# The Rehigh Register,

TO ADVERTISER. The REGISTER has a larger circulapress what is not felt and as a mere cover, a
tion, by several hundred, than any
cheat and deception. Few of the organs of
other English paper in the county.

that party express the real sentiments of the TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1866.

REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATION

QE H E (FOR GOVERNOR) Major General John W. Geary, OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY

### REPUBLICAN UNION County Nominating Convention. THE Union citizens of Lehigh county are requested to meet at the

#### COURT HOUSE. IN ALLENTOWN,

On Saturday, September 8th, 1866. At 10 o'clock, A. M., to place in nomination a

ing election and the land.

Let there be a full turnout from each district. Able speakers will be present and address the moéting in the afternoon. Give us a good ticket of true men and see what we

By order of the Committee. S. McHOSE, Chairman

#### WORRIED.

The Egyptians pretend to be terribly worried about the emigration of colored citizens, (nigs, as they derisively call them) to the Northern States. Strange that mer, who have been reared upon the proceeds of the involuntary labor of a class of the human race, in this country of boasted freedom, and supplied with the means of procuring the luxuries of life, and enabled to spend their time and the surplus of those very carnings in the gambling hells and sinks of iniquity, do not moan terribly when deprived of the privileges which they have enjoyed.

That same down-trodden race has, by the acts of those same Egyptians, been slightly elevated in the scale of humanity, if the mingling of the blood of the owner with that of the socalled chattel will have that effect, which is exceedingly doubtful. Strange it is that the leaders of the professed Democracy should herald the opposition of the Republicans to the immigration of that class of people, when it is a wellknown fact that the moment a new one lands be he is caught up by some slavery-loving, and trait r-serving, brawling, dough-faced Democrat and made a servant and bosom companion in imitation of their masters in the cotton regions, perhaps with the expectation of some day under the rule of the new dispensation, so much hoped for by them, of reaping a rich reward from the increase.

to ye And why should it be unpopular or degrading to give employment to the much abused nigs to use the opprobrious epithet of a cotemporary,) when the great lights of the boasted Deil mooracy seek them for coachmen and delight in displaying the feats of their horsemanship, and their splendid equipages through the streets. In our day few can indulge in such a luxury, and the few are confined to the leaders of the Democracy, Presidents of clubs and secret socieus. Let those who choose to show off do en so. We do not complain. We prefer an independent course of life rather than the crouching vassalage necessary to rise to be a leader of the Democracy, therefore can never expect to obtain control of an establishment of that kind, and would not if we could.

The time is nearly passed for toleration o classes in a free republic where the great truth is recognized that "All men are born free and equal."

## Union Meeting in Reading

On Wednesday last, the Union men of Old Berks and adjoining counties, who sustained the Constitution and the Union when assailed by the copperhead Democracy in the rear and their leaders in the front, met at Reading, in anch overwhelming numbers as to make sneaking, cowardly traitors tremble. Thirty thousand of the brave and true men of Pennsylvania were there exhibiting all the zeal and enthusiasm manifested by them when all that an American citizen should hold sacred was assailed by the blood-hounds of Democracy. The boys in blue who rolled back the hordes of the traitors ander the orders of Jeff. Davis. Breckinridge, Buchanan & Co., at Antietam and Gettysburg, from our own State, were there. A large proession was formed under the directions of Chief Marshal Maj.-Gen. John F. Hartranft, and a large number of assistants, and marched through the streets.

ad In the afternoon able and eloquent speeches were made at different stands, by Gen. John W. Geary, Col. John W. Forney, Hon. Lewis W. Hall, Col. Wm. B. Thomas, Gen. Joseph W. Fisher and others.

This large assemblage of Union men, unlike the rabble which previously had desecrated the that did go by resolutions and loud talk on the streets of that usually quiet inland city, as on all occasions, behaved themselves well, in place of being a terror to the citizens.

The 22nd of August, 1866, will long be remembered by the citizens of Reading and the tens of thousands of visitors who participated in that great meeting.

The ovation to Gen. Geary the evening previous, and the grand torchlight procession, which followed was most magnificent, and sufficient to satisfy the most ardent lover of his country that the watch-fires of liberty cannot be quenched by falsehood, deception and treason, but it was only a prelude to the coming day, when large delegations poured in from all sections, by railroad and in all kinds of conveyances, carrying innumerable banners inscribed with mottoes, some of which were remarkably expressive .-Among the number were battle-flags, shattered and torn by Democratic shot and shell on the battle-field, showing that the boys have as little fear for the threats of the Clymer-Johnson-Cowan brawlers as they had for their masters in the rebel ranks, and are determined to vote as they shot, always against traitors.

THE FREEDMAN'S BUREAU.—Assistant Adju tent General D. H. Williams, in charge of the Freedmans Bureau in the States of Missouri, Arkansas and Indian Territory, has submitted his estimate of the rations required for the month of September. He estimates that 35,000 will be required to issue to whites and 5,000 to freedmen making a total of 40,000. The poor negroes are not the only subjects of bounty in the shape of provisions to be dealt out by the Government, but 7 to 1 go to feed the returned rebel soldiers, and the widows and orphans of those who have been killed fighting against their country. Surely the Rump Congrees, as traitors prefer to call it, has been exceedingly generous. The governors of South Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas and Georgia have asked for its continuance, and that rations should be given to the destitute whites, who get six times as much as the negro. The poor, lazy whites are the ones who enjoy five sixths of se benefit from the much abused Freedman's

ataems. The man who votes for John W. Geary, for Governor, will be performing a like service for the safety of the Government, as was rendered by the man who volunteered to swell the army which Major General Guary led against France will follow soon, if that proclamation is

Pocal Record. fords. In fact the first is the most sure test. terms of this paper: \$2.50 per Year, or \$2.00 if Paid Strictly in Advance.

Who Are Rebel Sympathiners

Language may be, and often is used by men,

particularly the Egyptian Democracy, to ex-

that party express the real sentiments of the leaders. They are not maintained for the party

pose of conveying to the people information un-

tinged with falsehood, generally their language

s of the pot-house and den of iniquity, where

their moral characters are formed to fit them

for positions in the management of traitorous

Copperhead papers, and they cannot be trusted

until they have arrived at such a state of per-

fection as to be able to receive a bribe, and pub-

That the pretended Democratic party are not

only rebel sympathizers, but apologists for trai-

tors, the late movements on the political chess

board clearly prove, and a few quotations from

the most reliable of their organs in this district,

the Norristown Register, undoubted authority,

and, in fact, the only English Democratic sheet

in the district, conducted with either ability or

"Democrats believed that the war carried on

against the Southern States had no warrant in

he Constitution, and therefore wrong. \* \* \*
"The President holds gentlemen and free

men at the Dry Tortugas and elsewhere, con-demned to death by slow torture, by military

commission, without warrant of law, in such cases as that of Dr. Mudd, Col. St. Leger Green

field and others. And then that most monstrous

and damning wrong, Jefferson Davis, once agallant and meritorious officer of the United

States army, once Secretary of War of the Uni-

n prison, loaded with chains out of pure brutali-

If Mr. Davis is held a prisoner out of pure

brutality; he certainly cannot be held as a crimi-

"Virginia has the right to send Robert E. Lee and Joe Johnston to the United States Sen-

No doubt the copperheads would like to se

not only Gen. Lee, but Jeff. Davis, Dr. Mudd,

and all the most noted and cruel Rebels in Con-

gress, and the Senate hoping through their in-

fluence to obtain control of a few insignificant

"Thousands of the citizens of the Southern

States are to-day deprived of the elective fran chise because crime has been imputed to them

Some of the best citizens the country ever had

who always stood up for free Government and

n defence of the principles of American liberty

are languishing in prison, others as good citi zens as the country could boast of, having oc-

Referring to Davis, Hunter, Breckinridge,

Harris, of Tennessee, and others whose crimes

consist not only of treason, but cold-blooded

murder, arson, and all the lesser crimes known

to the calendar, including the cruelties practic-

ed upon Union prisoners at Libby, Bell Islands

Andersonville, Florence, and other prison-pens.

There can be no doubt but that the Democracy

worship Davis and his crew, and any work,

however dirty, that will help them to again ais-

pense patronage, and plunder the nation, they

DEMOCRACY.

The Northern dough-faced Democracy are

certainly the most submissive and pliant tools

of any set of men to be found in any nation

outside of Egypt, and the most enormous gor

mandizers, capable of swallowing any amoun

of rubbish that can be gathered from the sew

ers and purlieus of treachery and wickedness

James Buchanan knew the material better

than they knew themselves, and all that was

wanted was the power to dispense public pat

for any dirty work, the filthier the better. Thus it

was an easy matter for him to sell out the whole

Democratic party and entirely change the prin

ciples and purpose for which it had been crea

ted, and in place of its being a party for the

people, it became the servant of a few thousand

cotton lords, and a prey to the cormorant office

seekers. Free trade and slavery were its rul

ing principles, they both worked together; the

first for the benefit of the latter, to the injury

of the slave and the degradation of the white

laborer in every section of the country. So

wedded were the office hunters of the Democ

racy to the slave aristocracy, and so indebted

to them for small favors thankfully received,

that when the slave power broke up the Charles-

ton convention and run their separate candi-

date, that the northern dough faces got up their

Union and harmony clubs to support both can-

their party organizations for future use in the

dare not risk their carcasses in fighting for

them. Few went into the rebel army, the bal-

ance stayed at home and encouraged those

street corners. Though denounced in the

most bitter terms for their cowardice and doub

It is a well known fact that for the last three

years of the war, the only hope of the rebels.

was in the Copperhead Democracy getting

possession of the administration of the Govern

ment and surrendering to them. President

Johnson was one of the most dangerous of their

clan, belonged to their secret society, knew

all their aims and purposes, and hypocritically

professed to be opposed to secession, and in

favor of making treason odious and punishing

traitors, and secured the nomination for Vice

President. The Democracy knowing his sen-

timents well, through their secret societies,

sought to make him President by the assassi-

nation of Mr. Lincoln, they succeeded and now

have him, or rather he has them, owns them,

noor tools as they are, and can use them in aid

The more corrupt they are the better they

will suit; he wants such men as are in

the control of presses purchased with the price

of bribery and corruption, and those who had

the audacity to declare their price to the world

are preferred, provided they have the ability to

to use the language taught only in the pot-

house and the brothel. Invective and defa-

mation of private character is a sufficient pass-

port to his favor; reason and argument are

not wanted, and truth is to be utterly ignored

by his supporters. The more degraded their

characters and indecent their languagel the

A WAR WITH FRANCE.—The President i

again usurping the power of Congress by tak-

ing the initiatory steps to get up a war with

France, by his Proclamation in relation to the

blookade of the Mexican Ports by Maximilian,

pretended Emperor of of Mexico. He has thrown

down the gauntlet, and the next step will be

French men-of-war preying upon our commerce

in retaliation, and a war will be the consc-

quence. A foreign war has been the hone of

the rebels for the last six years, and at times it

appeared almost ineviitable, but now it is near-

y an accomplished fact. The Emperor of Mex-

ico, made so by French gold and French bayo.

nots in aid of the rebels, with the hope of pro.

voking hostilities with the United States, must

be abandoned by Napoleon, or a war with

enforoud.

better chance they stand for his favors.

of traitors and treason.

le faced villiany by their masters.

cupied the highest places in the republic

post offices or other small teats of the public

nal and must be an innocent man.

te if she chooses."

exiles in foreign lands.

are ready for.

Treasury.

lecency, will clearly show that

lish it to the world, glorying in their shame.

Sympathy is shown by actions as well as by

A double track is to be laid on the New Jersey Cantral Railroad for the exolu-

The Delawere Division Canal Co. undurees a dividend of three per cent., clear

A full attendance of the members of the Union League is requested on Thursday evening next, at 7½ o'clock.

PROPERTY SALE - Mr. Nathan German has purchased the brick residence at the corner of 5th and Walnut streets, for \$2,960. The Union Sunday School of Salis

burg will hold its annual pie nie on Saturday September 1st 1866 in the woods near Smith's udge Maynard, at last accounts was t Badan Baden. His health was reported to be improving, and he expects to sail for home about the middle of October.

PUBLIC MEETING .- Dr. D. Royce, of New Jersey, will uddress the citizens of Alentown, on to-moreus (Wednesday) evening, on Centre Square, in behalf of the Union

CHANGE OF TITLE.—The title of "Dimes avings Institution of Allentown, Penna."has been changed to that of the "Allentown Sayings Institution," to go into effect on Septem-

A meeting of the First Soldiers' Na tional Union will be held on Thursday even-ing, at 72 o'clock in their hall above Breinig & Leh's Clothing store. A full attendance is requested. By order of the committee J. W. REBER, Ass't. Sec.

The heaviest tax-payer in Lehigh ounty is Mr. Jos. M. Bennett, of Salisburg. His income tax for 1865 was \$74.313. He is one of the proprietors of the celebrated ' er Hall" Clothing establishment on Market St., Philadelphia.

THE Union County Committee elected on Saturday last, are requested to meet at the ouse of Weaver & Sieger (Eagle Hotel) in Allentown, on Saturday the 1st of September. at 2 o'clock P. M. A full attendance is requested. By order of

Saml. McHose, Chairman.

SCHOOL.-E. D. Leisenring & Co. at the Friedensbote Book Store, have now on hand for the opening of the schools a large and complete assortment of al. kinds of school books, which are offered for sale at the lowest prices. Those wanting books should not fail give them a call.

CAMP MEETING .- The camp meeting of the German Evangelical Association at Loras Woods, near Allentown, which was in sessio during last week, was well attended, and on Sunday the gathering was quite large, and good order prevailed. Early in the week the weather was quite unfavorable. We trust that much good was done. FESTIVAL.—The sewing society of the

town, will hold a Festival in the Old Fellows Hall, on Wednesday, September 5th, to continue till the following Saturday, for the benefit of the orphans at Bridesburg, Philadelphia. The public is respectfully invited to attend. Among the many improvement

Zion's German Reformed Church of Allen-

nade by the business men of our town, none, perhaps, equal those made by Mr. Charles S lassey, in the arrangment of his watch, clock and jewelry store. There are no similar es with it, and but few in the cities that surpass it in beauty of arrangment and general display.

PENSION AND BOUNTY .- All soldiers' widows are entitled to two dollars a month ension for each child under 16 years of age, and many of them are also entitled to the ex All entitled to increase of pension and extra

ounty can have their papers properly prepared ELISHA FORREST, by applying to Attorney at Law. Register Office, Allentown Pa

A Norristown correspondent of the Pottstown Ledger says : - 'One of our fire companies, the Humane, intend paying a visit to Allentown the beginning of next month, and take the "machine" with them, to show the citzens of that borough what can be done by steam in the way of putting out fires. The probility is that they will go with a strong

Union Meeting .- At the Union Republican meeting to be held in Trexlertown, on Saturday, Sept. 1st, among the speakers positively engaged, we are happy to announce the names of Capt. Fred. Schleumbach, of didates, with the avowed object of keeping Philadelphia, who will speak in the afternoon service of their masters. The services rendercounty, who will address the meeting in Enged were not what was expected, the rank and lish in the evening. Let there be a large turn file were willing to vote with their leaders, but

> YET ANOTHER NEW CHURCH.-Rev. C Schlenker, of the Lutheran Synod of Pennsy vania, is laboring as a missionary in the First Ward, or East Allentown, and has already found so many church members there, that another church is found to be necessary in that part of the town. The building will soon be commenced. Mr. Schlenker preaches in he school house now, on Sunday afternoons and Tuesday evenings.

Messra. John L. and Wm. H. Hoffnan, lumber dealers in this place, purchased tract of timber land in Luzerne county, com rising 3500 acres, for \$40,000. The propery is known as the Harvey's Lake tract, and was owned by Messrs. Hallenback & Urgen-Thereon are two large saw mills, a grist mill five dwelling houses, and a clear and finely cultivated tarm of 100 acres. Knowing par-ties claim this a clean \$00,000 speculation for the Messrs. Hoffman.

CATASAUQUA SOLDIERS' MONUMENT The soldiers' monument at Catasauqua has been erected, but is at present covered from view. It will be dedicated on the 17th of Sep tember, the anniversary of the battle of An-tietam. Gov. Curtin will deliver the cration. The ceremonies may be expected to be very interesting. Those who have seen it say that this monument is an exquisite piece of work-manship, a fitting memorial of the dead heroes who went to fight their country's battles from the neighborhood in which it is crected.

There are without doubt many soldiers who during the war lost their assess were in consequence prevented from voting last fall. All such should without delay call upon the assessors in their respective districts nd have themselves assessed. volved in the present campaign are of the highest importance, and it is therefore the duty of every citizen to scrutinize the assessment list of his district and see that he has not been overlooked. Soldiers, let no one vote be lost through negligence.

> [Communicated.] WASHINGTON, D. C., August 20, 1866.

MR. EDITOR.—There may be quite a num ber of soldiers in your county, who will have laims against the United States Government, under the Bounty Bill passed by Congress at its late session, and it may not be generally known, that all claims against the Government may be settled without cost to the applicant; hence, I wish you would notify all such through the column of your paper, that all laims can be settled by application to the State agent at this place; or, if the parties prefer it, they can send their claims to me, and I will present them for adjustment to the State agent, and see that they are put through

without cost to the claimant.

Very Respectfully, Office of Int. Rev., Washington, D. C.

Children get your books ready and prepare for school on Monday morning nexts as your lacation will then close, and study again for meaning that the time for opening school is so near at hand. We fear such children love play more than study; this is wrong, and there is danger of such growing up to be dunces. We advise our young readers to deter-mine to have a good education, as it will be worth more to them when they grow up than i fortune would be without it.

Court.-The Commissioners of this county actuated by party prejudice, and petty spirit of bitterness, have determined that the readers of the Register shall not know when our courts commence, or who are summoned as jurors, or whose cases are to be tried, and have directed all their advertising to be given e their own party organs. So we will an nounce free that the Court of Quarter Sessions and Orphans Court; will be held Sent. 10th. and the Court of Common Pleas for the trial of civil cases on the 15th of October next.

WOMEN OF THE WAR.-Under this title the subscription publishing house of Scranton & Co., Hartford, Ct., will soon issue a new and original work, by Frank Moore. It comprises faithful sketches of the most celebrated women of our country, who, during the war, consecrated themselves to the work of relieving thous ands of the suffering and war-worn soldiers, in the hospitals, on the field, and at the very from of the battle. The incidents of their experience overflow with pathos and the most touch ng sentiment, showing the truth of all that as been said of women's charity, love, and self-sacrifice in times of trial and suffering .-On our outside we publish extracts from ac-

The book will be sold only by subscription.
Agents are wanted in every town and county.

PUBLIC MEETING .- The Union Republion voters of Lehigh county are requested to attend the following public meetings:
On Saturday, September 1st, at the public house of Henry J. Haints, in Trexlectown, af-

ternoon and evening. On Tuesday, September 18th, at the public house of Jesse Miller, in Slatington. Meeting o commence at 7 o'clock.
On Tuesday, September 25th, at the house

of John Lewis, in Labarsville. On Wednesday, September 5th, at the house On Saturday September 15th, at little Day

id Peter's, Washington township.
Addresses will be delivered in English and German, at each of the above places by able

The Bethlehem OHRONICLE says :-"Nearly every day we hear such questions as these asked; 'What good reason is there that the eight thousand inhabitants of Bethlehem and South Bethlehem should travel twelve miles to get justice? The people of Easton come to Bathlehem for good hotels and good schools, why cannot they come for justice al so? Would it not be a clear saving of 6 miles each way if Bethlehem belonged to Lehigh county? Would it not be a clear saving of twenty-four miles if Bethlehem had a Cour

We commend the questions to our readers.

The Union mass meeting, held at Reading on Wednesday last, was the largest outpouring of the people ever held in this section of the State. Lurge delegations were there present from all the adjoining counties, and, in proportion to her population, we be-lieve that none did better than Little Lehigh. Two trains left the depot at this place, in the morning, the first having six cars packed full, which was joined at Albertis Junction by about 300 who came down the C. & F. R. R. from Catasauqua and Hokendauqua, accompanied by the Catasauqua Band. The second train followed with seven cars filled, on board of which was the Allentown Cornet Band, numbering in all from our county not less than 1000 persons. The Union men of Lehigh are armed for the contest and have entered the field with the determination to give a good account of themselves on the second Tuesday of

ROBBERY AND ARREST OF THE ROBBER -Mr. Saml, Lichtenwallner of Long Swamp township, Berks county, invested \$3550 in Government bonds, and placed them in a safe wrapped in paper and folded in a long pocketbook with some money. He saw them in June. A few days ago, when

he went to get them to collect the interest, \$3,050 were missing. He had a young man, Scott Housell, of New Jersey, working for him during harvest, of whom he had a photograph, who left some time in July, under pretence of attending the funeral of one of his relatives. Mr. L. came to Allentown with the coupons of the other bonds, and the photograph, salled at the First National Bank, and men tioned the circumstance, and was informed that the young man was in town. He procured a warrant, and the Constable found the young man at the Rising Sun Hotel, corner o Hamilton and 10th street. On being brought before Justice Wittman, Jacknowledged the the one half of the stock of the Hotel, and the balance he had squandered in gambling and debauchery. He was committed to fail to stood up manfully for the Union. Mr. L. will loose the entire amount, as the

stock of the hotel is Fancy and liable to van-

GRAND FANDANGO .- On Friday last, the hungry squad started out under the guidance of old soap and lather, to set the faithful of the traiter clan in the upper part of the county right, and secure their pledges for the coming contest in the great raffle for the distribution of prizes. The place designated for Union soldier, and the cause for which he head quarters is one celebrated as the head-quarters of the knights of the Golden Circle. Whether their object is to revive the old organization which lent so much aid and encouragement to the Jeff. Davis Democracy, that he ordered his little corporal to pay Pennsylvania a visit and join hands with them, or to start anew under the direction of the old public functionary, with the hope of securing more strength, is not for outsiders to know, but we do know that the people of that region are very partial to soap and lather, it suits their notions, which accounts for the influence of that functionary. That section of the county is congenial for the hungry squad, all the requisites for Democratic traiters abound, and with the free use of rees, can be made effectual, and undoubtedly was so used as to secure an abunddance of promises, though what they are worth dance of promises, though what they are worth can be judged of by an incident related by an ambitious young man, candidate for office, a few years ago. He had been informed that the few years ago. He had been informed that the ambitious young man, candidate for office, a few years ago. He had been informed that the only way to secure a nomination in this county, was "to go around and secure the promiss from a certain few of the most prominent deceivers." so be started out, reached a house where he was directed to go, enquired if the man was at home, and was informed that he was not, so he made the object of his visit known to the wife; he wanted an office, wanted the husband to secure the delegates from that District for him, and remarked that it was unfortunate her husband was not at home, and was answered that it certainly was as three candidates for the same office had alrendy been there, and her husband had promised them all, and she had no doubt he would promise him if at home.

Union County Meeting - The Union men of Lehigh held their annual county meeting at the house of George Bachman in Lower Milford on Saturday last. The attendance was larger than was expected, owing to the inconvenience in reaching the place. determination of those present to apply the good old Democratic rule ("make those who have deviated from the path of right serve in the ranks until they show by their fruits that their repentance is sincere") to traitors and heir aiders and abettors was manifested. The meeting was called to order, and E. J. Moore, Esq., of Alientown, chosen as Chair-

Secretaries: Samuel Colver and John Cul

Vice Presidents: George Erdman, S. R. Rittenhouse, Wm. H. Seip, Harrison Miller, Thos. Barber, Edward Ruhe, I. Egner, Lt. Sol. B. Ritter, Lieut. Allen Balliet, Chas. Shoenly, Beneville Yoder, Jas. German, Paul Balliet, Geo. W. Foering, D. H. Bastian, Owan Knerr Levi Worley, David Peter, Henry Kuntz, J. W. Fuller, Henry Hummel. The following are the Committee on Reso

Allentown, i ward : Wm. Roney;
" " " ward : Seml. McHoba;
" " " ward : E. Grim;

4 ward : J. L. Hoffman ! ward : E. Forrest. Matasauqua J. W. Faller; Hockendauqua S. H. Prioc; North Whitehall : John Roth; South "Col. D. H. B Col. D. H. Bastian : Slatington : Henry Kuntz ;

Washington: David Peter; Heidelburg: W. K. Peter, Eq.: Howhill ; Owen Knerr ; Weisenburg ; Lavi Werly ; Upper Macangie : Job Steininger ; Lower Macungie : S. Singmaster ; Millerstown : Harrison Miller ; Emaus : Enos Shoemaker ; Saliaburg : Sylvestor Breber ;

Lower Milford : D. Gehman Upper Milford : Jacob Halman ; Hanover : Henry Hummel; Lynn: P. W. Krum; Samuel McHose was chosen Chairman

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the County Committee,
During the absence of the Committee on Resolutions, the meeting was ably addressed by Capt. H. W. Bach, of Philadelphia, in English and German, and Capt. Frederick Schluembach, of Philadelphia, in German.
The following were appointed delegates to attend the great National Union Convention, to be held in Philadelphia, on Sept. 3rd:—E. J. More, Sam. MoHose, Dr. John Romig, J L. Hoffman and J. W. Fuller.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. The following named persons were appointed a Standing Committee for the ensuing year Allentown, I ward, Wm. A Roney. Samuel MoHose.

T. V. Rhonds.
Jonathan Reichard. Catasauqua-Joshua Hunt. Hokendauqun—Edwin Mickley. Slatington—Jesse Miller. Washington—David Halienbach. Heidelburg—W. K. Peter, Eeq., Lynn-Lewis Mosser. Lowhill-Owen Knorr Weisenberg—Levi Worley. N. Whitehall—I. N. E. Shoemaker

Whitehall .- D. H. Bastian. Macungie-Wm. Mink. . Macungie - James Weiler. Emans-Dr. E. F. Steckel. Salieburg-Henry Smith. Saucon-G. W. Foering. Hanover-Henry Hummel

U. Miltord-Solomon Yeakel. L. Milford-Chas. Shoenly. RESOLUTIONS : The following are the resolutions reported y the Committee and adopted unanimously: The unconditional Union Republican party

f Lehigh county, in county meeting assembled, reassert its devotion to the cause of equal justice and universal freedom, and believing and maintaining that the doctrine that "all men are born free and equal" is the chief corner-stone in our government, and that it constitutes the sole stay and support of all free governments among men, do resolve: First. The reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion, so as to secure to the people pro-tection against secession and rebellion in the future, and ensure tranquility and permanent

nence, must be based upon justice and equal liberty to all men. That the pan adopted by Congress (the only department of the General Government having authority in the matter,) as embodied in the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States, providing that all persons born in the United States or naturalized are citizens and subject to the jurisdiction thereof. That no State shall count any male citizen in its apportionment of representatives whose right to vote shall be denied, except for participation in rebellion or conviction for other crimes. Prohibiting any person who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress or other officer of the United States, support the Constitution, shall have engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the

ime, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. Affirming the validity of the National debt, presents a fair and just basis upon which those States can resume their relations to the general Government at any time they Resolved. That in view of Three Hundred Thousand patriot lives, and Four Thousand Millions of treasure, devoted in the cause of civil and religious liberty and of the Union, against armed treason and rebellion, it becomes olemn and most scered this great sacrifice has not been in vain. Resolved. That the American people owe an enduring debt of gratitude to the brave and heroic soldiers and sailors who, at the sacrifice of all that was most dear, have fought and bled in order that the Union might not perish.

Resolved, That we owe it to the patriotism and virtue of our Congress, that Andrew Johnson has not been able to give back the Government into the hands of rebels and their aiders and abettors, who so lately applied all their resources to its destruction, and whose hands are still dripping with the blood of Luion men. Resolved, That we view the attempt of Pres-

ident Andrew Johnson, aided by unfaithful largency, but alleged the amount taken was power of the great office he holds, to reinstate recent rebels in authority and power, and to persecute the loyal men of the South, who, in the hour of the National peril and affliction, Resolved, That the threats made by Andrew

Johnson and those who speak by his authority, of afflicting the North with a civil war, unless his infamous dictates are obeyed, create no fears with mon who believe in the justice of their cause, and who are willing to sustain it on the battle-field.

Resolved, That the ungenerous refusal of the President to pay our brave soldiers the extra bounty provided by Act of Congress, affords additional evidence of his hostility to the struggled.

Resolved, That the Republican party of Lehigh county, do most heartily sympathize with the down-trodden and oppressed of all nations, and that the efforts of any people, suffering under oppression, to throw off the yoke of the oppressor, and stand forth a free people, commend themselves to our warmest regard. Resolved, That when we reflect upon the terrors and desolations wrought by the late slaveholders rebellion, we are admonished of the inestimable blessings of peare, and we do most solemnly call upon all good citizens, and the little one in the crib, and on taking him particularly upon members of the Democratic up felt that his night clothes were soaking wet.

party, to refuse to lend their assistance and countenance to the ina guration of a civil war at the North, as threatened by Andrew Johnson and his rebel friends. ard-hearer in the present political campaign. and use every honorable means in our powe

to secure his election. Resolved. That the natriotic course of Gov. A. G. Curtin, during his administration of the affairs of the Keystone State, and the ability and fidelity with which he has guarded all her interests, and his watchful care of the interests of her citizens while in the army, and the orphan children of the victims of the slavehold ers cruelty and oppression, entitle him to the respect and admiration of a grateful people.

## FUN AND EARNEST.

Ladies Shawls and Dress Goods will be sold below cost, at Wolse' store, No. 51 E. Hamilton street. Special attention of merchants and others is vited to card of Howell & Bourke, 4th and Market

ets., Philadelphia, manu'acturers of paper hang-ings. window shades, &c., &c. To kill ants-hit your uncle's wife on the head with the hammer. To find out where the largest and cheapest stock of boots and shoes are kept, go to Biery & Meris. on Hamilton street below 0th.

Moving along-up with the timeswith their prices—shelves and counters filled—new fall stock—latest styles out—a fit guaranteed. For proof and particulars call at Breinig and Leh's Lion Hail cluthing store.

Most young ladies have a dialect that divides all things into two classes—the horrid and the splen-did. The latter expression can be heard every day in M. J. Kramer's store, from the ladies examining his new fall styles of dress goods.

At what time should an iun-keeper visit an iron foundry? When he wants a ber-maid. When should persons visit Shimer Bros store? When they want to examine a large and well selected story of goods, and save money in making their pur-Man's Ann Boy's Clothing. If you want to bug chesp clothing go to H. Weiss; near deer to the Agerican Hetelt

To Travalens - Pleasure cockers this year should bear in mind that there is a great deal of sickness being caused by a change of water and eli-mate. Before leaving home provide a bottle of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. It is an excellent autidote ; (pre-

DEMAND —Demand is the test of popularity, and never in this section of country, has there been a fifth part of the demand for dry goods as there is now for the fashionable goods that can only be had at Burdge & J nes' Chesp Cash store. 'there husi-· as is locreasing daily.

Happiness often consists more in the purani I an object wished for, than the real possession : for when obtained it is often bitter fruit, and what we expected to find honey is only gall. This, however, is not the experience of those who buy their goods at Lawfor & Steckel's cheap cush store No. 20 East-Hamilton St.

Fine Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Pocket Handkorchiofs, Socks, Suspenders, &c., at Weiss's, No. 51 E. Hamilton st.

Ag. A learned coroner being asked how he accounted for the great mortality this year, exclaimed: "I cannot tell; people seem to die this year that never died before." Persible! And people buy their China, Glass, and Quonsware at Walker's this year, who never died before, because of his splendid togated state. iid increased stock.

meeting, "I ear our friend A, has been in the oil speculation; has he made anything?" "Yes," says Jim, "he made an assignment." A. might have made a much better speculation by investing his ioney at W. C. Smith's store on 8th st., above Tur-

A follow out west, on being asked whether the liquor he was drirking was a good article, said: "Wall, I don't know, I guess so; there is only one queer thing about it, whenever I wipe my mouth. I burn a hole in my good sleeve." The best way trreplace burnt or tern clothing is to go to F. H. Breinig's extensive clothing hall, where you cannot fail to be accommodated. Emma, what did you do with that tallow Mr.

Jones greased his boots with this morning?" "Please warm, I baked the griddle cakes with it." 'Very well, I was afraid you had wasted it." Emma belongs to that class of economists who believe "a penny saved is a ponny carned," for example these who buy their greecies at Bowen's cheap family greecy store No. 14 E. Hamilton St.

y Dog days are fairly upon us and this is truly the sickly season. Do not be without a supply of Coo's Dyspepsia Cure in the house. It cures choler: morbus, cramps, pains and colic in either stom-ach or bowels, is the only remedy ever discovered that is a sure cure for dyspepsia, and is a splendid antidote for disorders occasioned by a change of watar or diet; being prompt, harmless, and certain in its action, we cheerfully commend it to all classes

TREMENDOUS! TREMENDOUS!!-The greatest ar rival of all kinds of Dry Good; such as all kinds of Silks, Merinces, Repps, Plaids, Poplins, All Wool Delaines, Common Delaines, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Flannels, Blankets, Cassimere, Carpets, Grocerie Quoeneware, & 2., &c., can only be found at Huber irros. They have just received from Philadelphia and New York the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever brought to Allentown. Calice for 10 cts, muslin for 10 cts., and all others goods in proportion. Call and judge for yourselves. We warrant to sell cheapor than any other store in Allentown, as we have the largest stock, and consequently can sell cheaper. Call at once at Huber Bros., only three doors above the Eagle Hotel, (Wilson's old stand.)

#### TO FARMERS !!

For the benefit of farmers we introduce the folowing letter, hoping it may induce them to avail hemselves of the rich fertilizing merits of Bone Allentown, July 14, 1866.

Mn. A. J. Burinia—Sir: In answer to your inquiries I present the following statement, in reference to the merits of your Bone Dust.

Last Fall I purchased a tract of land below Alfentown. I war, informed by neighbors that the land was so poor to at I would not be able to raise on it any crop of rollow I used your Bone Dust, and the consequence my crop of rollow I are avoided that the that the consequence my crop of rye is so excellent that the farmers in the vicinity have made special inquirie

s to what I put on the land.

My experience enables me to recommend your lone Dust as a strictly fine and pure article.

Pure Bone Dust for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Buckwheat, lats, Potato's, Grass, Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., Prepared and Sold at the ALLENTOWN BONE MILL, East end of the

## GENERAL NEWS.

DEATH OF GENERAL JAMES NAGLE. - General ames Nagle, a hero of the Mexican and the late war, died at Pottsville, Wednesday morn-

DEATH OF REV. DR. BRAINERD. The Rev. Dr. Brainerd, pastor of the old Pine-street Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, died suddealy at Scranton, on Tuesday night. An Alabama negress gave birth to four children, lately, at one accouchement, "Two were girls, the others were boys." The woman was

better. A Memphis lady was picked up the other norning, very drunk. She explained that having the toothache, she had smoked a strong

doing well." She will probably never do any

pipe to relieve the pain, and it flew to her nend. That's all. The following are the Democratic victories thus far achieved in 1866: Memphis-forty-six loyal men murdered

New Orleans-fifty loyal men murdered. Kentucky-an avowed rebel elected Clerk. The Bedford Inquirer gives the following as a "remarkable case:" Our "local reporter" informs us of the death of Mr. Eisihurt, of Ringtown. He died in July, 1866, aged 111 years, 5 months and 20 days. He saw all his own kindred buried. "He ran a footrace at the age of ninety years with his youngest son and

PEACH PIE. - As the time for this luscious fruit is at hand, we place before the public an excellent pie. Line a deep dish with a cream crust, a trifle thicker than for other pies ; pare well ripened peaches and leave them whole and fill the dish. Take a pint of cream, 3 ta blespoonsful of sugar; stir together and pour over the peaches; sprinkle on a little flour place on the top crust and pinch down well that the juice may not escape, and bake until the peaches are well cooked. There is nothing in the line of fruit that is better.

Horrible,-Mr. and Mrs. William Lavery residing at 341 Lydius street, Albany, retired on Thursday night, leaving an infant boy in his cradle near the bed. During the night the mother was awakened by a feeble cry from She struck a light, when to her herror she dis covered that the clothes were covered with blood, and on further examination found that ne of the arms of the child had been gnawed to the bone by a rat, and that a hole was eater through one of its hands.

The Union State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, to the Patriots of the South. Greeting :

PHILAPPLEPHIA, Aug. 16, 1866.
The Union State Central Committee of Ponnsylva-nia send greeting to their brave Union brothers of the South, and extend to them a hearty welcome, on the occasion of their meeting in this city, on Monday, the 3d day of September next.

History furnishes no parallel to the patriotism, courage and fidelity of those men, who, from the be-

inning of the rebellion to the end, fought the good

ight, and kept the faith.

The question to be decided whether loyalty is to be proscribed and punished in the persons of patriots like those, or treas n rewarded and honored in the persons of the guilty authors and agents of the re-bellion. Shall the loyal masses or the baffled and defeated traitors govern the country. In these great issues all are vitally concerned, and our Southern Compatriots have instinctively turned toward the t whence the Great Charter of American Liberty was first proclaimed, and propose, within the sacred shadows of Independence Hall, to renew their vows of fidelity to the princi les of that immortal creed, and to take counsel with their Union friends. and to take counsel with their Union Irlends.

On behalf of the loyal men of the Commonwealth
of Pennsylvania, this Committee hereby gratefully
extend a cordial welcome to these patriots and friends
from the Southern States. All who come will be re-

oived with open arms and warm hearts.

The Union men of the entire Commonwealth as The Union men of the entire commonwealth mocordially and earnestly invited to come here and honor the occasion with their presence, and to enable all to confer together upon the present and future of our imperilled country.

It is also suggested and recommended that our friends from other States send de egations here on his important occasion, not to sit in convention, but

to cheer and co-operate with these tried champions of liberty from the South.

By order of the Committee.

Fr. Jordan, Chairman. The Convention of Southern Unionists.

National Hall has been secured for the sittings of the Convention of Southern Unionists, to assemble in this city on the 3d of September. The National Union Club of this city invite delegates, as they arrive, to call at their rooms, No. 1105 Chestnut street, and register their names. The Club place their rooms as the use of the Convention as fleedquarters, Gov. A. J. Hamilton, of Texas, and Thes. J. Durant of Naw Orleans, have already registered their names.

BOUNTIES.—Advocate-General Holt, General Buchahan, and Surgeon-General Barnes, to whom was referred the provisions of the civil appropriation in relation to bounties under the late law, reported resolutions for the guidance of the department in the payment of the claims provided for in that law. The report has not been published and has been ordered to be suppressed by the President, and the Secreary of the Treasury has issued an order diecting that no bounty claims under the act shall be paid.

What do the soldiers think of this action on the part of Johnson and his officers, sworn to administer the laws and not to make them .-It is certainly a bold move for the executive officers of the Government to attempt to override an act of the legislative department and refuse to carry it into effect. It is nothing less than an act of tyranny and a disregard of their oaths of office. Perhaps the President thinks the act unconstitutional because ten States were not represented. If so, why did he not voto it? Was it because Copperhead Congressmen voted for it. in order to secure the extra \$3000 salary contained in the law and he desired them to have the money for electioneering purposes?

Union Resolutions .- The following resolutions were passed at the Great Union Mass Meeting at Reading, on the 22nd of August. They have the right ring, and should be read by every one. They express the sentiments of the tens of thousands present, and are not ntended to concent the opinions of the true Union men of the State. Deception, falsehood, and hypocricy, are left entirely in the hands of the Clymer Copperhends, who understand the use of them :-

Whereas, That we give praise and thanks to Almighty God, in that he has vouchsafed unto us a full and complete victory over those who sought, during four long years of bloody war, to destroy this the last altar of the rights of man, upon which to base free institutions; that the black and loadisome stain of slayery, which classed us among the dark and heathen nations of the earth, has at last been blotted out and in all our land no man can say to his ellow-man "thou art mine."

Resolved. That we owe a debt of lasting gratitude to the Union soldiers and sailors for heir valor and prowess in putting down the slaveholder's wicked and bloody rebellion, and we pledge to them, their wives and orphans, protection, support and patronage, whenever within our power to give them. Resolved, That in the joint resolution which

passed the Congress of the United States by two-thirds vote, proposing amendments to the Constitution, we recognize the only safe pal-ladium of the principles for which we sacrificed four hundred thousand lives of our best blood and three thousand millions of our trea s gre—that in the same spirit which actuated our forefathers to proclaim the Declaration of Independence in 1776-we most heartily endorse the first section of the amendment declaring that all persons born within the United States shall be citizens thercof. As a means, also, of future protection, as well as present airness and equality, we are in favor of the second section, which provides for equalizing epresentation in Congress, and in the Electo-I College, and we declare our avowed hostilty, now and forever, against the admission of ie States lately in rebellion, upon a basis of representation which gives to the South 60 er cent. more power in Congress and in the ectoral College than an equal number of white people in the North; while the third section, excluding all perjured rebels from eligibility to office, meets our hearty and un-

Resolved. That the true interest and purose of the policy laid down by Andrew Johnon (the man made President by J. Wilkes Booth) is to resurrect from oblivion and disgrace, the Democratic party, which, for its reasonable course during the war, was consigned to the tomb of everlasting infamy and shame; and we believe that the success of said policy would turn back the wheels of progress generation in our country's march to great-

less and to glory.

Resolved, That in Major General John W. Beary, the standard bearer of the Republican party of Pennsylvania, wa have combined the rue principles of the soldier and statesman. ie hero of many battles, and the defender of oivil liberty, whenever and wherever he has been called to govern.

Resolved, 'That Andrew G. Curtin, the good enrned the noble title of "the soldiers' friend," and, in retiring from the gubernatorial chair, he takes with him the entire confidence and steem of every patriot in the State.

RAYMOND TO BE EXPELLED FROM THE UNION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. Captain Tower, of Pottsville, said that while he heartily endorsed all of the resolutions read, there was another which he desired to introduce. We had all hated treason during the war, and we hate it in peace, and every man who betrays his country, or his party, should be condemned. He therefore

wished to offer the following resolution: Resolved, That Henry J. Raymond, who was made chairman of the National Republican Union Executive Committee, by the National Union Convention of 1864, which renominated Abraham Lincoln for President of the United States, by his having followed the lead of the infamous Andrew Johnson, and with him turned traitor to the principles of his party and the great interests of freedom and humanity, has become unworthy and odious, and this convention therefore requests that committee to assemble, and without permitting him to resign forthwith expel from being the chairman and a member of the

The resolution was carried without a dissenting voice, and amid enthusiastic cheering. Parson Brownlow calls the President's party The Johnson Rebel Conservative-Sout Constitutional Peace-Party."

committee.

Mrs, Lincoln has presented the walkingstick commonly used by her late husband to Frederick Douglass.

THREATS OF ASSASSINATION .- Major Gen. Burbridge, who is now on a visit to this city, has been openly threatened here, by ex-rebel officers, with assassination if he returns to his home in Lexington, Ky .- Wash'n Desp. to Chicago Tribune.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. AT SHIMER'S

MAMMOTH STORE They have now for Sale 6756 yards Calico, good dark Fall and Winter styles, at 11, 12, 14, 16 and 18 cents por yard.

5000 yards Muslins & Sheet-2000 yards Ginghams, very 2000 yards Merinoes, all colors, from \$1.00 to \$1.25. 5000 yards Dress Goods, all

olors and figures, different styles, cheap

A Full Line of Cloth, Cassimer, Satinet, Jeans &c., all at the lowest New York prices. 5000 yards Flannels, very cheap, all colors and figures.

yds. Tickings & Checks. all prices. All kinds of Groceries, Fish. Salt and Provisions, at the Lowest Prices.

August 28, 1866. VACATION OVER.

# SCHOOL BOOKS

AT. THE Friedensbote Book Store. E. D. Leisenring & Co.

THEY have now, on hand for the opening of the schools a large stock of School Books, Stationery &c. that are sold as cheap as at any plate in this section

All wenting Books for school can find them at the

FRIEDENSBOTE BOOK STORE, t the lowest prices. REMEMBERI

We always keep on hand a complete assortment of it kinds wanted in the School Room;