THE LEHIGH REGISTER, ALLENTOWN, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1869.

The Lehigh Register.

ROBT. IREDELL, Jr., - *Editor and Proprietor.*

ALLENTOWN, PA., SEPT. 15, 1869.

REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR.

GENERAL JOHN W. GEARY.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT

HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

Assembly.

JAMES S. BIERY, Allentown.
SYLVESTER L. GERING, Emaus.

Prothonotary.

PAUL BALLIET, North Whitehall.

Clerk of Orphans' Court.

WILLIAM H. DESHLER, Allentown.

Clerk of Quarter Sessions.

WILLIAM STUART, Whitehall.

Register of Wills.

JOEL P. GEIGER, Heidelberg.

Treasurer.

SOLOMON KLINE, (miller), Salisbury.

County Commissioner.

JOSEPH MOSSER, Lynn.

Director of the Poor.

CHARLES W. WIEAND, Upper Milford.

Coroner

WILLIAM H. ROMIG, Allentown.

Surveyor.

J. P. P. KISTLER, Allentown.

Auditor.

LEVI WERLY, Weisenberg.

Trustees of the Academy.

WILLIAM J. RONEY, Allentown.
GEORGE K. REEDER, Allentown.

McMULLIN THREATENS.

As a specimen Democrat of the present day Alderman "Bill McMullin" of the 4th Ward, Philadelphia, is entitled to the 1st premium. He goes in for the party and he goes in to win. To him Registry laws are an abomination not to be tolerated in the 4th Ward. Give McMullin the majority needed and the votes will be forthcoming. Tell him how much the Republican vote must be cut down in a certain precinct and down she goes—at least the voters go down with cracked heads if they appear to exercise their rights. The board of Aldermen met last week in Philadelphia, to appoint officers of the election for the 4th Ward. The men selected did not suit Alderman Wm. McMullin and the following conversation took place:

"Alderman McMullin said: They can never go there. I will bet a hundred dollars on it.

Alderman Jones. We will have to move the ward out, then.

Alderman McMullin. When the day of election comes we will crowd the place with men.

The Chair. Alderman, you should be ashamed of yourself. I am surprised that you make threats.

Alderman McMullin. On election day don't let them go in. There will be murder if they do.

Alderman Cloud moved that the resolution as read be adopted.

Alderman McMullin proposed as an amendment a long list of names.

Alderman Cloud moved to lay the amendment on the table.

Alderman McMullin characterized the motion as being unfair.

The Chair said the motion was not debatable.

Alderman McMullin. Well, there will be trouble there then.

The Chair. The gentleman should be ashamed of making threats.

Alderman Jones asked that the room be cleared.

Alderman McMullin. You had better attempt to put them out; you will see what you will get. There will be three or four thousand men let loose on the day of election.

The motion to lay upon the table was agreed to.

Alderman Jones called the previous question, which was the adoption of the resolution. Agreed to.

The resolution, as read by the clerk, was then agreed to. The Chair declared the names as the officers to conduct the election in October.

Alderman McMullin. You will have club law, then, on election day.

The Chair. It is beneath your dignity to make any such threats, or use any such language."

Now this is a fair sample of Democratic tactics, and the man who made the threats means what he says. It is not, however, only a single individual who speaks. It comes from a higher party and the money and the men needed to carry out the design will be gladly furnished by the Democratic managers. It has been clearly shown in the contested election cases in Philadelphia that the most shameful frauds were practiced and that the present incumbents of the city offices were illegally elected. If a fair ballot was taken to-day General Geary would have at least seven or eight thousand majority in the city, and it is now the intention of Alderman Bill McMullin and his party to endeavor by threats and murder if necessary to defeat this majority, and cast thousands of illegal votes for Packer, as they did for Sharswood, Fox and the city ticket. When the day of election comes they will crowd the place with men—McMullin will bet a hundred dollars on it. The election officers will be murdered if they attempt to carry out the law in the 4th Ward. There will be three or four thousand men let loose on the day of election and all this to achieve a great wrong under the name of a Democratic victory. Now this is the programme of a representative man who has long been recognized as a party leader. Does his party sanction this proceeding? Will Mr. Packer and chairman Mutchler encourage this threatened rioter's, and murderer's plan of operations? No Democratic paper has yet reprimanded the Alderman for his disraceful conduct. We appeal to the honest law abiding citizens of Lehigh county whether they can support the men or party who thus encourage a violation of law and the commission of murder to carry a political election.

MAINE has again gone Republican, notwithstanding the temperance ticket lessened the party vote. We can now see how useless it would be to nominate a straight temperance ticket in this State. The only effect would be to reduce the Republican vote some thousands and probably elect the Democratic candidates. The Maine temperance men are pioneers in the reform movement, but even there where our danger did not exist, not enough votes could be induced to cut the regular ticket to make even a respectable show. We must carry the State this fall and must unite our forces. Elect Packer and Pershing, and we will have Pendleton or Hoffman and repudiation in 1872. Let us follow Maine and remain true.

GEN. GRANT and family have been paying a visit to some friends in Washington, Pa. The citizens without respect to party have done all in their power to show the Chief Magistrate in what esteem he is held. Gen. Grant is a man whose very appearance makes friends. He is no politician, but a soldier who loved his country and a President who wants that country restored to peace and prosperity. He is not "swinging round the circle like his illustrious predecessor," but is simply visiting the people who have elected him their ruler, that he may better understand their wants.

IN the Montgomery County Democratic Convention held Tuesday week, the only soldier who applied for office was defeated. That is what the platform means by "gratefully remembering the soldiers and sailors." The State Convention that passed that resolution had before it the names of Hancock, Cass and McCandless, who were all proposed as "Generals." Packer being a non-combatant got the nomination. To soothe the wounds of the defeated soldiers it was resolved that they "would be gratefully remembered."

THE GOVERNOR'S VINDICATION.

We presume that all honest men desire an honest administration of State affairs. The man or party who will do the most towards paying off our debt, reducing the burden of taxation and so control legislation as to work the least injury to the people will be deserving of credit and support. This is a question that enters directly into our approaching State election and happily is one that we caught at without much difficulty. The Democratic press charge Governor Geary with having used the veto power too frequently, with encouraging "ring" legislation and of extravagance in his administration. The Governor never was afraid of a fair fight and goes into this with a will. This is what he said at Troy, on Sept. 4th, and we ask everybody to read it and if untrue our opponents have the proof at hand—if true, the Republican party and Governor Geary should be kept in power:

In rendering an account of my stewardship, I do not want to be regarded as egotistical. If you look back upon the history of Pennsylvania for thirty or forty years you will find that the Democrats had control of our finances during most of that time. You will find that the debt, too, in 1845, was $41,000,000—all accumulated under the management of the Democratic party. We are invited to examine our public improvements—the excuse for this enormous expenditure. They footed up $35,000,000. This was the legacy left us by a long line of Democratic Governors. Their policy seemed to be to pile up the debt on the shoulders of the people so long as it could possibly be borne.

When you elected my immediate predecessor, this debt was reduced down to about $40,000,000. Add then our war loan of $3,000,000. In the face of this war loan in 1867, our total debt was reduced to $37,500,000, in round figures. You see that notwithstanding the three million loan, under the management of my predecessor the debt was absolutely reduced—during the waging of a terrible rebellion—some two millions, excluding the payment of the three millions. I have the satisfaction to announce to you, officially, the figures as they stand to-day, in order that there may be no quibbling when I come to speak to the people of State finances. And what I give you I will challenge the world to contradict. The documents are open for perusal at Harrisburg. In the two years, from the fifteenth day of January, 1867, to the eighth day of January 1869, the debt of the State was reduced to $35,286,946.53, making in these two years an actual reduction of the State indebtedness of $1,447,463.64, and we are paying in the third year of my administration to the amount of $487,159.79 to date. We thus have a reduction from 1843, up to January 15, 1867, of $4,267,105.31, and during my administration alone a further total reduction of $1,960,623.43, almost two millions in round numbers since January, 1867. The interest on five millions is $300,000 per annum. And what is more, if any of you have bonds you can bring them down to Harrisburg, and we will redeem them now to the extent of one more million dollars, thus reducing the State debt to six millions.

The Democrats ask, "Where do you get all this money?" Well, we don't steal it. We don't filch it from the broad acres of the Commonwealth. We do not tax your property, your farms, your homes, your workshops, your tenements. If they are taxed, it is by your municipal, county or township authorities. We get most of the money from corporations, which, holding special privileges from the Commonwealth, are justly made to contribute to the government, which protects them. And with the money thus raised we pay for your common schools, support thousands of soldiers' orphans, and give asylums to the unfortunate insane, and shelter to the lame, blind and halt. Mr. Packer would restore the tax on real estate, and extend his protecting wing to special corporate privileges; otherwise your debt would never decrease under Democratic sway. We are told by our opponents that Governor Geary is remarkably careless about legislation, that he writes no vetoes, that he should stop all "special legislation." In other words, that he should dam up the Mississippi—for it must so flow—that is, let me tell you, my friends, the fault lies with you. If you are desirous of stopping special legislation, the granting of special powers, and the incorporation of organized capital in any particular shape, you must send the proper representatives to Harrisburg so instructed—men who will obey your instructions.

You are directly responsible for the legislation of your representatives. It is between you and them. The Governor has no right to stop special legislation simply because he does not see any reason why it should not pass into the statute books. Representatives are supposed to know and to follow the interests of and demands of their constituent at home much better than your Executive; and if the bill is not in conflict with constitutional precept it is difficult, if not impossible, for him to prevent its enactment. Your representatives passed bills which are necessary for the people, and the Governor cannot question their asseverations.

In looking back for many years over the records of vetoes presented to the Legislature, I have found that they did not average more than ten or twelve per annum. My predecessor, during the six years of his administration, wrote 134 vetoes—just 19 per annum. Of the three years of my administration thus far, I have written, in 1867, 66; in 1868, 92; in 1869, 79—in all, 217 vetoes, in which I will venture to say almost every principle of the government has in some way been involved. And no one of these vetoes has ever been overridden by the Legislature.

We thus have an average of 72½ vetoes per annum, or more than one for every day of legislative session. Were I to do more, the Legislature, I fear, would form such a "ring" as would prevent the Executive from stopping any legislation they might choose to enact. I have gone just so far as my Governor once dared me. No Governor has ever vetoed as many bills and stopped as much evil legislation, and I have the proud consciousness of knowing that not one of the bills I have vetoed has ever passed the Legislature over my head.

Alluding to the subject of pardons, the Governor said that in the palmy days of Democracy they pardoned four or five hundred criminals in a single year. The whole number of pardons during his first year was 52. In 1868 the number was 106, showing that if Democratic principles were applied in seven and eight hundred dollars fine for simply enforcing a statute, framed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor, preventing deserters from voting. During the current year the number had reached but 40, making a total of 198 during his term. Murder, perjury, arson, burglary, and kindred crimes should not go unpunished under his administration.

IF Pershing is elected to the Supreme bench we will have the naturalization mill in operation again next year and Snowden's heart will be made glad at fifty cents ahead. Pershing does not know any law and will be but the mouthpiece of such men as Wallace, Buckalew and Black. Judge Williams is an eminent lawyer and an upright judge, whose decisions in the Allegheny courts were cited as law by the Supreme Court. Pershing as a lawyer with a limited practice, cannot be qualified for the position to which he aspires and his election would only bring us into ridicule. Imagine him attempting to review the legal opinions of such men as Pierson, Butler, Brewster, Allison, Chapman, Hare, Stread and others. Pershing is a local politician whose proper field was the legislature. Williams is a man whose whole life has been devoted to the study of the law and whose presence adds to the dignity and ability of the Supreme bench.

THE indubitable correspondent has been to see Asa Packer. This time he publishes the result of his interview in the New York *Sun*, and the conversation, which is facetiously stated as having taken place, is published in the Philadelphia *Age* with as much soberness of meaning as though it were all gospel truth. The "correspondent" put words into Judge Packer's mouth that would lead those unacquainted with him to suppose that he could talk on very profound subjects and was capable of using good language. One of the best jokes of the whole thing is where the Judge objected to the correspondent reading a paper written by the one of the old statesmen because the reading of it would take them into Sunday morning. *And the Judge never talked politics on the Sabbath.* This "conversation" is as good as a farce to the people of Mauch Chunk, where the Judge is well known.

THE SECRET DIVULGED.

A Democratic gain—Maine has given 13,000 Republican majority.

Another Democratic gain—Vermont has given 20,000 Republican majority.

Still another Democratic gain—Wilmington, Del., has given handsome Republican majorities on her city ticket.

And the greatest gain of the Democratic party will be in Pennsylvania next October when Governor Geary will be elected by 30,000 majority.

We have been put in possession of the key to the Democratic arithmetic and the method of figuring out Democratic gains is as plain as the rule of addition. A Republican majority of 20,000 in Vermont is a Democratic gain of 20,000,000. A Republican majority of 30,000 in Pennsylvania is a gain to the voters composing the Democratic party of 30,000,000—not in votes, but in dollars. If the triumph of the Republican party is such an immense saving to the minority of the voters, what must it be to the whole?

THE IMPERIALIST, a paper started some time since, in New York, for the purpose of manufacturing a sentiment in favor of establishing Imperialism in this country, has found its efforts too much to endure and has given up the ghost.

THE Conservatives of Mississippi have nominated Dent for Governor and a colored man for Secretary of State. The Democrats were connected with the movement, and intend supporting the ticket instead of nominating one of their own. What do their friends in Pennsylvania think of that? Is not the party rapidly drifting from the old landmarks? If the XVth Amendment becomes part of the Constitution, we may yet hear of a colored candidate on the Democratic ticket. That party is ever on the look out for available candidates, and it makes no difference whether a man is black or has $20,000,000, provided his peculiar merit makes votes.

GENERAL RAWLINS will be mourned by all who respect true merit. He was a man who possessed the faculty of drawing others towards him. Gentle, but firm in manner, just in all his dealings and conscientious in his convictions, he inspired respect and confidence in all with whom he was brought in contact. He died too young to have left much of a record, but the brotherly friendship of the President and the love which Sherman sent him, are the same feelings which enter into the heart of every man who ever knew Rawlins, and which will serve to keep his name prominent in American history.

—Boston can do nothing like other people. It wanted to tear down its Coliseum and it got up a first class tempest—a regular "Jubilee" affair and blew it down in a minute. It would have taken any other city a month to demolish such a pile.

A SHORT EPISTLE FROM NASBY.

Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby writes a letter from Pepper's Tavern, Holmes county, Ohio, in which he threatens to make a call upon Asa Packer, as oil (Petroleum) is just now short of funds. The situation is thus explained:

I hed parshelly prepared an appeal to the Demokracy uv Maine, Ohio and Pennsylvania, but jest I wuz a dishin uv it up, that infurnis Weasels, Jr., whom he is owin his bill for board. I can't liquidate it, and I am preparin to be ejected from premises. Ez I know from experience what method will be adopted to remove me from the house, I hev stuffed the sheets from my bed in the seat uv my pantaloons. Thus genius mitigates evils which cannot altogether avoid. The sheets will ease the kick, and kin be sold for enuff to pay raleroad fare. Let Pepper come, I am prepared.

I shel go to Mock Chunk, Pennsylvania. Asa Packer, our glorious standard-bearer, hez twelve millions uv dollars, and I want to get him afore it is all gone. Ez the leaders uv the Philadelphia Dilly-attenting to run down those engaged in the same line of business. They believe in the homely yet expressive adage, "Let every tub stand on its own bottom." What they particularly claim for their establishment is the advantage to the customer of a great variety of styles. A good light showing qualities exactly as they are, comfort, convenience and prompt attention while purchasing or examining stock. Appreciating the patronage of the public heretofore, they will endeavor to retain their favor in the future.

Very Respectfully
SEAMAN & TRAEGER
Bethlehem.

sep 22-3

Special Notices.

☞ ITS EFFECT IS MIRACULOUS.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

It is a perfect and wonderful article. Cures baldness. Makes hair grow. A better dressing than any "oil" or "pomatum." Softens brush, dry and wiry hair into Beautiful Silken Tresses. But above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

The whitest and worst looking hair resumes its youthful beauty by its use. It does not dye the hair, but strikes at the root and fills it with new life and coloring matter.

The first application will show you that it will save the NATURAL color returning every day, and

BEFORE YOU KNOW IT,

the old, gray, discolored appearance of the hair will be gone, and in its place will appear a young, shining and beautiful lock. Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it. Be sure

see that each bottle has our private Government Stamp over the top of the bottle. Take no other. Sold by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists. sept 8-1m

☞ DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by Dr. ISAACS, M.D. and Professor of *Diseases of the Ear and Eye; this speciality in the Medical College of Pennsylvania*, formerly of Leyden, Holland, No. 505 Arch street, Philadelphia. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. Consultation free. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. jan 27-1y*

☞ TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

☞ WORDS OF WISDOM FOR YOUNG MEN, on the Edit of Passion in Youth and Early Manhood, with SECRET HINTS for self-cure. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. May 19-1y*

☞ ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of Secret Vice, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar St. New York.

☞ SCHENK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEA-WEED TONIC and Mandrake Pills, will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to work; they tone the stomach, so that the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To those who need it, Dr. J. H. Schenk, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, and throws it up by the act of expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe, a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient is relieved and begins to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenk's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall-bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do. Nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care), that will unlock the gall-bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenk's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenk's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food; and when the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and ere long the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenk, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleuritic adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflamation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenk's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease, and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenk's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills operate efficient without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenk, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was asked to say a few words relative to the early stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenk's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, make it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenk, unless the patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at the Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond Street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 33 Hanover Street, Boston, every other Wednesday in each month. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5 in. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Dr. J. H. SCHENK,
mar 10-1y* *15 N. 6th St., Philada., Pa.*

☞ $15. GOLD WATCHES. $20.

THE ONLY GENUINE

OROIDE GOLD WATCHES.

MANUFACTURED BY THE OROIDE WATCH CO., Are all of best make, *Hunting Cases, Warranted and to furnish*; looks like fine Gold, and are EQUAL to the best GOLD WATCHES in make and finish; with the best *Full Jewelled Detached and Patent Levers, Extra Fine Cases*, (Gent's and Ladies' size) $15 each.

The Double Extra Refined, Solid Oroide Gold, *A No. 1*, Full Jewelled Levers, at $20 each.

Sent by Express anywhere within the United States, AT REGULAR WHOLESALE PRICES, payable on delivery. NO MONEY IS REQUIRED IN ADVANCE, only satisfactory assurance that the order is made in good faith. Any package may be opened and examined before paid for, by paying the Express charges only.

Persons can order by mail *with safety*, by sending money in advance, in a Registered letter, and the goods will be sent as a Registered Package, at our risk.

AN AGENT SENDING FOR SIX WATCHES WILL RECEIVE AN EXTRA WATCH FREE; MAKING SEVEN $15 WATCHES FOR $90, or SEVEN $20 WATCHES FOR $120.

ALSO ELEGANT OROIDE GOLD CHAINS of latest and most costly styles, for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear, from 10 to 50 inches long, at prices of $2, $4, $6 and $8 each, sent with watch at lowest wholesale prices.

Our Watches are all made of the GENUINE SOLID OROIDE GOLD, REFINED, are all perfectly regulated and adjusted, and GUARANTEED by the Company *to keep correct time and wear and not furnish*. State the kind, size and price of watch and order only of

THE OROIDE WATCH CO.,
au23-2m*** 148 Fulton Street, N. Y.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best Imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

Rockhill & Wilson's advertisement, in another column of this issue, speaks for itself. The clothes on backs of our best citizens also speak volumes in praise of ROCKHILL & WILSON'S good habits. Both for men and for the sons of men, ROCKHILL & WILSON seem to have everything the heart can desire, or the fancy can long after. Most of the happy homes in this vicinity are made happier by the fact that the men and boys of the household get their clothes at the great Brown Hall. Read, and see for yourselves, gentlemen.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Wm. Kuntz, the proprietor of the Slate Exchange Hotel, at Walnutport, wishes us to tender his thanks to those organizations which have favored him with excursions to his favorite summer resort during the past season.

For a long time we have noticed a gradual increase in the number of good-looking men in our neighborhood, especially among our subscribers. The change has been so marked as to be subject for general conversation. People ask "Why is this thus?" We find the general answer to be, that almost all our fellow-citizens are wearing the celebrated "ROCKHILL & WILSON" clothes. It is well known that the people who wear the clothes of this make command the esteem of their fellow-creatures. All our readers know where ROCKHILL & WILSON'S is. The mammoth Brown Stone Clothing Hall, 603 and 605 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE ALLENTOWN RAILROAD.

About four hundred men are employed on this road. The excavation of the tunnel, through the mountains at Windsor Castle, is about being commenced, by Mr. Paul King, engineer. It will be 1,100 feet in length. Mr. McFadden, the contractor, expects to have the road in running order within a year from this time. The road intersects with the East Penn. at Topton Station and with the Philadelphia and Reading at Port Clinton. Kutztown will be its principal way station, and it is expected that borough will receive a strong impetus through its operations.—*News.*

It is a pleasure to tell the same story over and over again, if it is a good story. Our story now is, of the satisfaction we enjoy in wearing the clothes which they make at the great Brown Hall, Philadelphia. The fact is, here are no other clothes, made elsewhere, that look half as well, or wear half as long as the ROCKHILL & WILSON clothes. The immense and varied assortment of fine clothes for Fall which ROCKHILL & WILSON now display is worthy the attention of all who go to the city. See ROCKHILL & WILSON'S advertisement in another column.

N. Y.—1860—X.—The unprecedented and extraordinary demand for PLANTATION BITTERS is evidently owing to their being prepared with pure St. Croix Rum, Calisaya Bark, &c. Our Druggists complain that it is almost impossible to keep a supply, and that their orders, owing to the great demand, are but partly executed. Do not become discouraged. Be sure and get the genuine.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best Imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

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CITY NOTICES.

Peaches.—E. Fenstermacher, at the store corner of 10th and Hamilton street, Allentown, is receiving every day large lots of fine peaches and is selling them cheaper than any other store. sept 8-3t

Timothy Seed.—100 bushels of the best Timothy seed is for sale at the very lowest market price, at the store of E. Fenstermacher, corner of Tenth and Hamilton streets, Allentown. sept 8-3w

Allentown has an extensive china and glassware establishment where as great a variety and as low prices can be found as in the larger cities. We refer to the new store of Richard Walker, No. 40 West Hamilton street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Those who wish a reliable preparation for the hair should adopt Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

The Comet.—

"Who has not seen, and seeing mourned,
And mourning smiled, and smiling scorn'd,
In wild ambition flaming down,
Some comet from a country town?
See, see him in his motley hues;
Funereal black and brimstone blues,
And lurid green and bonfire red,
At once their varied radiance shed."

No man from either the city or country ever looked like that if he bought his clothes at the Largest Clothing House, Sixth and Market Streets, Philadelphia. "Neat but not gaudy" is the Oak Hall style.

Science Advances.—As soon as an article purporting to be of utility has been tested, and its merits endorsed by public opinion, unprincipled parties endeavor to replenish their depleted purses by counterfeiting, and substituting a spurious for the genuine article. Sometime since, mercury, in the disguise of pills, powders, &c., was given for all diseases of the stomach and liver, while quinine was freely administered for the chills. At length HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS made its advent, and an entire new system of healing was inaugurated. The beneficial effects of this valuable preparation were at once acknowledged, and mineral poisons suffered to sink into that obscurity to which its concomitants, blue mass, etc., justly consigned them. There have been many spurious Bitters palmed upon the community, which, after trial, have been found perfectly worthless, while HOSTETTER'S has proved a blessing to thousands, who owe to it their restoration to health.

For many years we have watched the steady progress of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in public estimation, and its beneficent effects as a cure for all complaints arising from the stomach, of a morbid nature, and we are free to say that it can be relied upon as a certain relief and remedy. Its proprietors have made the above preparation, after years of careful study and research, and are now reaping the reward claimed by this valuable specific, and which they so richly merit. The genuine HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is reliable in all cases; and it therefore demands the attention of the afflicted.

A Card.—The under-signed having just opened their new Store come before the public in an entire new dress. The extensive additions and convenient arrangement of their establishment enables them to keep a very full assortment of all articles in their line, from the finest and most delicate fabrics to the plainest article of homehold goods. With every facility for purchasing at the lowest market prices, and with every advantage for keeping a full stock, they desire to increase their stock—they desire to increase their trade. To do so successfully goods must be sold cheap, that is, good qualities at low prices. With this end and aim in view they have, fully determined to use all fair and honorable means to accomplish their object. They have no idea of disparaging their neighbors or of endeavoring to build up their own trade by attempting to run down those engaged in the same line of business. They believe in the homely yet expressive adage, "Let every tub stand on its own bottom." What they particularly claim for their establishment is the advantage to the customer of a great variety of styles. A good light showing qualities exactly as they are, comfort, convenience and prompt attention while purchasing or examining stock. Appreciating the patronage of the public heretofore, they will endeavor to retain their favor in the future.

Very Respectfully
SEAMAN & TRAEGER
Bethlehem.

sep 22-3

Miscellaneous.

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MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY, and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

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The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

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Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cts. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
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THE GREAT NATIONAL

HORSE FAIR.

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WILL BE HELD AT

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.,

On the 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d of October, 1869,

UNDER THE GROUNDS OF THE

HERDIC PARK ASSOCIATION.

FIRST DAY, Tuesday, October 19th, 1869.

Purse $1,000—No. 1.—For Horses that have never been beaten 3 minutes in harness or wagon: $500 to first horse, $300 to second horse, $200 to third.

Purse $2,000.—No. 2.—For Horses that have never been beaten 2:33 in harness or wagon: $1,100 to first horse, $600 to second, $300 to third.

SECOND DAY, Wednesday, October 20th, 1869.

Purse $500.—No. 3.—For Horses that have never been beaten 4 minutes in harness or wagon: $150 to first, $125 to second, $100 to third, $75 to fourth, and $50 to fifth horse.

Purse $1,500.—No. 4.—For Horses that have never been beaten 2:42 in harness or wagon: $400 to the first horse, $375 to second, $350 to third, $250 to fourth, $125 to fifth.

Purse $5,000.—No. 5.—For Horses that have never been beaten 2:27 in harness or wagon: $2,500 to first horse, $1,250 to second, $750 to third, and $500 to fourth.

THIRD DAY, Thursday, October 21st, 1869.

Purse $600.—No. 6.—For running Horses. $300 to first horse, $150 to second, $100 to third, and $50 to fourth. Each weight 200 lbs.

Purse $1,000.—No. 7.—For Horses that have never been beaten 2:30 in harness or wagon: $600 to first horse, $250 to second, $100 to third, $50 to fourth.

Purse $7,000.—No. 8.—Between Goldsmith Maid and American Girl. $5,000 to first horse, $2,000 to second.

FOURTH DAY, Friday, October 22d, 1869.

Purse $500.—No. 9.—For Horses that have never beaten 2:50 in harness or wagon: $300 to first horse, $150 to second, $50 to third.

Purse $500.—No. 10.—For Pacers: $200 to first horse, $150 to second, $100 to third, and $50 to fourth.

Purse $2,000.—No. 11.—For Horses that have never beaten 2:30 in harness or wagon: $1,100 to first horse, $500 to second, $300 to third.

Conditions.—All Horses must be eligible at the time of closing of entries. Entrance Fee 10 per cent. of purse, except running races, which will be 20 per cent., and must accompany the nomination in all cases. Entrance money of Horses proven ineligible will be forfeited to the Association. Any Horse distancing the field shall only be entitled to the first premium. In all purses three or more to start, and two to run. All entries to close each day's race will be treated alternately. All the above races are mile heats, best three in five, all in harness. The Association reserve the right to postpone races on account of inclement weather, or any sufficient cause. A horse not winning a heat in 5 minutes, if not distanced, will not be entitled to a premium. Horses to be called at 2 o'clock, and start at 2:15, except No. 3, which will be called at 3 o'clock, P. M. The Races will be conducted strictly in accordance with the Rules of the Union Course. All other rules and regulations governed by G. W. Maynard, Secretary, Williamsport, Pa. Entries will close at the Herdic House, Williamsport, Pa., on Tuesday, Oct. 12, 1869, at 10 o'clock P. M., when Premiums will be paid at the Herdic House on the night of each day. G. KENT, Jr., Secretary.
W. H. MAYNARD, Sec. and Treas. sep 15-2t

ACCORDEONS, CONCERTINAS, Jews Harps, Violin Strings, of the best quality, to be had at C. F. Wolfertz's Store, No. 36 E. Hamilton St.

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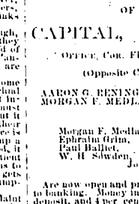

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sep 15

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N. B.—Razors, Butcher Knives and Scissors ground by water power and made as good as new. sep 15-1y

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No straps under the arms. Perfectly comfortable shoulder braces, and highly indorsed. North 9th St., below Arch, Philadelphia. Trusses, Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, &c., lowest prices in the city. Lady attendant. sep 15

TO HORSEMEN!

HITNER'S IMPROVED HORSE-SHOE!

PATENTED JANUARY 5, 1869.

This invention belongs to that class of Horse-Shoes in which a plain curved plate without calks is fastened to the hoof, and to the plate the shoe bearing either sharp or dull calks is attached by means of screws. The improvement relates to a new device for strengthening the shoe, and attaching it to the curved plate more firmly than has been up to the present time. This shoe is neat,