The Lehigh Register.

ROBT. IREDELL, Jr., - - *Editor and Proprietor.*

ALLENTOWN, PA., NOVEMBER 10, 1869.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The wires are already being pulled for the coming session of the Legislature. The candidates for Speaker of the House are Hon. B. B. Strang, of Tioga, and Hon. H. C. Johnson of Crawford, with the chances favoring the former, the papers state, because he has the Philadelphia delegation pledged for him. If that is true, then there can be no doubt that somebody or something else is pledged for the Philadelphia delegation. They never leave themselves out in the cold and too often draw the wool over the eyes of the country members by their support of some position which is only to be used to help themselves. We hear that the same delegation are pledged to the present incumbent of the Treasurer's office—In fact, anybody can pledge them if they ask them properly. The Philadelphia Republican papers fought hard against the return of some of the members of that same delegation, and it remains to be seen whether their objections were not good. Gen. Selfridge will probably be re-elected Clerk of the House. He has made a good officer and is capable and obliging. *Obliging* means a great deal when you have business at Harrisburg. The General was a good soldier, and we hope no clique will be formed against him, as there was against Irwin last year. In the Senate, Mr. Stinson, of Montgomery, will be elected Speaker and Geo. W. Hamersly Clerk. The latter is indispensible. No one but those who have occupied seats in that body can have any idea of the knowledge and tact required for the position. Besides, Hamersly's services as Secretary of the State Committee deserve reward. With Mr. Covode he attended to all the business of the late campaign.

ELECTIONS LAST WEEK.

The Democracy of New York carried that State by about 15,000 majority and Tammany has a majority in the Legislature. The result was attained by polling 20,000 fraudulent votes. Still, this could have been overcome if the disaffection in the Republican ranks had not been so great. The result, as it is, is a good thing for the Republican party, but a very sad affair for the taxpayers of New York. The effects of Democratic rule will be visible next Winter. The result will be a re-action in our favor and an increase of the Republican delegation to Congress to be elected next Fall; but the people will suffer for turning the State over into the hands of the unprincipled men they have chosen to make their laws.

Notwithstanding the side issue of the Labor Reform movement in Massachusetts the Republican candidate for Governor has a plurality of 12,000. The Legislature stands 171 Republicans, 58 Democrats, 20 Labor Reform.

The Republicans have carried Minnesota by a majority of about 4000.

The election in New Jersey was for members of the House, one-third of the Senate and for County Officers. The Legislature now stands—Senate, 13 Democrats, 8 Republicans; House, 33 Democrats, 27 Republicans.

The Republicans of Illinois carried the delegates to their Constitutional Convention by a large majority.

In Wisconsin, Fairchild, the Republican candidate for Governor, has a majority of 8,000. The Republican majority in the Legislature, on joint ballot, is forty-one.

The Rebels carried every county in Maryland. The Legislature is strongly rebel. The vote polled was light.

The election in West Virginia for members of the Legislature resulted in a handsome victory for the Republicans. In the House they have three majority, and the Senate will stand 18 Republicans, including Liberals, to 4 Democrats.

We hope that the Legislature which meets in January, will do something towards the passage of a law compelling the publication of notices of special or local legislation. It can do no harm and will certainly do good in exposing the many private bills which are never heard of until we see them in the published acts. There is nothing partisan in this idea. In Democratic districts, as a general thing, only members of that party are favored with the records or other documents, and *vice versa* in Republican districts. Now, when a bill is to be passed affecting a certain county, everybody living there, ought to have notice of it if he is willing to read the papers. In that way members cannot say that they did not know the wishes of their constituents, for they would undoubtedly soon hear what public opinion has to say about it. It will also assist in breaking up rings and cliques and secure us better laws. A Legislator who is so minded can now rush through any private bill to suit himself. By a tacis agreement local bills are passed at the request of the member and there is no one to object. If notice were given, however, to his constituents, he might find more trouble than now. Again, but few persons get the acts of Assembly as now published and of course there are many local laws in existence of which the people are ignorant. If they were first published, however, they would be read by all who take the papers. As a general thing the people know their wants better than the Legislature does, but now they are not consulted, have no opportunity of suggesting improvements and in fact everything is left to the committee or the getter up of the bill. Publish the act first and the newspapers will soon tell you what the people think of it and whether it cannot be improved or amended. The answer to all this will be, we suppose, that it will benefit the printer. That is a very selfish thought and if no one but the printer is to be helped, we do not want the law changed. We think, however, that it will pay the people at large to attend to this matter now. Instead of the Legislature meeting to legislate for the community at large, it is a fact that nine-tenths of their acts are of a private or local nature, and that no one but the law makers themselves know anything about it until the mischief is completed. A change would be beneficial and many a "snake" would be killed.

THE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

Governor Geary has appointed Gen. Thomas L. Kane, of McKean county, Jno. Welsh, Esq., of Philadelphia, Wm. Wilmer Worthington, of West Chester, F. B. Penniman, Esq., of Pittsburgh, and Hon. G. Dawson Coleman, of Lebanon county, Commissioners on the Board of State Charities authorized by act of the last Legislature. Their duties are to visit and inspect all the charitable and correctional institutions in the State, and exercise a general supervision. The object of this commission is a good one and their duties very important. At each session of our Legislature large sums of money are appropriated towards the support of different institutions and it is due to the taxpayers that there should be persons authorized to see whether this money is properly expended. We hope that the first report of these gentlemen may show that the State has not been imposed upon and that the money appropriated goes to the place for which it is intended, instead of into the pockets of certain persons who appear to thrive by their philanthropy. The commission just selected is composed of well known citizens. They receive no salary, but are well rewarded in the honor of having so important a trust committed to their hands.

A GENTLEMAN of the Democratic persuasion, who keeps a *saloon*, called at our office, last week, and told us to stop the REGISTER. This we positively refused to do. We have been at great expense to stock our establishment. Our paper has a mission to perform. There are five thousand voters in this county who look to the REGISTER as the organ of the party and as long as the paper prospers as it has the past year, it shall never be stopped. But we finally compromised the matter with the Democrat by consenting to discontinue *his copy* of the REGISTER, and casually asked him the reason of his dissatisfaction with the paper, when he pointed to the following editorial which appeared last week:—

The elections in New York were held yesterday. Owing to the unfavorable arrangements of our Lehigh County Mails we are unable to wait for the returns. If there was a fair election we feel confident that the Republican party has won a handsome victory, but if the audacious leaders of the Democracy were successful in dodging the Registry Law in New York City the triumph will be for the Democrats. The number of votes required has been, heretofore, known on the day before election. The deficit has been arranged for in Gotham and Democratic cut-throats, thieves and other villains have fraudulently annulled the honest voice of the people. Such are Democratic victories!

"There," said he, "if Democrats are *those things*, I don't want your paper." We did not say, nor mean, that *all* Democrats were *those things*, but, unfortunately, *those things* are Democrats and, instead of being in the Penitentiary, where they belong, they exercise the rights of American citizens, and by repeating their votes defraud honest, law-abiding, tax-paying citizens out their right to govern. How true our editorial of Wednesday last! Through the acts of these men, urged on and paid by the leaders of the Democratic party of New York, a Republican form of government in that State is a farce. And yet they are the very men to prate about the Constitution. Never, before, was such a deliberate, outrageous system of fraud perpetrated. By the aid of *those things* "the VIth and VIIth Wards of New York City gave Democratic majorities considerably exceeding their entire legal vote; but the XXIst faithfulness stripped all rivalry, polling about 4000 fraudulent votes." These are a few instances of how the Democratic party carried New York. The "thieves, cut-throats and other villains" were at work in other districts, and how they did it is shown by the following letter from a private citizen, but this is only *one* of the ways. Can the respectable men of the party defend it?

SIR: When I went to the polls to-day I found that some scoundrel had been there and voted on my name, and, consequently, the Inspectors would not allow me to cast a ballot. A straight vote was lost to the Republicans by this rascally trick, which illustrates one of the villainous methods by which the Democrats of the Seventh Ward piled up their large majority. If there is any redress to be had for this outrage, I should be glad to know how to obtain it. DANIEL A. SKINNELLA,
New York, Nov. 2. No. 65 East Broadway.

IT turns out that A. Johnson has one more chance, and he is doing his level best to bring victory out of defeat. They have found something in the Tennessee or some constitution which forbids members of the Legislature from being elected to Congress during their term of office. Mr. Cooper was a member of the Legislature from Davidson county at the time of his election to the United States Senate, and it is now claimed that there must be another election. John Bell was elected in the same way, and no one ever doubted his right to the seat. But A. J. was not about then. He is about now, and has already given the members of the Legislature—Johnson and anti-Johnson—a supper at the Stacey House, in Nashville, where everything passed off harmoniously. Of course it did. He has got them now. Around the festive board His Accidency can drink them blind and secure their votes.

RELICS.

A swindler was convicted in Philadelphia last week of selling forged autographs of Gen. Washington and others. Sometime since the City Councils purchased a letter of Washington, which has been ever since displayed to public view in the Picture Gallery, where many distinguished visitors have looked at it with admiration. It turns out now, that this, too, is a forgery and by the very man who was on trial. We wonder who it was that sent the many telegraphic dispatches throughout the State, two days after the election, with Mr. Packer's name to them, claiming the State for him? Forgery of that kind is a double crime, for you cheat friends as well as enemies.

THE death of George Peabody was not entirely unexpected. He has been failing for some time and died at a ripe age. His loss is felt by England and America. His munificence in the way of charity is without a parallel and his name will live forever as "the friend of man." He knew the value of riches and sought to make others happy by his wealth. What a lesson to those who are striving day after day to hoard up wealth as if gold could be carried to the grave!

ANDREW ARMSTRONG, Esq., an ex-member of the Legislature has entered suit against the publishers of *Father Abraham* at Lancaster, for libel. That paper says the alleged libel is the exposition made more than a year ago of Mr. Armstrong's mileage as a member of the Legislature, he being entitled to about $9 for 30 miles, (the distance from his residence to Harrisburg) whilst he drew a little over $60 for 306 miles.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Robert J. Walker is reported seriously ill at Washington.

—A fire on Friday night, at Harrisburg, destroyed five dwelling houses and their contents. Loss, $10,000.

—Rear-Admiral Charles Stewart, of the United States navy, and of *Ironsides* fame, died at Bordentown, N. C., on Saturday afternoon, at the age of 92 years.

—The Lake National Bank at Wolfboro, N. H., was entered on Friday night and robbed of its entire contents, consisting of money, notes, bonds and private deposits. The loss is heavy.

—The flags in London were on Saturday placed at half mast, and many buildings in the city draped in mourning, as a mark of respect to the memory of the late George Peabody.

—Swarthmore College, under direction of the Hicksite branch of the Quakers, situated near Philadelphia, was opened on Monday. The buildings are the most expensive of any college in this State.

—Governor Geary has signed the death warrants of John Fields and Zachary Taylor, both convicted of different murders in the State, and they are to be executed on Tuesday, the 4th day of December.

—The fight between McCode and Allen is off owing to the stakeholder imbroglio. Allen declines to fight while the stakes are held by a St. Louis man. McCode will fight on no other condition, though several other persons have been proposed for stakeholder.

—The Rochester Theatre, in that city, was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday morning, together with several adjacent buildings. Loss, $50,000. The fire was discovered in the green room, at 5 A. M., and spread with great rapidity. Mr. E. D. Davenport lost a large portion of his wardrobe.

—Col. E. L. Drake, the original discoverer of petroleum, died last week in a Connecticut poor house. About a mile below Titusville the first oil well derick that was ever built, in this or any other country, is still to be seen. It is sad to reflect that the man who first bored for oil, and by his pluck and perseverance, not only flooded a community with sudden riches, but increased the wealth of the world, died as a common pauper. A proposition has been made to raise a monument to his memory, but a contemporary thinks the most suitable monument would be a homestead for his bereaved family.

—There was 18 inches of snow at Hudson, Ohio, on Monday morning.

—The Lake House and Noyes Block, at Burlington, Vt., were destroyed by fire on Monday. The loss is $75,000; mostly covered by insurance. One man, J. D. Fisk, was fatally, and nine others more or less injured by the falling of a wall.

THE REVENUE.

The following interesting letter from Commissioner Delano will be interesting to all revenue officers and distillers:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, Nov. 3, 1869.—SIR: I have received your letter of the 30th ult., stating that many and often large lots of spirits arrive at Baltimore from various Western distilleries, presenting one uniform degree of strength, which, when being reinspected, vary considerably from the original proof marks, which variations, you state, "almost without exception, show that the full amount of tax due the Government has been paid."

You further state that you have reason to believe that at many Western distilleries the practice prevails among gangers of "Merely testing the proof of the spirits in cisterns, before or at the time of drawing off, and of marking all the packages at one drawing of a uniform degree of strength, instead of testing the strength of the spirits in each particular cask."

The prevalence of the practice is sufficient to account for the fact of incorrect gauging of which you first mentioned, and the practice may be taken as explaining and establishing the truth of the fact. My attention has been recently called to another and similar practice which is stated to prevail to some extent in different parts of the country. This is that of drawing of original or reinspections a sample of each or any particular number of casks found together, which several samples are entered into a vessel in common and gauged, and the average strength of various samples so ascertained is placed upon each of the several casks drawn from, and a uniform strength thus marked upon the whole.

Both of these practices are manifestly wrong, and must be at once discontinued. You will promptly report to the office any future occurrence of this kind that may come to your notice, with all facts relating to it, including names of distilleries and the number of distillery, together with the State and district to which they belong, or if rectified spirits, the name and place of business of the rectifier, giving in either case the name of the gauger, to the end that a proper investigation may be had of all the facts.

The attention of revenue officers generally, especially of storekeepers and gangers, and also that of distillers, rectifiers and wholesale liquor dealers, is again particularly called to sections 23 and 25 of the act of July 20, 1868, and to supplement 1, series 5, No. 7, of regulations and instructions, issued August 20, 1868. The requirements of the law are plain, and the language of the 3rd division of supplement, relating to marking and branding of casks or packages of distilled spirits is so full and explicit as to leave no excuse for omission or inaccuracy, and public notice will at once be given to all parties concerned that no excuse for either will hereafter be received.

Very respectfully,
C. DELANO, Commissioner.

To Alexander Hutton, Esq., Supervisor, Baltimore, Md.

LARGE HAUL OF COUNTERFEITERS.

MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO STAMPS ARRESTED, AND THEIR STOCK SEIZED.

Some two months ago counterfeit tobacco stamps appeared in the market, and investigation showed that a large number had been put in circulation. Chief Whitely of the Treasury Department at once set his forces at work, and the result is the largest seizure of counterfeit stamps known in the annals of this country. The "job of detection" is said to be the keenest ever put on foot, and the men arrested are persons who have ranked among the first engravers in the United States. Link by link the chain has been followed until there are now in jail men who are believed to have defrauded the Government of millions, and in the possession of the detectives the best "set" of plates, types, and presses in the country outside of the Treasury Department. The tobacco stamp in question was the sixty-pound one, and its price from the Government was $19 2d. The counterfeit stamp was furnished to tobacco merchants at $5. The counterfeit stamp is of superior workmanship and must have been—as indeed was the case—the work of one of the best engravers in the country. At the outset the detectives were almost baffled—the counterfeit stamps came into the market in sums reaching $100,000; and yet where to find who issued them and who sold them puzzled the Chief and his force. At last a ray of light fell across their path and on the 25th of October, Col. Whitely put his hand on the shoulder of Hart D. Pearce of No. 59 Nassau street, and said, "I want you." Pearce is said to be, by experts, the best engraver in the United States. He had worked in the first firms in the country, had borne an unblemished reputation, and nothing but the presence of all the paraphernalia of the counterfeiter and bogus stamps in profusion convinced the officers of his guilt. Pearce had been employed by Tiffany & Co. of New-York in their finest work, and for the American Bank Note Company, and only a short time before had opened the office at No. 59 Nassau street. Pearce at first stoutly denied the charges, but when there was discovered, still warm in his pocket, a counterfeit $3 revenue stamp plate, he made a full confession to his captor. In his office were plates, a transfer press, rollers, and stamps in abundance. Believing that there were others interested, a watch was posted on Pearce's place, and Col. Robert B. Clark, who commanded a regiment during the rebellion, was arrested on suspicion. Upon investigation it was discovered that Clark's residence, No. 317 East Seventeenth street, was well stored with the results of the work of the counterfeiters. Every bureau drawer, box, trunk, and valise contained evidences of the Colonel's guilt. Hundreds of sheets of tobacco stamps, thousands of revenue stamps, from one cent to $50, dies for making stamps, and over $15,000 worth of cleaned genuine stamps that had been nicely arranged in boxes for sale. Counterfeit money enough to make the possessor a millionaire if it could be sold dollar for dollar, was also obtained, and the officers had fairly opened up a mine of enormous counterfeit currency. All the property was taken to the Chief's headquarters, and Clark was hurried away to Ludlow street Jail, where he also confessed his guilt to Chief Whitely. Evidence now came in like the sea. Men were sent hither and thither to arrest guilty parties, and the net was drawn slowly, and none escaped. In Clark's rooms was found the sixty-pound counterfeit stamp, which rivals the genuine one in execution. Clark was fully committed on Monday last, in default of $25,000 bail. On Sunday Col. whitely again started on the trail, and proceeded to a secluded spot on Staten Island, near Princess Bay, and arrested one John Rippon, an old engraver and printer. Rippon had formerly been employed by Tiffany & Co., and, last Spring moved to Staten Island. It was at that time has been engaged in printing the counterfeit stamps. In the house was found a printing press, dies, inks, and rollers. The house was away in the woods out of the way of the road, and the inmates were taken by surprise, and stoutly protested against intrusion on the Sabbath. The occupants were John Rippon, steel and copper-plate printer, native of England, and Wm. L. Kempton a native of Maine, a retired sea-captain. Rippon's wife, three children and a colored girl formed with himself and Kempton the household. The engraver and the printer were quickly secured, yet the Chief was not satisfied the plates must be somewhere about the house, and after faithful search the plates still were safe. Four hours' coaxing, urging, and threatening compelled Rippon at last to make a clean breast of the matter, and he confessed that the plates were buried in the garden, and pointed out the spot. After a foot and a half of earth had been removed, the officers discovered a large tin box, which, upon being opened, was found to contain 10,500 counterfeit Revenue stamps, in large sheets, the plates for printing, dies, rollers, and every description of stamps, from one cent to eighty dollars. In the box was also a die for making three cent silver pieces, steel dies for stamping coins, dies for arithmetical figures, and in the lower room of the house was found a perforating press for punching the holes between the stamps on the printed sheets. Scattered here and there in the lower room was a large supply of inks, oils and jugs filled with gum. The latter was used for the backs of the stamps. The prisoners and material were taken to the United States Marshal's office where they were held in custody, and Rippon and Kempton were taken to the Brooklyn jail to await their trial. Hot on the scent, the chief left this city on Monday night for Boston in company with Pearce, to arrest one Reuben Carpenter, an engraver on Broomfield-st., and who was said to be in the plot. Upon arriving in Boston, Col. Whitely called on Chief Kurtz of the Boston Police, who detailed two of his best detectives, Benjamin Heath and Mr. Jones, who rendered efficient aid in securing the arrest of Carpenter. The latter was at first indignant at the charges made against him, but at last surrendered, and disclosed the whole transaction, and came with Col. Whitely to this city. Among the plates found in his possession was one of the 5-20 bonds, in an unfinished state. Carpenter is said to be one of the best vignette engravers in the United States, and the picture on the plate is of exceedingly fine workmanship.

The accused is connected with respectable families in Boston, and has stood high in social circles for many years. To fully establish the fact that these men were the best workmen in the engraving line, it is said that they have done this work by hand that is done in the Treasury Department by machinery, and an agent of one of the Bank Note Companies said yesterday that Pearce was the finest letterer in the world. The work has been so well done that the Continental Bank Note Company, by whom the 60-pound tobacco stamp is printed for the Government, could hardly tell the counterfeit from the original when placed side by side. It is believed that Col. B. Robert Clark was the originator of the counterfeiting scheme, and he brought in Pearce, who tempted Carpenter, and the combination thus formed engaged Rippon to do the printing. During yesterday, prominent detectives of the Metropolitan Police, called at the headquarters of Col. Whitely of the Secret Service Corps, and acknowledged that the "job was the cleanest thing they ever met with," and also that it was the largest "haul" of counterfeit currency ever taken. Col. Whitely and his assistants have worked night and day to arrest the guilty parties. Over sixty "deals," or parties acting as agents, have been employed to negotiate the suspected counterfeits; and by the activity, energy, and genius of the chief of the corps, one of the greatest warnings to counterfeiters is given, and millions saved the Treasury of the country.—*New York Tribune, of Friday.*

The immense amount of ale, porter, mineral water and sarsaparilla sold by Wise is sufficient evidence that drinkers admire it. For sale at almost every bar in the county. Call for it wherever you desire anything of the kind.

The following is an extract from a private letter written by the proprietors of Plantation Bitters:

"We had no conception of the wide-spread suffering which exists, or of the almost infallible cures produced by the PLANTATION BITTERS, when we first commenced offering them for sale. We now find that every house has a weak child, an ailing parent, or debilitated aged member, who needs this tonic. Our laboratory has grown from a single room to an immense building, and our sales from a few bottles to many hundred dozens per day, and we are glad to know that they have done you so much good."

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

How Hostetter's Bitters cure Dyspepsia.—The whole Story in a Nut Shell.—The office of the stomach is to convert the food into a cream-like semi-fluid called CHYME. This is effected partly by the action of a solvent, called the gastric juice, which exudes from the coating of the stomach, and partly by a mechanical movement of that organ, which churns, as it were, the dissolving aliment. The CHYME passes from the stomach into the duodenum, or entrance to the bowels, where it is subjected to the action of the bile, and the nutritious portion of it converted into a fluid called *Chyle*, which eventually becomes blood.

Now, it is evident that if the gastric solvent, the gastric juice, is not produced in sufficient quantity, or if the mechanical action of the stomach is not sufficiently brisk, the *first process of digestion* will be but imperfectly performed. It is also clear that if the liver, which plays such an important part in changing the nourishing portion of the chyme into the material of the blood, is congested, or in any unnatural condition, the *second process* will not be thoroughly accomplished. The result of the *two failures is dyspepsia*, complicated with *biliousness*.

The mode in which HOSTETTER'S BITTERS operate in such cases is this: they invigorate the cellular membrane of the stomach, which evolves the gastric juice, thereby insuring an ample sufficiency of the fluid to completely dissolve the food. They also act upon the nerves of the stomach, causing an acceleration of the mechanical movement necessary to reduce the food to a homogeneous mass. They also act specifically upon the liver, strengthening it, and so enabling it to produce an ample and regular supply of bile, for the purpose of removing the nutritious particles of the *chyme* and *chyle*, and promote be passage through the bowels of the useless debris.

In this way, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS cure dyspepsia and liver complaint. The explanation is plain, simple, philosophical, and *true*.

NEW STYLES FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING. *Now is stock a fine assortment of*
MEN'S YOUTHS' AND BOYS' READY-MADE GARMENTS, *to which large daily additions are being made;*
SUPERIOR IN STYLE, FIT, AND WORKMANSHIP *to any other stock of Ready-Made Goods in Philadelphia.*
—Also, a choice selection of
NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS IN THE PIECE, *which will be made up to order in the* BEST AND FINEST MANNER *for those who prefer.*
ALL PRICES GUARANTEED LOWER THAN THE LOWEST ELSEWHERE, AND FULL SATISFACTION GUARANTEED EVERY PURCHASER IN ALL CASES, OR THE SALE CANCELLED AND MONEY REFUNDED.
☞ *Samples of material sent by mail when desired, for garments either Ready-Made or made to order.*
Half way between Fifth and Sixth-street } BENNETT & CO., FOWNES BLDG., 518 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA AND 103 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Special Notices.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Is the only infallible Hair Preparation for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR AND PROMOTING ITS GROWTH.

It is the cleanest preparation ever offered to the public, as one bottle will last longer and accomplish more than three bottles of any other preparation.

Our Renewer is not a Dye; it will not stain the skin nor clothes.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the Scalp, and makes the Hair SOFT, LUSTROUS and SILKEN.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success by J. Isaacs, M.D. and Prof. Isaac *Diseases of the Ear and Eye; this specialty is the M. Isaacs Method of Treatment, and years of success.* Office, 19 S. Sixth St., Lowden Building, No. 504 Arch street, Philadelphia. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted free of charge. Spectacles for every nation.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dreaded disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers to be valuable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

WORDS OF WISDOM FOR YOUNG MEN, on the Ruin a Place in Youth and Early Manhood, with SELF HELP for the young and middle-aged. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, gratis. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box 1327, Philadelphia, Pa.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar-st., New York.

THE ONLY RELIABLE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA IN THE KNOWN WORLD.

DR. WISHART'S GREAT AMERICAN DYSPEPSIA PILL THIN TAR CORDIAL are a positive and infallible cure for dyspepsia in its most aggravated form, and no matter of how long standing.

They penetrate the secret abode of the dyspepsia, and exterminate it, root and branch, from the system.

They alleviate the agony of the most delicate stomach, and tongue can tell.

They are noted for curing the most desperate cases, and bottles sent, when every known remedy has failed to relieve.

No form of dyspepsia or indigestion can resist the combined attack of these extraordinary remedies.

DR. WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained. It acts upon the digestive organs and restores the opposite. It invigorates the debilitated system. It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels from the system the corruptions which scrofula breeds on the lungs. It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops the air passages of the lungs. Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surfaces of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain and subduing inflammation. It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted with positive assurance of its power to cure the following diseases, if the patient has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure:

Consumption of the Lungs, Cough, Sore Throat and Breast, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood and Bleeding Piles, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Diphtheria, &c.

A medical expert, holding honorable offices at institutions devotes his entire time to treating all diseases at the office parlors. Associated with him are three equally eminent physicians of acknowledged eminence, whose services are given to the public FREE OF CHARGE.

This opportunity is offered by no other institution in the country.

Letters from any part of the country, giving a full description of the disease, will receive the same attention as if the patient were present. Where convenient, remittances should take the shape of

DRAFT OR POST-OFFICE ORDERS.

Price of Wishart's American Dyspepsia Pills, $1 a box. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

Price of Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, $1 a bottle, or $6 per dozen. Sent by express.

All communications should be addressed

L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,
No. 232 N. Second st., Philadelphia.

SCHENK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEA-WEED TONIC and Mandrake Pills, will cure Consumption, Liver complaint, or Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to work. Then the appetite becomes keen, food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh, the cough ceases, night sweats disappear, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. There is no other way to cure Consumption.

Yellow Dock Wine is one of the most prominent remedies for Consumption.

Schenk's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food while the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, heal the lungs, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, lock up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenk, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. He goes to cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesions, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenk's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenk's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenk, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having given up his case. Four bottles of his Pulmonic Syrup, and a box of his Pills, restored him to perfect health. Since then he has recommended by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenk's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, make it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenk, unless the patient wishes their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond Street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 33 Hanover Street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer for price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Dr. J. H. SCHENK,
mar 10-1y 15 N. 6th St., Philada., Pa.

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WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

No. 48 NORTH SECOND ST., cor. of QUARRY, PHILA

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware always on hand.

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. aug11-1y

GRAND OPENING OF A NEW JEWELRY STORE.

J. R. WEBER begs leave to inform the citizens of Allentown and vicinity that he has opened a new JEWELRY STORE at

NO. 36 WEST HAMILTON STREET.

Where he will keep constantly on hand an assortment of CLOCKS, WATCHES and JEWELRY to please to suit customers.

☞ Clocks, watches and jewelry can fully repaired. J. R. Weber being an experienced and careful mechanic, respectfully asks the patronage of the public

July 28-6m J. R. WEBER

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

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JACOB HARLEY,

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Invites his patrons and the public generally, to his New Store, No. 1236 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, where they will find a large and beautiful assortment of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER and PLATED WARE, at Moderate Prices.

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WATCHES, JEWELRY,

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AT

CHARLES S. MASSEY'S,

No. 24 East Hamilton street, opposite the German Reformed Church. Just received from New York and Philadelphia, all the latest styles

GOLD WATCHES.

He has the largest and best assortment of Gold Watches, and at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.

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He has a larger and better assortment of Silver Watches than can be purchased any where else.

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He has the largest and best assortment of all kinds of Gold Jewelry.

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He has a larger and better assortment of all kinds of Gilt and Plated Jewelry than can be found elsewhere.

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He has a splendid assortment of Silver and Plated Ware. Any person desiring goods in this line can not fail to be suited.

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A large assortment of all kinds, of the best manufacture.

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A splendid assortment of Prince's Melodeons, the best in the world.

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A splendid assortment of all kinds of Accordeons. My establishment has lately been fitted up, and is now the resort of people from New York and Philadelphia, who find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere. He has a larger stock of fashionable goods to his line than all others in Lehigh county combined. To examine yourselves of the above is to call and see.

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well regulated and warranted. All sizes and prices, from $2 upwards. A large assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

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JEWELRY OF ALL KINDS,

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