ALLENTOWN, PA.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1855. Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, is our

authenticated Agent for receiving advertise-ments and subscriptions to the Lehigh Register. NOTICE. Those of our patrons who contemplate changing their residence about the first of April will please inform us to the new direction of their paper. There is scarcely a neighborhood where the "Register" can not be forwarded either by

mail, our carriers, or by private conveyance. Temperance Anniversary. Jordan Division, Sons of Temperance, celebrated their anniversary on Wednesday evening last, in the German Lutheran Church. The church was crowded to its utmost on the occasion, and the addresses were delivered in an appropriate ad able manner. We learn that the Division is steadily increasing in membership and wealth.

ARRESTED.

On Wednesday night last, a party of " fast young nags," hailing from "Mingo," came up town, and before they were allowed to go home in the morning, they found that the " wet damnation" they had partly imbibed before setting out on their "expedition" had carried them rather further in their acts than the law limited. In their perambulations about town, they came across a Beer House having that useful implement, the "Anchor," as an insignia upon its sign--in short, a place in the suburbs of our town, known as the "Anchor House." After they had been there a short time "the tug of war commenced," by their demolishing the bar, bursting in a door, breaking windows, pitchers, &c. Officer Enign, however, put a stop to their "fun," by locking them up until morning, when they were taken before Justice Ruhe, who held them under \$1,000 bail for their appearance at the next Court, when we hope they may be taught a lesson for their folly.

U. S. Senator. Editing as we do, a Journal avowedly neutral in politics, it would be the pink of impropriety in us to be biased in favor of either of the many parties of the day. Knowing how difficult a matter it is to speak of political subjects without treading on somebody's corns, we generally abstain from all comments, but a sense of that duty which we owe to our constituents, compels us to speak of the late contest,-we might add disgraceful contest, which has lately ended in Harrisburg. The Senatorial Election has been postponed until the first Tuesday in October. Now if we were convinced, (as some would have us believe,) that it was for no other purpose than to bring the matter fairly before the people, we would not raise any objections; but a moments reflection will show us the falsity of this assertion. The voice, or will of the people can not be felt in this contest until the sitting of the next Legislature in January 1856. This Legislature which meets again in October next, has the right (if they choose to exercise it,) of meeting and adjourning from day to day until that time. Again, were this a war of principles, and we satisfied that time was necessary to develope the right, and give it a preponderance, we could not object; but this is not so men now are everything, - principles nothing .-So this was not a war of principle, but a war of men-men corrupt and unprincipled, fighting for a political ascendency. The people, through their representatives, are to be made the tools in this disgraceful combat, and our Legislative Halls the arena. How long is this to be?-How long are we to permit ambitious demamust end somewhere, and if there is any faith to be put in the signs of the times, quickly. Men seem to think they should find the office; this is a mistake. To be well governed, the office must find the man, and when left to itself, it surely will find the one who is most capable of filling it with honesty and dignity .-Were this rule always followed, and ambitious aspirants to office frowned down, we would not so often be called upon to record defalcations of public monies by public men. Supposing by this rule our legislators had been chosen, and all the members of our Legislature were honest, how would we now stand? Why, as like seeks like, they would have ignored these aspirants to the Senatorial chair, and have chosen one like themselves, honest and worthy, but as it is, they have postponed the election, not to give a principle an ascendency, but to allow men to fight for mastery,-to bribe and browbeat, to gratify their inordinate ambition. It is fast getting to be no honor to a man to have a seat in the United States Senate, for all the world knows how those seats are obtained : of by superior merit or honesty, but by monied or political influence. The money this extra session will cost us would be better applied if appropriated to the payment of that State Debt which we can hardly ever hope to see paid as long as our political welfare remains in the hands of men who have no thought save for their own aggrandizement. On the 4th of March the term of the present incumbent from this State expires. So with the incumbent from California: his term expires at the same time. In that State (California) as here, the Legislature has failed to elect a successor .-Rather ominous this, to see these two States, the Keystone and Eureka hand in hand, both equally renowned for their mineral wealth,equally celebrated for their agricultural resouroes, and both (politically) equally corrupt to the core. It is immaterial to us who is elected. We care not, provided he be honest and firm. We do not want to represent us in the Senate, a man who will spend his time in composing brilliant orations on abstract principles, or abstruse doctrines for the purpose of acquiring a reputation, but, we want a man who will faithfully serve our State, and jealously guard her great and growing interests.

DEATH OF REV. C. R. KESSLER.

The Rev. C. R. KESSLER, Principal of the Allentown Seminary, expired on Saturday night last. His afflictions were long and severe with that fatal disease which baffles all medical skill, Consumption. The messenger of death has seldom, if ever, summoned a man-from time to than the one at the head of this article. Endowed with a brilliant and comprehensive mind, and with a genius that grasped any subject with avidity and mastered it with ease, his acquirements were of the first order. In his death society has lost an honest member. All the characteristics of the philanthropist and deserving citizen belonged to him. He was humane and steadfast in his friendship and true to the objects of his love. No one could have left this transitory and sublunary vale of tears, that could be more regretted, or make a more melancholy void in the community. In his death the church militant has lost an useful, holy laborer, and the church triumphant has added to its countless multitudes, another star for the Redcemer's crown. Mr. Kessler leaves a wife and three children on whom this bereavement falls with a crushing force. She has the warmest sympathy of our citizens. Let the widow's heart seek that consolation found only in a living faith in HIM "whose ways are past finding ,out," and through whose grace she may hope to enter upon that re-union which is enduring, and whose brightness the spoiler, Death, cannot dim.

The Old Lutheren Church. While systems change, and suns retire, and

Slumber and wake-Times ceaseless march pro ceeds!'

The REV. J. S. VOGELBACH preached an in teresting valedictory sermon on Sunday last in the Lutheran Church,-it being the last time of divine worship, previous to the commencement of demolishing the present building for the purpose of having a new one creeted on its site. The Church was built in 1794, and consecrated to the worship of God on the 4th of September, 1795. The building committee consisted of John Roth, Sr., Gotlieb Schroa-DER, PETER KLOTZ and GEORGE A. BLANK .-The Trustees were John Horn, John Roth, Peter Hertz and Henry Schantz. Treasurer. Leonard Nagel, Sr. Of these officers of the Church, we understood Mr. Vogelbach to say, only one remained and was now identified with the congregation, the rest being deceased .-How fleeting is the progress of time! Next September it will be sixty years that the first religious service was held in this Church. Alas! how few are left and now travelling with as on the road of life, who were present on that interesting occasion. Most of them have paid the great debt of nature-they have become companions to the worm. In these sixty years our town has undergone a great and wonderful change. In that time too, how rapid has been our progress as a Republic! How wonderfully have the "Original Thirteen" increased and multiplied! Our population at the present time, cannot be less than twenty-four millions of souls. Our territory at present extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Between the two oceans how vast the hive of busy human beings. Nevertheless, we have millions of fertile acres that have yet to feel the impress of the first spade. Who can picture the future of sixty years hence!

We have very seldom spoken directly selves, and we may now be pardoned for briefly alluding to the subject. The establishment has been under our control a little over five months. We have always felt flattered by the liberal patronage the public has bestowed upon us, but during the last few weeks we have felt particularly so. Our list of subscribers has been considerably increased, and we are especially pleased that it has been done without solicita tion on our part or by any one for us. Many individuals have called or written to us to have their names entered on our books, thus showing, we venture to hope, that our paper is growing in public favor. We shall always be glad to receive such calls or communications. and will spare no pains to deserve the continued patronage of our friends.

Robbery.

The store of Messrs. Hensu & KLADER, in Upper Macungy township, this county, was intered by burglars on Wednesday night last, and robbed of goods amounting to near four undred dollars, and between twelve and thirteen dollars small change which had been left n the drawers. They effected their entrance by boring a hole through a window shutter .-The perpetrators of the crime have as yet not een discovered.

The total number of hogs packed in Cininnati up to the 20th inst. was 355,000.

An Error. In the Court Proceedings last week, in speaking of the motion in arrest of judgment in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Frederick, it was stated that Mr. Longnecker, one of defendant's counsel, argued as follows: "That as lotteries had been in existence and lottery tickets eternity, that will cause more universal grief sold in this County under the very noses of the a fitting time for doing justice to the veterans, guardians of the law almost since the passage of the Aot of 1833, it would be unjust to sentence him now, if others had committed the same crime, if crime it was, and not been punished, so should not he." This was an inadvertant error, as we are informed that this was not the substance of the language used by | He succeeded, however, in obtaining unanimous Mr. Longnecker and we were probably led into the error, from the fact that after the motion in arrest of judgment was decided against Frederick, and an appeal was made to the mercy of the Court, Mr. L. stated in mitigation of the offence, that it was the first act, that the defendant had good reason to believe he was committing no offence when he sold tickets in what he thought was a Panorama, when hundreds of others, claiming to be highly respectable, were selling lottery tickets and had have already received forty and eighty acres pursued it as a business under the eyes of the are entitled to the difference under this bill. officers of the law, and were either not prosecuted, or when prosecuted the bills were ignor- if it receives the President's sanction, it will ted by the Grand Jury, and that in this way the defendant was led into error. The counsel then remarked that if the Court believed from the evidence in the case, that the defendant was misled and that there was no guilty intention, the Court would not be warranted in imposing a vindictative sentence.

The Next State Fair,

Proposals are invited by the Executive Comnittee until the first day of April next, from the citizens of towns and cities in the State. relative to the location of the next exhibition of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society.-Communications, on the subject, will be addressed to Robert C. Walker, Esq., at Harrisburg. The ensuing annual Exhibition of the Society will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th days of September next.

The unfortunate location of Allentown-from a want of proper Railroad communication at present-will prevent our citizens from offering proposals on this occasion, though we should greatly delight in seeing the State Fair held iere. In a year or so, however, the Lehigh Valley, as well as the North Pennsylvania Rail Roads, (the former probably in a few months) will be completed, and we shall then be able to enter the lists with more favored localities. The last Exhibition of the County Society was one of the most creditable ever held in this section of the State. We have the stock and the spirit, but lack the proper facilities of railroad communication. These we will have, however, before long.

Severe Accident.

On Saturday afternoon last, a young lad named IRWIN BALLIET, a son of Mr. L. Balliot. in West Hamilton street, met with a severe accident by falling from a pile of boards-a distance of some thirty feet, in Dresher's lumber yard. When picked up it was found that his hip was dislocated, and several other bruises about his body. He made a miraculous escape, as he alighted a few inches opposite a sharp pale fence, which if had struck it in instant death.

Another.

On Sunday last a lad named Joun DEWALD son of Mr. Isaac Dewald, of this place, met with an accident by falling from the loft in his father's barn. The injuries he sustained were of such a severe nature that he expired on Monday evening last. He was about fifteen

Farewell Sermon.

On last Sabbath evening, Mr. IRWIN, the able pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church preached his farewell sermon. The attendance was quite large. Although Mr. Irwin was laboring under a severe indisposition, the text was treated in an able and logical manner, with an application that must have made a lasting, impression upon the congregation. Mr. Irwin has been laboring for this congregation for the last two years, and during this time a large number of persons were brought under the influence of religion, and enrolled as members of the Church.

FIRE ALARM.

The alarm of fire on Saturday evening last was caused by the explosion of a camphene lamp in Pierre's Shaving Saloon, next door to the 'Register' office. The fire was extinguished before any damage was done. We hope our neighbors will take good care hereafter, as our buildings are rather a dangerous "institution' in case of fire.

New Postage Bill. The United states Senate, on Tuesday, passed in important bill from the House, in reference o the postage on letters. This bill provides that for letters going less than 3000 miles the postage shall be three cents, and over that distance it shall be five cents, except where postal treaties with other countries shall prevent The amendment further provides that, after the 1st of January, 1856, all the letters shall be pre-paid, and that done with stamps; also that letters containing money can be registered, so as to show that they have been sent; but ir no instance to make the Department responsible for them. The amendment must be concurred in by the House, before it goes to the President; but it will, in all probability, pass with the Senate's amendments.

Graham's Magazine.

This excellent monthly periodical for March is upon our table. It is a charming number.-The engraving of Washington is alone worth the price of the number. "Washington taking leave of his mother," is a very pretty pictureshowing the love the great and good man always bore his mother. Terms \$3 per annum.

The Bounty Land Bill.

Hon. Ner Middleswarth, representative in Congress from Pennsylvania on the 22nd ult., made an appeal to the members to take up and ness the Senate hill for the henefit of the soldiers of the war of 1812. He urged that the anniversary of the birth day of Washington was and reminded the House that before another year many of these soldiers will have gone to "that bourne whence no traveller returns." But dormant gratitude and patriotism could not be aroused to such an extent as to gratify Mr. Middleswarth's resonable and honest desire. consent to have the bill printed; and gave notice that he would move its consideration on the following Thursday. Justice to the patriotic men who nobly served their country in the second war of independence, demands the passage of this bill.

Since the above was in type, the House of Congress passed the Bill which gives 160 acres of land to all who served in any of the wars of the United States since 1790. Those who As the Senate had previously passed it, so that be a law. The bill also includes revolutionary widows.

Reduction of the Tariff. The bill of Mr. Houston, reducing the tariff was appended to the appropriation bill in the House on the 24th, and passed by a vote of 120 yeas to 60 nays. The leading feature of the bill is a general reduction of the duties imposed by the act of 1846, of twenty per cent. The probable loss to the revenue (should this bill become a law) it is said will be from ten to twelve millions of dollars-and the probability is that the surplus will be exhausted about the middle of the next fiscal year, and that the revenue falling below the annual expenditure by about fifteen millions of dollars, will impose upon the next Congress the duty of providing for the wants of the government by a heavy loan, or by the restoration of the protective system, as exemplified by the act of 1842 .-The Senate will undoubtedly append to the appropriation bill the proposition for suspending the iron duties. It will go back to the House, and then will commence the struggle for the concurrence of that body. The Pennsylvania members who voted for the Houston amendment reducing the tariff are Messrs. Bridges, Jones, McNair, Witte, Florence, Straub and Wright.

Pennsylvania. A correspondent of the Washington Union

gives the following figures in relation to the population, debt, valuation and taxes of Pennsylvania:

Population. Debt. Valuation. 1840 1,724,033 \$27,313.790 294,509,187 Valuation. Taxes.

39 200 461 39 250 461 751 910 40 883 866 420 302 209 1 518 333 40 628,949 493 340,987 1,350 129 850 2.311.780 40 677.214 497.039 649 2 317 82 1854 2.518,120 \$40,084 915 531,731,304 1,649 967

In 1844 some taxes were laid, but in 1845 a more regular system was adopted, and valu ations have since been made triennially. The tax here given is only that on real and personal estate. The debt has remained nearly stain the fall, would undoubtedly have resulted tionary for more than ten years, during which time the assessed value of the property has risen one hundred and eleven millions, or nearly three times the value of the debt. In the ratio of this increasing wealth and number of the people, the burden of the debt has diminished, while the taxes have yielded better.

> Changing Township Elections. The following is a Supplement to an Act passed last winter, in relation to changing the place of holding township elections, by a vote of the people: A Supplement to an act in relation to establish-

ing and changing the places of holding general elections throughout the Commonwealth. passed April 20, 1851.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases in which new townships, boroughs, or election districts shall be erected, or the bounds of any election district changed under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, the Court of Quarter Sessions erecting or changing the same, shall fix places of holding the elections until the same shall be changed according to the provisions of said act; and the courts shall also appoint the officers for holding the the first election in any township, borough, or election district so erected.

THE OHIO WHEAT CROP.—The Trumbull Democrat remarks that the farmers in that region of country, say that the wheat crop sowed last Fall looks exceedingly well at the present time, and the prospect of a good crop is very flattering. The farmers in Lawrence county, according to the Journal, report similar news in relation to the crops there. The fall of snow is very opportune for this crop, and it is providential that the fall grows deeper and more serviceable as you advance into the great Wheat growing sections. The whole crop in the West and North-West is now comfortably clothed with its winter covering and everything bids fair for a bountiful yield.

GREAT SALE OF STOOK .- The sale of jacks and jennets, imported recently from Spain by the Kentucky Importing Company, took place at Germantown, Ky., a few days ago. The prices were remunerative, ranging from \$395 to \$1,-550 per head, with the exception of one, which sold at \$325.

BREAKFAST CAKE.—Stir into a quart of sour milk a tea-spoonful of saleratus, a teaspoonful thick batter-a little cream improves the hour. When sour milk cannot be procured, when it is cool, put in three well beaten eggs. | days of the season.

Legislative Proceedings.

SENATE.

On the 28th Mr. Fry presented two petitions from Lehigh county for the abolition of county superintendent of common schools in said county: and one of the same tenor from Northampton county; also, three from Northampton county for the extension of the law relative to building associations in said county.

On the 1st of March, Mr. Fry presented a petition from Lehigh, and one from Northampton county, to abolish the office of county sunerintendent of common schools.

A message was presented informing that the Governor had approved and signed the follow-

ing bills: An act to incorporate the Farmers' High

School of Pennsylvania. An act to prevent the sale of intoxicating li quors on the first day of the week commonly

called Sunday. A supplement to an act entitled " An act to incorperate the Allentown railroad company approved April 19th, A. D. 1853.

HOUSE. On the 24th of February Mr. Reese reported bill to authorize Wm. Call to sell real estate. Mr. Craig reported a bill for the relief of Mary Johnson and Elizabeth Clover, widows of old soldiers, with negative recommendations. Mr. Laporte reported a bill relating to the

Lehigh Valley railroad company. On the 26th Mr. Craig, presented a remonstrance against the Mauch Chunk Bank. On the 28th Mr. Craig, read a bill in place

for a poor house in Carbon county. Mr. Edinger read a bill in place to incorpor

ate the Lehigh and Delaware plank road com-Mr. Johnson read an act to protect the

keepers of hotels; also, a bill to incorporate the borough of Bath, in Northampton county. On the 1st of March Mr. Craig presented

petition for the incorporation of the Mauch Chunk Bank. Mr Reese presented a petition relating to

school superintendents. Mr. Bush presented a petition relating to

county superintendents of common schools: also one relating to building associations.

Mr. Bush called up the bill to incorporate the Allentown Bank, when the House went into committee of the whole on said bill, (Mr. Dunning in the chair.) The bill being reported from the committee, came up on second reading, and passed finally :-- Yeas 57, nays 12.

YEAS-Messrs. Avery, Barry, Boal, Bowman, Bush, Caldwell, Chamberlain, Christ, Clapp, Clover, Craig, Criswell, Cummings, (Phila. Co.,) Donaldson, Edinger, Eyster. Fernon Fletcher, Franklin, Free, Guy, Gwinner Harrison, Herr, Hubbs, Johnson, King, Kirkpatrick, Lane, M'Clean, M'Conkey, M'Cullough Maxwell, Magill, Mengle, Morris, Muse, North Palmer, Reese, Rittenhouse, Rutter, Sallade ..., Smith, (Dian,, O.i.l., (Di.:1 Steel, Stehley, Stewart, Sturdevant, Water house, Weddell, Wickersham, Wood, Yorks Ziegler and Strong, Speaker-57.

NAYS--Messrs. Bergstresser, Carlisle, Down ng, Foster, Fry, Gross, Hodgson, Laporte, Morrison, Orr, Pennypacker and Wright-12.

IMPORTANT "AMERICAN" MOVEMENT. - A andbill is posted around the streets of Trenton this evening, calling upon "Americans" to meet to morrow evening at the City Hall, for the purpose of forming an open American organization. All are invited to attend who are in " favor of Americans ruling America," of an open American organization as the only true republican attitude for an American political party; of an extension of the naturalization laws to a period of 21 years, or a repeal of the same; of a capitation or head tax sufficient to exclude Europ paupers and criminals and protect American labor as well as American capital; all who are opposed to corruption and time serving truck ling to a foreign balance of power vote, by the two old parties; who are opposed to foreign ectarian dictation in our system of public schools .- Newark Daily Advertiser, Feb. 19th.

A GOOD EXAMPLE. -It is very well for men to be rich when they possess large hearts. Gen. Robert Nalsey, of Ithaca, New York, has recently been doing a very handsome thing. He requests the tax-gatherer of the town in which he resides, to pass over all cases where taxes have been levied upon individuals who cannot pay them without depriving themselves. or their dependent families, of the necessaries of life, or means of comfortable subsistence and present the same to him for payment.

MEDICAL STUDENTS .- The catalogues of the present term, in the several schools in Phila delphia, exhibit the following totals: Uni versity of Pennsylvania, 350; Jefferson College 500 : Pennsylvania College, 120 ; Philadelphia Medical College, 100; Homocopathetic Medi cal College, 80; Female Medical College, 50.-These constitute an aggregate of twelve hundred students-a pretty large number for on

SHARP SHOOTING IN NATCHES .- The best rifle shooting we have ever seen, we saw made on Tuesday last by Mr. H. J. Newcomb, of this city, with a rifle of his own make, and with an mprovement invented by himself, At the distance of two hundred and twenty yards, Mr. Newcomb placed five successive balls within the circle of which the radius was less than an ich .- Mississippi Free Trader.

A Brave Girl .- A few days ago, a girl, only 14 years of age, on her way home from school in Raynham, Mass., had her veil blown off, which fell on the ice in the river. In pursuit of it, she fell in the water where it was ten feet of salt, and sifted Indian meal enough to make deep, but managed to keep afloat, by pieces of ice, until the current carried her down to the cake. Bake it in deep cake-pans about an bridge. Clinging to the stone pier, she succeeded in drawing herself out of the water, and boil sweet milk and turn it on the meal, and soon reached home. It was one of the severest lution accepting the sword, and thanking the

Odds and Ends.

There are 100 Churches in Pittsburgi Hear no ill of a friend, nor speak any of your enemy.

A gentleman in Detroit has a pair of. cin-deers, which he drives about like horses. The excess of females over males, in the United States, is 600,000.

Constant success shows us but one side

Count not a man evil because he is unfortunate.

The mother who saw another baby prettier than her own, has been sent to the lunation

Never repose confidence in a blockhead. The more shallow the water the more danger-

asvlum.

For the community to honor one who spends his life in genteel idleness is like dressng a hog in silk stockings.

"Business before pleasure," as the mansaid when he kissed his wife before he went out to make love to his neighbor's. The daily delivery of water to London

during the past few months has been little short of 100,000,000 gallons. The smiles of home are exceedingly pleasant," but there are many people who

prefer "smiling" with a friend outside. We may live without a brother, but not without a friend. In order to deserve a good

friend we must become one. Toung men should bear in mind that coat tails, cigars, profanity, tall shirt-collars,

and bluster, do not make MEN. Its a very solemn thing to be married,

said Aunt Bethany. 'Yes, but its a deal more solemn not to be,' said an old maid of forty. Acquire a reputation for speaking the

truth-so that if it is ever necessary for you to speak a falsehood it may be believed. Maryland has the heaviest debt, in proportion to population, of any State in the Union.

It exceeds fifteen millions to a population of five hundred and eighty thousand, bond and The number of languages spoken in the world, amounts to three thousand and sixty-

four. The inhabitants of the globe profess more than one thousand different religions. A genius has discovered a process for converting old topers into a cartridge box .-

Their superiority for that purpose consists in their being always dry. Quakertown, Bucks county, has been incorporated into a Borough. The first election will be held on the 15th day of the present

LAMENTABLE. - Monkeys have been dying of cholera in the Island of Trinidad; and their nearest relatives, our town dandies, are all of a

tremble in consequence. The total consumption of foreign molasses in the U. S. in 1854, was 24,434.018 galtic, 54,492,010 gallons.

The discovery has been made by a

modern writer, that without a mouth, a man could neither cat, drink, talk, kiss the girls or chew tobacco. A western editor thus delivers himself: -We would say to the individual who stole our

shirt off the pole, while we were waiting for it to dry, that we sincerely hope that the collar may cut his throat. The Directors of the Poor of Schuylkill county estimate that in addition to the produce

of a farm of 200 acres, it will require \$17,200 to support the poor of that county during the current year. By the operation of our mileage system, one Senator receives \$5,282 and another \$33 50 per session for traveling expenses, while

the difference between the actual expense incur red is little less than \$250! Do you think you are fit to die?" said stepmother to her neglected child. "I don't know," said the little girl, taking hold of her dirty dress, and inspecting it-" I guess so-if

I nin't too dirty."

LET parents see to it that scholars attend school regularly, are there at proper time in the morning and at noon, and that they study lessons thoroughly. The School-master cannot do everything.

A California paper advertises a grand bull fight, in which a woman will fight with and kill one of the wildest bulls that can be obtained; also, a fight between a bear and a jackass, all to come off on Sunday. January was a hard month for ship

wners. In that month 43 American vessels, valued with their cargoes at over a million of dollars, were wrecked, mostly on our Atlantic

A lady (?) and gentleman (?) quarrelled in the streets of Jackson, Miss, the other day. He fired four shots of a revolver at her, which cotton rendered harmless. She knocked him down with a brick-bat, and the bystanders then separated the billigerents. A large cargo of Indians, captured in the

Peninsula of Yucatan by Santa Anna's directions, were landed in Havana to be sold as slaves. At the very urgent remonstrance of the British Consul, Gen. Conche is about to inquire into the legality of the transaction:-Santa Anna has already received \$20,000 for his share of the business.

SWORD PRESENTATION. -An interesting scene occurred in the United States Senate on Tuesday last. The sword which Gen. Jackson wore through all his campaigns, and which, while on his death bed he presented to his friend and companion in arms, the late Gen. Armstrong, was presented to Congress. Gen. Cass, in presenting the weapon, delivered an eloquent eulogy upon the public services and private virtues of the gallant Hero of New Orleans.-Mr. Bell followed in a similar strain, and at the complusion of his remarks offered a joint resofamily of the late Gen. Armstrong for the gift.