

ABRAM LINCOLN, OF ILLINOIS.

HANNIBAL HAMLIN, OF MAINE.

Col. Andrew G. Curtin, OF CENTRE COUNTY.

Pennsylvania and the Tariff.

The treasury of the Democratic party to the tariff interests of Pennsylvania was never so fully exposed, as at present. With but a few exceptions the Democratic members of the House voted against Morrill's tariff bill. When the measure reached the Senate, in which a solid column the Democratic Senators showed a disposition to defeat the bill and finally postponed the consideration of the question to December next, rather than openly defeat it. A friend of their action; they finally re-considered their motion to postpone, only however to adjourn without making a single vote toward the passage of a measure of such vital importance to Pennsylvania interests. A tariff resolution was secured at a National Democratic Convention at Charleston, and the Pennsylvania member, who offered the resolution sat quietly down in his seat, and nothing further was heard of the question. The Republican members of the House and the Senate heavily sustained the tariff bill, which the people of Pennsylvania approved, passed the measure through the House, and would have done the like in the Senate, if but a few Democrats could have been brought to support to insure a majority in that body. The Republican party has inserted a tariff plank in their platform and nominated a candidate for the Presidency, who in his whole lifetime has been a supporter of the great doctrine of his political friend, Henry Clay, protection to American industry. The consideration of the subject of tariff alone should insure an unopposed majority in Pennsylvania for "honest old Abe." We believe that it will. As in 1858, so in 1860 the delegation of Congressmen from Pennsylvania, is destined to be almost, if not entirely, a unit in support of the Republican party. Such will be the case, we believe in almost every Northern State. Not a vestige will be left of the Democratic Party in the Northern States, and Douglas in the Southern States will be compelled to succumb to Breckenridge and Bell.

What a Democratic Did?

No person, who has carefully watched the proceedings of Congress during the past session, can fail to notice the difference between the conduct of the Senate and the lower branch of our National Legislature. The House lost nearly three months in attempting to elect a Speaker, whilst the Senate was ready for the transaction of business. The Senate is smaller body and should be able more speedily to dispatch legislative business. Yet during the session the House has always passed the bill admitting Kansas into the Union; the Senate refused to take any action on the matter. The House passed a Home-Steal bill; the Senate refused to ratify the one passed by the House, and a compromise was patched up, which the President vetoed. It was doubtless known, that the President would veto the bill, but the Democratic party did not dare to assume the responsibility of defeating the measure. The House passed a tariff bill. The Senate first decided to postpone the consideration of the question until December next, whilst subsequently Senator Bigler had the motion reconsidered and then packed off to Baltimore, neglected the matter and nothing was done. Thus the Senate and the President have been a dead weight upon the government, preventing action upon the most important subjects, calling for Congressional action. We leave our readers to infer, into the hands of which party the government for the coming four years can be committed with most safety, the Republican or the Democratic Party.

Return of Hon. Henry C. Longnecker.

The Hon. Henry C. Longnecker, the Representative from this Congressional District, returned from Washington on Wednesday evening last. His many friends, in testimony of their approval of his career in Congress, determined to give him a warm and hearty greeting. A meeting of the Central Republican Club was held the evening of his arrival at "Head Quarters," and after an able address from Prof. Gregory, a large concourse of the members of the Club and of the citizens generally accompanied by the Allentown Brass Band, proceeded to the American Hotel, where Mr. Longnecker was stopping. In response to a serenade Mr. Longnecker in elegant language thanked the citizens for the hearty manner, in which they had welcomed him home, spoke of the gratitude he felt for the acts of friendship toward him on the part of the citizens of Allentown from the time, when he came in our midst a stranger and almost friendless, until in 1858, he was honored with an election as the Representative of the Seventh Congressional District in Congress. Reference was had to the emotions of pleasure, which were aroused, when once more in returning from the labors of Congressional life, care-worn by the trials and excitements of the Capitol, he breathed the invigorating air of the pure and beautiful atmosphere of our Lehigh Valley.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—The Carbon Democrat

has passed from the hands of its recent Editor, Wm. O. Struthers, Esq., into the Editorial charge of George Bull, Esq. The Democrat, of Saturday last, had neither the name of Douglas or Breckenridge at the head of its columns, and is ominously dark upon this subject, now so important to Democrats. The new Editor, in his inaugural, calls his readers to rally for the power of Jefferson! and to rally for the security of the bonds at Mount Vernon and Monticello! Such would be our own advice likewise. Although the language of the Democrat is rather mysterious, we judge, from a tirade against Col. J. W. Forney, in an article, headed: "The Political Arnold," that the Democrat is inclined to support Breckenridge.

How LINCOLN CAN BE DEFEATED.—The New York Herald, the leading supporter of Buchanan's Administration, last week stated, that the only way to defeat Lincoln was to take from him the State of New York, and propose, as a plan to effect this, a fusion of the Bell, Breckenridge and Douglas men on a single electoral ticket. To carry this plan successfully through, \$1,000,000 would have to be raised by the Capitalists of New York City. Our readers may see, that its hope of Democratic success are but slight, and that, to carry the election for the Democratic Party, would require a repetition of the feats of 1856, on a larger scale, with a far larger capital.

SEE THE GREAT EASTERN.—One dollar will be charged for an opportunity of boarding and inspecting the Great Eastern.

Horrible Tragedy in New York.—Two Shot Dead.

As Mr. John Walton, a wealthy Distiller of New York, was returning home on Saturday night of last week, at about ten o'clock, from his place of business, in company with a cousin by the name of Richard H. Russell, a man was seen standing behind a tree along the side walk. They had scarcely passed, when a pistol was discharged into the breast of Walton, bringing him to the earth. The person, bringing the pistol, ran off pursued by Russell, and others, who heard the alarm of murder. Pursuit was made for a short time, when the murderer turned on his pursuers, fired his pistol, killing almost instantly John W. Matthews, a railroad contractor, who had joined in the pursuit. The murderer was arrested by this circumstance and the murderer managed to effect his escape. Mr. Walton was taken to the Hospital, but soon died. A pistol was subsequently found, whose bore corresponded to the wound in the persons of the two dead men, and was doubtless the weapon, with which the mischief was perpetrated. Domestic difficulties are supposed to have been the cause of the murder. We copy from the New York Tribune.

The History of the Case.

Some time ago Mr. Walton married a widow lady named Ellen M. Russell, who was at that time the keeper of a boarding house in this city. Lately the Supreme Court has been engaged in trying a suit for separation from bed and board, which was instituted by the said Mrs. Russell. The ground on which this application was based was cruel and inhuman treatment, which rendered it unsafe for her to live with her husband. The case was taken up for trial on the 4th inst. at which time decision was reserved. At the time the marriage between Mr. Walton and the Widow Russell took place, she represented to him that she had previously been married, and that her first husband was dead. Her first husband was a Col. Jeffers, by whom she had two children both of whom are now alive, the eldest being 22 years of age and the youngest 18. Her second husband was a Mr. Russell, who she said she had one boy named Frank Russell, now 12 years of age. She further stated that she had adopted her sister's child, a daughter, four months and that the infant was then residing in the country. She concealed from Mr. Walton the fact that she had an intermediate husband between Mr. Jeffers and Mr. Russell. Mr. Walton had never married a great while before, and he was ignorant of the character of the woman to whom he was united. So far from her two husbands being dead he ascertained that one at least was still living, a divorce having been obtained. He also ascertained the fact that the infant was then residing in the country. She concealed from Mr. Walton the fact that she had an intermediate husband between Mr. Jeffers and Mr. Russell. Mr. Walton had never married a great while before, and he was ignorant of the character of the woman to whom he was united. So far from her two husbands being dead he ascertained that one at least was still living, a divorce having been obtained. He also ascertained the fact that the infant was then residing in the country. She concealed from Mr. Walton the fact that she had an intermediate husband between Mr. Jeffers and Mr. Russell.

WHAT THE BALTIMORIANS THINK OF THE BALTIMORE CONVENTION.—The citizens of Baltimore, it would seem, have not formed the most favorable opinion of the Democratic Party, if the character of the Party is to be judged from the Representatives of the Party, assembled in that city. The Baltimore Patriot notices the Convention, as follows:

"The scenes, that have been enacted in our midst, since Monday last—the daily scuffles and nightly broils—the quarrels, dissensions, and fights—the drunkenness, gambling, profanity, and other respectable conduct, which has been visible for the past week—must, we think, lead all men to rejoice that the end is near. The peace of the city has been disturbed only by those non-residents, who were sent here to produce harmony and peace. Men occupying high positions, members of Congress, have been arrested for open breaches of the peace and public decorum. Street fights have occurred almost every day. Pistols have been exhibited, dirk-knives used, and in an undisciplined and lawless manner, the citizens of Baltimore have seen to their hearts content, or perhaps it would be better to say, to the stomach's disgust, the kind of men who, in a civil struggle, are the enemies of the Republic. It may be supposed and on very good grounds, that we contemplate the near prospect of the dissolution and dispersion of such a Convention. We really think that no greater good fortune could befall the country than the final disruption and scattering of the Democratic Conspiracy. And we are not alone in this. We can quote the testimony of "good" Democrats in this behalf—in behalf of the facts upon which we think this disruption would be a benefit, if not to show that the Convention's and the Party's dispersion might be an advantage, to the country."

ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT EASTERN.—The Great Eastern, the largest vessel ever built, and possibly the largest, which ever may be built, arrived at New York, on Thursday last, after a trip of eleven days. The engines were not permitted to be worked to their full capacity, out of caution for the safety of the vessel on her first voyage. It is expected, that on her return to England, the voyage may be made in eight or nine days. The Great Eastern has a tonnage of 22,500 tons, is 680 feet in length, 83 feet broad, and the deck of the vessel is about 60 feet above the water. The vessel is now lying in the foot of Hammond street, New York, where she will remain for about six weeks, during which time she will be kept for the inspection of visitors. It is expected, that a large amount may be realized from the fee, charged for admission to the vessel. It is expected, that the Great Eastern will be kept for the purpose of carrying passengers, between New York and England.—The original design, in her construction, of carrying freight between England and the East Indies, has been abandoned, on account of her not holding coal enough for the outward and return trip.

ANOTHER GARRIBER QUOTATION.—In one of

late issues of the Allentown Democrat appeared the following: "Honest Quotation.—The Springfield Republican honestly confesses that in Massachusetts 'Republicanism is so dead, that as a party we really lack the stimulus to a healthy excitement.' In order that our readers may see how correctly the Editor quotes, we copy the following statement of what the Springfield Republican actually did say: "The Democratic party is so dead here, and everything but Republicanism is so dead, that as a party, we really lack the stimulus to a healthy excitement."

FOR BRECKENRIDGE AND LANE.—The Gazette and Democrat and Reading Advertiser, the two organs of the Democracy in Berks county, have hoisted the names of Breckenridge and Lane. The Gazette in doing so, states, that it represents the wishes of a large majority of the Democracy of Berks county. We believe such to be the case. We believe, that the organs of the Democracy in this county will find before the election, that the majority of the Democracy of Lehigh are on the side of Breckenridge and Lane.

INDIANA FOR LINCOLN.—Hon. Jesse D. Bright

democratic Senator from Indiana, frankly admits, that Indiana will be carried for Lincoln by a large majority.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The population of Bethlehem Borough is about 4,000.

It is said that the hay crop, throughout this County, will be a very heavy one, this year.

SMALL POX.—This dreadful disease is raging in many families in some parts of our neighboring county, Bucks.

BREKSTLE WOKK DOWN.—The treadle work at our Lehigh Valley Railroad road depot, near Easton, was knocked down Wednesday morning by a blast.

GOING TO EUROPE.—Robert H. Sayers, the Superintendent of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, intends leaving Bethlehem shortly for a tour in Europe, for the benefit of his health.

STORM.—The Storm, on Friday afternoon last, was quite violent in some parts of our County. In Catawissa, trees were blown down, sheds unroofed and other damage done, although not of a serious character.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.—We call attention to the card of Mr. Jonathan Koch, of our Borough, to be found in another column. Mr. Koch is a manufacturer of all kinds of farming implements, and does repairing at short notice. Give him a call.

EXCURSION TRAINS ON THE LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.—Excursion tickets

to New York will be issued on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, next, and will give an opportunity of seeing the Great Eastern.

At a meeting of the Young America Horse Company No. 1 the following officers were elected for the ensuing year. President, Edward P. Smith; Vice President, W. J. Wiegman; Secretary, A. M. Springer; Assistant Secretary, George Moser; Treasurer, T. S. P. Reiss; Foreman, T. H. Schrair.

ACCIDENT.—Our townsman, Dr. A. Stout, met with an accident which might have been fatal. Whilst driving near Santee's Mill in his conveyance, his horse got his leg over the shaft, and then ran off, tearing the top of his conveyance and otherwise injuring it.

BADLY BURNED.—Miss Hannah Fessler of North Whitehall aged about 18 years, purchased a ticket of Messrs. Simple & Erdman, and accidentally spilled some of the fluid on her clothing. Returning home, whilst lighting a lamp, her clothing caught, and her body was badly burnt.

DEATH OF A MEMBER OF THE BAR.—George W. Yates, Esq., a well-known member of the bar of Northampton county, died at his residence on Friday last. His funeral was held at the residence of Messrs. Simple & Erdman, and was attended by a large concourse of the Masonic Fraternity and of citizens generally.

FIRE AT HASTON.—The large stable of the Red Line Transportation Company at Easton, was consumed by fire on Saturday evening last. Eleven mules and one horse died in the flames. It is supposed that the fire was the work of an incendiary, who is supposed to be called shut, when the fire was discovered.

THE FOURTH.—The anniversary of our National Independence is to be appropriately celebrated at Siegfried's Bridge. We are glad to know that the spirit of '76 has not entirely vanished from the limits of our county. W. H. Atney, Esq., of this place will deliver the oration on the occasion. There will be a fine display of fireworks in the evening.

ENCAMPMENT AT BETHLEHEM.—The National Guards, Capt. Lyle, of Philadelphia, will leave the city on the coming Thursday, for their proposed encampment, at Bethlehem. The Camp will be of instruction, and will be under strict military rule. The Guards in camp will be divided into four companies. On Thursday at two o'clock the Guards will be received by the 2nd Infantry Battalion of Northampton county.

DEATH OF AN OLD SOLDIER.—Valentine Diky, a Soldier in the War of 1812, died in this Borough, on Monday last, in the 73rd year of his age. Mr. D. was a member of the Company that marched from Easton and were stationed at Marcus Hook, in the last war with England. His remains were interred with military honors, yesterday afternoon.—Easton Sentinel.

COAL AND IRON.—The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company brought down for the week ending Saturday the 23rd inst., 15,000 tons of coal, against 9,384 tons for corresponding week of last year, making for the season, commencing December 1st, 407,487 tons, against 295,225 tons for corresponding period last year, being an increase of 172,261 tons of coal to date. 1-600 tons of pig iron were also carried over the road by the week ending same date.

DEATH OF THE NEW JERSEY PAT MAN.—Our readers will remember the item we published a short time ago, describing the preparation of a very fat man residing near the High Bridge on the New Jersey Central Railroad. We learn now that he died last week. He was the fattest man in Hunterdon county, and perhaps in the whole State. His wife was a very large woman, weighing about four hundred pounds, is still living.

QUIT HOUSE OF NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.—A number of the citizens of Easton, dissatisfied with the location of the Court House by the County Commissioners in West Ward so far remote from the centre of the town, applied to the Court of Common Pleas, on Friday last for an injunction to prevent the Commissioners from proceeding to work toward the erection of the new Court House.—We understand that a temporary injunction has been granted.

JUNIOR SONS.—At a regular stated meeting of W. C. No. 63, J. S. of A., the following officers were elected for the ensuing quarter: Wm. J. Grim; P. P. Albert; Wm. Kern; T. S. R. Weiser; M. C. Abraham; J. Springer; R. S. Jacob; A. Blumer; A. R. S. Henry; W. C. S. Luther; Mennig; T. Wilson; J. Wiedler; C. Milton; H. Danlap; J. G. W. Smith; G. George Moser; B. C. C. J. A. Blumer; Ch. L. Mennig; and A. M. Springer.

MUZZLED.—We notice a dog on the street recently muzzled. The owner of that canine is a good citizen, and his example should be generally followed, without waiting for the ordinance to be enforced. The country is over-run with mad dogs and there is no telling how soon they may make their appearance in our town. All owners of canines, therefore, who dislike the idea of confining them, should at least, restrain the "liberty of the bite," by muzzling them at once.

How women do admire weddings!—not their own merely, but anybody's! How they attend the marriages! "Just see the ceremony, you know." Then what animated descriptions of the whole affair, what glowing accounts of what the bride "had on." What criticism in the bride's dress, what an immense amount of simper, and giggle and prattle—all because two young inoffensive people are going, in a legal and orderly way, to set up householding. Funny, isn't it?

LINCOLN GRAND MARCH.—is the title of a new piece of music just issued. The title page is illustrated with an excellent lithograph of the President of the United States, "Honest Old Abe," which is worth the price of the piece. Of the music we cannot speak; but, however good it may be, we doubt that the grand march will be the success of the White House on the 4th of March next, will produce more joy in the land than any march that has been produced for many years.

THE CENSUS.—Through the kindness of Mr. Jacob Bechtel, we have been furnished

with the following statement of the Census of the 4th and 5th Wards of the Borough of Easton, taken at the part of 1st Ward, north of Hamilton Street.

Fourth Ward. Whole population, 1167. White Males, 582. White Females, 585. Children at School during the year, 233. Married within the year, 12. Cannot read or write, 12. Deaf and dumb, 1. Born within the year, 24. No. of Families, 224.

Fifth Ward. Whole population, 1607. White Males, 792. White Females, 815. Children at School during the year, 329. Married within the year, 15. Cannot read or write, 12. Deaf and dumb, 1. Born within the year, 32. No. of Families, 329.

Sixth Ward. Whole population, 1647. White Males, 828. White Females, 819. Children at School during the year, 389. Married within the year, 15. Cannot read or write, 6. Deaf and dumb, 1. Born within the year, 32. No. of Families, 329.

Seventh Ward. Whole population, 1772,000. White Males, 873. White Females, 900. Children at School during the year, 409. Married within the year, 15. Cannot read or write, 6. Deaf and dumb, 1. Born within the year, 32. No. of Families, 329.

POSTMASTER REMOVED.—Mr. Sylvester Giering was removed, as Post-master of Emmaus Borough, a week or so since, and Shoenaker appointed in his stead. Shoenaker was appointed Postmaster of Emmaus last April. Giering is a lame man and unable to earn a livelihood by work. It appears, that Giering was not sufficiently orthodox in his political faith, and so a few Democrats have taken advantage of his infirmities, and have petitioned the citizens of Emmaus, or any knowledge, on their part, of the proposed change, had him removed. It might be well to remind gentlemen, disposed to be so exact in matters of this kind, that "honest old Abe" is to be inaugurated President on the fourth of March next, and that some other persons may then have a word to say, as to who are to be Postmasters in the different offices, in the County.

DROWNED.—On Saturday morning a boatman by the name of Thomas McAnaw, was drowned in the Lehigh, near Easton. It is supposed the accident occurred while shoving his boat from the tow-path preparatory to starting on his trip, for which his boat had just been loaded. The body was recovered in a few hours after the accident, and an inquest was held by G. L. Staples, Esq., who summoned a jury, and a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.—The deceased was a single man, and we are sorry to hear that he was not accompanied by his neighbors in White Haven, in which place he resided.

CRYSTAL SPRINGS.—This pleasant Summer retreat has again changed hands and has been purchased by the late Mr. John F. Gouindie. The former proprietor, Mr. John F. Gouindie, has sold the good will and fixtures to Mr. Edward Haven, of this place. We are glad to see the improvements made, and can assure all, that it is now in a better condition, than it ever was. As there will be no public celebration of the 4th, in our Borough, Mr. H. has made preparations to have a grand display of fireworks in the evening, and after that, Grand Ball. All lovers of fun are respectfully invited to be present; he has engaged good music, a good police force to keep order, and all those who will not obey, will be driven from the premises.

THE TIME TO GATHER HERBS.—Everybody who has an herb bed in the garden, or who has a patch of ground, where a few dried herbs should see to securing them in the beginning of this month, or at least the middle of the month. The right time to gather herbs for drying, or other purposes, is when they are just beginning to come into flower. Then they possess their peculiar virtues in a higher degree than at any other period.

When cut, do not lay them in the sun, as the excessive heat will cause them to wither rapidly; the leaves and stems become brittle, and the slightest blow will cause them to fall off and be lost. Let them be laid in the shade and carefully protected from the rain or any dampness.

CAPITOLAS.—The ladies in the cities are beginning to appear in a new dress, being a sort of straw hat with pendant feathers; and we have noticed one or two of them on our streets. It is really becoming, and called after the heroine of Mrs. Southworth's novelette of the Hidden Hand; being the same as worn by Mrs. Blandy in the play of the same name. On the younger class of girls they look decidedly handsome, apropos, and becoming; but give rather a bold and brazen look to those maidens who have survived the perils which environ twenty years ago to the present day. Altogether, the Capitolas hat is a great invention and very applicable to the summer solstice.

MILITARY PIC NIG.—The public celebration of the Fourth, in our Borough, having been abandoned, the three Military Companies of the Borough will celebrate the day at Eberhart's woods, in Salisbury township. We understand the members of the Companies will provide themselves with tables for the day, and that arrangements have been made to accommodate all such as delight in the pleasures of the day, by the way of pic-nicking. We have signified their intention of being present. The Declaration of Independence will be read and a number of orations delivered.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—The North Pennsylvania Railroad Company have made some changes in their trains, and added one to the number running over the road, so that there are now three through trains from Bethlehem, two of them leaving at 5:53 and 9:20 A. M., and the third at 5:22 P. M. Under the new arrangements close connections are made with the trains of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, so that our citizens can visit Philadelphia and return without losing as much time as heretofore. The time table will be found in another column.

MORE IRON FURNACES.—The Thomas Iron Company of Hookedunqua, on Saturday last, awarded the contract for the erection of two new furnaces to Samuel McHenry, of our Borough. The two furnaces of the Thomas Iron Company, already erected, we believe, are the largest stacks in the Lehigh Valley, and are the largest ever erected in this country. These, together with the new stack now being erected by the Lehigh Valley Iron Company and the new one to be erected at Bethlehem, will make four new stacks for the Lehigh Valley erected this season.

DROWNED.—Two strangers, man and wife, aged about thirty years, were drowned in the Lehigh canal, near Siegfried's bridge, on Sunday last. They started to take a short trip up the canal, on a coal boat, and on returning, the husband, in endeavoring to pass from one boat to another, fell into the water. The wife jumped in after her husband to rescue him and both were drowned. The names of the persons are unknown, nor is it known, for certain, whence they came, although they are supposed to be from New Jersey. It is said that both were intoxicated at the time of the accident.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.—A large and

well attended meeting was held on Saturday evening, June the 30th, 1860, at the public house of Clouser & Scheidt, in North White-

On motion, Mr. John Hess was elected Chairman, and Messrs. Jacob Lindeman, Elmer S. Knapp, Franklin P. Mickle and Lewis D. Steckel were appointed Vice Presidents. Lewis D. Steckel was appointed Secretary. After the meeting had been fully organized, the Chairman introduced Lewis D. Steckel, Esq., to address the audience.

He rose on the stage, and addressed the citizens in the German and English languages in which he discussed the slavery question, the tariff and the homestead bill, and very plainly showed the advantages and disadvantages of each. During the course of his delivery, the citizens listened with profound interest, and at the conclusion of his address, wrung the air with loud applause.

After he had concluded his remarks, Mr. Edmund F. Steckel addressed the audience in the English language. He spoke on the subject "Duties and Responsibilities of voters"; also on the tariff, slavery and the homestead bill. His delivery was clear, and an energetic. Loud applause followed his conclusion.

He was followed by Lewis D. Hecker, who spoke on the corruptions of our Government, and on the necessity of voting for honest, capable and laboring men. The speech was received with loud applause and the citizens voted for their respective homes highly satisfied with the proceedings of the evening.

From this we judge, that Lehigh County will be up and doing, during this present political campaign. The citizens begin to feel the interest of a higher protective tariff, and the necessity of eradicating that corruption which has undisciplined many of the departments of power, and stamped its stains indelibly upon the Government. They also begin to feel, that it is their duty to raise a list on their guard, for every day, territories from being overgrown by the light of slavery, and the fruits of that blessed soil to be wrung out by the impoverishing hands of the negro slave.

In conclusion, we hope, that this spirit may animate the Republicans, throughout the length and breadth of our land, and the result be a great and glorious victory.

A REPUBLICAN.

BOGUS CENSUS TAKERS.—We notice in several of our exchanges accounts of sharp operators, who, under pretence of being census takers, gain access to and rob dwellings. It may be well enough for persons of our country to be on their guard, for every day, territories from being overgrown by the light of slavery, and the fruits of that blessed soil to be wrung out by the impoverishing hands of the negro slave.

These are ever ready to sly upon their trues. They are now engaged in "taking the census," as well as articles of a more substantial character. Almost every day, we see the Deputy United States Marshals charged with the task of census-taking, a class of sharpers, having in their possession a book and pamphlet similar to the kind used by the Marshals in their official capacity, and they are in business and private residences in the southern section of the city, and after asking the usual questions purloined whatever they could lay their hands on. The trick was not discovered until the genuine census-taker made his appearance and in many cases a most disagreeable delay has been occasioned by persons who refuse to answer his questions, declaring that the proper officer had already paid them a visit. The bogus deputy, who is not the genuine, places the officer in a position in which he is liable to be insulted and subjected to suspicion.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY IN LEHIGH COUNTY.—A week or so before the close of the Session of Congress, the Committee on Military Affairs of the House, of which the Hon. Henry C. Longnecker, Representative from this District, is a member, introduced a bill into the House of Representatives, for the purpose of establishing a National Foundry in Lehigh county. The bill could not be reached, owing to the accumulation of business, and will therefore be placed on the calendar at the close of the session of Congress. Considering that Reading, Harrisburg, Lebanon, Pittsburg and other places in Pennsylvania, were endeavoring to secure a National Foundry, we may think that the establishment of one in Lehigh county is a matter of some importance. The location of the Foundry, it is in the immediate neighborhood of the Carbon Coal-regions, whilst in the valley of the Lehigh the best of charcoal and Anthracite coal are manufactured. Its facilities for communication with New York and Philadelphia, would be additional recommendations. We believe that with proper effort a National Foundry could be secured for Lehigh county, and we believe that the Representative from this District has taken steps in urging a measure, which must, if carried through, prove so highly beneficial to Lehigh county.

SANITARY MEASURES.—As we are now fairly in the heated term, it behooves all who have any regard for their own health or the general good, to take active measures for the removal of every cause that may manufacture disease. A due attention to cleanliness about your premises will be a good investment, saving the trifling cost a dozen times during the summer. Getting up against the clean, cellar, cleaning out the garbage removed from the back alleys and not allowed to again accumulate. If practicable, water, the great purifier, should everywhere have free course, and the premises to be kept as free as your dwelling in the evening would add much to comfort as well as lessening the chances of disease. Chloride of lime, slaked lime, dissolved copperas, coffee grounds and the like, are good for throwing into sinks and streets about in close cellars and out-houses. Patrid meads, and in such weather as this it soon becomes so, should be removed from the premises to keep away insects. There are many other precautions which will really care to those who really desire to preserve their health, and by attending to these matters their duty will, at least, be discharged. The reward, increased comfort and security from infection.

The country, the beautiful country! what a scene is spread out before us as we stroll along through some shady forest, or stand upon some lofty crag, gazing out from the mountain side; or, as we sit upon a grassy knoll beside a murmuring brook, that steals up its soft soul-enrapturing music, as it winds along through the meadows and glens toward the roaring and foaming torrent, in which it is to be engulfed. What lover of Nature can behold such a scene, without feeling a sensation of awe, and the gorgeous and magnificent with which Nature's God has beautified all his works! Who can behold such a scene, without holding communion with his God, and pouring forth a heart-felt thanksgiving to the Creator. Oh! then, when sin and temptation beset us, let us lie to the country, the beautiful country, and pray, contemplating the works, that God has performed for us, let us battle with sin and overcome temptation; and when we depart, let it be with stronger resolves to do better and with holier hearts to love God.

HOW TO AVOID SUN STROKE.—In cases of sun-stroke, a wet handkerchief applied to the head, will most generally bring relief to the sufferer. Though this rule is not invariable, for persons who are great drinkers, who are sun-cupious drinkers, Alcoholic beverages, particularly when used during the day-time, predispose the person to an attack of the drinking of tea-water is not prudent. The frequent washing of the head in cold water, or the wearing of a wet cloth on the head, will greatly avert the danger.