

# The Lehigh Register,

ALLENSTOWN, PENN'A.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

The REGISTER has a larger circulation, by several hundred, than any other English paper in the country.

TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1866.

## REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATION

FOR GOVERNOR,  
Major-General John W. Geary,  
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

## The Copperhead Press and Jeff Davis.

The rebel press, under the management of the Egyptian Democracy, are exceedingly anxious for the pardon of their chief, Jeff Davis. They undoubtedly fear that a conviction and sentence in his case would lessen their chances of escape from the penalties which their crimes well deserve, and which the laws of all civilized nations have provided for the punishment of guilty.

Among the many reasons given by the press, which undoubtedly shared with him the money stolen from the public treasury during the reigns of Pierce and Buchanan, is that contained in one of our exchanges, in which the writer strongly advocated letting him go without an attempt to punish, and asserts most positively that twelve intelligent men cannot be found in Virginia, who will agree to return a verdict of guilty of treason against Jefferson Davis, and that of course, an acquittal will be a legal sanction and endorsement of the right of secession and the recognition of the Southern Confederacy. We do not believe that all the intelligent men of Virginia are so lost to all principles of justice, virtue, and truth, as to be willing to disregard their oaths, and the instructions of the presiding judge, and return a verdict of not guilty, in direct violation of the law and the evidence, thereby fixing the stamp of perjury upon themselves and sealing their eternal destiny.

We believe there are at the present time enough honest and conscientious men in Virginia to form a jury to try Davis, or any other man or set of men, who ought to be brought to justice. Though the fact cannot be denied nor forgotten, that a large portion of the leaders of the rebel army and nearly all the officers of the rebel oligarchy at Richmond have already been guilty of that most heinous crime of perjury; neither must it be forgotten that these very men were the high priests of the democracy, and are now the loudest and most blustering advocates of rebel representation in Congress. We do not believe that Virginia, after all she has endured and suffered at the hands of these great criminals, is willing to have it published to the world that her citizens are no longer worthy of belief under oath, and their evidence must be excluded because they have been guilty of perjury.

The idea that the acquittal of Davis on the charge of treason by a Virginia jury of the character contemplated by the writer of that article, will be a legal sanction and endorsement of the right of secession and an acknowledgement of the Southern Confederacy, is one that could be suggested only by a bigoted, superstitious, ignorant advocate of modern democracy, who, by reason of his long connection with that tribe, has sunk so deep in barbarism as to be incapable of reasoning, and would prove nothing more nor less than that the people of Virginia are unworthy of the name of American Citizens, and entirely discredited by reason of vice and disregard of all the rules of civilization, to be trusted with the destinies of a free people, and convince every man of common sense, that such a people can only be restrained and kept within their proper sphere by the strong arm of military power, and show that all their professions of loyalty and submission to the Constitution and laws were not made in good faith, but for the purpose of enabling them the better to accomplish perjury, falsehood and deception, what they failed to do by the sword. Now, we believe that there are much truer and better men in Virginia to-day, than are to be found among the leaders of the professed democracy.

The writer of that article the letter to show his hatred of the Constitution and the Union—and exhibit his black-hearted malice, save fit to apply the epithet, "malignant, vindictive bloodthirsty hyena," to every man who participated in, or assisted in any way in putting down treason, believed in the punishment of traitors, or dared hope that the cause of right and justice would prevail, and the guilty meet the punishment they deserve. Those are the epithets bestowed upon the soldier living a cripple, or sleeping that sleep that knows no waking. This kind of reception the democracy give to the returned heroes who have driven traitors behind the curtain prepared for them by their Democratic friends. This is the consolation given to the crippled and maimed, who carry the evidence of their suffering with them. This, too, is the consolation prepared for the mother who yielded her son that a nation might live. This is the kind of treatment that is meted out to the widow and orphan, made so by their rebel friends. Certain it is that no set of men, not lost to all feelings of humanity, could talk thus of their country's martyrs, and no party not accustomed to crimes of the blackest dye, would for a moment think of sustaining them. The democracy happen to be exactly in the position where they can do it with changing one particle, as it is consistent with their actions for the last ten years.

## What is their Claim?

The Copperheads aspire to the government of this state again. What is their claim to be trusted by the people with power? We shall endeavor, during the canvass, to fairly consider a proposition which seems very impudent on its face: this proposal of the pro-rebel party to take control of our affairs. Is there any thing in their history for the last five years to entitle them to confidence?

It constantly occurs to all that.

They opposed the secession of the rebels, and opposed all efforts of the government to convert them "into" the Union;

They opposed the war on the part of the North, ridiculed the soldiers, discouraged enlistments, rejoiced over Union defeats, were sour on Union victories, and raised the cowardly, white peace flags whenever disaster to the Union soldiers gave them courage to do so;

They steadily depressed the national securities, and sought by destroying the national credit to embarrass and render impossible sustained and successful military operations;

They fought the Union troops behind their backs with every possible discouragement, while the armed enemies of the country met them in front;

They opposed the "invasion" of the rebel states; they opposed the arming of the colored men; they opposed the abolition of slavery; in short a measure cannot be named that tended to put down the rebellion that they have not opposed. If they insist on the assumption of the rebel debt or the repudiation of our own, as there are not wanting indications of their doing, then it will act consistently.

That is their recent history. Let us hear if there is any reason why they should be trusted?

Mr. Sharp has tendered a scale for the manufacture of cartridges for the muskets, and that all had been tested.

**THE PANIC IN ENGLAND.**—The financial flurry in England, and the heavy failures of prominent companies, created quite a sensation in monetary circles, and caused a rise in gold and a decline in U. S. stocks. In anticipation of large returns to this country, shrewd observers have long predicted a crash, which now seems to have commenced in good earnest. The prospect of a German war is the pretext for a series of failures which have been long threatened, and could not be longer postponed. The English aristocracy had dipped too deep in the risk of overtrading, and had been too intimately involved with the defunct Southern Confederacy, to maintain a high degree of prosperity when the false lights were utterly extinguished. The American nation will scarcely feel that such a tremendous crash has taken place in the mother country. It may cause a slight decline in government securities, and the return of large amounts from Europe to be exchanged for gold, but at such prices as to give the American purchaser a large profit. Let us then take advantage of the opportunities offered, and make as much as possible out of them.

The well-known house of Peto & Betts, with heavy liabilities, are among the number. Sir Morton Peto, M. P., made a tour through this country last fall, and it would not be surprising if some house in New York would be pinched by his failure, as it is reported he made arrangements to make heavy investments in projected railroads in this country. Let our business men prepare for any emergency that may follow.—The Bank of England has raised the rate of discount to 10 per cent.

The anxiety of the leading copperheads of this State, and their mutual friends, the reconstructed traitors of the South, to defeat General Geary for Governor, causes them to expose their wicked and malicious schemes to the ridicule of the honest people of the country.—Their pet scheme of getting up a third candidate as an avowed supporter of the policy of the presiding judge, and return a verdict of not guilty, in direct violation of the law and the evidence, thereby fixing the stamp of perjury upon themselves and sealing their eternal destiny.

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The attention of those democrats who denounce the Freedmen's Bureau as simply an institution for the sustenance of lazy negroes, is directed to the following official report of the Bureau from Arkansas for the first quarter of the current year, viz:

The following ratios were issued for the month of January, 1866.—

To White. To Black.

January, 1866.—47 836 11 631

February.—84 023 10 187

March.—102 204 11 442

Total.—234 063 32 955

or nearly eight whites to one black.

The Johnsonian organs are indulging in great glee because the "Clerks in Washington are organizing a Johnson National Club." It is truly a wonderful sign, but the truth is that there are a large number of clerks in Washington who were ready to organize a Jeff. Davis club in anticipation of the conquest of the National Capital. It is more than likely that the same material now forms the Johnson clubs.

The Harrisburg correspondent of the Chambersburg Repository says that Gen. Dick Coulter has rejected the role he was to play to serve Johnson and Cowan and defeat Geary. He has given the little firm of corruptionists notice, to use Dick's own rather emphatic than classical language, that he "is not to be taken for a d—d fool," and he declines to run for Governor or support Clymer. Who will next be tried by the little coterie of political traitors?

There is a great deal of pith in the following paragraph from the Tribune:

"There is much clamor in the Copperhead journals against the report of the Committee on Reconstruction, whereof the sum substance is this: 'if the rebels are allowed to vote in 1867, how can a Copperhead be chosen President in 1868?' We really can't say.

The REWARDS OF PATRIOTISM.—The new democratic municipal administration at Hartford has turned out from a messenger's place, a one-legged soldier, who was appointed to the place last winter, and had been able to discharge his duties with some help from his wife and son.—N. Y. Post.

HEAVILY AFFLICTED.—Mr. Ingersoll, (M. C. from Illinois,) in a speech in the House recently, said that "the American people had suffered, and were capable of suffering a great deal, but it was too much for them to be affected with rinderpest, trichina, cholera, and Andrew J. Johnson all in one year." Rather too much, that's a fact.

The Senate has shut the door against the appointment of Cadets to West Point or to the Naval Academy, from among persons who served in the rebel army. Mr. Doolittle vainly tried to put in a saving clause in favor of those who had been "born" into the rebel service, but the Senate, probably abashed at that in itself, did not want indications of their doing, that will act consistently.

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## Local Record.

### TERMS OF THIS PAPER:

\$2.50 per Year, or \$2.00 if Paid Strictly in Advance.

WANTED.—A half grown girl to do house work. Enquire at the Register office.

Two weeks ago Mr. John Young, of North Whitehill, shot a black eagle which measured six feet over the wings.

THE Catasauqua Manufacturing Company, and the East Penn Rolling Mill have commenced operations again.

Prot. Bond announces that he will walk a rope stretched across the street between two of the highest points in our borough, on to-morrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

ENRAGED.—We are pleased to see that the Lehigh Register, at a meeting held at Reading last week, elected Hon. J. D. Stiles President and John W. Jones Secretary and Treasurer of the company. A committee was appointed to open the books to receive subscriptions to the capital stock which will be done without delay.

REV. G. T. Barr, pastor of the M. E. Church in this place, has been presented with a car load of coal sent by Johns & Bro. coal operators at St. Clair. This is quite a valuable gift at present price of coal. If this is not an evidence of warm friendship, it is at least an evidence of friendliness desiring to promote warmth.

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THE Lehigh Gazette says:—A dog with only two legs, the hind ones being crooked, was born at home, and was named "Lucky."

SUICIDE.—John Gabry, residing near Walbert's Station, in South Whitehill, committed suicide last week by hanging himself.

DOMESTIC TROUBLE is supposed to have been the cause. He leaves a wife and two children.

REMOVED.—The Dimes' Saving Institution has been removed to the second floor of the building occupied by the 2nd National Bank. The room is being fitted up in a very nice style.

THE Lehigh Register, published at Allentown, has been enlarged and otherwise improved. It is a sterling Union paper, and we are rejoiced at this evidence of its prosperity.—Anthracte Journal.

REMOVED.—The merchants of Allentown have agreed to close their stores hereafter at 8 o'clock in the evening, with the exception of Saturday evenings. A wise and sensible move.

DONATION.—The Columbia Fire Insurance Co., of Lancaster co., of which Chas. Eckert, Esq., is agent, donated \$25 towards the purchase of a steam engine for the Columbia Fire Co.

THE new street bridge at Bethlehem, which the late Grand Jury refused to allow as a county bridge, is to be immediately built by the stockholders, and will of course be a toll bridge. All the capital necessary was subscribed some time since.

HARD TO BEAT.—Edw. L. Deoh, of this borough, left at our office last week a stalk of rye grown upon his land, which measures 7 feet 14 inches in height. According to representations there is not a finer field of rye in this country.

ANTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE, for June, presents to us a charming country scene, "The Happy Party," a wood-engraving characteristic of American life. "The Future President," a loving tribute by Lucy Larcom to sweet religious poet, Adelaide Procter, &c., &c.

AN ENORMOUS LOCOMOTIVE.—The largest locomotive ever made in New England has just been finished in East Boston. It weighs thirty tons, has ten wheels, and is expected to draw a thousand tons of coal on the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

THE HEAVIEST YR.—The heaviest wire made in this country was completed on Wednesday last, at the manufacturing of Fisher Hazard, in Mauch Chunk. Its weight is 22,000 pounds, and length 5,800 feet. It will be used on one of the planes near Wilkes-Barre.

A NEW FIRE COMPANY.—The young men of Catasauqua are organizing a new fire company, to be called the Phoenix Engine Co. They have resolved to secure a steamer and have already sent a committee on that mission.

This is something greatly needed in Catasauqua, and inasmuch as it is for the benefit of the citizens of this place, we trust they will give all the aid and encouragement required to perfect the organization of the company.

SOLDIER DELEGATES.—At a meeting of the returned soldiers held at Hagerstown on Thursday evening last, Major W. R. Scip and Capt. John P. Dillinger were appointed delegates to represent the soldiers of Lehigh county at the convention to be held at Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, June 5th.

THREE DAILY TRAINS TO PHILADELPHIA.—Under the new arrangement of passenger trains on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, there will be three daily trains placed on the latter road connecting with the train which passes Allentown, going down at 12 o'clock, at noon, thus allowing the citizens of this section the privilege of three daily trains to Philadelphia.

BY referring to our advertising columns it will be seen that the stockholders of the Lehigh and Mauch Chunk Railroad have made arrangements to have a train of cars running from Allentown to the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and will be in constant communication with the latter.

REGIMENTAL COMMANDERS.—In order to facilitate proper arrangements for the return of the battle flags that were carried by Pennsylvania troops in the late war, to the Governor of the Commonwealth on the 4th of July next, I should be pleased to be furnished with the names of all color-bearers and color-guards who may be living in the counties of Northampton and Lehigh.

In communicating the names and addresses of those who are color-bearers or guard and will be entitled to receive a reward, I will be happy to receive the names of all color-bearers and color-guards who may be living in the counties of Northampton and Lehigh.

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