The Lehigh Register.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

WILLS & IREDELL.

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Our subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly will confer a great favor upon us by sending word to this office.

Subscribers about removing will please send us their old address as well as the new.

THE CITY.

Enforced.—The orders of the new mayor, instructing the police to prevent corner loafing and street lounging, are being enforced.

Telegraphic.—The Delaware River Telegraph company have put up their wires and opened an office on the southwest corner of Sixth and Hamilton streets.

Resignation and Appointment.—Phaon E. Leimbach tendered his resignation as Police Officer of Third Ward on Wednesday last. The Mayor has appointed Moses Schandt to fill the vacancy thus occasioned.

Lost His Money.—George Herbster, of Whitehall, came to Allentown to enjoy himself. He indulged rather freely, and during his stay with us either lost or was robbed of his pocket book containing about seventy-six dollars.

Banking.—The attention of persons having money to deposit on interest is called to the advertisement of the Allentown Saving Institution. This is one of the most successful and best managed Savings Banks in the State.

Removed.—The book and stationery store of E. Moss, has been removed from 31 to 35 West Hamilton St., three doors below Eighth. He is closing out his stock of wall papers at cost. Persons who intend papering should call at his store and secure bargains.

Holidays.—Good Friday and Easter Monday were both observed as holidays in Allentown, and both were as stormy and disagreeable as any one could desire. On Monday the stores were closed in the afternoon, and the new lodge room of the Knights of Pythias was opened to the public.

Police Items.—An intoxicated man named Michael Kenna, was arrested on Saturday night for disturbing the inmates of a house in the Fourth ward. He was fined four dollars and released. Emma Smith was arrested on the same evening for having conducted herself in an unbecoming manner.

Notice to Subscribers.—Our subscribers are requested to remember that we have purchased the subscription books of THE REGISTER office and settlement of all back as well as advance subscriptions must be made at this office. We have authorized no one to collect for us. We give this notice, not as a dun, although money is always acceptable, but for the purpose of having our subscribers pay their indebtedness into the right hands when they are ready to settle up.

Larceny.—"The course of true love never did run smooth," so in the case of a young lady at the Pennsylvania Hotel. She had a "feller" on Saturday evening who relieved her of several finger rings, a pair of ear rings and breastpin. Thus the "lovyer" was amply repaid for the time lost whilst in company with the fair damsel. Maidens should be careful and not associate with the young bloods of this city, unless they be known to them. —*News.*

Election of Officers.—At a stated meeting of Jordan Division, No. 380, Sons of Temperance, held Monday evening, March 29th, 1869, the following were elected officers to serve for the ensuing term:—W. P., Martin A. Seiple; W. A., Geo. T. Young; R. S., Marcus D. Forrest; A. R. S., Albert J. Romig; F. S., Charles S. Massey; T., Joshua T. Burdge; C., Milton R. Yingling; A. C., Tilghman Lester; I. S., Irvine Smith; O. S., Edward Henry; Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Wood.

Meeting of Boss Carpenters.—At a stated meeting of the boss carpenters of Allentown, held at Hagenbuch's Hotel on Saturday evening, March 27th, for the purpose of considering the fixing of wages for the ensuing season, it was

Resolved, That to give satisfaction to the community in general the rates of pay will be fixed the same as during the summer of 1868; between the months of April and October—ten hours to constitute a day's work.

The following named gentlemen, contractors, signed the resolution and agreed to the schedule: Thos. W. Snyder, President; A. Good, Secretary; Charles Quier, E. J. Balliet & Bro., Abraham Diefenderfer, Tilghman Reinhard, Charles A. Schaut, Kern & Fried, A. Good & Bro., Henry Wuchter, Christian Weber, S. Butz & Sons, D. H. Greenawalt, George Haas, David Schwartz, T. & H. Keck, Hartzell & Lins, Butz, Frederick & Co., Peter H. Butz, A. Bentle, W. H. Clewell, N. Leon Schmoyer.

A special meeting will be held at Hagenbuch's Hotel on Saturday evening next.

Remizing.—Allentown is brimful of news and if we published a Police Gazette we could rival New York publications of that character. But we don't and it requires the greatest caution to keep out all the items that might shock the feelings of the community. We might have published the elopement of a young married hotel clerk with a homely hotel waitress; the brave adventures of a *demi-monde* and her subsequent grief in limbo; the flight from virtuous indignation of a pious barber; the downfall of virtue and the triumph of Satan, etc., etc. Or we might go into the country and take notes of the intrusion of the spirit inferno upon the sanctity of an old church, and chronicle the schism which is making it useless for the purpose for which it was erected. But we believe the spreading of such news makes the crimes so familiar that people forget the enormity of such sinning and their consciences become blunted. Verily, the world is wicked and the millenium is far distant.

Hotel Rumors.—We have it from good authority that a new hotel is to be opened in Allentown shortly, to be conducted on the European plan. That such an institution, if conducted properly, would pay handsomely there can be no doubt. It has been said that the European plan was to pay so much for a room that the guest had nothing left to pay for anything to eat, but we are confident the gentlemen having this matter in charge will not only furnish comfortable rooms but the best fare the market affords at the most reasonable rates, and will charge for what the patrons receive only.

Another rumor is that a grand hotel is soon to be erected on Seventh street above the Macungie Savings Bank. Seventh street is next in importance to Hamilton street. It is wide, pleasant and much travelled, and as real estate along Hamilton street is held at such remarkably high prices, no better site could be selected. The building, if erected, will be a handsome structure, and large enough to accommodate its share of the rapidly increasing hotel business of Allentown. If the hotel is constructed on the plan of the Continental, of Philadelphia, and other modern first-class houses with palatial stores on the first floor, it will prove a success.

First of April.—To-morrow is by custom the day on which yearly settlements are made in the country. Considerable anxiety is manifested to see it over and in a short time we shall be able to discover that briskness of trade and plenty of money which are expected to follow the great annual settlement. Immense sums will exchange hands but we hope those numberless little bills upon which newspaper publishers so largely depend will not be entirely overlooked. While our own business has increased manifold our expenses for labor, material, etc., have increased proportionately, and the prevailing system of credit has thrown a large amount of money upon our books. We have run this establishment only three months, but through our purchase of the old subscription books from our predecessor, the amount due us for subscription, taken in the aggregate, is no inconsiderable item. Therefore, we say, do not look upon small bills with contempt, but remember that money is always acceptable and required in business, though it does come in in driblets.

Speaking of April 1st, there is to be a time of tribulation and furniture smashing here on that occasion that would make a pawnbroker shed tears. Everybody is going to move on that day—at least more "everybodies" than have done so these many years before.

New Society.—A class society, composed of the Freshmen class of Muhlenberg College was organized last week, with the following named gentlemen as officers:—President, J. D. Erdman; Vice President, C. W. Dech; Recording Secretary, G. T. Weibel; Corresponding Secretary, W. P. Snyder; Treasurer, F. E. Cooper; Historian, J. G. Schaldt. There regular meetings are held every alternate Friday in room 6, Muhlenberg College.

Allentown is not only a city in name, but in fact. Like its sisters of larger dimensions buildings in the business parts are occupied from garret to cellar by parties engaged in manufacturing and selling. Second stories rent for as much as first floors do in many towns no larger than ours. A new building barely receives its roof before the owner is besieged by applicants for Store room. Although on Hamilton street real estate is worth fifty dollars an inch, within the past year many beautiful store buildings have been erected, and among the more recent a block of three double four story stores at the corner of Eighth and Hamilton streets. For size and beauty they will compare favorably with some of the largest business houses in the large cities. The corner store was built by Samuel Anewalt and is now used by him to carry on the wholesale and retail hat, cap and fur business. The centre one was built by Charles Quier who receives an annual rent of twelve hundred dollars from Young & Co., who will stock it with an immense assortment of hardware. We understand they will soon erect a large warehouse at the rear. Richard Walker built and now occupies the third store, and the variety and quantity of his china and glass-ware will be in keeping with the store. No better assortment at more reasonable prices can be found anywhere.

In the Supreme Court.—An important case, The Dimes Saving Institution against the Allentown Bank, has been in the Supreme Court three times and in each instance the decision of the Court below has been reversed and the case returned for a new trial. We give below a brief abstract of its history:—

This case was brought in the Common Pleas of Lehigh County, August Term, 1861, No. 128.

On the 10th of December, 1860, Mr. Bush, Cashier of The Dimes Saving Institution, left at the Allentown Bank a bag of old coin containing $487. It was left there by agreement. It was agreed that it should be sent by Express Company and sold to Cronise & Co., Philadelphia. The proceeds were to be returned to Allentown. On the 18th of December, 1860, Mr. Cooper received from Cronise & Co. a statement of the coin shipped and credited the Dimes Saving Institution with $492.75. The Dimes Saving Bank upon notice of credit, charged the Allentown Bank with said amount and drew checks thereon. Afterwards Mr. Cooper (Cashier of the Allentown Bank) directed the Express Company to leave the proceeds with Cronise & Co., and directed that firm to deposit them in the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank, in Philadelphia, for the use of the Allentown Bank. It appears this action on the part of Mr. Cooper was unauthorized by Mr. Bush, and was without the knowledge of the Dimes Saving Institution.

Cronise & Co. omitted to make the deposit until the 22d of December, 1860, on which day the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank credited the Allentown Bank with $493.22, and informed Mr. Cooper of the credit. It seems that the credit was given on the check of Cronise & Co. drawn on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, of Philadelphia. The check was received as cash and the credit given. The check was taken without endorsement or guarantee, and protested December 26th, 1860.

The Allentown Bank by this suit sought to be released of the credit of $492.72 given the Dimes Saving Institution December 13, 1860. On September 18th the case was called for trial, the jury finding in favor of the Dimes Saving Institution. November 9, 1865, the Court on its own motion directed a rule to show cause why a new trial should not be granted. April 13, 1867, verdict set aside and a new trial granted. November 5, 1867, case again called for trial. The jury found in favor of the Dimes Saving Institution. Plaintiffs sue out a writ of error. May 6, 1868, the Supreme Court reversed the judgment of the Common Pleas, and awarded a new trial. June 8, 1868, case tried and the jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff (Allentown Bank) for the sum of $714.26 and costs. June 30, 1868, writ of error sued out by defendant. Case argued before the Supreme Court, and judgment reversed, and a new trial awarded.

Council Proceedings.—Select Council.—Meeting Tuesday evening, March 23, 1869.

Present—Messrs. Kauffman, Roth, Van Dyke, Line, Schuon, Scherer, McLean, Weaver, Hoffman, McKee, McNulty and Dillinger.

The roll of the newly elected members was called when each of the above named gentlemen answered to their names. Each member handed in his certificate as his name was called.

Hon. James Fry was then called upon and swore the members.

The newly elected Mayor—Col. T. H. Good—was also sworn in by Mr. Fry.

Jacob S. Dillinger, Esq., was elected President, and Jacob A. Blumer, Esq., Secretary.

The body then adjourned to Common Council room for the purpose of holding a Joint Convention to elect City Officers.

After completing the election of officers they returned to their own Chamber.

A committee of two—Messrs. McKee and Weaver—were appointed to notify the Mayor that Councils were ready to proceed to business.

Common Councils.—Present, Messrs. Butz, Bush, Barnes, Roth, Nonnemaker, Heller, Grim, Renninger, Ruhe, Egge, Seip, Keiper, Heebner, Tice, Spang, Weiser and Kensinger.

The roll of the newly elected members was called, and each of the above named gentlemen answered and handed in his certificate of election.

Hon. James Fry was called upon and the members were then sworn in by him.

The body was organized by appointing Nelson Weiser, Esq., Chairman.

The Chairman thanked the members for the honor conferred upon him, and after a few brief remarks took his seat.

Henry C. Hunsberger, Esq., was elected Secretary.

Messrs. Grim and Heebner were appointed a Committee to notify Select Council that they were fully organized and ready to proceed to business.

Messrs. Barnes and Kensinger were appointed a Committee to inform the Mayor that they had organized and were ready to proceed to business.

Joint Convention.—Councils met in Joint Convention, when the Chairman, Mr. Dillinger, stated the object of the meeting to be the election of City Officers, whereupon the following gentlemen were nominated for the various offices and each unanimously elected:—City Treasurer, Jonathan Reichard; City Engineer, Samuel D. Lehr; Street Commissioner, Aaron E. Kelter.

The following are the names of the gentlemen composing the Select Council:—Republicans—Herman Schuon, Joseph Weaver, Owen R. Hoffman, Henry VanDyke, F. Kauffman Samuel Roth. Total, 6. Democrats—Jesse M. Line, Jacob S. Dillinger, Alexander McKee, John Mc. Lean, Josiah Sherer, John McNulty. Total, 6.

The following are the names of the gentlemen composing the Common Council:—Republicans—W. H. H. Butz, Benjamin C. Roth, Charles Scholl, Ephraim Grim, A. G. Renninger, Frederick Ruhe, Wm. J. Egge, Nathan Seip, Aug. Keiper. Total, 9. Democrats—John Nunnemacher, Peter Heller, J. P. Barnes, James H. Bush, Nelson Weiser, F. Z. Heebner, Wm. Tice, Peter Spang, Lewis Kensinger. Total, 9.

First Ward elected two members of Select Council on account of the resignation of Mr. Erdman.

PHOTOGRAPHER'S CARDS
PRINTED AT NEW YORK PRICES,
AT THE LEHIGH REGISTER OFFICE.

THE COUNTY.

ATTEMPTED BANK ROBBERY.—The Easton National Bank was entered by burglars on Thursday night. They cut a large hole in the wall of the building, but were frightened off before they had secured any booty.

SCARLET FEVER.—Dr. Budd, of Bristol, England, who has given a great deal of attention to the subject, recommends the annointing of the whole body, including the scalp, with olive oil twice a day, beginning when the white dry symptoms appear, commonly about the fourth day. This he declares will counteract the diffusion of the poison in the dry scurf of the skin.

SCHOOL LAW AMENDMENT. — Lewis H. Stout, the member from Northampton, has introduced a bill in the House, which was referred to the Committee on Education, providing "that whenever in any school district, the parents of twenty-five or more pupils of any public school shall certify to the Board of school directors of such district, that they desire the German language, it shall be the duty of such directors, without unnecessary delay, to adopt measures for instituting German classes in said school, or for establishing separate schools for that purpose."

STOLEN GOODS RECOVERED.—On the night of December 14, a peddler wagon owned by Hertzfeldt and Hagerdon, while in Peter Smoyer's shed, at Rotlirocksville, was broken open and robbed of goods amounting in value to $400. Last week most of the missing articles were found at the residences of John Vey and Solomon H. Miller, in Maxatawny, Berks county. Miller and Vey were arrested and held in $500 bail to answer at April term of Berks County Courts, which will commence at Reading on April 18. Vey failing to give the required bail was sent to prison.

NEW FURNACE.—The vicinity of Hellertown is to have a new furnace, to be erected by the North Penn Iron Co. About $100,000 have already been subscribed. The old Apple farm will probably be the site selected. The following board of directors has been chosen:—Dr. Henry Detweiler, Easton; Charles Fellman, Bucks Co.; Levi S. Moyer, Northampton county; Daniel Clauser, Berks Co.; Wm. R. Yeager, Saucon; Benjamin S. Eisenhart, Saucon; Henry Trumbower, Bucks county; Jonas Snyder, Bucks Co.; Jacob G. Apple, Saucon.

EVERY REPUBLICAN throughout the county should send us all the items of interest occurring in his particular neighborhood. With this assistance from our friends, we can build up a paper that will be taken in every household, and our sphere of usefulness will be enlarged. Where we are unable to get the news in any other way, we are willing to pay for it. We ask this from the young men. To their exertions the people look for the power which will revolutionize the county politically; and as they are the ones to be benefitted more materially than any others, we ask them to lend us a hand.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—Christian Bertsh has sold his farm in Lehigh township, Northampton county, to Solomon Boyer and Thomas Beck for $28,000. The farm contains between 500 and 600 acres, 200 acres of which is heavily timbered, and is considered very cheap.

Charles Seagreaves, Esq., sold a three story brick dwelling house and lot of ground, situate on Seventh street above Linden, to Col. T. H. Good, for $4200.

The same gentleman sold a two and a half story stone dwelling house and a lot of ground, adjoining the above on the south, to George Delfer, for $6700.

S. W. Bureaw sold a vacant lot of ground 20 by 110 feet, situate on Ninth street between Jackson and Union, to Abraham Worman, Jr., for $600.

Messrs. Keck & Bro., have sold a two story frame house situate on Penn street between Walnut and Union, to William Schandt, for $2200.

STALLION POSTERS
PRINTED IN
PLAIN AND FANCY COLORS,
AT REASONABLE RATES.
EVERY STYLE OF CUT ON HAND,
AT THE REGISTER OFFICE.

GAS COMPANY.—A special committee of the New York Legislature, appointed to examine into the exorbitant charges of the New York and Brooklyn Gas Companies, have prepared an elaborate bill, regulating the illuminating strength, the pressure and the price at which gas is to be furnished by the companies to the public. In commenting upon this bill, the New York Post says "if monopolies are to be sustained by the Legislature in this business, perhaps the Commission proposed, 'of three eminent chemists' at $5000 a year each, may do something to secure us decent lights. But why not throw the business open to the world, and let those who want to make gas sell it freely? Why should profits, which the committee represent at from fifteen to one hundred and thirty per cent. be secured against competition to a few privileged owners of stock?"

DISCONTINUED.—The *Weekly Herald* published at Hamburg, Berks county, has been discontinued for want of support. The editor in his valedictory says:—

"We saw Hamburg rapidly increasing, and thought that that magnanimous public spirit which is the pride of all intelligent communities, and the support of newspapers, and general literature, would proportionately manifest itself in our midst. But instead of this, we found to our cost, that the large majority remained wholly destitute of that magnanimous spirit. The fact is, a very large portion of the people are not sufficiently educated in English to render an English paper that support which it requires. And as long as the school term is only from 4 to 6 months, a better state of affairs can hardly be expected. The people of the vicinity of Hamburg are particularly incapable of rendering an English paper support, from the fact that they do not understand what they read in English. They lookd upon us with a suspicious eye, and acted as though they were confident there was no surer way of losing $1.50 than by investing it for such a purpose."

REPORT of Coal transported over the Lehigh Valley Railroad, for the week ending Mar. 20, 1869, compared with same time last year:

	For Week.	For Year.
Total Mahanoy	6,884 10	54,173 00
" Beaver Meadow	6,271 11	87,059 04
" Mauch Chunk		32 03
" Upper Lehigh	295 04	5,708 05
" Hazleton	19,083 01	325,586 05
" Wyoming	6,307 05	129,195.02
Grand total	38,842 00	601,753 19
Same time 1868	37,074 04	549,136 00
Increase	1,767 16	63,787 15

Lehigh Valley Iron Trade.—Pig Iron transported by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Co. for the week ending March 20, 1869:

From	Tons.
Carbon Iron Co.	225
Lehigh Valley Iron Co.	300
Thomas Iron Co.	1105
Lehigh Crane Iron Co.	1090
Allentown Iron Co.	515
Roberts Iron Co.	170
Glendon Iron Co.	685
Other Shippers	680
Total	4770

SEVEN MONTHS' BUSINESS.—The amount of business transacted by the National Life Insurance Company, during the first seven months of its operation—from August 1st, 1868, to February 28th, 1869—was astonishingly large, and speaks well for the estimation in which the Company is held by the public. In the time named, this Company issued 3,532 policies, representing insurance to the amount of $10,605,550, and costing about $400,000 in annual premiums. This was done despite the manifest disadvantages of a period of organization of its agencies, and of the unusual financial stringency which has widely prevailed within that time.

The policy of the National Life, which has been thus strongly endorsed, is to put insurance upon a simple and positive business basis of low cash payments for a specific return. It guarantees so much insurance for so much money, avoiding all the difficulties or uncertainties which may attend the issuing of notes from those insured, or dividends to policy holders. By its low scale of cash rates it is claimed that a dividend is in effect paid in advance, and that this practice is more simple and satisfactory than can be those higher rates of premium which are based upon the *probability* of repaying the insured, at some future time, a part of the amount first charged, in dividends upon their policies. Upon the "mutual" plan, the amount of insurance which, as noted above, cost $400,000, would have cost $600,000; so that a dividend of $200,000 has really been made in seven months' time—a record unprecedentedly large.

The advertisement, in another column, of the local agent of this Company, is of interest to all contemplating insurance.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday last an accident occurred at the house of Mr. J. Scherer, in Ironton, by which a promising grown-up boy named Andrew Hensinger, son of Reuben Hensinger, of that place, aged about 16 years, sustained injuries which have since resulted in his death. It appears that the wife of Mr. S. was lying dead, and that a large number of relatives and neighbors had assembled at the house to participate in the funeral ceremonies. Before the funeral cortege left the house, the boy Hensinger was sent to the well to draw some water, and while engaged in lowering a bucket from a windlass, another young man, named Mickley, in a playful manner siezed hold of the rope, and after having allowed it to gather considerable slack, dropped it suddenly, the sudden jar of which wrenched the crank from the boy's hold, the handle, as it revolved, striking him on the side of his head with great force, inflicting injuries of such a serious nature that he died on last Saturday morning. The parents of the boy are singularly unfortunate, having previously lost by death six children.—*Catasauqua Journal.*

MISCELLANEOUS.—An aged lady named Mrs. Lucas, of Ironton, fell down a stairway last Wednesday and dislocated one of her shoulders.

Mr. William Chapman, of the Chapman Slate Company, within the last few years has shipped to this country from Wales, for employment in his quarries, over 600 laborers. For all these he prepaid passage.

PRESERVATION OF WOOD.—At the annual meeting of the Bucks County Agricultural Society attention was called by Edward Williams to the necessity of ascertaining and using some method of increasing the durability of fencing timber, which is now growing scarce and dear in this region. It is indeed a subject which our farmers cannot consider too carefully, for the sake of their own interests. Since that meeting, our attention has been called to an invention lately brought forward by L. S. Robbins, of New York, which may be found to meet the requirements stated by Mr. Williams. This new process, by which wood is treated so as to render it imperishable from rot or ordinary decay, is said to be exceedingly simple and economical, requiring no expensive apparatus for exhausting and compressing, as in other modes practiced for the same purposes. The greenest wood, whole or sawed into lumber, or shaped as desired, can be placed on a car, run into an iron chamber, shut up and subjected for a few hours to the hot vapors of common coal-tar issuing from a retort or still placed over a furnace outside. The heat of the vapor is such as to expel all the sap and moisture from the wood, and in this state its open pores become charged with carbonic acid (creosote) and sealed up by the oleaginus or bituminous compounds, so as to render it ever after impervious to moisture. In this condition, charged and, as it were, *tanned* by the creosote and sealed against moisture, *wood can never rot.* Neither will it ever be attacked by mould, insects, or those marine animals so destructive to ships, wharves, or piers. Besides this grand object of preserving wood against decay, &c., others of great importance are attained, namely: a perfect seasoning and additional strength, amounting in different kinds to 37 and 50 per cent. of supporting power. Wood, even when treated in its greenest condition, never afterwards shrinks, or swells, or cracks, or warps—proving that it is perfectly imperyious to moisture. Hubs of carriages made of green wood assume the appearance of lignum vitæ, and never shrink or crack. Panelled doors, window sash and blinds, never show the least sign of shrinkage after being treated, though made of unseasoned wood. An old railroad freight car, or new one made of perfectly green wood, may be loaded with ties, shingles, posts, or other lumber, trundled into an iron chamber, subjected there to the hot vapors of coal tar, and, after six or eight hour's treatment, be drawn out perfectly seasoned, primed for painting, and protected from shrinking and decay. We have seen no statement of the actual expense of treating wood in this manner, but to be made generally available the cost should be made made as low as possible. As is mostly the case, the invention is in the hands of several companies, who are using it as a source of profit, and it may be some time before it can be introduced among the public at large, even should it prove to be as valuable as is represented.—*Bucks Co. Intelligencer.*

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Our State Legislature has done a good thing in passing a bill forbidding the abuse of animals, either by beating or overloading in the case of beasts of burden, or by fighting dogs or fowls, under severe penalties. The bill originally applied only to Philadelphia, but was extended over the whole State. Its provisions are as follows:—

AN ACT FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS IN THIS COMMONWEALTH.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted*, That any person who shall within this Commonwealth wantonly or cruelly ill-treat, overload, beat or otherwise abuse any animal, whether belonging to himself or otherwise, or shall keep or use, or in any way be connected with or interested in the management of, or shall receive money for the admission of any person to any place kept or used for the purpose of fighting or baiting any bull, dog, cock or other creature, and every person who shall encourage, aid or assist therein, or who shall permit or suffer any place to be kept or used, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on being convicted thereof before any alderman or magistrate shall be fined by the said alderman or magistrate for the first offence in a sum not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty dollars, and for the second and every subsequent offence in a sum not less than twenty dollars nor more than fifty dollars, to be paid one-half to the informer (who shall be a competent witness notwithstanding) and the other half to the county where the offence may be committed, and if the said fine or penalty and the costs of the proceedings be not paid, then said alderman or magistrate shall commit said offender to the county prison, there to remain until discharged by due course of law; *provided*, that when the fine imposed exceeds the sum of ten dollars the party complained against may appeal from the decision of said alderman or magistrate to the Court of Quarter Sessions upon his entering bail in the nature of a recognizance, in the usual manner, for his appearance at said court, when the offence shall be prosecuted in the same manner as is now directed by law in other cases of misdemeanor.

SEC. 2. If in lieu of deciding the cause such alderman or magistrate shall bind over or commit such person to appear at the Court of Quarter Sessions, or if such person shall appeal as aforesaid, or upon such binding over or commitment appear before the said court, and be there convicted of such misdemeanor, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, payable as aforesaid, or undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 3. If any person shall be arrested for carrying, or causing, or allowing to be carried in or upon any cart or other vehicle whatever, any creature in a cruel or inhuman manner, the person taking him into custody may take charge of such vehicle and its contents, and deposit the same in some safe place of custody, and any necessary expenses which may be incurred for taking charge of and keeping the same, and sustaining any animal attached thereto, shall be a lien thereon to be paid before the same can lawfully be recovered, or the said expenses, or any part thereof remaining unpaid, may be recovered by the person incurring the same of the owner of said creature in any action therefor.

SEC. 4. If any maimed, sick, infirm or disabled creature shall by any person be abandoned to die in any public place, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and it shall be lawful for any alderman or magistrate to appoint suitable persons to destroy, and remove such creature, if unfit for further use, at the cost of the owner thereof, recoverable before the said alderman or magistrate.

SEC. 5. Any policeman or constable of any city or county, or any agent for the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, shall, upon his own view of any such misdemeanor, or upon the complaint of any other person who may declare his or her name and abode to such policeman, constable or agent, make arrests and bring before any alderman or magistrate thereof offenders violating the provisions of this act.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

BERKS COUNTY.

—Messrs. Mellert & Kinsey, machinists, of Reading, have contracted to supply the town of Lockhaven, in Clinton county, with water pipes.

—Jacob Boyer, of Leesport, has taken possession of the Washington House, Hamburg.

—The Mayor gives notice that on and after the 1st of April next, the law relative to the wearing of the fireman's badge by the firemen of Reading will be strictly enforced.

—There are fourteen Councils of American Mechanics in Berks, with an aggregate membership exceeding 1000.

—A lad aged 14 years, son of Charles Hehry, residing near Scholtzville, fell from a hay mow on Thursday and fractured his skull.

—Dr. T. Yardly Brown, of Reading, has purchased a farm of two hundred acres near Winchester, Va., and will move there next month.

—A German, named John Miller, residing in Reading, was crushed to death between the bumpers of coal cars, one day last week.

—A man named John Bowers jumped from a canal boat on Thursday at Hamburg, and drowned himself.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

EASTON, PA., March 30th, 1869.

—After the Velocipede—What? In Easton at least—a Sorosis. At present it is hinted that several sharply intellectual ladies are considering the subject.

—A Grand Temperance Revival commences in Phillipsburgh this week. On Friday evening, Mr. Paysan, a young and eloquent Englishman, opens the ball. Rev. Father Hunt follows with one week's meetings. Great good is expected to be done. A great many people have signed the pledge. A branch of the Legion of Temperance has been started. Gen. Heckman is the "Commander" of the "Cohort." Hon. Major Sitgreaves is working in the good cause.

—The people of Easton are demanding a milk reform. The present price of good milk-and-water is 10 cents per quart and it is proposed to reduce the price to 8 cents and improve the quality about 30 per cent. and we will be content. 4000 gallons of poor milk and water are daily given to Eastonians to drink.

—Gift enterprises are used up with our people. We don't want to see any more of them for 24 years and 6 months. It is a great pity that deservedly good objects should have to be bolstered up with these gambling devices. Excelsior Band tried to get one up and has postponed the drawing from time to time with the hope that the tickets would be taken. Are the people getting sensible and refusing to patronize or will the 1st of April develop more fools?

—The Odd Fellows and society men sent in such a long array of names to a petition to the M. E. Conference to return Rev. J. S. Cook as Pastor of the Church here, that the prayer was granted and he is with us another year. He is greatly respected and beloved not only by his own church people, but by all classes of people hereabouts.

—In the absence of the editor of the *Free Press* in Washington, we get very little news and very poor selections, and long "musical war" communications in that (generally) spicy paper. We hope he will be back shortly with the Post Office in his pocket, although rumor by telegraph has it that Mingle is the fortunate man.

DELAWARE.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

—The Democrats elected Joseph E. Yeager Burgess of Pottstown by the small majority of twenty-four. The whole vote polled was the largest ever cast at any municipal election in Pottstown, being 710, though it was about 150 less than the poll at the last Presidential election.

CARDS, BILL-HEADS AND CIRCULARS,
STAMPED CHECKS,
SEGAR LABELS, ETC., ETC., ETC.,
PRINTED AT SHORT NOTICE,
AT THE LEHIGH REGISTER OFFICE.

CITY NOTICES.

Lindermann & Sons' Gold Medal Cycloyd and Square Pianos are considered by the most prominent musicians in the country a first-class instrument in regard to durability, fullness and brilliancy of tone. They sell One Hundred Dollars lower than either Chickering's or Steinway's; are in every respect as good, if not superior to those, and are warranted for 5 years. Number of references in affirmation of the above can be given from citizens of Allentown, Lehigh or adjoining Counties. Come and examine them at C. F. Herrmann's Music store, 7th and Walnut.

J. W. Clewell, corner of Seventh and Linden streets, Allentown, manufacturer of Flour, and Dealer in Grain, Feed, Coal, Wood, etc., sells coal at Lehigh prices. All articles delivered free of cost. F10-3m

Sheet Music, Books, Music Port Folios, Strings, or anything belonging to a regular Music Store, can be had cheaper than anywhere else, at C. F. Herrmann's Music store, cor. 7th and Walnut streets, Allentown.

One thousand Pianos of Haines & Brother, New York, were sold in one year. Not only are they the cheapest piano in the market, ranging from $375 to $500, but have given universal satisfaction throughout the country. Only for sale at C. F. Herrman's Music store, 7th and Walnut.

The time was when Life Insurance was looked upon as a matter of interest only to the rich. That day is gone by; and while it is certainly one of the very best investments a capitalist can make, it concerns men in humbler circumstances even more than it does those who are able to make provision for their families independent of any such contrivances of mutual risk and help. The man who can save only twenty or thirty dollars a year, out of his earnings, has little hope of having anything to leave to his family, though he should live many years. But if he were to invest that small sum in a policy in "The American Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia," he would have a little fortune to bequeath at his death, whether he dies to-morrow or twenty years hence.

Scrofula, Salt Rhum, Skin and Female Diseases, Warranted cured.—See testimonial:—

SALISBURY TOWNSHIP, Lehigh Co., Oct. 31st, 1868.

It is with a grateful feeling that I feel able to make the following statement for the benefit of those who are suffering from Scrofula and other Chronic Diseases. My wife had been suffering for several years from tumors or swellings on her neck which after a time would gather and discharge matter, leaving a running sore. She had been treated for more than a year by most eminent physicians without receiving any permanent benefit, her disease becoming worse, until she had five of these running sores on her neck, when I employed Dr. H. D. Longaker, under whose treatment she commenced to improve very fast, the sores on her neck to heal, and all her unpleasant and disagreeable symptoms gradually to disappear, until her health was restored, which was in about four months. I feel perfectly justified, after having tried the treatment of other physicians, in recommending all those who are suffering from Scrofula or Chronic Diseases to Dr. Longaker for medical treatment, with a firm belief that they will be satisfied, benefitted and cured thereby, as my wife has been.

[Signed.] JAMES BARNER.

Dr. H. D. Longaker's office is on the East side of Sixth street between Hamilton and Walnut, Allentown.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. T. Hopkins, whose Hoop Skirts are so favorably received throughout the country, has removed from Arch Street to 1115 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, as will be seen by advertisement in this issue.

Carpetings, &c.—Leedom & Shaw, 910 Arch-st., Philadelphia, advertise in this issue. We would invite the attention of the reader to this store as the representative Carpet Store of Philadelphia. A full stock of Goods in their line. Purchasers would do well to give them a call.

Millinery Goods.—All kinds.—Advertised in this issue, by H. Ward. Read advertisement and give him a call. This is a reliable house of long standing.

Special attention of purchasers is invited to the advertisement of Eyre & Landell, Fourth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, in this issue. Of the well established character of this old and reliable Dry Goods House, it is unnecessary for us to speak. Give them a call.

Removal of the "Temple of Fashion" to Eleventh and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia. Grand opening of Spring Fashions, Monday, March 1, 1869, by Mrs. M. A. Binder. Read advertisement in this issue.

More Economical, Remarkable Certainty of prompt action, in fact, every good quality is guaranteed for Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

Look out, don't touch it, unless in pure white wrappers, both WOLCOTT'S PAIN PAINT, for pain, and his ANNIHILATOR, for Catarrh. Take none other, or you are cheated. Sold by all druggists.

Consumption Can Be Cured.—An Eastern medical periodical gives an interesting account of the complete cure of, Mrs. Amos Stauffer, of Manor, Lancaster county, Pa., of hereditary Consumption. Her parents and several brothers and sisters died of this terrible disease. Mrs. Stauffer was herself reduced to a mere skeleton; the pulse at 140; her breathing painfully difficult; expectorations very excessive. diarrhœa worse than chronic, and her condition so hopeless that a conference of the ablest and skillful physicians she was pronounced incurable. At this stage of the disease, Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Millersville, Lancaster county, Pa., a physician of fourteen years standing, prescribed MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS. The patient soon experienced a pleasing invigorating sensation throughout her system, and encouraged by her friends to continue under Dr. Hartman's treatment, she did so, gradually improving under increased doses according to her strength, until she entirely recovered. Mrs. Stauffer is still living, in the full enjoyment of perfect health. C. B. Harr, Esq., President of the Lancaster County (Pa.) National Bank, substantiates the particulars of this most wonderful case.

Financial and Commercial.

At a meeting of the Farmers and Mechanics Building and Loan Association held in Good & Ruhe's office, on Monday evening, three loans were sold at a premium of $70, 50, and nine at $70 per share.

ALLENTOWN MARKETS, MAR. 30.

Corrected every week by Weisenhaimer, Newhard & Co.

Wheat Flour, per bbl.,	$10 00,	selling.
Wheat, per bushel,	1 00,	paying.
Rye, "	1 45,	"
Corn, "	95,	"
Oats, "	60,	"
Flaxseed, "	2 25,	"
Timothy Seed, per bushel	3 00,	"
Clover Seed, "	6 00,	"
Wheat Flour, per cwt.,	9 00,	selling.
Rye, "	5 00,	"
Corn Meal, "	3 50,	"
Butter, per pound,	45,	paying.
Lard, "	12,	"
Tallow, "	12,	"
Ham, "	24,	"
Eggs, per dozen,	25,	"
Potatoes, per bushel,	1 00,	"
Dried Apples, per bushel	3 00,	"
Dried Peaches, "	5 00,	"

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

FARMERS' HAY AND STRAW MARKET.—The following are the receipts for the week ending Feb. 28, 1869: Loads of hay, 475; straw, 45; prime Timothy per 100 lbs. $1 20@1 30; mixed, $1 10@1 15; superfine, $1@1 05; straw, $1 25@1 30.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—Monday, March 1.—There was a moderate demand for Flour to-day for the supply of the home trade, but there was no inquiry for shipment. Sales of 1,100 barrels including superfine at $5@5 25; 500 bbls. good Pennsylvania