

THE LEHIGH REGISTER.

ALLENTOWN, PA. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1859.

PETER C. HUBER & JOHN H. OLIVER, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TO ADVERTISERS. THE "LEHIGH REGISTER" HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION BY SEVERAL HUNDRED THAN ANY OTHER ENGLISH PAPER IN THE COUNTY.

REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE OF The Lehigh Register Has been removed to the room on the second story of the new building now occupied by Neligh & Breinig's Clothing Store, "LION HALL," second door above the German Reformed Church.

The Result in our County.

Our party have reason to be proud of what they have accomplished in our county at the recent election, and the Democracy have reason to be dismayed in view of the future. At last fall's election we were alleged, that the success of the opposition in the county was owing to a want of effort on the part of the Democratic party, and to a failure on the part of the voters to turn out. This fall's election, it was boasted, showed a different result. A majority of five or six hundred was confidently expected. To accomplish this result no effort was spared. Meetings were held in every nook and corner of the county. Leocomptonites and Anti-Leocomptonites, to save the spoils, presented an undivided front. Money was at hand in abundance. If candidates had no money, others could advance money for them. Never was a greater effort made to bring out the full vote of the party. The effort was successful. The vote polled, although the loss of the Democratic State Ticket was conceded in advance, to save the county ticket, fell but two hundred short of the immense poll at the Presidential election of 1856. Then it must be borne in mind, that the floating vote, scattered in 1856 along the rail-roads then in process of completion, had gone. And yet with this tremendous effort, and this unparalleled exertion to simply elect a county ticket, what was the result? The Democratic State Ticket was conceded in advance, while the two hundred in the county, which the Opposition succeeded in electing a Recorder, County Commissioner, and one Assemblyman, and the Democratic candidate for County Treasurer is elected by a majority of nineteen votes. The Opposition went into the struggle knowing that the Democracy would spare no effort, and weighed down by the gloomy impression, that there would be a large Democratic majority in the county. Well may Democratic leaders exclaim, as did Wellington after the battle of Waterloo, "Another such victory, and we are undone." We are satisfied, from the pages of this paper proclaimed before the election, that if every Republican had voted on last election day, the opposition State Ticket would have had a majority in the county, and the whole county ticket would have been elected. Catazauqua, Heidelberg and Washington gave unexampled majorities. Other parts of the county did well, but there are districts in the county, in which the opposition might have done better. Let us in the future take warning by the past, and inspired by past success, let the friends of good and pure government buckle on their armor for the great battle of 1860, and let that contest show, that Lehigh county, together with the whole nation, must be redeemed from Democratic misrule.

The Election in Pennsylvania.

The Opposition State Ticket, Thomas E. Cochran for Auditor General, and Gen. W. H. Keim for Surveyor General, has been elected by a majority of about twenty thousand. The Opposition have also carried ten out of the eleven new Senators to be elected, and sixty-four out of the one hundred members of the lower branch of the Legislature. The following official majorities have been reported:

Table with columns for Auditor Genl. Sur. Genl., and various counties (Philadelphia, Dauphin, Lancaster, etc.) with corresponding vote counts.

Majorities reported unofficial. Opposition Majorities: Beaver, 560; Allegheny, 3000; Lebanon, 600; Snyder, 500; Blair, 950; Susquehanna, 700.

Democratic Majorities: York, 250; Carbon, 100; Berks, 1200; Bedford, 150; Perry, 50; Fulton, 100; Wayne, 600; Northampton, 1200; Monroe, 1200; Cambria, 500; Mifflin, 50.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—From later intelligence it appears that one Democrat has been elected to the Assembly from Schuylkill. Mr. Schall, one of the Opposition candidates, being defeated by Mr. Maurer. The Mine's Journal says it was done by the clandestine circulation among the employees of the Mine Hill Rail Road Company of tickets with Schall's name scratched. A meeting on the subject is to be held on Monday evening.

ANOTHER REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN PENNSYLVANIA.

THE STATE SENATE OVERWHELMINGLY OPPOSITION.

In the Lower House the Democracy a Corporal's Guard.

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN ONCE MORE REPUTATED AT HOME.

THE DEMOCRACY DOOMED FOR 1860.

Above all Little Lehigh has done better. LITTLE LEHIGH BOUND TO DO BETTER STILL NEXT FALL.

In this number of the Register our readers will read with pleasure of the overwhelming victory of the Opposition in Pennsylvania. The State Ticket has a handsome majority. Both branches of the Legislature are overwhelmingly Opposition. The majorities in the old Democratic strongholds have been greatly reduced. Old Lancaster county, the home of President Buchanan, gives its accustomed majority of four thousand. Lancaster city, always Democratic heretofore, and which in 1856 gave President Buchanan a majority of at least five or six hundred, now gives the Opposition State Ticket a majority of three hundred. Old Berks, which in 1856 gave a majority of seven thousand, now gives but twelve hundred. The Opposition throughout the State have reason to rejoice and particularly have we of Little Lehigh ample reason to be glad. The Democracy cannot say, that no effort was spared, and yet the result is such, as guarantees Republican ascendancy next fall. All that we could desire, to complete the overthrow of the Democratic party in the county, is to have a few more renegades from our party in the Democratic ranks, and the ruin of the party is complete. But the party has lost its ascendancy in the county and this it's candid leaders must be willing to acknowledge.

The Result in the State.

The defeat of the Democracy in the State this fall is equalled only by the crushing and overwhelming one of last fall. The opposition have elected ten out of the eleven new Senators to be elected and have sixty-four to thirty-four Democratic members of the Lower House. The majority on the State Ticket, some twenty thousand, is no evidence of the extent of opposition supremacy in the State. In the Opposition strongholds but a slight vote was polled, as no necessity was felt for a general turn-out. There was, however, such a turn-out in all parts of the State, as to insure a general victory in almost all parts of the State. The results of the victory may well inspire every Republican with patriotic joy. The supremacy in the Legislature insures the election of an opposition State Treasurer. The supremacy in the Senate is such, that next fall's election cannot fail to leave that body under the control of the opposition. With proper management next fall's election cannot fail to return a Legislature, which in 1861 will elect and return a United States Senator, more capable and fit and truer to the interests of our State, than that present imbecile incumbent, who for several years past has disgraced the State. The voice of Pennsylvania will be heard in the elections of New Jersey and New York States. The Free States now present an unbroken front from the Atlantic to the Pacific, save Oregon and California alone, the former of which at the recent Congressional election was won by the Democracy by a majority of less than thirty, supposed to have been brought about by fraud, and the latter of which promises to be reclaimed in 1860. With States sure for their candidates, sufficient to elect a President, the opposition advance into the contest of 1860 with good reason. The Government of the country will once more be diverted from disgraceful efforts to reopen the slave-trade, to acquire slave territory by robbery and filibustering, and will be turned to the more patriotic task of building up the mercantile and manufacturing interests of the country by the revision of the tariff, and the construction of a Pacific Rail-road. Never was a better opportunity afforded for an able and patriotic President to reflect credit and honor upon himself and his country, than after the disgraceful administrations of Presidents Pierce and Buchanan.

IOWA ELECTION.—The returns received so far, show about the same vote as given two years since, when Governor Lowe (Republican) was elected by 2000 majority.—The following are Republican majorities for the State ticket. Louisa county, 50 majority; Henry county, 700; Jefferson, 150.—The following counties gave Democratic majorities: Dubuque about 1500; Des Moines 250 majority.

The Eastern Argus indulges in the following sensible and philosophical remarks over the Democratic defeat in the State: From the scattering returns received, it is evident that the Opposition have carried their State ticket, but by a largely reduced majority over last year. "Blessed are they who expect nothing," &c.

Lehigh has done better. The People's candidate for Commissioner and Director of the Poor, as well as the candidates for Assembly, are supposed to be elected. The Locofoco candidate for Sheriff is elected by a majority of less than one hundred. The Loco candidates for County Treasurer and Recorder also just managed to save themselves from defeat. Lehigh, like Berks, used to be set down as certain for Locofocism, under all circumstances, but it is no longer.—Berks and Schuylkill Journal.

Despatch.—Horace Greeley reached home during the night of the 20th. Last spring he promised to deliver an agricultural address in Wyoming county on the 28th, "if he was alive." To keep his promise, he took the cars immediately on his landing—not even taking time to visit his family! He delivered his promised address at the appointed hour! This was characteristic of the man. It was listened to by 3,000 or 5,000 and was of course able and had a practical object in view.

COMMUNICATED.

Northampton, Oct. 14th, 1859.

Misses. Editors.—Having observed for a long time the unjust course of the Democratic party, I deem it not impertinent, for me, to express a few ideas on the observations, I have made. We may perhaps not only call it an unjust, but very justly a depreciable course. To explain why we may call it a depreciable course, is in my opinion not very difficult. Just acquaint yourself with their Journals, issued during the week previous to the election, and you will have a clear conception of their deceptions and mis-representations. Never in my life, since I have attained the age, in which I am capable of judging what is right and wrong, have I seen such dark, offensive, and abominable falsification in print as in the Democratic Journals previous to the election. One had printed in large letters on the third page of his Journal "nothing but politics this week," but after looking over the contents for some time, I found to my great astonishment that the man had been sadly mistaken in his assertion; because his paper contained not a particle of politics, but instead was filled with pomposity and falsification. He had charged the Editor of the Lehigh Register with facts, non compos mentis, he turned desperately upon the card of our honest candidate, and divided those two hundred dollars, designed for the public good, among the citizens of Lehigh, and concluded that three cents on the average price of a vote. Why this was one of the greatest absurdities, ever heard of in an enlightened country: Yet not only those papers, that appeared during the week previous to the election, but also those that appeared during the whole political campaign, proclaimed such gross falsifications. Thus after the Editors of their different Journals had hoodwinked, and deluded the people all they could, the election day finally dawned upon us; and some of the demagogues from afar, conscious of the danger that encompassed them, repaired hither, (to Northampton) to uphold those principles, which their Journals had promulgated from week to week, thinking that a personal intercourse would make the citizens, than a printed one; but our citizens, also conscious of their evil design, rejected their flattering influences, and voted for liberty, and economy. Thus amid all these large meetings, and harangues, a glorious victory given him. From that time he did not raise his eyes until the word was given to fire. His right foot getting a fraction beyond the line, Mr. McKibben reloaded it.

During this time, the principals maintained their positions, and listened with composure to these details. Judge Terry stood with his head thrown slightly back, looking toward his antagonist. Each held his pistol in his hand, pointed to the ground, and each was dressed in black clothes, and wore a slouched hat. Senator Broderick stood erect, but with his head rather down. The positions of the two were somewhat different. Judge Terry maintained that of a practical duelist, presenting only the point of his pistol to his opponent. Broderick, on the contrary, though at first assuming a position somewhat similar to that of Judge Terry, seemed to prefer a careless and less constrained one, and gradually presented more of his body to the fire of his opponent. He held his pistol rather awkwardly, and seemed to feel this himself, he once or twice turned the wrist of his pistol arm to the right with his left hand, as though endeavoring to comply with some prescribed directions previously given him. From that time he did not raise his eyes until the word was given to fire. His right foot getting a fraction beyond the line, Mr. McKibben reloaded it.

The seating of Judge Terry, though he assumed a more practiced and motionless attitude, was not one jot more that of an iron-nerved man than was that of Mr. Broderick. At a quarter before seven Mr. Coulter pronounced the word "Are you ready?" "Ready!" responded Mr. Terry, and "ready!" uttered by Mr. Broderick. Immediately after the words fire! one-two were pronounced, in moderately quick time, Mr. Broderick raised his pistol, and had scarcely brought it to the level of his forehead, when he fired his downward position, when, owing to the delicacy of the hair-trigger, it was discharged, the ball entering the ground four paces in front of him, and he fell. Terry fired a few seconds later, taking deliberate aim. There was a perceptible interval in the two reports. At that instant Broderick was observed to clasp his left hand to his right breast, and it was seen that he was bleeding. He reeled slowly to the left, and before his seconds could reach him he fell to the ground, his right leg doubling under him and his hand still grasping his weapon. Terry upon discharging his pistol folded his arms, holding the muzzle of his pistol to the ground, in his hand, but did not move from his position. Broderick's seconds ran to his aid, and Dr. Lecher commenced to staunch the wound with lint. The bullet entered just forward of the nipple, and lodged, as is supposed, under the left arm. The wounded man was soon after borne into town in his carriage. Previous to this Terry and his friends left the field, drove rapidly into town, started at once for an American port, it being understood that a sufficient amount of return freight, could be procured. Since it has been suggested that the great steamer be freighted with paints and colors from the American Paint and Color Works, Allentown Pa., we have no doubt but that she will honor America with a visit.

MARKET OF AN ARMY OF SQUIRRELS.—About ten days ago, says the St. Louis Express, a tremendous drove of gray squirrels, numbering hundreds of thousands, suddenly made their appearance on the Meramec, covering the trees and waters like a pall. Thousands of them were seen to descend again with a quick convulsive snatch, and were withdrawn. The form was motionless a moment and then commenced its walk again, continuing as far as the middle of the roof, when it turned toward the rear of the house, and moving down the slope of the roof, was lost to sight. She descended through a skylight to her own room, and was found sitting on the bed, wide awake, and in a state bordering on distraction. She had been terrified to death. A chimney stood directly in the middle of her room, and the employer entering the house, and found herself standing in the middle of her room, in the condition described. The girl had been suffering from a brain fever, from which she is gradually recovering.

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TWO BROTHERS KILL EACH OTHER.—A horrible shooting affray occurred in Jones county, Georgia, a few miles from Macon, a few days ago, resulting in the death of two individuals. It seems that for some time past a deadly feud had raged between two brothers, named respectively John and Augustus Roberts. The subject of the quarrel was a small piece of land, which the two brothers had bought to meet, a few days ago, on the public road, one of them made some insulting remarks, whereupon the other drew a pistol from his breast-pocket, and shot him. As the wounded man fell, he drew a second pistol, and fired a brother in the breast, killing him almost instantly. Though some twenty persons were near them at the time, the affray was so sudden that no one had time to interfere; and before the terrified spectators could make any movement whatever, the brothers were stark and dead in death.

About two weeks ago, Mr. John Elder, of Frederickburg, Va., had an undersack for a bed filled with straw by a negro man. It was brought home and placed under a feather bed, which was slept on by a daughter of Mr. E. The young lady complained on several occasions of having her slumbers disturbed by distinct thumps from underneath, but examinations revealed nothing. On Thursday morning, while Miss E. was sitting down stairs, facing the steps which led up to her room, she was startled by a curious noise, and looking up discovered a moccasin make descending, blowing and hissing in a style peculiar to the reptile. An examination of the up-stairs premises was made at once, when a hole was discovered in the under-sacking, and on ripping the bed open, the full length of a snake was found at the hole, which his snakeship had shed.

Lauer's Artesian Well had reached a depth of 1230 feet last evening. The boring is still through very hard quartz rock, which renders a frequent renewal of the drills necessary, and consequently makes the process slower than before. A small increase in the quantity of water is perceptible.

John Wise, the great groutman, has made, during his life, two hundred and thirty-four balloon voyages.

THE BRODERICK-TERRY DUEL.—Full Particulars.

Cincinnati, Oct. 10.—The San Francisco Times of the 14th says: "In accordance with the anticipation, the expected duel between Messrs. Broderick and Terry took place yesterday morning, in a small valley ten miles from Merced Lake. The parties went out of town the night previous, and passed the night in separate localities. At a quarter past six o'clock Broderick and Terry arrived on the ground, attended by their seconds and physicians. Hon. J. O. McKibben and Mr. Coulter acting for Senator Broderick, and Messrs. Calhoun, Benham and Thomas Hays for Judge Terry.

On descending from their carriages the parties seemed to be in the best of spirits, neither appearing anxious or nervous as to the result. About half an hour was occupied in the preliminary arrangements. Ten paces were marked off, and the principals took their positions. The seconds divested them of their outside coats. Broderick addressed the spectators, saying that he wished it to be understood that he should count one, two, after the word fire; after which he would say stop; no shot to be fired after that.

During this time, the principals maintained their positions, and listened with composure to these details. Judge Terry stood with his head thrown slightly back, looking toward his antagonist. Each held his pistol in his hand, pointed to the ground, and each was dressed in black clothes, and wore a slouched hat. Senator Broderick stood erect, but with his head rather down. The positions of the two were somewhat different. Judge Terry maintained that of a practical duelist, presenting only the point of his pistol to his opponent. Broderick, on the contrary, though at first assuming a position somewhat similar to that of Judge Terry, seemed to prefer a careless and less constrained one, and gradually presented more of his body to the fire of his opponent. He held his pistol rather awkwardly, and seemed to feel this himself, he once or twice turned the wrist of his pistol arm to the right with his left hand, as though endeavoring to comply with some prescribed directions previously given him. From that time he did not raise his eyes until the word was given to fire. His right foot getting a fraction beyond the line, Mr. McKibben reloaded it.

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LOSS OF SHEEP.—On Tuesday evening of last week thirteen of the sheep belonging to Mr. Solomon Griesemer of South Whitehall township, kept in a field over night, were killed by dogs. The perpetrators of the mischief are unknown. This is the second time within a very recent period that serious depredations of the same kind have been committed on the premises of Mr. Griesemer. Our readers may recollect that not long since, a number of sheep in a drove, stopping with Mr. Griesemer over night, were attacked and killed in the same manner.

MISSISSIPPI.—Having seen an article in the Allentown Democrat of last week, headed "Fire Companies and Fire," as the article is a misrepresentation of the firemen, I feel it my duty as a member of the above body to give you a true statement of the fire, which occurred on Saturday evening Oct. 9th, which I suppose, is the one the Editor alluded to. As soon as the alarm was given, our Engine left the house and in less than five minutes it was at the fire, manned by no less than 30 able bodied men. After we had fastened our hose to the fire plug, we found that there was no water, so we stood there at least one quarter of an hour, before water was at hand. Now I would like to know who is to blame, whether the firemen or the Water Company; but as the Editor of the Democrat alludes to it was our fault, I will take the trouble to inform him, that the majority of the citizens of Allentown are with us and think we have done our duty nobly and faithfully. As for drill, I do not believe, there are many fire companies outside of this city, that can surpass the Good Will Fire Company in a regular drill. For the benefit of the Editor of the Democrat I have been requested to inform him, if he wishes to see drilling, to call around at the Good Will Engine House any Monday evening, where the boys say they will put him through, or perchance if he should happen to know a little more than they, they say, they are always willing to take a little bit of advice, providing it comes from the right source. By inserting it above in your valuable columns, you will oblige a member of the GOOD WILL.

A MILLIONAIRE DECEASED.—Lemuel Showers, Esq., of Worcester county, Md., died on the 4th inst. He was a member of the Good Will Engine House any Monday evening, where the boys say they will put him through, or perchance if he should happen to know a little more than they, they say, they are always willing to take a little bit of advice, providing it comes from the right source. By inserting it above in your valuable columns, you will oblige a member of the GOOD WILL.

A German woman in Milwaukee is the mother of twenty four children, nineteen of whom are now living. She is under 50 years of age.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Mr. L. O. Voorhees has been appointed Assistant Superintendent of the East Pennypack Railroad.

THEFT.—On Wednesday morning of last week Henry Kiecher, a butcher, left one hundred dollars at the Washington Hotel of our Borough in charge of its landlord, Mr. Henry Bachman, with instructions to hand the money over to Mr. Shelly, who would call for it during the day. The money was placed in a drawer of the bar under lock and key in presence of Mr. Charles Bauman, the barkeeper, and Mr. Kiecher. This took place in the morning about six o'clock. When Mr. Shelly came for the money toward noon, Mr. Bachman went to the drawer and found that the money was gone. A prosecutor has been instituted against Mr. Bauman as the person guilty of the theft. As the affair is likely to undergo an investigation in Court, we forbear saying anything as to the probabilities of the guilt of parties, supposed to be implicated.

Rev. J. L. Sagebeer will preach in the Baptist Hall over Wieman's Store every Lord's day afternoon at 3 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock until further notice.

Public prayer meeting at the same place every Thursday evening. The public are respectfully invited.

LEGISLATURE OFFICIAL.—The following is the official vote for members of the Legislature in this District:

Table with columns for Lehigh, Carbon, and Total, listing names like Kistler, Winterstein, Eisenhard, and Long with their respective vote counts.

TROTTER HORSE FAIR.—By advertisement Messrs. Husted and Floyd have secured the use of the Allentown Fair Grounds for the next for the purpose of holding a trotting horse fair. The occasion will doubtless be one of considerable interest, and will serve to draw together a large concourse of people. For particulars see advertisement.

A CHANCE FOR SPORTSMEN.—On Saturday next at 1 o'clock P. M. sportsmen will have an opportunity of trying their skill at the Public House of Mr. Reuben Meyer, near Wholes' Lock in Hanover township. The tail of a hog, weighing about one hundred and twenty five pounds, will be shaved and gressed, and the person so fortunate as to succeed in catching the animal by the tail, can have it as a prize.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION.—The Sabbath School of the German Lutheran Church of our Borough, under the charge of Rev. Wm. G. Manning, on Sabbath last celebrated the first Anniversary, since the arrival of the new Pastor. An address was delivered by Rev. J. H. Wendt, in connection with other appropriate exercises. The School is in a prosperous condition, and now numbers about six hundred scholars.

POTATOES ROTTING.—We have heard complaints of the rotting of the late potatoes in this vicinity, but apprehend that the loss to the crop is but trifling, and that only those remaining in the ground during the recent heavy rains, are affected. Those first taken up, are, we believe, perfectly sound. A sale of infected potatoes was made in our market, recently, which have since rotted more or less in the hands of purchasers.

ASSOCIATE PASTOR.—Rev. Joseph Dabbs has been elected by the Consistory of the first German Reformed Church of our Borough, Assistant Pastor of the congregation, to serve in connection with his father Rev. J. S. Dabbs. The new associate Pastor is a graduate of Franklin and Marshall College, student thereof at the Theological Seminary at Mercersburg. He is a person of fine talents and commences life with bright prospects in the future.

THE GREAT EASTERN.—At a late meeting held by the stockholders of this "modern ark" was discussed the propriety of running her to the United States, and the release of the cargo, and a sufficient amount of return freight, could be procured. Since it has been suggested that the great steamer be freighted with paints and colors from the American Paint and Color Works, Allentown Pa., we have no doubt but that she will honor America with a visit.

PILGRIMS PROGRESS.—A series of discourses will be delivered on successive Sabbath evenings in the Presbyterian Church of this place, by the pastor Rev. B. Judkins on some of the characters and incidents in "Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress." The first of these discourses is to be given on next Sabbath evening, beginning with the life and character of the "immortal dreamer." As it is expected that these discourses will be made very interesting, it is fondly hoped that a large attendance will be given by the public which is hereby very respectfully invited.

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A German woman in Milwaukee is the mother of twenty four children, nineteen of whom are now living. She is under 50 years of age.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

The time of the year for popular Lectures is at hand and the first note of preparation is already given by the publication through the newspapers of a long list of professional lecturers. The lecture may now be classed among our established social institutions. To a large extent it has taken the place of conventional dinners, bar-room gatherings and the time-honored debating societies. The existence of this social element should be recognized by all who are desirous to promote the welfare of society.

Much is gained from the platform that is never gained from the printed page. In the lecture we have the living orator—the warm personality. The sympathy that imparts to conversation its exquisite charm—the electric current of humanity infused into every bright with the glow of a high enthusiasm or the winking beam of genial humor, from the flushed cheek. It is this that gives the lecturer his influence over the public mind and secures to him the liveliest attention.

In connection with these remarks we are happy to inform the citizens of our Borough that a number of eminent speakers are already engaged to lecture here during the season. Among the names of those engaged we find T. H. Stockton, D.D., late Chaplain to Congress, who will deliver his famous lecture on Liberty.

Franklin Moore, A. M., of Philadelphia, who will deliver his popular lecture on the Future Race of America. J. L. Heysinger, A. M., late of Minnesota, who is engaged to deliver a very interesting lecture on Mi-ni-sota and the North-West Indians. J. Walker Jackson, A. M., the great preacher of the west and the Spurgeon of America is also engaged.

The course will consist of eight lectures and the ticket will be sold at the extremely low price of \$1 for the course. The proceeds after the expenses are paid will be given to the benefit of the M. E. Church of this place.

We hope that this literary festival will be appreciated and nobly sustained by the community. The enterprise is certainly worthy of the sympathy and patronage of all who wish to promote the best interests of Society.

KAPPA.

THE EXPENSE OF GAS IN CITIES.—The North American concludes an article on the "Cost of Gas" with the following remarks: "It will strike every one that the cost of gas in this country is disproportionately large as compared with English cities. It is proven in the calculations submitted to this Glasgow meeting, that if no interest is paid on capital invested in the construction of the works, gas may be furnished at less than fifty cents the thousand feet. All the great works constructed there as well as here, are thus equipped with unprofitably spent capital, which must be covered by the current use of gas, unless old works are wholly abandoned, and a strong point against the purchase by that city of the company works at Glasgow, is made on the ground that the public are entitled to the earliest possible release from burdens unwisely incurred, and that such burdens should not be made a perpetual charge for the future."

We have pay nearly double the highest price paid for gas, as the following comparison will show:

Table comparing gas prices in Philadelphia (per 1,000 cubic feet, \$2.25) with New York, London, Paris, Manchester, Glasgow, and Liverpool.

It is obvious that we might improve the condition of our gas supply, and reduce the very heavy bills our large consumers pay for it, without desiring any new gas to burn; but if any means whatever can be employed to lighten us at half the rates we now pay for this indispensable necessity, let us have light upon it, and have light cheap.

THE PROPHETIC ELOQUENCE OF DANIEL WEBSTER.—As far back as 1845 Daniel Webster, in speaking of the rapid progress of events in the United States, said, "I look forward to the period when the people of the Pacific States will raise a standard for themselves as they ought to do, and when they will strike upon its folds the noblest emblem to all men to go by their garments at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, No. 603 and 605 Chestnut street, above Sixth, in Philadelphia."

KANSAS POLICE.—Leavenworth, October 15: The Republican State Convention met at Topeka yesterday, and nominated a full ticket headed by Charles T. Robinson for Governor; J. F. Root for Lieutenant Governor, and B. F. Conway for Congress. The proceedings of the Convention were harmonious. Mr. Robinson, who is also the Governor elect under the Topeka Constitution, was nominated on the first ballot. The election of State officers will take place in December.

A lady came near losing her life by a singular accident in Louisville, while riding in a buggy. One end of a scarf, which she wore around her shoulders, blew off, and was caught in the spokes of one of the rapidly revolving wheels of the vehicle, and wound up in such a manner as to draw her neck down to the wheel, choking her severely.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.—Schuylkill county gives for the People's ticket from two to three hundred majority. Fisher, (Opposition) has a majority over Kalm, (Democrat) for District Attorney, of about 500. Kalm is a son of Gen. George M. Kalm, of this city.

THE OHIO ELECTION.—Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—The Republican majority for the State ticket is about 17,000. The Senate will be composed of 25 Republicans and 10 Democrats, and the House of 64 Republicans and 40 Democrats.

INDIANA ELECTION.—Indianapolis, Oct. 12.—The returns as yet received are only for the county officers, which show a slight Republican gain.