The Lehigh Register,

ALLENTOWN, PENN'A.

TO ADVERTISER.
he REGISTER has a larger circulation, by several hundred, than any other English paper in the county.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1866.

STATE.

Governor:
JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDICIARY.

Associate Judges:
SAMUEL J. KISTLER,
CHARLES KECK.

COUNTY.

Congress:
DAVID THOMAS.

Legislature:
MICHAEL M. KISTLER,
T. J. KLINE.

Prothonotary:
PHILLIP FLORES.

Register of Wills:
CHAS. K. HEIST.

Clerk of the Orphans' Court:
PETER YODER.

Clerk of Quarter Sessions:
HENRY KUNTZ.

Commissioner:
NATHAN SEIP.

Director of the Poor:
SOLOMON KLINE.

Coroner:
P. R. PALM.

Auditor:
CHARLES B. WEAVER,

Trustees of Academy:
ANDREW S. KECK,
H. S. HARTE.

☞Above is the Republican election ticket, for Lehigh county, to be voted on Tuesday, Oct 9th. It is in three divisions—"*State*," "*Judiciary*," and "*County*,"—in accordance with an act of the Legislature passed this year. The ticket must be cut before voting into three parts, designated by the dividing lines, and folded, with the words 'State,' 'Judicary,' and 'County' outside. Each division will be deposited by the election officers into a separate box.

TURN OUT!

GREAT UNION MASS MEETING.

There will be a mass meeting of the Union citizens of Lehigh county, at Allentown, October 3rd, in the evening, on the square.

Addresses will be delivered by
His Excellency A. G Curtin,
General John W. Geary,
Honorable Wm. D. Kelly,
Honorable Wayne McVeagh.

Let this grand rally of the campaign show that the great loyal heart of Little Lehigh still responds to the call of Liberty and the Union.

Let the brave defenders of our country, who have upheld the honor of her flag on many a blood-stained field, show that they "vote as they fought," and give to our gallant standard-bearer a reception worthy of his eminent services.

Keep it before the People!

The rebellion was begun and prosecuted by the owners and controllers of the Democratic party, with the sanction of Buchanan who furnished all the materials of war the Government then had control off, and all the money it could get for the purpose of destroying the Constitution and the Union, and setting up a monarchy with Jeff Davis at his head.

Secession meant the destruction of civil and religious liberty, the extension of human slavery, a strong centralized government founded on the compulsory labor of a part of the human race, and was participated in or sympathized with, by all men who had eaten of the bread earned by slaves. The organization of the Democratic party had for years been kept up by the labor of the negro, and so long as they can keep him down they hope to compel him to feed as he has fed them.

Did Jeff Davis and his tribe carry on the war for the Union, if they did it has been destroyed for it has passed into history that they failed in their efforts in the field.

If democratic doctrine as announced by Senator Salisbury of Del., Representative Harris of Md., Valandingham of Ohio, and others, whose speeches have been published in the Norristown *Register*, the only authentic democratic paper in this District are right, then the Southern States were and still are out of the Union.

Leading Democrats don't believe that Jeff. Davis or any other man has committed treason, files of the Allentown *Democrat* will prove that.

How long since the Southern States were willing to send Representatives to Congress? How many of them have Governors elected in accordance with their own State constitutions so that they can sign certificates of election?

Negro suffrage should belong to the States and there is where the amendments recommended by Congress propose to put it so as to prevent negro representation and negro taxation without the sanction of the State.

Was not the war begun and carried on for the purpose of extending negro slavery by the Democracy?

Are not the Democratic presses and politicians owned, kept and maintained from the proceeds of negro labor?

Democrats say that Southern States are entitled to immediate representation and should be given the control of the Government.

Was not that what the rebels fought for, and did they not try to take possession of the national Capitol for the purpose of dictating laws for the Government of the people of the States? would they not have done so had not Gettysburg been on their road to Washington?

Did not the rebel army undertake to reach Washington with a full delegation of democratic representatives for the purpose of taking possession of the Government and running it as they please, and failed at Gettysburg?

If Southern men are the only proper persons to control the Government, why were they not so before the battles of Antietam, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, and many others? What was the use of those battles and the loss of life and expense incurred in fighting them if Democrats are right now?

ONLY ONE WEEK MORE.—Friends of General Geary, remember there is but one week more to election day. Let it be a week of earnest effort and hard work in the good cause. See that your districts are thoroughly canvassed, and that every Geary vote is brought to the polls. The loss of a single vote in each district is equal to 2,000 in the State.

Law Makers.

Every man who attempts to try his hand at making or mending laws, should possess good common sense, even if he has no knowledge of the laws already existing, the defects of which he is expected to remedy. How stands Lehigh county in this respect? It cannot be denied that the dominant party have with few exceptions chosen men for that important position totally unqualified to represent them, and in consequence their interests have either been attended to by representatives of other counties, or have suffered. A wealthy county sending unsuitable men to take care of its interest is like a banker placing his funds within the reach of thieves. The ring in this county has always controlled the nominations for Legislature and generally kept them within their own circle—and so long as the people choose to sanction the selections made by them, so long will we be compelled to endure the disgrace. It is time that this method of selecting representatives was stopped, and now the people of this county have a good opportunity of showing the *Aristocracy* that the laboring men of the county have an interest in this matter, which should be attended to without regard to whether the applicant is a direct descendant of the Freas rebellion of 1799 or not. Let every voter cast his vote for Capt. Kistler and Capt. Kline, men who have served their country and helped keep out of Congrsss the full Southern delegation on its way to Washington, under Lee and Davis. They are both honest and capable men, able to properly represent the county, and by electing them you can show the cops., that they must make good selections or take back seats.

REPUDIATION.

The Luzerne *Union*, a Radical Copperhead sheet, is not only in favor of repudiating the National debt, but restoring slavery. It will return every slave to his old master, thereby repudiating the platform of its party and that of the Bread and Butter brigade. In the editor's issue of Sept. 26th, 1866, he has an article headed "Nigger Thieves," in which he says:—

"We must have patience a little while longer The end will come some day, and when it does, not an abolitionist nigger thief will be left from the Canada line to the Rio Grande, and honest men will get their own again; their negroes as well as their lands."

The same diabolical spirit that prompted Jeff Davis and his band of cut-throats to murder Union soldiers in cold blood and starve them to death, as well as other foul crimes, prompted the editor of the *Union* to publish such sentiments, recommending the extermination of a large majority of the people of the free States, who, by their devotion to the Union and Liberty, have preserved his right to thus repay them and advocate the return of millions of human beings, born free, to slavery. But such is democracy, owned, guided and controlled by rebels, either in person or by paid agents, willing to do the dirty work of their lordly masters.

☞The cops., have distributed hand bills all over the State, giving an illustration of the workings of the Freedmen's Bureau. They represent white men at work and the negro on his back, too lazy to work, rather an unkind caricature, coming from men who have always been supported by the darkey, and a party who have always been fed, clothed and liquored, from the same source, and who now strive to keep him in ignorance and subjection, that he may still feed as he has fed them. Not satisfied with distributing that valuable picture in hand bill form, some traitor organs have transfered it to their papers where it very appropriately belongs. Copperhead editors should always present their subscribers with their own portraits, taken when they are most happy, and the poor darkey on his back is the most faithful representation of any one yet given to the public. Mr. Copperhead Editors! persevere in your new calling—pass around your portraits!!

Vote Only for Loyal Men.

"VOTE ONLY FOR SUCH MEN AS WERE LOYAL TO THEIR COUNTRY IN 1861."—*U. S. Grant.*

SOUTHERN REPRESENTATION.—Clymer and his friends are very anxious to have representatives to be admitted into Congress, were they not just as anxious in 1862-3? Did they not do all they could to assist Jeff. Davis and Gen. Lee, to reach Washington with a full delegation of Southern representatives? and were only prevented in having their wish accomplished in 1862, by the Union army at Antietam, and in 1863 at Gettysburg. Had either of those battles been lost, copperheads would now be living under laws enacted by that very Southern delegation for which they express so much sympathy; and it is fair to suppose that every one of them would have paid their taxes willingly, and submitted quietly, or would now be repenting of their deeds in lending their assistance.—Had Lee been successful, not a single copperhead would have got even a Post Office, until his army had been supplied.

Beware of Lies.

The only and last hope of the copperheads is to circulate monstrous lies on the eve of the election—so late that they cannot be contradicted. They have one already—the damnable lie that Congress granted $300 extra bounty to Negro Soldiers and only $100 to whites. The special bounty granted by Congress goes to the soldiers who enlisted in 1861 and 1862 for two or three years. No black soldiers enlisted until the *Winter and Spring of* 1863, *consequently not one cent of the extra bounty is paid to Negroes*, and the copperheads know it, and every soldier knows it. The lie is too barefaced to do the least harm.

SOLDIERS.

Heister Clymer would not vote a dollar to sustain the war, and now he asks you to vote for him. Will you do it?

He would not vote to give you $16 per month when you was only getting $11 and $13! Was he a friend to the soldiers? He now asks you for your vote with a fawning face, but would kick you with his boot, if he was not running for office.

Gen. Geary fought with you to maintain the Government, and with you endured the toils of the march, the burning sun, and the dangers of the battle-field. We need not ask you who is entitled to your support. The people have confidence in you that you will do your duty.

☞John W. Geary, at the beginning of the war to arrest rebellion, raised a regiment at his own expense, put it in the field, and brought it before the enemy, before he was reimbursed a penny by the Government. While Gen. Geary was engaged in that work, Hiester Clymer, as a State Senator, voted against all appropriations to place the State in a condition of defense, and during the war never hesitated to vote and talk directly in favor of traitors.—With such facts before the public, it is not strange that popular preference is running so largely in favor of Geary.

☞ "To ask any soldier to vote for such a man [Hiester Clymer], of at one time known disloyalty, against another [GENERAL GEARY] who had served four years in the Union army with credit to himself and benefit to his country, is a gross insult."—*Gen. Grant.*

Soldiers' Convention at Pittsburg.

The Soldiers' Convention, which met at Pittsburg, on the 25th ult., was a grand success and shows that Union soldiers are determined to vote as they shot, always against treason, despite the blandishments of traitors and the offer of large rewards for their votes for them, in the shape of offices.

A private soldier, J. E. Dudley, of Massachusetts, was chosen temporary chairman. He had resigned a clerkship in the Treasury Department at Washington, because he was refused leave of absence to attend the Convention.

Maj.-Gen. Jacob D. Cox, of Ohio, was chosen President, with the usual number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries.

Gen. Cox, upon taking the chair, delivered a beautiful and appropriate address, full of spirit and devotion to the Union. The committee on resolutions reported the most appropriate platform for Union soldiers yet published, breathing the true spirit of patriotism, devotion to the principles of the Constitution and the Union and liberty.

Speeches were made by Gens. Butler, Geary and others, including private soldiers. The numbers attending the Convention from all the non-seceding States were large. Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, Louisiana and North Carolina, were all represented.

We regret the want of space for the resolutions in full. They would be profitable reading for every man in the State.

Soldiers of Lehigh, on the 9th of October next, stand shoulder to shoulder with your old comrades in the field, in resisting treason at the polls.

Vote, as you shot against traitors, and show Democratic tricksters that you can understand their language, and properly appreciate the opposition and abuse heaped upon you by them, while you were suffering in the field to preserve the privileges they are now abusing.

LOOK OUT FOR FRAUD.

Desperate, wicked men will do anything to succeed. The cops. have become accustomed to use falsehood and deception in their political transactions; they will willfully change tickets, stuff the Boxes, add names to the list of voters, get tax collectors to give receipts for taxes paid, to persons never assessed, and insist upon the holder voting.

Watch them; get copies of the assessments returned to the commissioners' office, and should any names appear on the list of voters produced by the assessor, and not returned by him, prosecute him under the Act of Assembly which inflicts a penalty and forfeiture of right to hold office.

Examine every ticket, see that the names of candidates are properly spelled, and the headings are right.

Andrew Johnson, while priding himself upon his consistency, forgets that he telegraphed to the Provisional Governor of Mississippi, in July, 1865, that "the government of the State will be provisional only until the civil authorities *shall be restored with the approval of Congress.*" And to the Provisional Governor of Florida, in September, 1865, that "the restoration to which your proclamation refers will *be subject to the decision of Congress.*" Yet now the loyal men of the North are denounced as traitors because they adhere to the opinion thus officially expressed, and because Congress has exercised a wise discretion in discharging a constitutional duty.

☞The disposition of the unreconstructed rebels to whom life, liberty and property, forfeited by their violation of outraged law, have been restored by Executive clemency, is shown by the record they are daily making of outrages upon freedmen and Union men. The headings of loyal papers constantly teem with such lines as "Another Rebel Massacre—Unionists Murdered in Platte City!" "The Baltimore Colored Camp Meeting Massacre!" "A Colored Man Murdered in Tennessee!" etc.—It is a people who thus show themselves destitute of mercy and deeply imbued with hostile feelings, that we are asked to clothe with a double share of political power.

VOTERS!

Go to the Polls early on Tuesday morning, vote the whole Union ticket, and then look after your neighbors.

WHO CAN VOTE IN PENNSYLVANIA.—For State officers, every white freeman of twenty-one years of age, who has resided one year in the State, and ten days in the election district, and has within two years paid a State or county tax, except, that a once qualified voter returning into the State, after an absence which disqualifies him from voting, regains his vote by a six months' residence, and except, that white free citizens under twenty-two and over twenty-one vote without paying taxes.

☞Those men who harp so much upon "negro equality have friends in the South who have demoralized the whole negro race and filled the land with mulattoes, quadroons, octoroons, &c. These gentry are not the proper teachers, and we submit that their practice should be better before they come forward as guides.

☞Clymer's platform is intended to secure the rebel soldier of South Carolina a political power equivalent to two votes for every single vote thrown by the Union "Boy in Blue."—Geary only asks that the patriot and the traitor should be *equals* in the new reconstruction.

☞Election Officers who have any regard for their oaths, and who are desirous of keeping out of county jails, will reject the vote of every deserter offering to poll a ballot. *No deserter has a right to vote*—the plain letter of the law excludes all such criminals, and every election officer who receives the votes of such disfranchised persons, renders himself liable to prosecution.

CONSISTENCY.—For a man who fought all through the war as a soldier of the Union and was called by Copperheads, "hireling," "murderer," "thief," "Hessian," "robber," "hellhound," "coward," &c., now to associate with and defend the action of all these men. Such a man must feel grand—must have a *very* high degree of self respect.

IN his recent speech ta Erie, Hiester Clymer said: "In the county where I come from, Berks, it is almost impossible not to be a Democrat. A man there is born a Democrat, lives a Democrat, and dies a Democrat. *It is his interest to be a Democrat.*" It will be recollected that Clymer for many years was a Whig. It is now, to use his own language, "his interest to be a Democrat."

☞During the excitement occasioned by the Fenians, last Spring, the democratic newspapers condemned it, and Mr. Johnson put a veto on the movement by issuing a proclamation instructing Gen. Meade to seize Fenian arms, &c. How is it that the democrats *now* argue that the Fenian movement was right and proper. Perhaps they want the Irish vote?

THE DIFFERENCE.—Gen. Geary fought in sixty-five battles, and had his only son killed in battle, on the side of his country. Heister Clymer, during the war, made at least one hundred speeches against his country, and none of his kin fought in the army. They all fought in the ranks of the copperheads.

Local Record.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER:
$2.50 per Year, or $2.00 if Paid Strictly in Advance.

☞Next week we will publish the premium list of our County Fair.

☞The First Soldiers' National Union request us to announce that Major A. B. Schwartz is no longer a member of said society.

☞H. V. Mortimer, the proprietor and originator of the Mauch Chaunk Union Flag, has retired from the publication of that journal. He forgot to announce the name of his successor.

☞Carpetings, Oil Cloths &c., in great variety, at J. Stewart Depuy's, 253 South 2nd street, Philadelphia. Purchasers will do well to give him a call! Read advertisement.

THE READING FAIR.—"Dexter," the fastest trotting horse in America, and other celebrated "quadrupeds," it is said, will positively be at the Reading Fair, which will open on the 23rd of October next.

PROMOTED.—We are pleased to learn that Maj. Chas. A. Appel, formerly one of the editors of the "Lehigh Register", has been promoted to a third class clerkship in the Internal Revenue office at Washington D. C. The promotion to take effect from July 1st.

☞The Pennsylvania Collegiate Institute Allentown, has opened its annual session with a large accession of new pupils, and the prospects of further additions. Excellent facilities are offered here for a thorough English, German, Classical and Business education.

☞Huber Brothers have purchased the grocery stock of Mr. Bowen No. 14 East Hamilton street, and will remove their store to that place in about two months, where they will keep a full line of dry goods and groceries.

ANOTHER HEAD OFF.—The copperhead party which has had the audacity to call themselves the friends of the soldier, has removed that war worn veteran and tried patriot, Jas. L. Selfridge from the office of Assessor of U. S. Internal Revenue, for the 11th district, and appointed Charles Glanz, a member of their own party in his place.

UNION MEETINGS.—The Union Republicans will hold public meetings as follows.—Friday evening October 5, at the public house of Horace Balliet, in Ironton, North Whitehall township.

Saturday evening October 6. at the Hotel of Alexander Guth at, Guth's Station, South Whitehall. To be addressed in the English and German Languages.

ARRESTED.—On Thursday last a man named Richard Baxter, was arrested and held in the sum of $550, by Justice Merts, to appear before Court to answer the charge of acting as agent for the Berkshire Life Insurance Company of Mass., without having taken out a license according to the laws of our State. We have several good local agents here, and who represent some of the best companies in the United States., who are duly authorized, capable, and willing to attend to all the business in this vicinity, and to whom our citizens should apply instead of trusting to strangers.

GREAT UNION MEETING IN CATASAUQUA.—*Three Thousand Patriots in Council*—On Friday evening last, the Union Republicans of Catasauqua had the pleasure to hear the political topics of the day discussed fairly, forcibly and eloquently, by Col. McClure and Col. John W. Forney, and improved the opportunity in such a manner as to show that they are really in earnest in their determination to elect General Geary Governor of Pennsylvania without fail. Music, torches and banners were plenty (Large delegations from Bethlehem, Allentown, Hokendauqua, Lehigh Valley and other places were in attendance.

MONUMENT DEDICATION.—The Soldiers' Monument, erected by the citizens of Catasauqua and its vicinity, will be dedicated by appropriate ceremonies on to-morrow, Oct., 3, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M. The dedicatory address will be delivered by the Governor of the Commonwealth, Hon. Andrew J. Curtin.

Gen. Meade, Gen. Hancock, Gen. Geary, and other military gentlemen have been invited and are expected to be present.

A cordial invitation is extended to the soldiers of Dauphin, Schuylkill, Carbon, Lehigh, Northampton and other counties to be present.

Gen. Selfridge will act as Chief Marshal of the day.

The Railroads will furnish excursion tickets.

REBELS FOR TEACHES.—The rebel cops. have advertised a meeting here on the 4th inst., at which they are to have a live rebel General to expound the Constitution, and teach the people of Lehigh their duties, for whom they shall vote for Governor, and advocate rebel representation in Congress. A more appropriate act they cannot well perform. They employed Jeff. Davis, Gen. Lee, and thousands of other rebels, to expel from Congress republicans properly elected, and install copperheads and rebels for four years, and failed.—The continuance of the services of the same men in a capacity where they can live as they have done by plunder, is only carrying out the programme laid down by them before the commencement of the rebellion, we hope our people will allow him the uninterrupted privilege of publicly preaching his treason to his fellow Democratic traitors, here they should be allowed the privileges of personal interviews after an interruption of four years, and compare correspondence in order to see that no part of it has been lost.

LETTER OF RESIGNATION.—The following letter from one of the Postmasters of this county, will explain itself. The manliness and patriotism, of Mr. Roth, is worthy of commendation:

"HON. A. W. RANDALL.—*Sir:* I have looked upon events for a number of months as they transpired in our Government, and among our Government officials. I have pictured to me the many Northern lives lost in the late rebellion, and have looked back upon the assassination of President Lincoln, and upon the 30 millions of treasure expended in said war, and now I see that the Government is to be given into the hands, yet bloody, of those rebels that were sucking the life of the nation, by the man put in power by J. Wilkes Booth. I hold a small commission as Postmaster at Orefield, Pa., and tender you hereby my resignation, as I do not desire to hold the office another day longer. I wish the resignation to take effect on the 1st day of October, 1866. You will please inform me of the acceptance, at an early day. I am Sir,

Very Truly Yours,
GEORGE ROTH, P. M.

Orefield Sep. 20, 1866.

A GRAND FIZZLE.—On Friday evening last, the Cops tried to get up a great meeting in Catasauqua. Mr. Boyer, then candidate for Congress was to address them. Well, the speakers came, or rather many of them, for all the expectants of small crumbs in Lehigh were there to, but the hearers were scarce, not over one hundred, band included Mr Boyer attempted to make his hearers believe that one Southern traitor is as good as two Union Soldiers, and should have as much political power. A few years ago his party claimed that one traitor was equal to ten Union men,—quite a coming down. He also dwelt at length on the appearance of Convention of Southern Loyalists in Philadelphia; and the fact that Fred. Douglas, a negro, paraded the streets in the procession in *open day light.* It being *daylight* was the great offence. His party paraded with *Negresses after dark*, that is the difference. Fred. Douglass' father was a Democratic Governor of Maryland.—Why should it be such a disgrace for the son to walk the streets of Philadelphia in a procession by daylight. If the negro is degraded, the Democracy are responsible, for they have controlled them and mingled their own blood among them freely. Mr. B., followed the instructions of the great *mongrel* of his party and cried NIGGER all the way through, and never attempted to explain his relation to the bill increasing his salary, nor how much of the money he had given Flannigan for electioneering purposes.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT AND CONDOLENCE.—At a meeting of the Allentown Teachers Institute, Sept 17, the following resolutions were adopted, on the decease of their late brother teacher, Wm. H. Knerr:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the dispensation of Divine Providence, to remove from our midst by death our much respected friend and fellow teacher, Wm. H. Knerr, thus causing a cloud of sorrow to hover around parents, relatives and friends, therefore be it

Resolved, That we his fellow laborers, most sincerely express our regret at the loss of so useful a co-operater in the cause of education; for, though young in years, his life was fraught with much good.

Resolved, That although the loss is an irreparable one, we humbly bow to the will of God,—firmly believing that our loss is his eternal gain—and is now wearing a palm of victory and a crown of glory.

Resolved, That we deeply and sincerely sympathize with the family of the deceased and, especially his parents, in the deep and lasting sorrow impressed on them, by the death of a dutiful son, and affectionate brother.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions, be presented to the bereaved parents, as a token expressive of sympathy, and to the editors of the several newspapers in this town for publication.

M. N. BERNHARD,
CELE S. BOAS,
ANNIE E. LIND, } Com.

NEW BASE BALL RULES.—For the benefit of our Base Ball Clubs we publish the following rules said to have been adopted by the "Typographical" Club of this place:—

The Innings.—Sec. 1.—The game when played at all, to be on the the anniversary of some other day, and be continued until nine innings are played out, if the players are not "played out" before that time. To be conducted strictly in accordance with the laws of the Medes and the Persians, the Code Napoleon, the Borough Ordinances, and the regulations of the Board of Health.

Running Bases.—Sec. 2.—No player to be allowed more than one hour to run a base.

Catching.—Sec. 3.—Players to have the privilege of catching their balls in hats or caps, but the use of peach baskets to be positively prohibited. Mosquito nets may be used in catching "fly" balls.

Foul balls.—Sec. 4.—All "foul balls" to be deodorized before used.

Putting Players Out.—Sec. 5.—Any player "caught out" without his night key or a permit from the Secretary of the Town Council, to be taken charge of by the Patrol, placed in the coffin and furnished lodgings in the Jordan Meadows.

The Pitcher.—Sec. 6.—Should the "pitchers" become cracked during the game, a new one to be provided from Bowen's Grocery and Provision Store. *Provided*, That his dog does not steal the players dinner, and make a "home run," otherwise it shall be purchased from the nearest grocery store.

Batting.—Sec. 7.—No cotton "batting" allowed.

Conveyances.—Omnibusses to start for the first base every half hour, and ambulances to be ready at convenient points to carry off the wounded.

Reporters.—Sec. 10.—In order that there may be a correct report by eye witnesses—after the reliable manner of war correspondents—newspaper reporters to be positively prohibited from approaching the grounds.

☞Correspondents will please bear with us another week, when the political contest will be over—Geary elected Governor, and everybody happy, except the cops.

(For the Register.)

MESSRS. EDITORS.—About thirty years ago, two men, then in the prime of life, with resistless energy and perseverance stamped on their faces, might have been seen sitting before a cozy fire in a coal crate in their office in South Whales, England, who were apparently discussing some important subject. That subject was the feasibility of smelting iron with *Anthracite* coal. Thus far every attempt to do so had failed. Every conceivable contrivance had been experimented with—but without success. These two men were thinking the matter over, when one, awakening from his reverie, said: "Why would not intensely heated air, blown into the furnace, effect the object?" "I think," says the other, "that is the solution of the problem." Forthwith experiments were made, and to the delight of the two experimenters, and nameless benefits to the world, they proved eminently successful. This little incident made our "Little Lehigh" what it is; and Pennsylvania the *Iron* and not the *Stone*-key in the Federal Arch, and which all the power of an accursed Rebellion was not able to batter down!

These two men were DAVID THOMAS, *the Republican nominee for Congress in this district*, the other Mr. Crane, then a large iron manufacturer in Wales, by other materials.

It is a curious theme to speculate upon, what Lehigh county would be, were it not for the huge iron works. No railroads to intersect her—no busy population of mechanics and laborers employed at these works, who would consume all the farmers raise, paying good prices, because they get good wages, and they bring into existence stores, that vie with those of the large cities in extent. No Allentown or Catasauqua or Norristown, no newspaper, nor anything else but a plain farming country, where the farmer would have to haul his products to a market. Pleasant contemplation, is it not? What do we see on the other hand before us? By the genius of these two men, our county has a perfect webbing of railroads, the bowels of the earth have been penetrated in thousands of places by honest toil, to bring forth its riches, to ameliorate the condition of man.

Cities, towns and villages have sprung up, as if by magic. Farmers have a market comparatively at their doors, for all they raise on their land, commerce is sustained by it, all mechanical opperations thrive by it; and honest toil reaps the greatest benefit of all.

Citizens of Lehigh and Montgomery counties! Do you not owe it to yourselves as *men*, to vote for David Thomas to represent you in Congress? Look around you and see the thriving towns and villages that have sprung up through him more than any other man; Look upon your fertile fields, and contemplate what further toil would be required to make their products available, if it were not for the Iron Works around you? Contrast the claims of David Thomas and B. M. Boyer. What has the latter ever done for you? What *will* he do? He is a lawyer by profession, a man who has not added one cent to the real wealth of the country, and thrives best when others suffer.

In David Thomas you will have a man in whom you can safely trust. With an unsullied name, spotless integrity and unflinching patriotism, I think the District would utterly disgrace itself, by ignoring the many benefits conferred upon it by Mr. Thomas CATO.

FUN AND EARNEST.

Ladies Shawls and Dress Goods will be sold below cost, at Weiss' store, No. 51 E. Hamilton street.

☞By using Breinig's Improved Linseed oil in painting, and in the second coat a little Raw Linseed oil added, will cover as well as three coats painted with Raw or Boiled Linseed oil.

☞I have seen many things in this world, but I have never yet seen how a man can sell boots shoes, hats and caps, as cheap as Wm. H. Seip does.

☞"You seem to walk more erect than usual, my friend." "Yes, I have been straitened by circumstances." To avoid straitened circumstances, buy all your goods at the cheap cash store of Lawler & Steckel, No. 20 E. Hamilton. Call and see their latest styles.

☞An Irishman fell in love with a lady, but she, instead of reciprocating his affection, fell in love with another man and married him, which caused Pat to exclaim in the fullness of his heart: "Och, would that you had been born twins, then I could have had half of you." Poor Pat is an object of sympathy, and so are those who do not buy their clothing at F. H. Breinig's cheap and fashionable hall.

☞"Go away," said Muggins, "you can't stuff sich nonsense in me—six feet in his boots! No man as lives stands more nor two feet in his boots, and no use talkin' 'bout it. Might as well tell me the man had six heads in his hat." Muggins, however, firmly believes that Bowen, at No. 14, has the largest and cheapest stock of groceries in Lehigh county.

☞"John," screamed a country girl, seated by the side of her dull lover, "leave me alone!" John astonished, cried, "Why, I ain't a touchin' yer?"—"No," replied she, "but you might have done—if you liked." Just so, and you might have saved money if you had made your purchases at Kramer's corner store.

☞A man recently wrote to a shoemaker: "Cut me a pair of esq. Toad Shooze." A large assortment of all kinds of boots and shoes at Mary & Merts's cheap cash store, on Hamilton, below 9th Street.

☞Equal parts of Breinig's Improved Linseed oil and Raw Linseed oil surpasses anything heretofore known for graining purposes.

☞Why are bankrupts more to be pitied than idiots? Because bankrupts are broken, while idiots are only cracked. Should your china, glass or queensware be broken or cracked, go to Hauke's China Hall, and have it replaced.

☞One exceedingly warm day in July a neighbor met an old man, and remarked that it was very hot. "Yes," said Joe, "if it wasn't for one thing, I should say we were going to have a thaw." "What is that?" inquired his friend. "There's nothing froze," says Joe. The man went his way very much enlightened. So do the people in regard to cheap prices, who buy their groceries at W. C. Smith's on 8th street.

☞In a very old copy of a work still extant, on necromancy, is the following quaint passage—Question: How to raise the devil? Answer: Contradicte your wife. A later question is thus put and answered: How to save money? Buy your goods at R. Shuman's cheap store, corner of 7th and Gordon streets.

☞Any paint mixed, and painted with Breinig's Improved Linseed is warranted never to crack, or scale, or wash off.

☞It is said to be dangerous to be working with a sewing machine near a window during a thunder storm. It is also dangerous to be working near *some* sewing machines when there is no thunder storm.—The Florence Machine, however, is said to be perfectly safe, and warranted to do all kinds of sewing superior to any other machine.

☞Swans are said to live 300 years. Those who don't believe this can get one and make the experiment. A more sensible experiment would be to buy your groceries at the cheap store of Troxell & Butz, 7th, above Hamilton street.

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING.—If you want to buy cheap clothing, go to E. Weiss, next door to the American Hotel.

☞Breinig's Improved Linseed Oil—For sale by all principal paint dealers.

HOPE.—The Scripture saith, that "Hope is an anchor to the soul, both sure and steadfast." It is the unfortunate's only comfort in adversity, and the star of promise which urges forward the struggling poor man. What is it that gives contentment to that mother who sees her darling child attacked by the ghost of the deadly croup, or suffering from the effects of a consuming cough or violent cold? What is it that wreaths in smiles the lips of that patient consump ive, who, though she knows she cannot live, yet murmurs her silent and thankful prayer for ease and relief? What is it that has become a nation's hope? From North to South, from East to West, comes but one joyful response—Give us Coe's Cough Balsam.

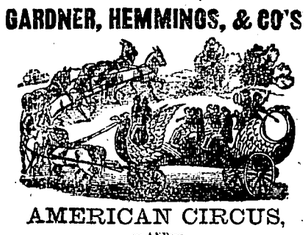
☞Out in Portage, Wisconsin, a justice of the peace married a couple the other day, and the next day, meeting the bride, she asked him "who the deuce that fellow was she married yesterday?" He had run off with her watch and money, and she wanted to know who he was so she could follow him up. Every lady should know who she marries, and should also know that Shimer Bros. have just received another splendid lot of dress goods.

☞Muggins says that there is no country in the world where wives are more worshipped than they are in France. He regrets to say, however, that all the adoration comes from somebody else's husband. Here the ladies who seek admiration, buy their dress goods at Huber Bros. store, because of the beautiful patterns they have.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLENTOWN, Saturday, Oct. 13, 1866.

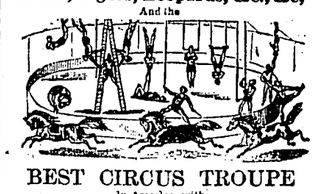
GARDNER, HEMMINGS, & CO'S



AMERICAN CIRCUS,
—AND—
VAN AMBURGH & CO'S
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE

—AND—
EGYPTIAN CARAVAN,
The Largest Traveling Exhibition in the World.
Comprising the only

REAL MENAGERIE
In America, with the
Baby Elephant, 2 Humped Camel, Royal Bengal Tigers, and Host of Lions, Tigers, Leopards, &c., &c,
And the



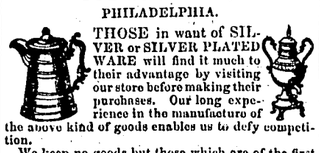
BEST CIRCUS TROUPE
In America, with
Better Horses and Ponies, Better Performers and Better Clowns
Than are comprised in any similar Exhibition.

Two Performances each Day, Afternoon and Night.
Doors open at 1 and 6½ o'clock.
One Price of Admission to Both Shows.
ADULTS, 50 cent.
CHILDREN under 10 years, 25 "

Will also exhibit in BETHLEHEM, on THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11th, and in QUAKERTOWN, MONDAY, OCTOBER 15th.

BOWMAN & LEONARD,

MANUFACTURERS,
AND
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
SILVER
AND
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
704 Arch Street,
PHILADELPHIA.



THOSE in want of SILVER or SILVER PLATED WARE will find it much to their advantage by visiting our store before making their purchases. Our long experience in the manufacture of the above kind of goods enables us to defy competition.

We keep no goods but those which are of the first class, all of our own make, and will be sold at reduced prices. [july3-1y

J. STEWART DEPUY,
253 S. 2D STREET, ABOVE SPRUCE,
PHILADELPHIA,

WOULD respectfully inform his customers and others he is now selling from one of the largest and best assortment of
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
&C., &C., &C.,
that he has had on hand for many years, and at reduced prices. [sept29-3mf,3ms

THE GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE OF PHILADELPHIA.

BARGAINS IN
FINE CLOTHING.

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
BROWN STONE CLOTHING HALL,
603 and 605 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Ready-Made Clothing Department.

The choicest stock of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
FOR
FALL AND WINTER WEAR,
Ever offered to purchasers, comprising all the NEWEST AND MOST APPROVED STYLES.

Custom Department.

Our newly fitted up Custom Department for Gentlemen, Youths and Boys, now contains a carefully selected stock of

Foreign and Domestic Goods,

which we are prepared to make to order, in the be manner, and at reasonable prices.

Boys' Department.

We have on hand the largest and best stock of Ready-Made Boys' Clothing in the City. Particular attention paid to the making of Boys' Clothing to order.

GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS, AND BOYS,

Wishing clothing made to order, by sending their measure, as per diagram, will have their orders promptly attended to.

SATISFACTION AND A GOOD FIT GUARANTEED.

Samples sent to any part of the United States.

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
Brown Stone Clothing Hall, 603 *and* 605
Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Oct. 2rd. —4m

A NEW OPENING!

GRIM & RENINGER.
HAVE OPENED A
NEW STORE!
At No. 9 W. Hamilton St.,
FOUR DOORS ABOVE THE EAGLE HOTEL,
ALLENTOWN, PA.

WHERE they will offer for sale at the very lowest prices, a full line of merchandise.

Fall and Winter Goods,

Such as Ladies' and Men's Wear, Plain and Figured Delains, Merinos, All Wool Delains, Shepherds Plaids, Prints, Balmorals, Checks, Tickings, Jeans, White Goods, Silks, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Flannels, and Shirtings, Gloves, Shirts and Drawers Muslins, Bosoms, Collars, &c., &c.

CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.

An assortment of Carpets, Ingrain and Stair Carpets, Floor and Table Oil Cloths and Window Shades.

GROCERIES.

Such as Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Tea, Bunch and Keg Raisins, Cheese, Salt, coarse and fine, etc., etc., etc.

All the above goods we will sell at the very lowest prices for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE. All we ask is from our old friends and the public in general, to give us a call and examine our stock before making their purchases elsewhere. Remember the old firm. [oct2-tf] GRIM & RENINGER.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of J. & W. P KRUM, in Lynn township, Lehigh county, engaged in the Mercantile business, was dissolved by mutual consent on Sept., 1st, 1866. All persons who are indebted to the said firm are requested to make settlement at the old stand as soon as possible, and all those having claims are requested to present them at the same place. JAMES KRUM.
W. P. KRUM.

THE BUSINESS

WILL be continued at the old stand by James Krum, where he will keep a full assortment of all kinds of goods in that line, at the lowest prices; and he tenders his sincere thanks for the patronage already bestowed upon him, and hopes for a continuance of the same, and especially invites the old customers to continue their patronage, and he will strive to give them