"I WISH I HAD CAPITAL."—This was the exclamation of a stout, hearty, but lazy young man, a few days since, who lounges and loafs around town from Monday morn until Saturday eve, and the exclamation naturally follows his numerous gapes, "I wish I had capital," and without even as much as to make an effort; but to listen to his plans of making money without work—(building castles in the air, which, by the way, vanishes)—it would certainly remind one of the Rothchilds; but still his every breath and lamentation, is "I wish I had Capital." Now, young man, suppose you had capital—what would you do with it? Let me tell you, you have capital. Haven't you got hands, feet, body, muscle, bones and brains, and don't you call them capital. Oh! but they are not money, say you. But they are more than money. If you will use them properly, they will make money, and nobody can take them from you. Don't you know how to use them? If you don't, it is time you were learning. Don't idle your time around town, loafing from store to store, and shop to shop, speculating your ideas with "if I had only the capital," what great, monstrous and magnanimous business you would do, but take hold of the first plow, hoe, axe, spade, or anything that you can find, and go to work, and do not swear, as is often the case, that you will not do hard work, that you wasn't raised to it, &c., but go to hard work like a man of energy and ambition, and your labor will soon yield you capital and a large interest. Aye, but there's the rub, you want money or credit, that you may speculate and act the gentleman, and end by playing the vagabond; or you want a store, that you may lay back on your elbow and see the money roll in by the bushel, or, upon the whole, do you not want, if you are married, for you wife to support you, or if yet single, get a wife, that she may make your living? We can answer this, by saying that it is too true indeed, and that too, in and about town. Shame on you, young man! Go to work with the capital you have; and don't live off your parents, relation or friends, and you'll soon make interest upon it, and with it, to give you as much money as you want, and you can say "what I eat and wear is my own," and feel like a man;—the neighbor's gossip will also cease in the meantime, and whereas, they would persecute you with "there he goes now, his parents have to support him," they will substitute the words "there goes a young man, who possesses independence, industry, and must inevitably, some day, acquire a capital of his own, owing to his economy, good habits," &c. If you don't know how to use bone, muscle and brains you would not know how to use gold. Then don't stand about like a great helpless child, waiting for some one to come and feed you, but go to work. Take the first work you can find, without grumbling,—that you can't stand it—your arms or legs will give out—or that you are sick, and a thousand and one other excuses lazy folks generally have—no matter what kind of work, so it is honorable, and be sure to do it like Billy Gray did his drumming—well. Yes, manage the capital you already have, you will soon have plenty more to manage. If you can't or won't manage the capital that God has given you, you will never have any more to manage. Do you hear?

☞ A new Post Office has been established at Bower's Station on the East Penn. Rail Road in Berks county, to be called Bower's P. O., and Henry F. Boyer has been appointed Post Master.

### Letter from Governor Reeder.

The following letter was received by the Editors of the Mauch Chunk *Gazette* from Governor Reeder on his way to Kansas. The Governor expects to return in a few weeks.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., JUNE 0th, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS,—Having travelled over a route of 1500 miles, I am here at the end of railroads and telegraphs, where, as I write, I can look from my window across into Kansas; I shall be in Leavenworth city to-morrow. A great change has come over this place since I know it last. It was then a pro-slavery town of small pretensions, notorious for sending voting parties to control the elections of Upper Kansas, and when a man dared not to express an unfavorable opinion of slavery except at the risk of his life and property. Now it is a city with a large and increasing population; a hotel superior to any in Eastern Pennsylvania, out of Philadelphia; a free State or Republican paper, and plenty of free State men.—Slave labor is fast disappearing, and free labor is taking its place. A mob at one time had assembled and given notice to the free State editor that his office would be demolished and destroyed, and himself be driven out. He answered that he came to publish a paper and would do it; armed his friends and prepared to fight, when they changed their minds, and ever since have let him alone. It will ere long be as much of a free State city as St. Louis.—Being compelled to lay over in Springfield one night, I saw our candidate for the Presidency, and was very much pleased with him. He is an able, intelligent, agreeable and interesting man, fully equal to the position we intend to put him in. This great North-West is a wonderful country, and no man can form an adequate idea of it till he sees it. It is only four years since I travelled it last, and the progress is plainly to be seen even by a traveller. The foreign Germans are a very decided element in the population, and have many leading men of enterprise and ability. They are supposed to number 300,000 votes, and it is a curiosity to find among them a man who is not a Republican. When I tell them that many of their countrymen with us still adhere to the Democratic party, they cannot understand how Germans can prefer slavery to liberty, or slave States to free States, nor why they should be enlisted against the cause of free white labor, which is the only thing that can elevate themselves and their children. "If they do not like liberty and free speech," said one of them to me, "then for what did they come to America? Such Democracy as they have they could have got in Austria or France." The enthusiasm for Lincoln and Hamlin in the States of the North-West exceeds all my expectation.—Even with Douglas I am satisfied the pro-slavery Democracy cannot carry a single one of them.

Yours, &c., A. H. REEDER.

HUGUENOT RELICS IN FRANCE.—A Bordeaux journal announces a singular discovery made at Saint-Macaire, near that town a few days since. As some men were grubbing up a tree on the estate of a gentleman named Laveau one of their picks struck against something which produced a singular sound. It was found to be a layer of bricks firmly cemented together and on removing them a hollow stone was found below containing twelve daggers, five vases, one of which contained medals and coins of the year 1500; and lastly a bronze casket, inclosing some parchments, which have not yet been deciphered. Mr. Laveau liberally rewarded the men and added the relics to his collection of antiquities. It is supposed that these articles were buried there by some wealthy Huguenot' after the seige of Souveterre, by Marshal de Montluc, in 1562.

THE YEAR OF HURRICANES.—The season through which we are passing, will go far to remove the impression that the severest hurricanes are confined to the tropics. All over the Northern and Middle States, tornadoes of unprecedented violence, extent, and destructiveness, have occurred. At least three hundred lives have been lost by the force of the elements. There seems to have been a cycle of tornadoes. Within a month there have been four in the Middle and the Western States, one extending from Louisville up to Central Ohio, one in Cattaraugus county, in Western New York; one in Armstrong and the adjoining counties, in Western Pennsylvania, and one in Iowa and Nothern Illinois, which, it is said, has surpassed all the others in violence and destructiveness.

☞ Lydia French, of Ellenburg, N. Y. has received $1245 damages from Lucius W. Stone for preach of promise of marriage. Lucius wont to see Lydia some five years wrote her about 400 letters and then promised to marry her which he afterwards refused to do. Lydia brought suit for $10,000, but got only the sum named above.

☞ Warm—the weather.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.—In the Borough of Germantown reside, an old German couple named Christian and Catharine Easaw, the former being about seventy and the latter sixty-five years of age. They arrived in this country some twenty-five years ago, and by dint of hard labor, penurious and miserly habits, and by practising the strictest economy have succeeded in accumulating property to the amount of about $15,000. They raised to maturity a family of eight children, all of whom, strange to relate, have since died. It appears that Mr. Easaw left an illegitate son in Germany, who has also raised a family.

Old Mr. Easaw wrote for two of his grandchildren last Fall, stating that his own offspring had been removed by death; that he was rich in this world's goods, and that he would treat them kindly if they accepted his offer. Two of his son's daughters, therefore, Christine and Mena, aged sixteen and nineteen, left their fatherland, braved the perils of the deep, and arrived at Mr. Easaw's house in safety. He was glad to see them, and treated them very kindly. His wife on the contrary, who is said to be one of the most hardened characters imagined, compelled the young girls to perform arduous service, such as quarrying stone, working on the farm, and other duties for which they were entirely unfitted. Their food too, as prepared by Mrs. Easaw, was of the most unwholesome and unpalatable character.

The girls—strangers in our country, and unacquainted with our laws—were afraid to enter complaint, and, therefore, submitted to the most inhuman treatment until a week or ten days ago, when they escaped from the house and took refuge at the house of a German barber named Kayler, residing in that vicinity. They then disclosed to him all that had transpired, and stated that between December and April last, Mrs. Easaw had no less than four times endeavored to persuade them to fire one of their houses located in Wistar street. This tenant house is one of the oldest in Germantown and Mrs. Easaw told the girls it was hardly worth repairing, and that it might as well be burned down, offering them, the sum of $50.—This they, of course, refused to do. Mrs. Easaw told them they would escape any serious punishment if detected and even if arrested that she and her husband would swear them out.

She said she would like to have the houses burned, as she would then receive $600 insurance from the Germantown Mutual Insurance Company, which would enable her to build two stores on the site it occupies. The above facts were detailed by the barber to the police of Germantown, and subsequently to Dr Blackburn who questioned the girls separately and found both told the same story. Mayor Henry issued a warrant for the arrest of Mrs Easaw on charge of inciting or counselling the girls to fire the building and on Friday evening last she was taken before Alderman King at Germantown, and held in $1,000 bail to answer the charge at court. The girls fully exonerated their grandfather from any share in the matter. Mrs. Easaw, although 65 years of age, is a remarkably stalwart woman and is well known to the police as an ugly person to deal with.—*Phila. Press, 13th.*

HAILSTORM AND TORNADO IN LANCASTER COUNTY, PA.—On Tuesday evening, a destructive storm of hail and wind burst over a portion of Lancaster county, Pa., carrying destruction on its track. At Silver Springs four mile south of of Mt. Joy. hailstones 3 inches inches in circumference, covered the ground to the depth of several inches which cut the corn and tobacco crop to peices, and beat down the wheat, rye and oats. At Turkey Hill the hail was very abundant. At Mt. Joy many of the windows were broken, and much damage done to the gardens. At Mountville, the trees were strip ped of their foliage and the creek rose and overflowed its banks, and about 15 tons of dried hay, in the meadows of L. S. Garder, were swept away. At Safe Harber the wind seemed to lift the whole body of water from the creek and with it a large quantity of lumber which was thrown back by an adverse current of wind. The storm next struck the islands in the Susquehanna, leveling a two-story frame house and barn, belonging to Sourbeer & Co.; the occupants of the house saved their lives by taken refuge in the celler. William Williamson caught hold of a tree when he saw the gust coming but the tree was uprooted and carried about 100 yards with the man clinging to it; he fortunately escaped with a few bruises. John Campbell was blown into the river, but was saved by clinging to a piece of drift wood. The crops on the island were completely destroyed, and the loss, there alone will reach from $1200 to 1500. The crops between Millersville and Safe Harbor were badly hurt, being completely beaten down and cut up. The average width of the tornado did not exceed three-fourths of a mile, and will long be remembered in that region of country. No estimate of the aggregate loss has as yet been arrived at.

HORRIBLE DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—A son of Andrew Petrick, in Marion County, Virginia, was killed by lightning, a few days since. He was sitting on a porch, during a storm, with his father and mother, and had just risen from his seat, when the bolt struck him on the head, and set his head on fire, and all of them, feeling the force of this tremendous shock, more or less. His mother ran to his rescue, and put out the fire in his hair. It literally tore the cap on his head to pieces; then his boots burst and the bottoms thrown off. Where he stood the fluid broke down the end of the plank in the floor.

MASSACRE OF MISSIONARIES.—We have intelligence of another massacre of missionaries in Patagonia. Our Buenos Ayres correspondent gives the particulars of this lamentable affair. It took place upon one of the island near the coast, to which the Patagonia Missionary Society had sent agents, in the hope of civilizing and Christianizing the people. Not long since the Captain of the mission ship, with the Catechist and six of the crew, while on the shore, were set upon by the natives, some two hundred in number, and were beaten to death with clubs.

NO WONDER HE DIED.—On Friday evening last Mr. Hopper, a member of the Gregory Guards, of Jersey City, was taken suddenly ill and soon expired. During the parade of the Hudson County Brigade on the previous day the deceased ate twenty hard boiled eggs, and partook of several glasses of lager beer, after which he laid down on the damp grass, as the heat had effected him. It is no wonder that he died in a few hours.

☞ In New York city, there are 244 places of public worship, of which the Episcopalians have 51, Presbyterians 43, Methodists 33, Baptists 33, Roman Catholics 32, Dutch Reformed 22, Jewish Synagogues 16.

☞ Described—a lady's, cheek, as the poetical abode of the Rose; but we are not told what kind of a rose. When a lover steal a kiss we suppose is is a "cabbage-rose!"

### ALLENTOWN MARKETS.

[CORRECTED WEKLY BY PRETZ, GUTH & CO.]

TUESDAY, July 3, 1860.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat Flour, per bbl. | $6.50 |
| Rye Chop, per 100 lbs. | 1.90 |
| Corn Meal, per bbl. | 4.00 |
| Wheat, per bushel, | 1.30 |
| Rye, " | 85 |
| Corn, " | 65 |
| Oats, " | 35 |
| Potatoes, " | 25 |
| Beans, " | 1.00 |
| Dried Apples, " | 1.25 |
| " Peaches, " | 5.75 |
| Salt, " | 50 |
| Cloverseed, " | 3.50 |
| Timothy seed, " | 2.00 |
| Eggs, per dozen, | 12 |
| Butter, per pound, | 14 |
| Lard, " | 12 |
| Hams, " | 12 |
| Bacon " | 10 |
| Beeswax, " | 30 |
| Salt, Liverpool, in sacks, | 1.50 |
| Hay, per ton, | 13.00 |
| Straw, " | 8.00 |

### MARRIED.

On the 27th ult., by the Rev. Dr. John S. Kessler, Mr. JOHN S. SCHWEISER to MISS ESTHER STEINBERGER both of Allentown.


*Sick Headache, Debility, Indigestion,*—Where among all the remedies for these complaints, is there one which so quickly, so effectually, and permanently removes them as the Oxygenated Bitters?

### SAVE YOUR HORSES.

"We take great pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches or Galls on Horses. Our men have used it for severe Burns, Bruises, Sores, Stiff Joints and Rheumatic Pains, and all say it acts like magic. We use no other Liniment. J. W. HEWITT,

Foreman for American, Harnden's and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express."

Gentleman:—"I had a negro man worth $1,200 who took cold from a bad hurt, and was useless for over one year; I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I tried the Mustang Liniment. It has perfectly cured him, and I can now take the above price for him. Respectfully yours, JAMES DORRANCE.

Every Planter, Teamster and Family should have this invaluable article. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.

BARNES & PARK,
Proprietors, New York.

July 4 1860. —1m

THE VALUE OF GOOD HEALTH cannot be over estimated and no better legacy can be transmitted from parent to offspring than a sound and robust constitution. What are honors and distinction without health what are riches without the capacity to enjoy the blessing of life? These thoughts are not apt to suggest themselves to any of us, until, enfeebled by sickness, we look about for some means of recovery: To all troubles with that dread disorder Consumption Bronchitis, Asthma, or any form of Lung or Throat complaint we can confidently recommend Dr O. PHELPS BROWN'S great remedy the ACACIAN BALSAM. Its effects surpass, in healing qualities, all conception. It is the only medicine in the world, that, by its combination of rare ingredients, eliminates an electric power which, seizing upon the nerves, the stomach, the lungs, the heart, the brain, ect., infuses additional vital force into every organ, and by the renewed action and energy thus obtained expells all morbid influences from the body, produces a reaction which checks disease, and produces even in the worst cases, a restoration to perfect health, in a short time. The ACACIAN BALSAM is sold at $2 per large bottle. It may be obained of Lewis Schmidt & Co., Sole Agents, who have also a small number of specimen bottles, price 25 cents that all may have the opportunity of trial.

### PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

*What is it? How Cured?*

Thousands of persons have Piles—suffer for years with the disease—yet few know what it is, or how it is cured. Every case of piles, whether manifested in the form of external tumors, frequent bleedings, or in violent itching and irritation, depends essentially upon congestion of the abdominal venous circulation. This produces the engorgement, dilation of the veins, formation of tumors, hemorrhages, pain and suffering; and the disease can only be fundamentally cured by medicines which, taken internally, relieve this venous congestion. Hence ointments, washes, and even injections, are so ineffectual.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC PILE SPECIFIC, a simple sugar pill, two or three times per day, cures the disease by curing the condition upon which the disease depends. Hundred have been cured by it, even of the most obstinate cases. All will be promptly benefited by it. Price, 50 cents a box.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; do. in plain case, $4; case of fifteen boxes, and book, $2.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address

DR. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Sold by E. D. LAWALL, No. 21 West Hamilton Street, Allentown, Pa.

July 4, 1860. —1m


### LITERARY NOTICE.

ONE of the most interesting and useful publications which comes to our sanctum is the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, a weekly publication, devoted to popular science, new inventions, and the whole range of mechanic and manufacturing arts. The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN has been published for fifteen years by the well-known Patent Solicitors, Messrs. MUNN & Co., 37 Park Row, New York; and has yearly increased in interest and circulation, until it has attained, we understand, nearly 30,000 subscribers, which is the best of evidence that the publication is appreciated by the reading public.

To those of our readers who may not be familiar with the character of the paper, we will state some of the subjects of which it treats. Its illustrated descriptions of all the most important improvements in steam and agricultural machinery, will commend it to the Engine and Farmer, while the new household inventions and shop tools which are illustrated by engravings and described in its columns, with the practical receipts contained in every number, renders the work desirable to housekeepers, and almost indispensable to every mechanic or smith who has a shop for manufacturing new work, or repairing old.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is universally regarded as the inventor's advocate and monitor; the repository of American inventions, and the great authority on law, and all business connected with Patents. The Official List of Claims, as issued weekly from the Patent Office, in Washington, are published regularly in its columns. All the most important Patents issued by the United States Patent Office are illustrated and described on its pages, thus forming an unrivalled history of American inventions.

It is not only the best, but the largest and cheapest paper devoted to Science, Mechanics, Manufactures, and the Useful Arts published in the world. Hon. JUDGE MASON, formerly Commissioner of Patents, is not only engaged with the publishers in their immense Patent Agency department, but as a writer on Patent Laws and Practice, his ability is forcibly portrayed in the columns of this paper.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is published once a week, (every Saturday,) each number containing 16 pages of Letterpress, and from 10 to 12 original Engravings of New Inventions, consisting of the most improved Tools, Engines, Mills, Agricultural Machines and Household Utensils, making 52 numbers in a year, comprising 832 pages, and over 500 Original Engravings, printed on heavy, fine paper, in a form expressly for binding, and all for $2 per annum.

A New Volume commences on the 1st of July, and we hope a large number of our townsmen will avail themselves of the present opportunity to subscribe. By remitting $2 by mail to the publishers, MUNN & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, they will send you their paper one year, at the end of which time you will have a volume which you would not part with for treble its cost. The publishers express their willingness to mail a single copy of the paper to such a may wish to see it without charge.

July 4, 1860. —1t


### A Card to Young Ladies and Gentlemen.

THE subscriber will send (*free of charge*) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple *Vegetable Balm*, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, *Tan, Freckles*, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be—*soft, clear, smooth and beautiful*. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,) JAS. T. MARSHAL,

PRACTICAL CHEMIST,
No. 32 City Buildings, New York.

July 4, 1860. —3m


### Executors' Sale OF Valuable Real Estate.

WILL be sold at public vendue, on Saturday, the 21st of July, on the premises, the following valuable real estate, consisting of valuable lots of ground, situate in Upper Macungie township, Lehigh county, bounding on to public road leading from Allentown to Trexlertown, in the neighborhood of Trexlertown, adjoining lands of David Schall, Widow Haines and others, containing sixteen acres and several rods, divided into eight fields, well provided with fences, and in good condition. Thereon are erected a good two-story

STONE DWELLING HOUSE, a Swiss Barn, Shop, and other improvements; also a never failing well of water, and fruit trees of all varieties. In all respects it is one of the best, handsomest, and most valuable pieces of land in Lehigh county, and persons desirous of purchasing would do well to attend the sale.

Being the real estate of Edwin S. Humphrey, late of said township and county, deceased.

Conditions made known on the day of sale by

DAVID SCHADT, } Executors.
JOHN ALBRIGHT, }

June 27, 1860. —4t


### NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ALLENTOWN AND PHILADELPHIA

PASSENGERS for Philadelphia take L. V. R. R. trains passing Allentown at 5.55 A. M., and 5.10 P. M., make close connectipn with the trains of N. P. R. R. at Bethlehem, and arrive in Philadelphia at 8.30 A. M., and 7.40 P. M., respectively.

RETURNING.

Leave Front and Willow street, Philadelphia at 6.30 A. M., and 3 P. M., arriving in Allentown at 9.30 A. M., and 8.50 P. M., respectively.

LOCAL SCHEDULE.

[Three Through Trains Daily, Sundays Excepted.]

Passenger trains leave Front and Willow street, Philadelphia

For Bethlehem, at 6.30 A. M., 2.30 P. M., and 5.00 P. M.

For Doylestown at 9.00 A. M., and 4.00 P. M.

For Fort Washington at 10.30 A. M., and 6.50 P. M.

TRAINS FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Bethlehem at 5.53 A. M., 9.20 A. M., and 5.22 P. M.

Leave Doylestown at 7.30 A. M., and 4.15 P. M.

Fort Washington, 6.25 A. M., and 2.15 P. M.

Passengers for Doylestown take 9.20 A. M. train from Bethlehem and make close connection at Lansdale.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia for Bethlehem, at 8. A. M.

Leave Philadelphia for Doylestown, at 3 P. M.

Leave Doylestown for Philadelphia, at 6.40 P. M.

Leave Bethlehem for Philadelphia, at 5.00 P. M.

All Passenger Trains (except Sunday Trains, connect at Berks street, Philadelphia, with 5th and 6th street, and 2nd and 3rd street City Passenger Railways.

Fare—Allentown to Philadelphia, ..... $1 65

ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

July 4, 1860. —tf

### TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

Agricultural Machines and Implements,

JONATHAN W. KOCH,

CORNER of Fifth and Chew streets, Allentown, Pa., Manufacturer of all kinds of Agricultural Machines and Farming Implements, such as Weitknecht's Patent Threshing Machines, the best in existence, Corn Shellers; of all patents, Horse Powers, and in short any and every Implement needed in carrying on Farming operations. These Machines are warranted to be made of the best materials and in a durable manner, at prices *below* those of any imported machines. Farmers will therefore do well to take these facts into consideration and make an examination into the above facts before purchasing elsewhere. ☞ He also manufactures Rollers.

REPAIRING.—All kinds of repairing executed at short notice, in a durable manner. Don't forget to call before purchases are made elsewhere.

JONATHAN W. KOCH.

July 4, 1860. —3m

### THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARK'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

*Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.*

THIS invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstruction, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

*These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.*

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertions, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy do not contain iron calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada;

JOB MOSES, (Late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,)
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1,00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by John B. Moser and E. D. Lawall, and Druggists everywhere.

July 4, 1860. —1y

### RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

*The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing Sore Throat, &c., &c.*

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when preserved with according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are equally a blessing and a cure—none need despair no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed.

To VOCALISTS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS, these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times, increase the power and flexibility of the voice greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
Rochester, New York.

Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. B. Moser and E. D. Lawall, Allentown, and Druggists everywhere.

July 4, 1860. —1y


### State of the Allentown Bank.

JULY 2, 1860.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock, | $160,000 00 |
| Discount, | 2,697 52 |
| Circulation, | 201,695 00 |
| Deposits, | 88,009 51 |
| Due to Banks, | 16,455 70 |
| Unpaid dividends, | 1,777 60 |
| Contingent fund, | 6,500 00 |
| Profit and Loss, | 147 32 |
| | $477,282 65 |
| Bills discounted, | $323,356 03 |
| Judgments, | 4,806 17 |
| Due by Banks, | 58,135 85 |
| *Notes and Checks of other Banks, | 27,453 70 |
| Coin, | 51,529 94 |
| Real Estate, | 9,000 00 |
| Suspense account, | 2,248 80 |
| Protest and Expenses, | 252 16 |
| | $477,282 65 |

*Notes and Checks on other Banks are equivalent to specie.

I certify that the above is a true exhibit of the actual condition of the Bank on said day

CHARLES W. COOPER, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed July 2, 1860, before me,

E. MOSS, Justice of the Peace.

July 4, 1860 —1t

### BRIDGE ELECTION.

A MEETING of the Association, known as the "President, Directors and Company for the erection of a bridge over the Lehigh river near the borough of Allentown," will be held at the public house of Moses Schneck, in said borough, on the first Monday of August next, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a President, four Directors, and Treasurer, to serve for the coming year. At the same time the Treasurer will present to the stockholders a statement of the affairs of the company.

EPHRAIM GRIM, President.

July 4, 1860. —4t


### DR. THEODORE C. YEAGER,

FORMERLY a private office student of Dr. C. L. Martin and graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, announces to the citizens of Allentown and vicinity that he has opened an office No. 52 East Hamilton street, directly opposite Lewis Schmidt & Co.'s Drug Store, where he is ready by day or by night to render his professional services to all afflicted.

April 25, 1860. —tf

### DR. O. PHELPS BROWN'S ACACIAN BALSAM

FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, COUGHS, COLDS, & GENERAL DEBILITY, &c.

This remedy is offered as affording a means of speedy cure for the large number that die annually in our land of that fell scourge, Consumption, to which, unfortunately, so many predisposing causes exist. Youth and age are alike subject to its ravages.

EVERY PERSON

can name one or more of his acquaintances who is subject to some form of lung or throat complaint, which, if not attended to in season, inevitably consigns the sufferer to a premature grave. To such, help is at hand if they will but avail themselves of it, and hope,—the harbinger of brighter days,—may be awakened without fear of chilling disappointment. Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN'S ACACIAN BALSAM does just what is claimed for it, and may be relied upon by the sick as being the most successful in curing lung and throat disorders, of any remedy known at the present day. The many phases assumed by Consumption justifies the apprehension of those who have reason to fear its approach, either from constitutional or hereditary tendency.

While the discoverer of this remedy does not believe that people should be constantly dosing themselves with medicines

TO PREVENT SICKNESS,

there are many cases where disease is too long allowed to remain unchecked in the system; and a slight cough, regarded at first as simply an annoyance, ceases only with the life of the patient. An impure state of the blood, through debilitation of the lungs, fills the system with morbid humors, and pulsation becomes feeble or accelerated to a feverish intensity—the heart, liver, and kidneys, separately performing functions of vital necessity to our well-being, are impeded in their regular action—the digestive organs fail in their task, and refuse to perform the process of separating the nutritious elements from food, and the whole mental being is well-nigh ready to sink under the burden of life. The patient so afflicted, accounts his case a complication of disorders, and often refuses to resort to medication, from his thorough disbelief in any prospect of cure. To such

TASK THE TRIAL

of the ACACIAN BALSAM, as thoroughly worthy the confidence of all. Every symptom of Consumption is surely and permanently eradicated by its use. Its effects are none other but strengthening and renovating to the entire system. Bronchitis, Asthma, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility, are effectually cured by its use. Night Sweats, Loss of Flesh, and Wasting away of the Muscles, Loss of Appetite, Soreness of the Throat, Chest, and Lungs, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, Difficulty of Breathing—all these affections disappear in an incredibly short time after using Dr. O. Phelps Brown's Acacian Balsam.

It nourishes and strengthens the patient who is too much reduced to partake of ordinary food. It heals all internal sores, tubercles, and inflammation. It strengthens, braces, and revitalizes the brain, and is without a rival as a tonic, supplying electricity or magnetic force to every part of the enfeebled and prostrate body. It needs no lengthy trial to convince any that the ACACIAN BALSAM is truly the greatest remedy of the day, as its beneficial qualities are fully apparent in eight-and-forty hours after trial.

Let the invalid, then, no longer delay, but make the trial, and the result will surely be of the most gratifying character.

The ACACIAN BALSAM is prepared with the greatest care, and the best materials. No pains or expense are spared to make it what it is—the best known remedy of the age. It may be taken by either sex of all ages, and at all seasons, with perfect safety; and it is none the less powerful in conquering those diseases which sap the foundation and destroy the lives of so many in our midst. Every family should have it, and regard it as a household treasure.

Descriptive pamphlets given to all who apply to my agents.

PRICE $2 PER BOTTLE

PREPARED ONLY BY Dr. O. Phelps Brown (No. 21) GRAND ST. JERSEY CITY, N. J.

LEWIS SCHMIDT & CO., Sole Agents for Lehigh county. [July 4, 1860.—1y

### GOOD.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

ALTHOUGH the nation is convulsed from centre to circumference with the news of the Great Prize Fight, and many of the noblest patriots of the land are alarmed and filled with apprehension for the safety of the Benicia Boy, and while it behooves every philanthropist, whether Heenan be the champion of the world or not, to do his utmost for his country's valor, the undersigned, in order to settle the whole question, hereby announces that he has entered into voluntary servitude to the public in general, and his friends in particular, whereby this community at least may rest secure as to the supply of their most pressing wants.

Horeabout Prize Fighting is a novelty, but it is a practical matter, which everybody can understand, to be able to procure at very low rates, the best, the neatest, the easiest and cheapest

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters AND SLIPPERS.

That can be procured anywhere this side of Cape Horn.

BOOT HALL IS THE PLACE.

No. 9 South Seventh street, Allentown, Pa., opposite the office of Dr. T. H. Martin, where you can purchase Boots and Shoes cheaper than anywhere else

FOR THE PEWTER.

And now whether one Convention has adjourned and the other organized or not, let it be sounded abroad that Boot Hall is fully organized, committees appointed and ready for business with

JAMES LUCAS, in the Chair.

June 20, 1860. —tf

### Carriage Manufactory.

THE undersigned hereby informs the public that he keeps constantly on hand at his Carriage Manufactory at Schneeksville, Lehigh County, Carriages of all descriptions, which he is prepared to furnish at the lowest rates. This carriage manufactory has been long established and is well known in this entire section of the county. None but the best materials are used, and the best workmen employed.—Persons calling can at all times have a large variety, from which to select. Orders for new carriages promptly filled. Repairs made at the shortest notice. By prompt attention to business the subscriber expects to increase that liberal patronage, with which he has already been favored by the public.

JONATHAN HESS.

Schneeksville, February 29, 1860 —tf


### Auditor's Notice.

SEAL IN the Orphan's Court of Lehigh county. In the matter of the account of Henry Henritze and George Handwerk, administrator of the estate of John George Handwerk, late of Washington township, Lehigh county, deceased.

And now April 6, 1860, the Court appoint Samuel J. Kistler, Esq., an auditor to audit and make distribution according to law.

From the Records.

Teste:—BOAS HAUSMAN, Clerk.

The above named auditor will attend to the duties of his appointment at the public house of Thomas Breusinger, in Slate Dale, Lehigh county, on Saturday the 7th of July, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons interested can attend if they think proper.

June 13, 1860. —4t


WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!!

### RURTON & LANING,

MANUFACTURES AND IMPORTERS,

NO. 602 ARCH STREET, PHILA.,

Where may be found the largest and handsomest assortment in the city.

☞ Purchasers from the country will find it to their advantage to call at our store, where they will be suited with a superior article at the lowest prices.

BURTON & LANING.

Allentown April 25, 1860. 3m

### Valuable Stock of Store Goods for Sale.

A VALUABLE STOCK of Store Goods, together with a Private Dwelling House and Store room, is offered for sale. The stand is located in a thriving village, surrounded by public works, where a large number of hands are employed, and surrounded by a rich agricultural community. The stand is one of the best in the county. The Store room is conveniently arranged, and during last year a business of over $15,000 has been done.

Further information can be received by applying at the office of the "LEHIGH REGISTER."

June 27, 1860. —4t

PURE OHIO

### CATAWBA BRANDY,

ED. LAWALL, sole agent for the county.—Price per bottle $1.25, by the case $10.

Allentown, July 11. —tf

### PEALE'S COURT OF DEATH.

THE most elaborate and noted work of Art ever painted by an American Artist, is the "COURT OF DEATH," by REMBRANDT PEALE. This painting covers 312 square feet of canvass—contains 23 Life Size Figures, and has never been valued at less than

☞ 25,000 Dollars.

It has been gazed upon with admiration and delight by tens of thousands. The subscriber has purchased the painting, and issued a splendid

Chromo Lithographic Engraving

Of it, presenting a perfect FACSIMILE COPY of the original painting, WITH ALL ITS BEAUTIFUL COLORS.

The size of the Engraving is 23 by 31 inches, and the price ($1,) for which it is offered, is only *one-fifth* the usual price of similar works—100,000—being issued instead of 5,000, the usual number. The home of every family in the land, should be adorned with this picture; *as* besides its beauty as an ornament, the lesson it teaches, illustrating the evils of *Intemperance* and *War*, and the end of a good—a *Christian Life* are invaluable. Mr. PEALE says of the Engraving: "I can certify that it is an accurate and admirable copy of the Original Painting." Testimonials without number, have been received from distinguished Clergymen in praise of the Engraving. Many who receive it, say they would not part with it for ten times its cost, if they could not procure another.

Clergymen and Church Societies supplied in quantities of not less than 20 copies at a time, on liberal terms.

Terms for 1 copy, $1 and 4 letter stamps, or 5 copies for $4 without stamps. For a letter of Agency stating special terms, and 1 copy, $1 and 6 letter stamps, sent in strong rools by return mail, with a description. If $4 or more is sent in a letter, get a draft, or have the letter registered. Write the *Name, Town, County* and *State* plainly. Address

G. Q. COLTON,

P. O., Box 3391. No. 37 Park Row, New-York.

June 20, 1860. —13t

DR. ESENWEIN'S

TAR AND WOOD NAPTHA PECTORAL,

Is the best MEDICINE in the world for the CURE of Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing Palpitation of the Heart, Diptheria.

*For the relief of patients in the advanced stages of* CONSUMPTION, TOGETHER WITH ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND CHEST, AND WHICH PREDISPOSE TO CONSUMPTION.

It is peculiarly adapted to the radical cure of Asthma.

BEING *prepared* by a *practical* PHYSICIAN and Druggist, and one of *great experience* in the *cure* of the various *diseases* to which the *Human frame is liable.*

It is offered to the afflicted with the *greatest confidence.*

TRY IT and be convinced that it is invaluable in the *cure of Bronchial affections. Price 50 cents per Bottle.*

ESENWEIN'S AROMATIC BALSAM,—A very valuable remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus and all Bow