# THE LEHIGH REGISTER, ALLENTOWN, WEDESDAY, MARCH 23, 1870.


# The Lehigh Register.

ROBT. IREDELL, Jr., Editor and Proprietor.

ALLENTOWN, PA., MARCH 23, 1870.


## THE BESETTING SIN.

In Butler county, Ohio, they have lately had a Treasurer who has followed the example of many others of his brethren and used the public funds for private purposes.

Though this would not be such a heinous crime in Pennsylvania or New York, in Ohio it is looked upon as quite a serious crime.—But Ohio laws are sometimes evaded. Examiners sometimes warn the Treasurer when the examination will take place, and if he has been misappropriating, and he bestirs himself and secures a loan, that makes his parently straight. The Cincinnati *Gazette* of Saturday, *apropos* of the Butler County case, thus tells how it is done:

"We were in the President's office of a Cincinnati bank some time ago, talking to the chief officer, when a gentleman entered and asked a private interview with that officer. When the stranger retired the President asked us if we knew the man. We answered in the negative. 'Then,' said he, 'I will tell you what he wanted, but you must not print it at present. He brought a letter of introduction and desired a loan of $40,000 for ten days, for which he proposed to deposit satisfactory security. I examined his collaterals and found them sufficient. I then inquired what use he proposed to make of the money. He at first hesitated, but finally said the County Commissioners were about to count the funds in the County Treasury, and that officer needed $40,000 until the count should be made.'

'What did you do?' we inquired. 'I refused,' said the President. 'Are such applications often made?' we asked. 'Frequently,' was the reply. 'But,' said the bank officer, 'I never loan money for such a purpose knowingly. Some years ago a friend of the then Treasurer of this county borrowed $190,000 in greenbacks at 11 o'clock, to be returned by 2 P. M., for which he left bonds as security. Our cashier made the loan, and hearing of it I made inquiry, and ascertained that the funds in the County Treasury had been counted that day. I I had no doubt our greenbacks were deposited in the County Treasury and counted. At 2 P. M. they were returned to us, and the United States bonds given up.'

The *Gazette* insists with good reason, that the sub-treasury system [illegible]. While it does not prevent Treasurers from using public funds privately, it makes an extraordinary show of caution in not permitting them to deposit bonds in banks openly. An official rogue will cheat, notwithstanding the efforts made to prevent them. A plan in these days seems too frequently to become corrupted as soon as he gets an office and it is only the very few who obtain offices by any other means than the vilest political trickery, it may be that the process they go through to obtain position in official life has its legitimate result in rendering them unfit to be trusted with the public money.

## FOUND DEAD UNKNOWN.

All that is known of that dirty body found in the Jordan Rolling Mill is expressed in the three words, found dead unknown. They are little words and insignificant looking enough by the side of their [illegible] that with polysyllabled audacity thrust themselves forward everywhere. Little as they are though, what a world of meaning they contain. All that is expressed by homeless, houseless and friendless, is contained in them with all the added force of the irrevocable; they sound in one breath a requiem and an epitaph.

We stand and gaze upon the senseless clay that so lately could have been its own interpreter and we wonder as we gaze. If we had met him yesterday, would we have wasted a thought on him, beyond pity for his poverty and disgust at his squalor? Why do we gaze at him with such interest to-day?

Would you know dear brethren, fellow citizens, fellow sinners? Would you know, ye who dwell at ease and in luxury, and have no thought for the want and misery around you? The answer is in this. He who yesterday was vile and mean and poor, to-day is equal with all men who have learned the great secret revealed by Death.

The great leveller, my friend, has made that abject, dirty, wretch, to stand upon an equal footing with your dead brother and with mine, and when the flesh shall have shrunk away from the grimy skull, no man living could tell which had been the dirtiest. Oh, what a homily on pride is here, Horatio!

"Go, get you to my ladies chamber; tell her though she paint an inch deep, to this complexion must she come at last." What hopes and fears, what plans and desires may yesterday have been shut up in that poor body, no man knoweth. How he sank into such a state of hopeless, despairing poverty none can say. What suffering, sorrow, shame and want he endured, before, all his manhood beaten out of him, he crept under a shed to die—these are secrets we cannot wrest from death, but they are known to Him who doeth all things well. The poor wanderer has gone to a just and merciful Judge, who sees not as men see and heareth the cry of the needy.

## AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION.

The meeting which was held last week in the Presbyterian church was very slimly attended, and its slimness was an evidence of the apathy with which the people of this region regard the questions now agitating the minds of many earnest workers in the Christian cause. The question of an alteration of the Constitution of the United States ought to excite attention among an intelligent population of American citizens, and when it is considered that there is involved in this question the exclusion or non-exclusion of the Bible from the Public Schools, it becomes every man, who is a lover of his country and of his children, to take some interest in the matter, and stand out before the world as one who is decided on one side or the other of the question. This decision may not be arrived at yet, and indeed it would be proper for everyone to consider well before he commits himself on either side—but we call upon the people of the county to give such attention to the matter as will give them a knowledge of its merits or demerits, and not leave them standing as ignorant spectators of the actions of the world around them.

## FORGERIES IN WALL STREET.

The prosperity of a Commercial country depends entirely upon the probity and honesty of those who carry on its business. The question of National honesty and the necessity for the prompt and full payment of National obligations, is affected by the individual honesty of the Nations merchants and traders. It has been declared that dishonesty is the prevailing vice of the age, and New York the commercial metropolis of this great Nation, is, as usual, not behind hand in furnishing the full quota of instances, to make a demonstration of such a proposition. Unfortunately the venality of our Courts of Justice and the partiality with which the laws are administered, is tending rather to increase this evil than diminish it, and the continued instances of breach of trust and embezzlement of public funds, are bringing about a state of the public mind which sets every man regarding his fellow with suspicion.

If we are to keep a reputable character as a Commercial Nation, our Laws must be administered by men who can and will "be just and fear not."

## WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

If she will, she *will* you may depend on't,
And if she won't, she won't and there's an end on't.

The above popular statement expresses that delightful firmness which characterizes a woman with a will of her own. The woman of the period is setting the force of her will in the direction of Female Suffrage, and the world is gazing with wonder at the manly strides she is taking towards the polls. But, she who is popularly known as "the woman of the period" by no manner of means must be taken as the type of the majority of her sex. Because she is eloquent and demonstrative, fluent and forcible, she gains notoriety and attracts attention, declaring herself the champion of her sex and their representative. These representations must be taken with a grain of allowance.

The woman of the period who takes the most rank in the movement, for what *she* calls the exaltation of her sex, has, with characteristic impetuosity dispensed with the formality of obtaining her credentials, and is entirely self-elected, and no sane man can doubt that she expresses the views of an infinitesimal minority.

Those of the sex who are engaged in the (hitherto considered) legitimate sphere of home duties and home occupations are not heard beyond that circle with regard to the question. There can be no doubt that if an experimental exercise of the right of voting by women, was on the question of Female Suffrage, and if a full vote was polled, there would be an expression of opinion on the subject that would [illegible] the question for a while by voting it down.

We have no doubt of the ability of the women of America to carry this question, if they are unanimous on the point. They rule the men, and—if they will, etc. The latter part of the rhyming statement is true also, and "if she won't she won't, and there's an end of it." [illegible] of *the Revolution*, spite of Anna Dickinson, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, George Francis Train, and other estimable women, we [illegible] that this will be the end of it. Wolsey [illegible] "Cromwell, I charge thee, fling away ambition. By that sin fell the *angels*, etc. The angels of our homes will not fall by this [illegible] vaulting ambition that o'erleaps itself."

## CUBA.

A [illegible] interesting letter in the *Tribune* last week [illegible] General Webb, lays before the public an impartial statement by an American of the conduct of the Spanish Government towards American Citizens, as well as a graphic description of bitter, burning wrongs, endured by suffering patriots.

The Spanish government puts off the enquiries and remonstrances of the American minister, by declaration of ignorance as to wrongs committed and [illegible] practiced toward our countrymen by Spanish officials. That Spain is to-day [illegible] and noble people and [illegible] or conniving at [illegible] American Citizens, all [illegible] with the single exception of [illegible] at Washington. The [illegible] to an extent [illegible] character, and makes them [illegible] the arms of a free people and [illegible] to look on, while [illegible] suffering, [illegible] also used as an [illegible] [illegible] are [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] was announced. Mr. STILES [illegible] called for the [illegible].

[illegible]

Mr. STILES [illegible] by asking the Speaker [illegible] members present and [illegible].

The SPEAKER—That is not a matter within the knowledge of the Chair. Has the gentleman any resolution to offer in reference to any particular member? If so the chair will entertain it.

Mr. STILES—Mr. Dawes of Massachusetts is one who has not voted.

The SPEAKER—The gentleman from Massachusetts has voted on the question. He voted [illegible]. The Chair reminds the [illegible] that he should be careful as to [illegible] question so delicate. Has the gentleman any further motion to make?

Mr. STILES—No, Sir.

[illegible]

## PROTECTION VS. FREE TRADE.

A curious fact in relation to the opponents of the Tariff is that they cry out against the abolition of duties on tea, sugar and coffee and such like articles of consumption, which every man, woman and child consumes and for which sixty millions of dollars are collected annually.

If it were the people of this country the "revenue reformers" were working for they would be for reducing the tariff on articles of necessity not produced by ourselves, now paying the heaviest duties, such as tea, coffee, etc., and for levying duties on articles coming in competition with home material, labor and capital. But they act on a different principle, and go for heavy duties on tea, coffee, etc., which we do not produce and must have, and light duties on leading articles we do produce, and are produced also by England, France and some other countries where labor is at starvation rates.

## GARIBALDI THE NOVELIST.

General Garibaldi appears in a new character, and the oppressors of liberty-loving people can rejoice in the fact that their enemy has written a book.

The General's novel—for such his production is—as a novel, is an utter failure, weak in plot and in the development of character. It is a grand success, however, in accomplishing the author's real object, that is, to excite great sympathy for the liberal cause, and engender hatred against the Pope and King, by the relation of a series of highly colored incidents that have occurred, in the land of liberty, lice and lazzaroni. For this reason, and for the author's sake, the book will be popular and command a ready sale.

Captain C. F. Hall proposes to make another trip in search of the northwest passage. He intends to start with a one hundred and fifty ton steam propeller, to be provided also with sail. He will also have a top sail schooner of about one hundred and fifty tons. His route will be into Jones, Sound, and thence by sea or land, as circumstances favor, to the pole. After taking his vessel as far as practicable, Captain Hall intends to use Esquimaux dogs and sledges in prosecuting his search. Admiral Grinnell, of the Japan navy, and recently of the United States navy, will, it is said, accompany Captain Hall.

## A FABLE.

A farmer in the West had a dog. The farmer's dog was a mean cur and had disagreeable propensities—he was a nuisance in the neighborhood and howled and barked indiscriminately. On moonlight nights he used to go out and bark at the moon. The neighbors got used to the nuisance and endured it with surprising patience and the moon went on shining just the same as ever.

## WINNOWINGS.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

The rights of women who demand,
Those women are but few,
The greater part had rather stand
Exactly as they do.
Beauty has claims, for which she fights
At ease, with winning arms;
The women who want woman's rights
Want, mostly, woman's charms.

In a single instance Noah Webster used his dictionary to set forth a sentiment not connected with philology, using a definition after the style so frequently exemplified by Dr. Johnson. Under the word "vicegerent" he says "Kings are sometimes called *God's vicegerent*. It is to be wished they would always deserve the appellation." This remark was retained until the last edition of the work. One would as soon have expected to find wit in the Congressional Reports of *The Globe*.

"My boy, what does your mother do for a living?" was asked of a little bare-foot urchin. "She eats cold victuals, sir," was the reply.

When you see 13 geese walk injun file, and toeing in, yu kan deliberately bet yure last surviving dollar on a hard winter.

It is not considered gentlemanly at Yale for students to "continue snow-balling in the lecture-room after the Professor requests them to stop."

A contemporary says: "An Irishman threw a stone at a dog in a neighboring city, and missed him." Not surprising, considering where the dog was.

If I had a mule, who wouldn'd neither kick nor bite, i should watch him dredful close till i found out whare hiz malice did lie.

THE FORSTER MURDER IN PHILADELPHIA.—Lewis S. Forster, employed as a barkeeper in a restaurant, No. 130 South Ninth street, was playing cards and drinking with Patrick Kelley. About five o'clock the card playing ceased, and Forster went to the money drawer for the purpose of putting away the funds contained therein.—Kelley, it is said, reached over the bar and seized some of the cash which Forster had in his hand. To this conduct Forster decidedly objected, and the two men immediately got into a quarrel.—During the wrangle, it is alleged, Kelley drew a knife and made a furious attack on Forster. The latter was stabbed nine times. He was almost literally hacked to pieces. Two of the wounds were in the abdomen, three in the lungs, one behind the ear, and the others in the kidneys and other places. The injured man fell, exhausted from the loss of blood, and was subsequently removed to the Pennsylvania Hospital. He is 31 years of age.

After committing the murderous assault, Kelley left the house. After he had got in the street he met Patrick Ward, who was on his way to the Continental Hotel, where he was employed, and told him what had happened. The two men returned to the front of the house and one of them fired a pistol through the window towards the bar. It is supposed that this was done for the purpose of finishing the work which the knife had not quite completed. Policeman Maguire, attracted by the shooting, came up and arrested both Kelley and Ward. Upon the person of the latter a pistol was found. The prisoners were locked up to await a hearing.

AT Harrisburg, March 18th, after the adjournment of the Senate, a controversy took place in the chamber between Senators Nagle and Linderman. It appears that during the morning session, Linderman made use of language which Nagle deemed personally insulting.

After the adjournment Mr. Nagle demanded an explanation. This was not satisfactorily given, whereupon Mr. Nagle took his redress in his own hands and blows were exchanged. Linderman was a sufferer. Mr. Josephs, of the House, and others interfered, and prevented further difficulty.

## THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser.*

Of all inventions which have tended to relieve woman of the injurious effects of excessive domestic drudgery that of the sewing machine is incomparably the most important. It is the [illegible] to think, it is impossible to say how much it may have had to do in originating the "Woman's Rights" movement, which, it is said, is to revolutionize and renew the world. What this little triumph of New England ingenuity has already effected in thousands of private houses it will eventually effect, on a larger scale, in regard to factory labor, and the vehement pathos of Hood's touching "Song of the Shirt," will seem merely as the wail of the misery of a past age.

We have therefore a right to be justly proud that New England is the home of this invaluable invention. To give some idea of the extent and importance of its manufacture in this city we subjoin a short sketch of the establishment of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company:

Messrs. Grover & Baker began business about eighteen years since under a patent taken out by them for certain important improvements in the construction of sewing machines. As might be supposed, the first operations of the firm were on a very small scale, and as the sewing machine was a new invention that had yet to make its way in the market, great exertions were required to bring its merits fairly before the public.—Confident in the possession of an article of high merit, they spiritedly availed themselves, among others, of one of the most efficient means of overcoming the difficulty—that of advertising in every well established paper throughout the land. To such an extent did they carry out this plan that their advertising expenses during the time they were making their early reputation were often as high as $50,000 in a single year.

At first business came in slowly, for the world ridiculed the idea that a machine could ever be made to perform effectively so intricate and delicate an operation as sewing. At one time they considered that a fair business was done if ten sewing machines a week were disposed of, and these were made for them by other parties, by contract. The merit of the machine, however, and the publicity given it by advertising, soon brought it favorably before the public, and in a short time the growing demand necessitated the starting of a factory of their own in Haymarket square;—business still rapidly increasing, they, in 1855, built their present extensive factory at the corner of Washington and Waltham streets, in this city, and a corporation was formed under the name of the

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

As a striking contrast to the commencement of their business, it may be interesting to state that at present the company manufacture about 100 machines per day—averaging one completely finished machine every four minutes; employing in their factory 500 hands (including a large number of the most skilled mechanics,) to whom are paid about $125,000 in wages per year; this does not include some 60 employees in their foundry.

The business of this company is as extensive as the world. In addition to their handsome and [illegible] store on Summer street, in this city, they have large branch establishments in thirty-five of the most important cities of this continent, and in London, Liverpool and Melbourne—all under the direction of the head office in Boston—besides numerous agencies in all parts of Europe and South America and sub-agencies in this country.

About 275,000 machines have thus far been manufactured by this company.

The works, covering more than three-quarters of an acre of ground, are located at the corner of Washington and Waltham streets. The main factory is an extensive and substantial brick building, five stories in height. The portion fronting on Waltham street is 200 feet, and that on Washington street is 110 feet in length.

Directly you enter it the busy hum of labor tells you that you are in an enormous hive of industry, which is amply confirmed by the very first glance at the interior.

Few persons have any idea of the immense amount of labor required to complete one small sewing machine, and of the great nicety exacted in its construction, until after a personal inspection of the process of its manufacture.

The first step in this building towards the manufacture of the machines is to receive the castings. These are made at the company's foundry on Albany street, and are delivered at the first story of the factory at the rate of about seven tons per day. These, after being assorted and weighed, pass through the hands of a number of workmen, who finish and prepare them for the japanning processes. On this floor there are three powerful presses, weighing nearly three tons each, for cutting and forming into proper lengths and shapes bars and sheets of steel, iron and brass. Here also are to be seen long rows of polishing wheels revolving at lightning speed, and emitting showers of scintillating sparks

On the second story of the main building is a powerful engine, built by the Putnam Machine Company at Fitchburg, fed by two large boilers, placed for safety, in a brick boiler house, 50 feet in length, separate from the factory. By means of an endless array of shafting and belting, this engine supplies the motive power to the whole establishment. A bird's eye glance at this and the story above conveys an impressive idea of the amount of labor performed in this factory.—As far as the eye can reach is a close array of all kinds of lathes and other belted tools, attended by scores of intelligent and busy workmen, engaged in the various requisite operations—such as the turning of screws, nuts, pins, spirals, and numerous other minute parts of the sewing machine. Among the interesting and effective tools in this place are "gang drills," some of which can drill simultaneously from seven to ten holes. Many of these beautiful working instruments were made by the corps of mechanics constantly employed on the premises in toolmaking.

The general aspect of the third story much resembles that of the other two. It is filled with all kinds of costly tools, and contains many ingenious edging machines for cutting irregular surfaces; by means of a shifting frame-work and a shifting bed the direction of the cutter can be made to follow the will of the workman; labor-saving devices are being constantly invented and put in operation by the skillful mechanics employed for this purpose, for facilitating the exact manufacture of the machines, and everything tending to improvement in this respect is immediately adopted.

THE NEEDLE DEPARTMENT.

The needle department is on this floor. The manufacture of the needles is a most important department of the factory, when it is considered that about 175,000 are made here every month.—The work in many of its details requires great nicety of eye and hand, which can only be acquired by long practice.

Steel wire is first cut to required lengths by machinery; these are then subjected to the various processes of pointing, rounding the end, grooving, polishing of the butt, finishing the point, drilling the eye, tempering, polishing out the groove, finishing the eye, polishing and curving—which completes the needle. These processes necessitate much subdivision of labor, every needle passing through the hands of fifteen different persons. About seventy different kinds of needles are here made.

THE FOURTH AND FIFTH STORIES,

as do the others, present a long and striking array of tools and workmen. Every available inch of room is occupied, and every workman is making the utmost of his hands and his time. On the fifth story is the "inspecting room," to which are brought from all parts of the building, by means of elevators, the entire products of the rooms below.

To ensure the best of material and workmanship, every machine is here thoroughly inspected, and if found, in any way, a departure from the standard, is at once condemned. It is therefore almost impossible that an imperfect piece can get into a machine. This room contains an immense assortment of the various parts of the machines, which finally pass to the "setters up," who put them together and test the complete machine. Adjoining this is a pattern and drawing room where designs and models are made.

In this story is the plating room, where, by means of the electro-plating process, certain portions of the machines are coated with pure silver—these are afterwards taken to an adjoining room to be burnished.

THE JAPANNING AND ORNAMENTING DEPARTMENT.

This is a separate building in the rear of the main factory, seventy-five feet long and two stories in height. Here are brought all the portions of the machine which are to be japanned and ornamented. This is an operation of great interest. In the first story the table-standards, wheels, etc. are japanned, loaded on iron cars and run on tramways into the brick ovens, where they remain at a temperature of 180 degrees for twelve hours. They are then removed and ornamented, and sent to the packing room, where they are boxed for transportation.

In the second story the bed plates and other parts of the machines are painted, gilded, and beautifully inlaid with pearl in various ornamental patterns by skillful and artistic workmen.—Here, also, cars and tramways are employed to place the machines in immense ovens, some of which admit two cars some fifteen feet in length, containing 250 machines.

THE BLACKSMITH SHOP

is another brick building in the rear of the factory—50 feet in length—in which all the small tools such as drills, cutters, etc., used in the works, are made and repaired.

THE WOOD-WORK

for supporting or enclosing the machines, is made in factories entirely separate from this, and is a distinct branch of the business, requiring more space and nearly as many hands as are engaged in the manufacture of the machines. The wood-work varies from a common plain table to most elaborate rosewood, carved black walnut or mahogany cabinet, fit for any lady's boudoir. These factories are in Cambridgeport, New York city, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago, and various other places, located with a view of saving the cost and avoiding the damage and risk of transportation. This branch requires the disbursement of large sums of money, as may be well imagined, when we reflect that each machine is accompanied by one of the many styles of wood-work.

THE PACKING DEPARTMENT.

A busy scene is presented in this department, from which the machines are forwarded to all parts of the world. The bills for packing cases at Boston alone are upwards of $14,000, and the many teams of the company are constantly employed in transporting large loads to the various depots and wharves for shipment to their destination.

ENLARGEMENT AND IMPROVEMENT AT THE FACTORY.

To accommodate their rapidly increasing business, the company has lately enlarged its factory by an addition on Washington street five stories in height and 100 feet in length. This is already filled with machinery running in connection with that in the remainder of the building, and the increased facilities are beginning to be apparent in the production.

We know of not many prettier sights than the one presented to the passer-by of this large and substantial building with its hundreds of windows lighted, as it is every night till 6 o'clock, by gas. A good idea of the extent of the main building can thus be easily had.

THE FOUNDRY

of the company is a handsome and commodious brick building at the corner of Albany and Plympton streets. Its dimensions are 170 feet by 60, with two tiers of windows and a French roof, it is furnished with a twenty horse power engine made by the Putnam Machine Company; two of Pesvy's patent cupolas for melting iron, and a Sturtevant "blower." Every modern convenience facilitating the necessary operations is here employed.

CONCLUSION.

Thus we are shown how ingenuity and never-tiring enterprise, combined with an upright and straightforward manner in all their business transactions have succeeded. The foregoing will furnish food for the reflective mind of many a young man now starting the business of life.—From small beginnings we see a business gradually but constantly and surely progressing until it now reaches a position second to few and in importance exceeded by none.


A SPLENDID PIANO.—Linderman & Son's Gold Medal Cycloid and Square Pianos rank among the finest instruments in the country. Their brilliancy and fullness of tone is not surpassed by a concert grand piano at double the price. More instruments of this celebrated make have been sold in Allentown, Lehigh and adjoining counties than of any other manufacture. They can be used many years and not become airy, as most other pianos do, in only a few years. Come and examine them at C. F. Herrmann's Store, Seventh and Walnut streets.—*Adv.*

*Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Skin and Female Diseases Warranted cured.*—See testimonial:—

SALISBURY TOWNSHIP, Lehigh Co., Oct. 31, 1868.

It is with a grateful feeling that I feel able to make the following statement for the benefit of those who are suffering from Scrofula and other Chronic Diseases. My wife had been suffering for several years from tumors or swellings on her neck which after a time would gather and discharge matter, leaving a running sore. She had been treated for more than a year by most eminent physicians without receiving any permanent benefit, her disease becoming worse, until she had five of these running sores on her neck, when I employed Dr. H. D. Longaker, under whose treatment she commenced to improve very fast, the sores on her neck to heal, and all her unpleasant and disagreeable symptoms gradually to disappear, until her health was restored, which was in about four months. I feel perfectly justified, after having tried the treatment of other physicians in recommending all those who are suffering from Scrofula or Chronic Diseases to Dr. Longaker for medical treatment, with a firm belief that they will be satisfied, benefited and cured thereby, as my wife has been.

[Signed,] JAMES BARNER.

Dr. H. D. Longaker's office is on the East side of Sixth street, between Hamilton and Walnut, Allentown.

LARGE stock of sheet music, instructors, blank books, music paper and cards at C. F. Herrmann's Music Store, Allentown.—*Adv.*

*The Season and Its Dangers.*—The human body is chiefly composed of tissues and fibres as sensitive to every change in the condition of the atmosphere as the most delicate electrometer, or the quicksilver in a barometer tube.

The stomach, the skin, the nerves, the lungs, and the excretory organs are especially liable to be affected by these variations, and the best defence against their disastrous tendency is to keep the digestive machinery, which feeds and nourishes the whole system, in good working order.

If the stomach is weak or disordered neither the blood nor the bile can be in a healthy state, and upon the fitness of these two important fluids for the offices assigned to them by nature, and the regularity of their flow, health in a great measure depends.

When the air is heavily laden with chilling vapors, as often is at this season of the year, the digestion should be an object of peculiar care. If it is weak and languid, the whole physical structure will be enervated. If it is vigorous, the entire organization will be strong to resist the untoward and depressing influence of a damp and vitiated atmosphere.

A pure and powerful tonic is therefore especially needed as a safeguard against the diseases most common in the spring, and Hostetter's Stomach Bitters being the most wholesome and potent medicine of the class at present known, a course of it is particularly advisable at this period of the year. The stomach will thereby be toned and strengthened, the liver and bowels regulated, the nervous system braced up, and nature put in a state of active defence against the miasma which superinduces intermittent and remittent fevers, rheumatism, nervous debility, headache, hypochondria and other complaints which are apt to assault the untoned and unfortified organizations. The body is strengthened without exciting the brain, and consequently no unpleasant reaction follows its reviving and renovating operation.

*Croup* generally comes on in the night when it is not easy to get medicine. Therefore take 25 cents an buy a bottle of PHŒNIX PECTORAL and keep it until you need it.

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, as neglect often result in an incurable Lung Disease

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

will most invariably give instant relief, for BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH, CONSUMPTIVE and THROAT DISEASES, have a soothing effect.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many *worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing*. Be sure to OBTAIN the *true*.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HORSEMEN, ATTENTION!

READ THE FOLLOWING!

This invaluable Liniment is sold by Druggists and Storekeepers. Wholesale by JAMES G. WELLS, N. E. cor. of 9th and Spring Garden Sts., Philadelphia. For sale in Allentown by E. SCHMIDT & CO., East Hamilton Street.

*West Philadelphia, 29th and Market Sts.* Nov. 17, 1868.

J. G. WELLS:—Having used Dr. Fel's & G. Matchel's Prussian Liniment for sprains, bruises, swellings, galls, chafes, &c., I unhesitatingly pronounce it the best article I have ever met with, and would not be without it on any consideration. I am nearly out, you may send me half a dozen. BAYARD STOTT

## Special Notices.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the Hair ever offered to the public to

*RESTORE GRAY HAIR to its ORIGINAL COLOR*, and create a new growth where it has fallen off from disease or natural decay.

*It will prevent the Hair from falling out.*

All who use it are unanimous in awarding it the praise of being the best Hair Dressing extant.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

WORDS OF WISDOM FOR YOUNG MEN, on the Ruling Passion in Youth and Early Manhood, with SELF HELP for the erring and unfortunate Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. May 19-1y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar St., New York.

HOWARD SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION.—For the Relief and Cure of the Erring and Unfortunate, on Principles of Christian Philanthropy. Essays on the Errors of Youth, and the Follies of Age, in relation to MARRIAGE and SOCIAL EVILS, with sanitary aid for the afflicted. Sent free, in sealed Envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia Pa.

THE FOLSOM IMPROVED FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. These machines make a strong, durable and elastic stitch; will sew with ease every variety of cotton, woolen, linen and silk goods, from the finest to the coarsest, and of any required thickness at greater speed and with less power and noise than any other machine. Agents wanted in every town. Liberal commission allowed. For terms and circulars address A. S. HAMILTON, No. 730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., Sole Agent. feb 9-4t

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

SCHENK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC and Mandrake Pills, will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe, a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall-bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care), that will unlock the gall-bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of themselves. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, make it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless the patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond Street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover Street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

DR. J. H. SCHENK, 15 N. 6th St., Philada., Pa. mar 10-1y


## For Sale and To Let.


420 BURIAL LOTS FOR SALE.—The undersigned offer for sale 420 new Cemetary lots immediately adjoining the Union Cemetery, on Tenth street.

The lots will be sold by subscription, and immediately after the whole number is disposed of they will be drawn for by lot in the same manner as in the organization of the Union Association. Plats or plans of the premises can be seen at our office. may 12 GOOD & RUHE.

TO LET.—A REASONABLE LEASE will be given on the Easton Slate Quarry, situated in Plainfield township, Northampton county, Pa., near Stockertown. It consists of number one flat-vein; blue, never-fading slate, fully equal to the well-known Chapman Slate, with a good water power and a full rigging of pumping and hoisting machines. Persons desirous of an opportunity of this kind will please examine for themselves, and apply to Reuben Koch, Stockertown P. O. mar 3, '69 O. L. SCHREIBER, President.

FOUR HUNDRED FARMS FOR SALE, ranging in price from $8 to $50 per acre, according to improvements, location &c. Good soil, genial climate, and near markets. These farms are situated in Virginia and Maryland, some in the immediate vicinity of Washington and others from 20 to 30 miles distant from the Capital. Address or call on J. D. GANGWERE, 18 Massachusetts Avenue near Sixth street Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE,

A good ten-room three-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, 22 by 32 feet, with a two-story back dwelling attached, situated on SIXTH St., above Chew. Lot 30 feet front by 230 feet deep. Planted with a variety of the best FRUIT TREES. Will be sold cheap and terms made easy. Possession given at once. Apply to T. C. KERNAHEN, at the Allentown China Store, 37 East Hamilton St., Allentown. mar 9-3w

FOR SALE.—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of successful store of 14 years standing, in the most central business location of Hamilton street. To persons desirous of engaging in a safe, profitable cash business, this is a rare opportunity. The business would not be parted with but for the failing health of the proprietor. Terms, market rates for goods and half cash. Inquire at THIS OFFICE. mar 16-tw

FOR RENT.

The new THREE-STORY

BRICK STORE HOUSE AND RESTAURANT.

Situate on the North-East corner of Front and Allen streets, in the SIXTH WARD, City of ALLENTOWN, Pa. The location of this property, no doubt, makes it a good business stand.

For information apply to HENRY T. KLECKNER, Alderman of First Ward, Allentown, Pa. jan 26-tf

14 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale 14 choice Building Lots, beautifully situated in the village of Hokendauqua, Lehigh county, Penna. These lots will be sold at cheap prices, varying from $50 to $100 and on very easy terms, which will be an inducement to any man with small means to secure for himself a home. Chances like these are seldom to be met with, as the village of Hokendauqua is rapidly increasing in population, which makes real estate more valuable every year. For terms and particulars apply to S. H. PRICE, Hokendauqua, Lehigh Co., Pa. mar 9

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale the following real estate, to wit:

A LOT OF GROUND,

situated in the village of Hokendauqua, Lehigh county, Pa., containing about

ONE ACRE, MORE OR LESS.

The lot is well planted with all kinds of FRUIT TREES, and under good fences. The improvements thereon are a ONE AND HALF STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, 22 by 24, and a FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, two stories high, both houses having all necessary outbuildings. There is also on the premises a good FRAME STABLE, 16x18, all in good order and repair. Terms easy. For particulars enquire of S. H. PRICE, Hokendauqua.

FOUNTAIN HOTEL

OFFERED FOR RENT.

THE FOUNTAIN HOTEL COMPANY offer their beautiful hotel, situated West of and adjoining the city of Allentown, for rent. The building is 130 by 40 feet, four stories high, is built with all the modern improvements, and is situated in one of the most picturesque spots in this part of the country. There is a lake of water in front of the building which can be used for boating purposes, and helps to make this a most delightful summer resort for citizens from the large cities. A cool, refreshing spring of water rises in a continual stream near the building.

Proposals will be received until the 10th day of March. For further information and for terms parties will call on or address the undersigned.

feb 16-tf JOHN L. HOFFMAN, President.


## Clothing.


The Real Excellence and Cheapness of our Clothing is the only secret of our great success.

THE PERFECTION OF READY-MADE CLOTHING

BEST MATERIALS — WELL CUT — WELL MADE — GUARANTEED — LOWEST PRICED

We use none but "all wool" goods, every piece of which is well sponged, and carefully examined.

Our cutters of Ready-made Clothing are such as work in other establishments on Custom work; their work gives comfort with style.

Our hands are supplied with the best trimmings, and we see that they use [illegible] every article [illegible] thoroughly tested before being put into stock.

Every garment sold is accompanied with a legal guarantee, holding us responsible for the correctness of all the representations made.

It is conceded that our large business and many other advantages, enable us to sell lower than any other house. We invite a fair comparison of prices.

FOR

FALL AND WINTER OF 1869.

We have made the

GREATEST PREPARATIONS YET.

Numberless Garments,
Endless Variety,
Choicest Selections,
Goods to Wear Well,
Standard Styles,
Latest Fashions,
New Furnishing Goods.

All our goods are marked at LOWER PRICES than were the same articles last year.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

AND

DEPARTMENT FOR BOYS' AND YOUTHS' WEAR

Are especially well prepared to give satisfaction.

New and Better Cutters,
Improved System,
Greater Dispatch,
A Finer Line of Goods than ever,
School Clothes,
Sunday Clothes,
Many New Styles,
Wearing Qualities Unequaled.

OAK HALL BUILDINGS

THE LARGEST IN THE STATE,

S. E. Cor. 6th & MARKET STS., PHILADELPHIA. (Embracing whole block on 6th from Market to Minor.)

WANAMAKER & BROWN.


## Medicinal.


INTERNAL PILES OR HEMORRHOIDAL TUMORS and EXTERNAL, BLIND, BLEEDING and ITCHING, positively, perfectly and permanently CURED without pain, danger, instruments or caustic, by

W. A. McCANDLESS, M. D.,

No. 1626 SPRING GARDEN ST., PHILAD'A. PA.

Who can refer you to over *Eleven Hundred* of the best citizens of Philadelphia, who have been cured. A practice of *eleven years* as a *specialty in this disease* without a [illegible]. feb 23-1y

HOFF'S TRADE MARK MALT EXTRACT.

THE PURE, GENUINE, IMPORTED PREPARATION, [illegible] by JOH. HOFF, of Berlin.

A TONIC BEVERAGE and REGULATOR of the entire [illegible].

A SUBSTITUTE FOR ALE, Beer, Porter and Alcoholic Drinks [illegible].

A STRENGTHENER for the debilitated.

A RELISH for every one.

TARRANT & CO., NEW YORK.

[illegible] Sole Agents for the United States, etc.

NO CURE, NO PAY!

DR. H. D. LONGAKER,

Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, has been in successful practice for a number of years in various parts of the United States; will promptly attend to all branches of his profession at his rooms.

*East side of Sixth street, bet. Hamilton and Walnut,*

ALLENTOWN, PA.

No Patent Medicines are used or recommended; the remedies administered are those which will not break down the constitution, but renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines, and leave it in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA,

and all diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Stomach, and Liver, which yearly carry thousands to untimely graves, can undoubtedly be cured.

MELANCHOLY ABERRATION,

that state of alienation and weakness of the mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures of performing the duties of life.

RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS,

in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable. Epilepsy, or falling sickness, and chronic or stubborn cases of FEMALE DISEASES speedily and radically removed; Salt Rheum, Skin Diseases (of years' standing) every description of Ulcerations, Piles and Scrofulous Diseases, Warranted cured or no pay.

Particular attention given to private diseases of every description of both sexes.

Ladies suffering from any complaint incidental to their sex, can consult the doctor with assurance of relief.

Cancer cured, and Tumors of all kinds removed without the knife or drawing blood. Diseases of the

EYE AND EAR,

successfully and effectually removed or no charge made.

Dr. Longaker will make visits any distance if desired; can be addressed by letter (confidentially) and medicine sent with proper directions to any part of the county.

OFFICE: East side of Sixth street, between Hamilton and Walnut, Allentown, Pa. apr 28-1y

DR. W. A. HASSLER.

GYNÆCOLOGIST.

[illegible]

ADVICE FREE.

[illegible] attention to

RHEUMATISM,

SCROFULA,

AND FITS.

DR. W. A. HASSLER

GYNÆCOLOGIST.

NORTH SEVENTH ST.,

NEAR PUBLIC SQUARE,

ALLENTOWN, PA.


## Wanted.


WANTED.—THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS on first-class security. Interest 7 per cent. Inquire at THIS OFFICE. [illegible]

ACCORDEONS, CONCERTINAS, Jews Harps, Violin Strings of the best quality to be had at C. F. Wolfertz's Store, No. 38 E. Hamilton St.


## Miscellaneous.


R. M. ROBINSON & CO.,

Successors to Wm. G. Mintzer,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS & FURNISHERS of

MILITARY, CHURCH, SOCIETY,

THEATRICAL GOODS, FLAGS, BANNERS, BADGES, ETC.

NO. 131 NORTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA. dec 1-1y

BOWER'S

COMPLETE MANURE.

MADE FROM

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

AMMONIA AND POTASH.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

A PERFECT FERTILIZER FOR ALL CROPS.

On account of the reduced cost of Raw Materials, I am enabled to sell "COMPLETE MANURE" at a lower price, and by the aid of new machinery, it is improved in condition, also in quality. (*Warranted free from adulteration.*)

HENRY BOWER, Manufacturing Chemist, Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia.

This manure contains all the elements of plant food in a *Soluble form*, containing as well, food for giving lasting fertility to the soil.

Experience in the use of "Complete Manure" by the best farmers of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and of the New England States, running through a period of three years trial, has resulted in confirming it to be *the best Fertilizer now offered for sale*.

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.,

40 S. DELAWARE AVENUE, PHILAD'A.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS

105 SOUTH ST., BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

mar 16-3m&sep 7-3mw

NEW SPRING GOODS FOR 1870.

COOPER & CONARD.

$1 00 SILK POPLINS.
$1 50 SILK POPLINS.
75c. POPLINS.
50c. PLAID POPLINS.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

WIDE DELAINES.
TAMISE.
BATISTE.
ENGLISH BOMBAZINE.
BEST MOHAIRS.
MOHAIR TAMISE.
SILK HERNANI.
BLACK SILKS, CRAPES, &c.

WHITE GOODS, LINENS, &c.

500 pieces New White Goods.
50 pieces Elegant Table Damasks.
500 dozen Napkins, $1 00 to $7 00 per dozen.
500 dozen Towels, $1 20 to $12 00 per dozen.
100 pieces Shirting and Fronting Linens.
100 pieces Diapers, all the widths.

WOOLEN GOODS.

Union Meltons, 60c., worth 60c.
Cassimeres, [illegible] worth 75c.
Cassimeres, [illegible] worth $1 10.
Doubled and Twist, $1 [illegible], worth $1 20.
Black Cloths and Doeskins, $1 00 [illegible].
Boys and Brown Coatings, &c.

COOPER & CONARD.

S. E. COR. 9TH & MARKET STS.,

PHILADELPHIA. sep 29-1yw

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

*Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.*

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," Price 25 cts. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box, 4586. y21-1y

A GREAT RUSH AT THE OLD

ALLENTOWN CHINA STORE

Low Prices Taking People by Storm.

RETAILING AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

NOW IS THE TIME to buy Cheap at the Old Allentown china and glassware store, No. 37 EAST HAMILTON street, nearly opposite the German Reformed Church.

*THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK*

of China, Glass and Crockeryware in Lehigh and adjoining counties.

Now retailing at the following prices:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Good Ironst PLATES at | | 6 cents |
| 15 | " | 10 cents |
| 18 | " | 12 cents |
| 25 | BOWLS | 15 cents |
| 18 | " | 12 cents |
| 15 | " | 10 cents |
| 10 | " | 6 cents |
| 6 | " | 4 cents |
| 10 | MUGS | 6 cents |
| 10 | TUMBLERS | 6 cents |
| 15 | " | 10 cents |
| Fine GOBLETS, $1 75 per dozen or | | 15 cents each |
| 75 cent LAMPS, at | | 50 cents |

Every variety of Queensware and Glassware cheaper than the cheapest. Also, Waiters, Looking Glasses, Coffee Mills, Brittaniaware and Table Cutlery, besides a great variety of useful and fancy articles too numerous to mention, belonging to a first-class China Store. All kinds of sets from $5.00 upward. Remember the place, 37 EAST HAMILTON STREET, nearly opposite the German Reformed Church. T. C. KERNAHEN.

POMONA NURSERY. 30 YEARS. Kentucky Strawberry, Colossal Asparagus.—Everybody can have the benefit of 30 years' experience in my new descriptive Catalogue of 56 pages for 10 Cents. It tells what and when to plant. WM. PARRY. feb 9 3t Cinnaminson, N. J.


## Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

*Estate of LEON MARBACH, deceased.*

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of the above named Leon Marbach, late of the township of Salisbury, in the county of Lehigh, deceased, have been granted to Mary Deisher, residing in the said township of Salisbury. Therefore all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, are requested to make the same known to the said Mary Deisher without delay.

feb 16-6w MARY DEISHER.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Whereas George H. Munich, of Catasauqua, Lehigh county, by voluntary deed of assignment dated March 8, A. D. 1870, conveyed to the subscriber all his stock, real, personal and mixed, for the benefit of his creditors: Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said George H. Munich to make payment to the subscriber within six weeks, and those having claims to present the same duly authenticated within the same time.

HENRY SELLERS, Assignee.

CATASAUQUA March 15, 1870. 6tw

TRIAL LIST FOR APRIL TERM. 1870. Commencing WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1870.

FIRST WEEK.

1. Hell and Wife vs. Mahlon Luther.
2. E. Dreisbach vs. Augustus Dankel.
3. Jacob H. Fetherolf vs. Dowman, Dresher & Martin.
4. Peter Biery vs. John Mohr.
5. E. Openheimer vs. Reuben Stettler.
6. John M. Kuhns & Co. vs. Enos Weiss.
7. Charles Roaty vs. The Allentown Iron Company.
8. Wm. Zimmerman vs. Reuben Ebert
9. Daniel Kuipe vs. Phaon Diehl and Wife.
10. Charles Quier vs. John Graffin et al., Trustees of the order of the Knights of Pythias.
11. John Knedler vs. Franklin Brown and Joseph Andrews.
12. F. Jordan & Brother vs. Ott & Bowman.
13. Reuben Ebert vs. George M. Schalhammer.
14. Nathan Mohr vs. Frederick Leubach.

SECOND WEEK Commencing April 11.

1. Thomas Leiser vs. E. J. More and Evan Holben.
2. Susanna Reese and Amanda Weiss vs. Jacob Shuman.
3. Smith & Hunsicker vs. Joseph Newhard.
4. Allentown Iron Company vs. Edward H. Knerr
5. H. Dreituss vs. Welch & Co.
6. Same vs. Budge & Co.
7. Peterson & Carpenter vs. Trexler & Brothers.
8. Same vs. Daniel Herman.
9. Same vs. Budge & Co.
10. John Schimp vs. W. B. Powell & Son.
11. James Gangewere vs. Charles Mertz.
12. John Keck vs. Charles Mertz and Charles K. Knauss.
13. LaFayette Lentz vs. Charles D. Fuller et al.
14. Same vs. Same.
15. Mosser & Camp vs. Jones & Town.
16. Thomas Thomas vs. Timothy Donahue
17. Henry B tting vs. Alexander Lisk and Jacob Miller.
18. Gideon Andreas vs. Geo. Neumoyer and Conrad Seem.
19. D. D. Jones vs. Thomas Kern, Jr.
20. Wm. H. Hoffman, assignee of Tilghman Reinhard vs. The Thomas Iron Company.
21. Thomas Mahon vs. Patrick and Michael Cunningham.
22. John Beitleman vs. The Thomas Iron Company.
23. Allentown Iron Company vs. John Culbertson and Thomas Setslof, admrs. of Jas. Hoffman, dec'd.
24. Gideon Andreas vs. Geo. Neumoyer and Conrad Seem.
25. Moses Wieand vs. Jesse Zellner et al.
26. Same vs. Peter Gable et al
27. William L. Fegely vs. George H. Stem.
28. Levi Haas vs. Same.
29. John H. Oliver, use of Schantz and Thomson vs. Chas. Seger.
30. Charles W. Rauch vs. Henry Miller and Wm. Sholl.
31. Henry Miller and William Scholl vs. Charles Rauch.
32. John Kern, Jr. vs. Nathan Andreas.
33. Wm. F. Blank, by his next friend George Blank vs. Buss & Transue.

THIRD WEEK, Commencing April 18.

1. Solomon Butz and Sons vs. James Cole.
2. Horace Balliet vs. William Nibsen and Wife
3. Venus Beinghoff, by his next friend Tilghman Reber vs. Joseph Krauss.
4. James McGinley and Wife vs. Edward McGinley.
5. Eli Osman vs. Thomas Osman and Rebecca Osman.
6. Simon Statler vs. Benjamin Gernert.
7. Same vs. Willoughby Gernert and Benjamin Gernert
8. Eli Hoffman vs. John H. Stofflet.
9. Peter R. Weaver vs. George Blank and Owen Ohl.
10. Henry C. Longnecker, assignee in bankruptcy of Geo. L. Ruhe vs. D. J. F. Deshler.
11. Henry Smith vs. William Noll.
12. Theodore Merkoffer vs. Joseph Andreas
13. Charles G. Antrim vs. Henry B. Person and Henry Herwick.
14. William F. Smith vs. John Weber.
15. Magdalena Schneider vs. Thos. Osman and Jas. Stuart.
16. Adam P. Miller and Wife vs. Miller Osman and Wife.
17. John R. Morris vs. Anthony Donnan.
18. William Miller and Wife vs. Joseph Miller.
19. John H. Stofflet vs. Eli Hoffman.
20. Jonas Oswald vs. Anthony Donnan.
21. James Roth and Wife vs. Samuel Newhard and Wife.
22. Riegel & Bro. vs. Jacob J. Uberroth.
23. Nathan Ritter vs. Gundy Lochridge and The Lehigh Crane Iron Company.
24. Moyer & Miller vs. Beidler & Shelly.
25. Patrick McGee vs. Edward Kemmiller and John A. Dickerman.
26. Same vs. John Shilling.
27. R. F. Adams, use of Isaac H. Ford vs. Wm. H. Kress.
28. Henry C. Longnecker, assignee in bankruptcy of Geo. L. Ruhe vs. Wm. Kern and Tilghman W. Kramer.
29. H. A. Saylor vs. Moses W. Snyder et al.
30. Christian Snyder, guardian of Ellemina Muthhart, late Ellemina Bauser vs. Elizabeth Snyder, widow of George Snyder.
31. J. L. & W. H. Hoffman vs. Edwin Shaffer.
32. Peter Weikle, indorsee of C. H. Kramer, who was indorsee of R. H. Kramer vs. Tilghman W. Kramer and W. F. C. Kramer.
33. J. Heatley Dullee, Jr., assignee of the Lehigh Rolling Mill Company vs. Noble & Rhoda.

## Dry Goods


INTERESTING

TO ALL

WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

To those contemplating

TO COMMENCE

HOUSEKEEPING

OR

REPLENISHING.

E. S. SHIMER & CO.,

AT THE

Mammoth Store

Are prepared to furnish and supply the wants of all, at the very lowest possible prices to correspond with the times. All we ask is a call to examine our stock, which is complete in every department. Our clerks are polite and obliging, always ready and willing to show GOODS and give prices. It then remains for you to judge and decide. There shall be no misrepresentation to effect sales. It is entirely impossible to enumerate articles, but will quote only a few of the leading articles, such as

SHEETINGS, TICKINGS, CHECKS, COTTON TABLE DIAPERS, LINEN TABLE DIAPERS, TOWELS, DOILIES, NAPKINS, BLANKETS

FEATHERS, MARSEILLES QUILTS, HONEY COMB QUILTS, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE, CARPETS AND OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, HOLLAND SHADINGS,

Whatever Winter Stock remaining, such as

DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CASSIMERES, &c

Will be sold at

SMASH-DOWN PRICES!

Call before purchasing elsewhere, as we will guarantee it to your advantage.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

and READY CASH taken in exchange for Goods.

Respectfully,

E. S. SHIMER & CO.,

5 AND 7 WEST HAMILTON STREET,

ALLENTOWN, PA.

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Is constantly supplied with all of the best styles and varieties of TRIMMINGS for everything a woman can put on from the crown of her head to the sole of her foot; TRIMMINGS for dresses, capes, bonnets and robes; of silk, satin, crape, velvet and lace; in fact, TRIMMINGS for everything to wear that could be thought of besides ladies' and children's UNDER GARMENTS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, THOMPSON'S GLOVE-FITTING CORSETS, DRILLINGS, CAMBRIC MUSLINS, and a large variety of SLIPPER PATTERNS. ALL GOODS OF THE BEST QUALITY, and sold at ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES.

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Sale will continue each day next week, commencing TUESDAY, MARCH 8th, at 2 o'clock. Two sales each day, in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, and in the evening at 6½ o'clock. Special attention to ladies, and one-half of the store reserved exclusively for their accommodation.

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