ADVERTISING RATES.

	3t.	1mo.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1yr.
One Square	1.50	1.75	3.50	6.50	12.00
Two Squares	3.00	3.50	6.50	9.00	20.00
Three Squares	4.50	5.25	9.00	17.00	25.00
Six Squares		11.50	17.00	25.00	45.00
Quarter Column		15.00	22.00	40.00	60.00
Half Column		20.00	40.00	60.00	110.00
One Column		30.00	60.00	110.00	200.00

Professional Cards $1.00 per line per year.
Administrator's and Auditor's Notices, $3.00.
City Notices, 20 cents per line 1st insertion, 15 cents per line each subsequent insertion.
Ten lines agate constitute a square.

ROBERT IREDELL, JR., PUBLISHER,
ALLENTOWN, PA.

The Lehigh Register.

VOL. XXIV. ALLENTOWN, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24 1870. NO. 32

ROBERT IREDELL, JR.
Plain and Fancy Job Printer
No. 45 EAST HAMILTON STREET,
ALLENTOWN, PA.
ELEGANT PRINTING
NEW DESIGNS
LATEST STYLES
Stamped Checks, Cards, Circulars, Paper Books, Constitutions and By-Laws, School Catalogues, Bill Heads Envelopes, Letter Heads Bills of Lading, Way Bills, Tags and Shipping Cards, Posters of any size, etc., etc., Printed at Short Notice.

Coal and Lumber.

JAS. M. RITTER, CHAS. W. ABBOTT, OWEN RITTER

JORDAN STEAM
PLANING MILL,
SASH, DOOR,
AND
BLIND MANUFACTORY,
Union Street, near Jordan Bridge, Allentown,

RITTER, ABBOTT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Doors, Outside Blinds, Inside Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets Balusters, Pickets, Stair Railings, Window Frames, Door Frames, Glazed Windows, Black Walnut Mouldings, &c.
SCROLL SAWING, TURNING, PLANING, MATCHING, FLOORING and RIPPING.
DONE AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
ALSO, STAIR BUILDING done and HAND RAILING made to order.

Having now had almost three years' possession of the Mill, refurnished it almost wholly with new and improved machinery, and having none but experienced workmen, we are prepared to defy competition from at home and abroad, both in price and workmanship.
Do you contemplate building? Call at our Factory and satisfy yourself with a personal examination.
Drawings for buildings, brackets, patterns for ornamental work, scrolls for porches, can be seen at all times by calling at our office. Any information to the builder furnished cheerfully and freely, by calling at the Manufactory, on Union street, at the Jordan Bridge, Allentown, Pa., or by letter through the post office.
aug 3-1y RITTER, ABBOTT & CO.

REMOVAL!
LUMBER! LUMBER!!

WILLOUGHBY R. TREXLER
(SUCCESSOR TO TREXLER & BROS.)
Hereby announces to the public that he has bought out the well-known LUMBER YARD of TREXLER & BROS. and extended the same to the property adjoining, at the corner of Tenth and Hamilton streets, where he will be constantly prepared to supply all demands that may be made upon him in the way of
BUILDING MATERIALS,
of the best quality, and at the lowest prices. His stock consists in part of
WHITE PINE and HEMLOCK BOARDS and PLANK, WHITE PINE, HEMLOCK and YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
PINE and HEMLOCK, FRAMING TIMBER, JOISTS and SCANTLING, of all lengths and sizes;
MICHIGAN PANEL LUMBER, POPLAR, OAK, ASH, WALNUT and CHERRY LUMBER,
Sawed, Shaved and CYPRESS SHINGLES, POSTS, RAILS, and PICKETS, of all lengths;
ROOFING and PLASTERING LATHS, &c., &c.
DRY LUMBER
will be made a specialty, and a full supply of all kinds constantly kept on hand.
Persons in need of lumber for large buildings will find it greatly to their advantage to call, being constantly ready to fill orders for all kinds of lumber used in barn building, upon the most favorable terms, and at the shortest notice.
Every article belonging to a first-class lumber yard is constantly kept on hand.
Thankful for past favors, I invite my friends to call and inspect my stock. Respectfully,
June 15-1y W. R. TREXLER

FROW, JACOBS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
ROUGH & WORKED LUMBER,
SASH DOORS AND BLINDS,
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.
Orders from the trade solicited sep 15-1y

A. HILBERT. B. OTTO. H. M. OTTO. G. W. MILLER.
HILBERT, OTTO & MILLER,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
LUMBER,
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.
MILL ON CANAL, WEST OF MAYNARD STREET.
OFFICE AT THE MILL.
W. F. CRANE, AGENT. 4, aug 69-1y

COAL CONSUMERS,
LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!
STELTZ & HEEBNER.
Hereby informs the citizens of Allentown, and the public in general, that he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
COAL,
from his well stocked Yard, formerly H. Guth & Co.'s, at the Lehigh Basin, in the City of Allentown, where he will constantly keep on hand a full supply of all kinds of Coal, at the very lowest market price. His coal is nice and clean, from the very best mines, and in quality superior to any offered in Allentown.
He will sell Coal by the CAR LOAD, at very small profits, as he intends to do business upon the principle of "Quick Sales and Small Profits." Give him a call, and upon comparing prices you can judge for yourselves.
He will deliver Coal upon call to any part of the City upon orders being left at the Yard, or Weinsheimer's store
mar 31-tf STELTZ & HEEBNER.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
The undersigned is prepared to contract for furnishing
SASH, BLINDS, WINDOW FRAMES, DOOR FRAMES, SHUTTERS.
And all kinds of building lumber Agent for
HOPE SLATE COMPANY'S LEHIGH SLATE.
Wholesale and retail dealer in the
CELEBRATED CUCUMBER PUMP.
Orders left at the EAGLE HOTEL will receive prompt attention. Post office address, WM. H. BERLIN, Quakertown, Bucks Co., Pa.
oct 20 '6 sep 22-1y

REVIVAL!!
The subscribers having leased the "Old Hope Coal Yard," would respectfully announce to the citizens of Allentown and the public in general, that they have just got
IN
a superior assortment of
COAL
Consisting of Stove, Egg, Chestnut and Nut from the DUCK MOUNTAIN MINES.
Orders left with A. A. Huber, Sieger & Hottenstein, at the Eagle Hotel, Hope Rolling Mill, or the Yard, will be attended to in a
BUSINESS
like manner.
Orders for Coal by the car filled at short notice and at the lowest prices.
Always on hand a large stock of
BALED HAY,
which will be sold at the lowest market prices.
L. W. KOONS & CO.,
at the "Old Hope Coal Yard,"
Hamilton Street, corner of Lehigh Valley Railroad,
ALLENTOWN, PA.
L. W. KOONS. R. E. DONAGHEY.
oct 27 —1y

A. R. WITTMAN,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

T. B. LEISENRING,
INSURANCE AGENT, FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT.

WITTMAN & LEISENRING,
Real Estate Agents and Scriveners.
PARTIES desiring anything in our line will do well to give us a call. We have upon our books a list of the most desirable property in this city, which will be sold at low figures, among which are
Vacant lots varying in size and price
Dwelling houses of all grades and prices.
Bank and State stocks. my 11-6mdw

GEORGE METZGER AND CHAS. MILLER, WITH
LEVI FENSTERMACHER,
Corner Tenth and Hamilton Streets,
ALLENTOWN, PA.
(Successor to Elias Fenstermacher.)
Dealer in Grain, Flour and Feed, Clover, Timothy and Flax Seed, Early Seed Potatoes, such as Early Rose, Early Snowflake, Early Henry, White Sprout, Etc.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, QUEENSWARE AND NOTIONS.
Lehigh County Cider Vinegar by the barrel or smaller measure.
A large stock of Liverpool Salt, best Mackerel, in quarter and half barrels, wholesale and retail. York State Apples just received. mar 23-1y*

Clothing,

IN EVERY WAY WORTHY OF ATTENTION.

THE great advantages we possess, as the result of a large, well-established and successful business, with an experience of more than twenty-five years, enable us to offer inducements to all who are about to become purchasers of

Ready-Made Clothing

second to no establishment in the country. Our garments are all made of the best materials, carefully selected; nothing unsound or in any way imperfect is made up at all, even in the lowest grades of goods. It is a well established fact among clothiers, that our Ready-Made Clothing, in every thing that goes to make a superior garment, is unequalled by any stock of goods in Philadelphia.

Our assortment is so large and varied that every one can be fitted at once, without delay. Our prices are always guaranteed as low, or lower, than the lowest elsewhere. We have also a fine assortment of

Goods in the Piece,

which will be made up to order, in the best manner, and at prices much lower than are usually charged for Garments made to order.

Gentlemen visiting Philadelphia, can, by having their measure registered on our books, have samples of goods forwarded, with price lists, by mail, at any time, and garments, either made to order or selected from our Ready-Made Stock, forwarded by express, which will be guaranteed to fit correctly.

BENNETT & CO.
Tower Hall, 518 Market St.
Half way between Fifth and Sixth Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.

Miscellaneous.

CANDY AND FRUIT.
GEO. W. JENKINS,
Successor to RUBICAN & SELLERS,
Manufacturer
SUGAR, MOLASSES AND COCOANUT
CANDY,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FRUITS, NUTS,
FIRE WORKS,
AND
CHRISTMAS GOODS.
161 NORTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
dec 15-1y

NORNY'S TASTELESS FRUIT PRESERVING PowDER
Keeps all kinds of fruit and tomatoes without being air-tight, for a penny a quart. It has no equal for stewed fruit and preserves with little cooking and sugar, as it retains a finer flavor than any other process. Price 50 cents a box. Sold by the grocers. Sent by mail or at the store, where we invite all to see our beautiful collection of fruit.
ZANE, NORNY & CO.,
136 North Second St., Philad'a.
jc 23-3m

LAND WARRANTS WANTED
OF WAR OF 1812 AND MEXICAN WAR.
FOREIGN COINS, STOCKS, GOLD, GOVERNMENT and other BONDS BOUGHT and SOLD.
COLLECTIONS promptly made on all points.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED.
No pains will be spared to serve the interests of those who favor us with their business.
JOHN S. RUSHTON & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
dec22-1y No. 50 South 3d St., Phila d'

$10,000 GUARANTEE.
BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!
1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
2d. For its Unequaled Durability.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Economy.
IT COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers MORE SURFACE, is more DURABLE, and makes WHITER WORK.
BUCK LEAD is the cheapest lead to use.
$10,000 *GUARANTEE.*
BUCK ZINC Excels all other ZINCS.
1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property
Lastly, for its Great Economy.
being the CHEAPEST, HANDSOMEST, and most DURABLE White Paint in the world.
BUY ONLY
BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.
TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.
Satisfaction guaranteed by the Manufacturers.
BUCK COTTAGE COLORS,
Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, &c. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS, Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.
Sample cards sent by Mail if desired.
Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.
FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
N. W. COR. TENTH & MARKET STS.,
Jan 19-1y PHILADELPHIA
For sale by JOSEPH STOFFLET Allentown, Pa.

PROCLAMATION.
The attention of owners of Buildings within the City limits is called to an Ordinance approved the 13th day of May last past, which provides that each and every person owning any building or building fronting on any of the public streets within the city, are requested to have the same numbered in accordance with the plan of numbering therein provided; and all persons neglecting to comply with the provisions aforesaid, are to be subjected to the penalty of five dollars per day for every day that such house or houses are unprovided with their proper numbers.
NOTICE IS THEREFORE GIVEN, that the provisions of said Ordinance will be strictly enforced on and after the FIFTEENTH day of SEPTEMBER next.
Done at the Mayor's Office, in the City of Allentown, this 16th day of August, A. D. 1870.
F. H. GOOD, Mayor.
The City Treasurer is provided with a book containing the number of every house in the city, and will acquaint all parties with their proper numbers whenever called upon. aug 16-6t

Financial.

MACUNGIE SAVINGS BANK.
Hamilton, between 7th and 8th Streets,
ALLENTOWN, PA.
Money taken on deposit at all times and in any sums from one dollar upward, for which
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST
will be paid.
Deposits may be withdrawn at any time. Persons desirous of sending money to any part of the United States or Canadas, will have their matters promptly attended to, and without any risk on their part.
Gold, Silver, Coupons, Bonds and other securities bought. DAVID SCHALL, President.
W. C. LICHTENWALNER Cashier. ap 25-tf

MILLERSTOWN SAVING BANK,
MILLERSTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY.
This institution will be opened on or before the 1st day of April. Money will be taken on deposit at all times and in any sums from one dollar upwards, for which
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST
per annum will be paid.
Deposits may be withdrawn at any time Also, money loaned out on favorable terms
JAMES WEILER, *President*
FRANKLIN SHIMER, *Cashier.*
J. F. M. Shiffert, George Ludwig,
Frederick C. Yohet, Christian K. Henninger,
David Donner, William Saliday,
Isaac Grimley, Gideon F. Egner,
Horatio T. Hertzog, Benjamin J. Schmoyer,
Jacob Slingmaster mar 16-6m

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,
Located at the corner of Hamilton street and Church alley, in Linn Hall, second story, opposite the German Reformed Church, in the City of Allentown, is organized and ready for business. *It will pay SIX per cent. interest on all deposits, except those as deposits for any period of time, to be calculated from the date of deposit.*
To secure which, the Trustees of the institution have filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Lehigh County, under the direction of the Court, a bond in the sum of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, conditioned for the faithful keeping and appropriation of all such sums of money as shall be placed in charge of said FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, whether as deposits, or shares of stock, which bond may be enlarged by the Court whenever it may be deemed necessary.
In addition to this, the Act of Incorporation makes the Stockholders *personally liable to the depositors in double the amount of the Capital Stock* of the Bank, which is fifty thousand dollars, with liberty to increase it to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
These provisions will make it a very desirable and safe place of deposit.
Besides, it may be proper to state that the deposits will be kept in one of the *safest and best protected vaults in this city.*
Arrangements will be made to furnish drafts on the cities of New York and Philadelphia.
S. A. RIDGES, *President.*
J. W. WILSON, *Vice President.*
J. E. ZIMMERMAN, *Cashier.*
Trustees:
Daniel H. Miller, S. A. Ridges,
John Hohen, J. W. Wilson,
William Baer, J. E. Zimmerman,
D. H. Credit, Peter Gross,
Edwin Zimmerman. mar 30-tf

FARMER'S SAVINGS BANK,
Incorporated under a State Charter of 1870.
Fogelsville, Upper Macungie township, Lehigh Co.
This Institution has been organized and opened under a State Charter. MONEY will be taken on deposit at all times and in any sum from $1 and upwards, for which
6 PER CENT. INTEREST
WILL BE PAID.
Deposits may be withdrawn at any time.
Also money loaned out on favorable terms.
WILLIAM MOHR, *President.*
R. H. FOGEL, *Cashier.*
TRUSTEES:
Dr. H. A. Saylor, J. H. Strauh,
Daniel Moyer, David Peter,
Jonas Rauch, Samuel Kern,
Daniel H. Credit, William Stein,
William Mohr (apr 6-6m

GIRARD SAVINGS BANK,
(Organized under a State Charter),
NO. EAST HAMILTON STREET,
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.
Monies received on deposit at all times from one dollar upwards. Pays SIX per cent. interest for six months or longer. Four per cent. on daily balance, subject to check at sight. Gold and Silver, United States Bonds and other Securities bought and sold. Interest collected on Government Securities at fair rates.
All deposits of money will be held strictly confidential, and may be withdrawn at any time.
Married women and minors have special privileges granted in our charter, having full power to transact business with us in their own names.
This institution is a legal depository for monies paid into Court, and receives money in trust from guardians, administrators, trustees, tax collectors and others.
MONEY LOANED ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
PHAON ALBRIGHT, President.
H. K. HARTZELL, Cashier.
Directors—Phaon Albright, James F. Kline, Thighman Metz, David Weida, Aaron Eisenhart. jel-3m

KUTZTOWN SAVINGS BANK,
(Organized under State Charter in 1869.)
MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT, and 6 per cent. interest will be allowed. For shorter periods special rates will be paid.
Also, money loaned out on FAVORABLE TERMS. Said Bank is located in the Keystone House, in the borough of Kutztown. JOHN S. COHOE, President
EDWARD HOFFENSTEIN, M. D. Cashier.
TRUSTEES:
F. J. Shoup M. D., J. D. Wanner, Esq.,
David Fister, H. H. Schwartz, Esq.
W. B. Fogel, Daniel Ginder
Richard J. Kuerr, Jonas Miller

5-20'S AND 1881'S
BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED
ON
MOST LIBERAL TERMS.
GOLD
BOUGHT AND SOLD AT MARKET RATES.
COUPONS CASHED.
PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission Only.
CHICAGO,
DANVILLE & VINCENNES
First Mortgage 7 P. C. Gold Bonds,
For Sale at 90 and accrued interest.
Accounts received and Interest allowed on Daily Balances, subject to check at sight.
DE HAVEN & BRO.
40 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

ALLENTOWN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
Organized as "Dimes Saving Institution,"
NO. 58 EAST HAMILTON ST.,
(NEARLY OPPOSITE THE AMERICAN HOTEL.)
PAYS SIX PER CENT. INTEREST FOR MONEY ON DEPOSIT.
This Institution, the oldest Saving Bank in Eastern Pennsylvania, has been in continuous and successful operation for ten years, and continues to pay SIX PER CENT. INTEREST on money for one year, and special rates of interest for shorter periods.
All deposits of money will be held strictly confidential.
Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Assignees, Treasurers, Tax Collectors,
and other custodians of public or private moneys, are offered liberal rates of interest.
Farmers, Mechanics, Laborers, and all who have money to put on interest for a long or short period will find our institution an agreeable and advantageous one in which to do business. We especially invite LADIES to transact their banking business with us.
MARRIED WOMEN and MINORS have special privileges granted by our charter—having full power to transact business with us in their own names.
Money deposited with this Institution
IS SAFE AND WELL SECURED,
by a Capital stock and surplus money a surety of over SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, and in addition, the Board of Trustees have, as required by the charter, given bonds under the supervision of the Court in the sum of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, which bonds are registered in and held by the Court of Common Pleas of this county for the security of depositors.
Our Iron Vaults are of the most secure and extensive kind known in this country, as a personal inspection will show, and to which we invite our friends and customers. We refer to this, believing that safe Burglar Proof Vaults complete the safety and reliability of a good Saving Bank.
WILLIAM H. ALMY, President.
CHRISTIAN PREITZ, Vice President.
REUBEN STAHLER, Cashier.
TRUSTEES:
William H. Almy, Charles S. Bush,
Christian Preitz, John B. Stiles,
F. E. Samuels, Jos. J. Hagenbuch,
George Brobst, Samuel Sell,
Nathan Peter. jun 12-tf

TO LOAN.—THE ERIN SAVINGS BANK will loan $3,000 in large or small amounts, where six per cent. interest will be paid in gold or its equivalent in currency, every six months. Government Bonds borrowed as cash or bought at market rates. Apply to
WM. L. JOHN.
july 18-tf N. 7th street, above Linden

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.—A NEW COURSE OF LECTURES, as delivered at the Penna Polytechnic and Anatomical Museum, 1205 Chestnut St., three doors above Twelfth, Philadelphia, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; The cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents by addressing: Secretary of the Penna. POLYTECHNIC AND ANATOMICAL MUSEUM, 1205 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penna. June 22-1y

Medicinal.

THE KIDNEYS.

The Kidneys are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat, and consisting of three parts, viz.: the Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine and convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube, and called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz.: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others urinate without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs in children.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM.

Pain occurring in the loins is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky concretions.

THE GRAVEL.

The gravel ensues from neglect or improper treatment of the Kidneys. These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes feverish, and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed, and gravel ensues.

DROPSY

is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz.: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.

Helmbold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best remedies for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSICAL SWELLINGS, RHEUMATISM AND GOUTY AFFECTIONS.

Under this head we have arranged

DYSURIA, or difficulty and pain in passing water;
SCANTY SECRETION, or small and frequent discharges of water;
STRANGURY, or stopping of water;
HEMATURIA, or bloody urine;
GOUT and RHEUMATISM of the KIDNEYS, without any change in quantity, but increase in color, or dark water.

It was always highly recommended by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy exercise by which the watery or cutaneous depositions, and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and it is taken by men, women and children. Directions for use and diet accompany.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 15, 1867.
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist:
Dear Sir—I have been a sufferer, for upward of twenty years, with gravel, bladder and kidney affections, during which time I have tried various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent Physicians, experiencing but little relief.
Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.
I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined that I would use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedies. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs, and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my family physician as an excellent combination, and with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room. From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it for three weeks, was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a full statement of my case at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a permanent cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you, and more satisfactory to me.
I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months.
Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.
M. MCCORMICK.

Should any one doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:
Hon. WM. BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. THOS. B. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. B. KNON, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. S. BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. ELRIS LEWIS, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. R. C. GRIER, Judge, United States Court.
Hon. G. W. WOODWARD, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. E. BANKS, Auditor General, Washington, D. C.
And many others, if necessary.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Beware of imitations. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Price—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New York.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed
H. T. HELMBOLD.
gust 3

CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM.

To the Editor of The Philadelphia Inquirer.

The necessity for a fundamental reform in our system of legislation is appreciated and admitted by all. The press, without distinction of party, has been outspoken for some years past, against the marked decline in the integrity, capacity and fidelity of our lawmakers. A great State, second to none in all the elements of substantial prosperity, is now the prey of the most reckless legislation known in the country.

In vain have party organs appealed for the presentation of honest and competent nominees. Each year the tide of corruption seems to grow in magnitude, until now, as a rule, to be a legislator is to accept the distrust of the better class of citizens.

The controlling power of our Legislature has become the mere instrument of private speculations and public wrongs. General laws, however, earnestly desired by the people, are subordinated to private bills; and the offices in the gift of the General Assembly are ghastly running sores of venality and shame. They are, in most instances, filled without any deference to the popular will, and with as little regard to ability and fitness. The people have ceased to expect their petitions to influence legislation, and citizens of repute no longer appear before the committees to secure intelligent and honest action. Professional lobbyists confessedly control the Legislature from its organization to the routine details of passing or defeating bills, and they are sufficiently potent to prevent all enactments which do not pay onerous tribute to organized corruption. Corporations, and even individuals, engaged in legitimate business which may be affected by legislation are compelled to employ acknowledged lobbyists to protect them from the insatiate legislative appetite for spoils.

Every means short of a fundamental limitation of the powers of the Legislature, have been tried ineffectually to redeem our State from the stain and the peril of corrupt enactments; and all intelligent and honest men now confess that the only remedy for this hideous and growing cancer upon the body politic is in a convention to revise the Constitution of the State. The people must go to the root of the evil if they would effect a radical cure.

The reforms most needed, which can be attained only by a convention, are:

First. The increase of the number of legislators to, say one hundred Senators and five hundred Assemblymen. The cost of such bodies meeting annually under proper constitutional regulations would not exceed the cost of our present Legislatures. In all States where there are large legislative bodies, corruption has never gained the ascendancy. Most of the New England States forcibly illustrate this fact.

Second. Legislative powers should be restricted to general laws. All private remedies should be in the courts, and all appropriations by private bills prohibited.

Third. All bills should be required to pass by a majority of all the members elected to the respective houses and on a call of the yeas and nays.

Fourth. All bills and all amendments thereto should be printed and on file before a final vote could be had on them.

Fifth. All increased appropriations for ordinary expenditures should require a two-thirds vote in each branch; and all bills authorizing the creation of State debts (except to defend in war, repel invasion, or suppress insurrection), with the bills creating the revenue to liquidate such debts, should require the sanction of a popular vote.

Sixth. The sessions of the Legislature should be limited to sixty days, and the salaries of all officers fixed by the Constitution. Fully thirty-nine out of every forty bills passed by our late Legislatures have been private bills. Sixty days would be ample time for the consideration of all public measures.

Seventh. All Legislators elect should be required in qualifying as members to swear or affirm that they have not, directly or indirectly, paid or promised anything of value to influence votes to elect them; and that they have not received, and will not receive, anything of value in consideration of any official act.

Eighth. The State Treasurer should be elected by the people for a term of years, and the public funds placed beyond the reach of private speculation.

There are other questions of reform deemed vital by many people, which should be considered and passed upon. The proposition to declare railroads public highways under just regulations; to prohibit the issue of fictitious stocks and bonds by corporations; the increase of our Supreme Judges, and the proper limitation of the now onerous and often inappropriate duties; the creation of sufficient constitutional judicial tribunals to meet the demands of justice, and thus protect all courts from the caprice or prejudice of the Legislature; the claim of minorities to just representation by cumulative voting and many other measures of moment unite in making the demand imperative for a revision of our Constitution.

I respectfully submit through your columns, to the people of the State, the following bill to be presented to the next Legislature for its consideration.

An Act to Provide for a Revision of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall, on the second Tuesday of June next, vote at the usual places for holding general elections, written or printed, or partly written or partly printed, ballots labelled "For a Convention" or "Against a Convention," and the votes so cast shall be received by the election officers in a separate box, and computed and returned in like manner as the vote for Governor is now required to be computed and returned by law.

Section 2. The qualified electors shall, at the same election, choose thirty delegates at large to the proposed Convention for the Revision of the Constitution, by general ticket; but each voter shall vote but fifteen ballots for said delegates at large, and said fifteen ballots may be cast all for one candidate, or divided among different candidates, in such proportion as each voter may prefer.

Section 3. Representative Delegates to said proposed Convention shall be elected by the several counties of this State, and by the several Senatorial Districts of the city of Philadelphia. Each county shall elect at least one Representative Delegate, and counties having a population in excess of thirty thousand, and the several Senatorial Districts of the city of Philadelphia shall each elect one Representative Delegate for every thirty thousand population contained therein, and also one Delegate for any fraction exceeding fifteen thousand population; the United States census of 1870 to be the basis for adjusting the number of Delegates each county and Senatorial District in the city of Philadelphia shall be entitled to. And the Governor of the State shall make official proclamation of the apportionment of Representative Delegates, in accordance with the official provisions of this act, and the census of 1870, within ten days after the passage of this act; and in said counties and Senatorial Districts where more than one delegate is to be chosen, the voters thereof may cast their ballots respectively all for one of the candidates, or divide their votes among the several candidates, as the electors may prefer; but no elector shall cast more votes than the number of Delegates to be elected in his county or district; and the votes cast for Representative Delegates shall be computed and returned in like manner as the votes for the members of the Assembly are now by law required to be computed and returned.

Section 4. On or before the second Tuesday of July next the Governor shall make proclamation of the vote for and against a convention, and if a majority shall be for a convention, the Delegates elected, as before provided, shall meet in Harrisburg on the first Tuesday of September next, at noon, to revise the Constitution of the State for the consideration of the people thereof. On the day of meeting the Governor shall transmit the returns for members to the body, and said body shall be the sole judge of the qualification of its members.

Section 5. Said Convention shall have power to select such subordinate officers as its members may deem necessary, and to make and enforce rules, &c., with like power as is now conferred upon the House of Representatives. The compensation of said members shall be —— dollars per day, and mileage as now paid to members of the Legislature; but no additional compensation whatever shall be paid to members of said Convention; and said Convention shall adjourn *sine die* on or before the first day of April, 1872. Upon the adjournment of said Convention the Governor shall cause the amendments proposed by said body to be promptly published in at least one paper in each county in the State, for at least six weeks, for the information of the people; and on the second Tuesday of June thereafter, the qualified voters of the State shall vote at the usual places for holding general elections, for or against the various amendments proposed. The vote so cast shall be computed and returned as the vote for Governor is now required to be computed and returned by law; and on the fourth day of July following, the Governor shall make proclamation of the votes cast for and against said proposed amendments; and such amendments as shall have been ratified, will, upon such proclamation, become incorporated with, and part of, the fundamental law of the Commonwealth. The special elections herein provided for shall be governed by the same laws as are applicable to the general elections of this Commonwealth.

Section 6. If the majority of the votes cast at the election on the second Tuesday of June next shall be against a convention, then the election of delegates as hereinbefore provided, shall be void and of no effect.

It will be seen that the bill provides for special elections to decide on calling a convention, and to ratify or reject the amendments. It will be urged by every enemy of reform that special elections are a tax alike upon the time and means of the people. All professional lobbyists, all Treasury rings, all present and prescriptive Legislators who hope to profit by official prostitution, and all who expect to gain offices by debauching the Legislature—which they could not procure from the people—will find abundant plausible pretexts for opposing prompt reform; but the people should assert their majesty and demand that the questions of constitutional reform be passed upon without embarrassment from political struggles and complications.

The system of cumulative voting has already been formally demanded by the brave Republicans of the minority counties, who have battled steadfastly against the overwhelming odds, and who have been bartered in Washington like sheep in the shambles. Their claim in behalf of minorities appeals to every consideration of justice in a popular government, and it will command the approval of a very large majority of the people of the State.

By electing thirty delegates at large, and limiting each voter to fifteen ballots, both parties have an invitation to select their ablest men, which they cannot disregard; and by cumulative voting in the several counties and districts both parties must be fairly represented, and bad nominations could not be forced upon the people by the party lash.

Let the friends of constitutional reform organize promptly for action. You will be met at every step by the quibbles of the cowardly, and the open hostility of the shamelessly venal. Your enemies will be tireless, and their means will be neither few nor feeble. Unless they are met by the united energies of the people, they will defeat any measure designed to limit their channels of peculation.

Vote for no man for the Legislature, however nominated, who will not pledge himself to favor a convention; and vote for no man, however nominated or however pledged, whose tried integrity is not an ample guarantee of his fidelity as a representative. Such action on the part of the people will give us a convention, and a convention is the last hope of reform. A. K. MCCLURE.

PHILADELPHIA August 1, 1870.

DISABLED FOR LIFE.

A Dispatch Carrier's Story.

BY C. H. KELLOGG.

"I will never be able to use that right arm again, Cap.," he said, as we sat smoking our regalias, on the forward upper deck of a Mississippi floating palace, which had just left the levee at New Orleans. He was an able-bodied soldier, but his right hand and arm were shriveled to the proportion of a child's. "If you like, I'll tell you how it occurred."

I signified the pleasure it would afford me, and he proceeded:

It was a shabby trick on the part of an old comrade in the——Regiment, N. Y. S. Volunteers, which clothed me again in Uncle Sam's blue, after having served four years, attained the rank of Major, and been honorably discharged.

I had been slightly wounded twice, and never for a moment anticipated making myself again a target for the practice of others.

I met Captain Drein one night on Broadway, and nothing would serve but like old chums we must take a social smile; the result of this conviality was my finding myself the next morning enlisted in the United States army. Although deeply mortified at the result of the previous night's dissipation, I found on examining the papers, that everything was correct and there was no getting out of the scrape except through the intervention of the Secretary of War. The cause of my downfall informed me that I had insisted on enlisting and told him point blank that if he wouldn't have me I'd find some one who would; he accordingly made the best of a bad job, and knowing my courage of old, etc., had enrolled me. I am sorry for the credit of Uncle Sam to be obliged to state that Captain Drein prevaricated in his story.

The same evening, under charge of Captain Drein, I was forwarded with a squad of recruits to Kansas. So rapid was the transition that scarcely any opportunity was afforded me to communicate with my friends until our arrival at our post, Fort——; where I was appointed orderly sergeant of this company stationed there under command of Captain Drein.

I wrote several letters to my friends, but, receiving no answer, finally, through the hands of an old trapper who was going to Washington, forwarded a letter direct to the Secretary of War. To this I received a polite reply, stating that at present it was impossible to discharge me, that my case would be considered, and in the mean time I was appointed dispatch carrier between Fort—— and Fort Kearney. This was a slight step upward, and comparatively speaking, made my own master.

The route I had to traverse two or three times a week was long and dangerous, being that traveled by emigrant trains.

The redskins were sometimes troublesome, but the greatest danger was from an organized band of bushwhackers that infested the region, to whose agency many a crime attributed to the Indians might have been readily traced.

Last August the troops at Fort—— were anxiously awaiting the arrival of the paymaster, and many were the questions put to me in regard to his coming.

On reaching Fort Kearney on my down trip, I found his wagon among the rest of the train, and heard that he had paid off the troops there, but owing to a deficiency of funds would proceed no further at present.

I knew that this would be a source of unqualified disappointment to our boys, as a number of them had wives and families to a great ext