begin work now?"

And so it came about that the quiet gentl man you have noticed in the corner alway busily at work became a copyist, always th cultured man of the world, always respondin to my essays at conversation politely a wisely, and yet silent if I left him to himsel there seemed to steal along with him a gra shadow. "Why, was he only a copyist?" I ventured as much this one day. Th work he had done was executed with suc rare skill, always anticipating any explanatio of suggesting some improvements in matte of method, and yet with so much courtes tha one could not be offended. "Why," I I asked, "was he only a copyist?"

"God knows," and the man shivered, and then bowed himself upon the table. When h looked up again, I attempted to apologize; but he stopped me with, "I don't wonder you se not the only one that has asked m 'why,' when I wrote;" and then he stopped, but I was called away just then.

I never questioned him again. I knew a tragedy was behind it all, as there is behind many white faces. He was at the time Mr. ——; a book was making a sensation: nobody knew who was the author; the papers and reviews were full of praise and criticism. He evaded the subject at first. I knew him of fierce, biting sarcasm on the book, that was struck dumb for the moment, for the took was really something wonderful in its way.

"The severest review does not equal yours," I replied laughing.

His face flushed a little, "I beg your pardon sir," he said humbly.

"Ah! every man to his opinion," I replied and so the matter dropped.

I had the occasion to go down —— street one night about ten, the beautiful, dazzling street. I have thought of it since, how seductive it looks of night, the saloons with their inviting bars, and the bright-eyed waiters, how tempting it says to one—"come in." There was loud talking in one of them, a man came staggering out on the sidewalk. He was my copyist; the fine face usually so quiet and gentlemanly, looked like a fiend's; he raved fearfully, but I got him home at last, and then it all came out, the struggle of his life, how he had lost wife and daughters, had met a friend that night—fiend rather—who made him drink, and the peace of three years was broken.

I left him quieted, but the next morning he came to the office subdued, and attempted to speak of the bitter struggle; but I would not hear him; wanted no common drunkard in my office. He trembled slightly as I said it. I gave him his wages and bid him good morning, and in my spotless manhood, in my uncontaminated purity, turned him adrift. As he passed down the street and I caught a glimpse of his haggard face, I started to call him back, and then chided myself for such folly.

But the conviction gradually forced itself upon me, as I sat in the gathering night, that that man's soul would be required at my hand. Months passed, and I did not hear of him, could get no trace of him. Was he sucked into that fearful maelstrom that hides at every street corner? Thank God, a better fate awaited him.

A woman—an angel, rather—found him, learned his history, more than I had ever known (they are best for such work), and helped him up to a better manhood. I had a note this morning from her that he was dying; would I come?

I went; the man had changed somewhat in a twelvemonth; the same gentlemanly courtesy, but death had laid his finger on those ashen lips.

I humbly begged his pardon for the great wrong I did him, and he answered me that I did not know his need then for some kindly hand of help; that he forgave me gladly.

I have no words to tell you the story I listened to by that bedside, with the relentless shadows creeping over his face, and the angels waiting to take him home; he was calm, but I shook with an agony of tears; he had fought the devils of darkness all his life; it had been no common struggle, for his was no common soul.

He pointed to a volume on the table; I took it up; it was the one he had criticized so sharply; I opened it upon the fly leaf, the compliments of the puplishers were tendered to him, the author.

Ah! how little we know of the skeletons that hang grinning so ghastly in our neighbor's closet.

Tee man before me was a genius of no common type, and I had turned him from my door. Good God! I shuddered at what might have been.

But the end was near. "The limb did not break;" he said, quietly smiling one of his own smiles, referring to the circumstance when I first met him, "it will bud and blossom by and by.

A bit of sunlight fell upon his face, giving it the look of one of Raphael's heads. The angel had come, and with the smiling band his spirit soared away.

Democratic Grant clubs in New York, with from 100 to 800 members each, are common in the wards of that city.

The Freedman's Journal, a Catholic paper, says of Mr. Sumner's letter: "He double-coats, for Democrats, with wormwood and gall, the Greeley pill that most of them have been trying to swallow."

The Springfield Republican Greeley, says: "There is, in fact, no Democratic party in Massachusetts, nor elsewhere in the country; it died at Baltimore in the arms of Liberal Republicanism." Bosh!

A Grant paper in Albany chronicles another straw. A bet was made that 75 Grant men would pass a certain point before 25 Greeleyites would pass. The Grant men won, as 78 Grantites passed to 17 Greeleyites.

The Republicans are very hopeful of carrying Virginia for Grant. Last year in the Congressional elections the Democratic majority was only $5,000. There are serious defections in the Democratic ranks, but none in those of the Republican party.