

Conviction of a Wretch

Dr. Stephen T. Beale, a dentist, of Philadelphia, was last week tried in the Court of Quarter Sessions of that city, for the commission of a rape upon the person of Narcisca Emeline Judge a young lady nineteen years of age, on the 4th of August last. The facts gathered from the testimony show that Miss Judge resides in Belmont, a village not far removed from Philadelphia. Dr. Beale had been employed, at various times for many years, by her father's family, in his capacity of dentist. On the morning in question, she arrived in Philadelphia by the cars, to fulfill an engagement with Dr. Beale, who was to perform a dental operation. She was met at the depot by a young man named Charles Throckmorton, to whom she was engaged to be married. He accompanied her to Dr. Beale's and then left her. Miss Judge went into Dr. Beale's and was shown into the parlor, and shortly after into the operation room; and after some delay (Dr. Beale's family being absent at the time) he administered a drug to her—other—which was not against her wish, and in character with his practice. While in that state she was conscious of what was going on around her, but incapable of resistance. And it was at this time, after taking some libelous pills, that Dr. B. committed the violence to her person. After this Dr. Beale administered more ether, and then extracted a tooth, which was not designed at first, and which was not the operation that was to have been performed—the tooth was to have been plugged and not extracted. The poor girl, in her plain and straightforward testimony, said that the reason why she consented to take the ether a second time was because she was afraid and ashamed to acknowledge by her actions that she was aware of the outrage perpetrated upon her; and in accordance with this feeling, she made an appointment to come to the doctor's office on the following Monday. When she left his office she went directly to a family with whom she was acquainted, and told them of the crime committed upon her. Her testimony occupies a full column in a Philadelphia paper but the details are unfit for publication. The prisoner was found guilty, and remanded to prison to await sentence. His counsel have given notice of an application for a new trial.

NOTABLE HISTORICAL FACT.—When first sown in North American Colonies in 1602, on the Elizabeth Islands, Mass., by Gosnold, at the time he explored that coast. That has just been 252 years ago, and since that time so great has been the increase of this cereal, that in the year, 1846, according to the census of 1850, the product amounted to 100,503,890 bushels.

Up to 1610, and perhaps later, England supplied the Colonies with the greater part of their breadstuffs. How changed is it now! All Europe is looking to us for bread! The cry of famine reaches us with the arrival of every steamer, and we respond by sending cargo in the wake of cargo from our abundance, to save them from starvation. The bread sent to the colonies in 1610, was not cast upon the waters to ever more to return. Two hundred and forty-four years afterwards it rolls back in a continuous stream to gladden the hearts of half-famished millions in England, France and Belgium.—The descendants of men originally lashed and scourged from their shores, and forced to make their future habitations beneath the shades of an almost boundless wilderness, bleak, desolate and uninviting, more human than the task-masters of their fathers, are now striving to return good for what was considered an evil, by supplying them with bread.—States Islander.

REMARKABLE CASE OF SECOND SIGHT.—A New York letter mentions the following extraordinary incident, in connection with the loss of the Arctic:

A young gentleman, lately residing in this city, fell through a hatchway in his father's store some time last summer, and was severely injured, one side of his body becoming completely paralyzed, and after a while he entirely lost the faculty of speech. In this position he remained until the 27th ult. (about the time of the accident of the Arctic, on board which steamer it was known that the young man's father was a passenger,) when he suddenly started up in his sleep and exclaimed to the surprise of all present, "My father is drowning!" fall back upon his pillow and died. It was the first time he had spoken for months; it was the last forever.

The young man referred to was a son of Mr. G. G. Smith, of New York, who was lost in the Arctic.

AVFUL RAIL ROAD SLAUGHTER.—An awful disaster occurred on the Great Western Railroad, in Canada, on Friday last. It was caused by the bursting of the head of the cylinder of a locomotive, throwing one train out of time, so that when near Chatham, in a dense fog, it ran at full speed against a gravel train. In the collision, two passenger cars were crushed, one beneath the weight of the locomotive, and the other by a heavy baggage car being forced upon top of it. It was four hours before the mangled remains of the dead could be extricated. Forty-eight persons were killed instantly, and two others died soon after of their wounds out of forty-one that were wounded. Of the killed it is known that there were twenty-five men, eleven women, and eleven children, and of the wounded, twenty-one men, and twenty women and children.

PICKLING PEPPERS.—Take two dozen large size garden peppers, (green,) slit them carefully on the side; take out the pulp; put on a tablespoonful of salt, and cover them with boiling water every morning for nine days; then fill them with cabbage cut fine, and a little salt.—Sow them up then lay them in vinegar.

Miss, can I have the exquisite pleasure of rolling the wheel of conversation around the axle-tree of your understanding a few minutes this evening? The lady faints.

Conviction of a Murderer.

The trial of Nicholas Behechan, for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Wickham, an aged couple, at Cutchogue, Long Island, on the 2d of June last, ended at Riverhead, in the same county, on the 27th of October, in the conviction of the prisoner for murder, and his sentence to the scaffold. The particulars of this murder, as proved upon trial, do not vary from the confession of the prisoner, which he made at the time of the occurrence. Nicholas Behechan was a servant or laborer in the service of Mr. Wickham. In the same family lived Ellen Holland, to whom the prisoner made proposals of marriage at three different times, which were declined by her. He became importunate in his attentions, and in consequence of Ellen's complaints to Mr. and Mrs. Wickham, he was discharged from their employ. In his confession he says, when asked why he murdered Mr. and Mrs. Wickham, "I meant to have revenge on Ellen Holland, and meant to ravish her and murder her as well." After coolly completing his preparations for the murder, he reached the house late at night. The evidence of Dr. Carpenter, to whom Behechan made a confession then, reads as follows: At this time he said he took off his boots and left them outside; went to the wood-pile and got the post-ax; then entered the kitchen through the sloe-room window; then proceeded up the kitchen stairs to the kitchen garret, and struck the negro boy "Steve" several blows with the ax; previous to going up stairs, he told me he got the kitchen lamp, lighted it, and took it with him; he then passed to the kitchen garret door to get into the hall of the main building; as he opened the garret door, Mrs. Wickham halted him, and said: "Who is there?" and continued, "Nicholas, is it you? go away; you have no business here;" by this time, he said, Mr. Wickham came to the door and said, "Nicholas, you have no business here; if there is anything you want take it away;" Mr. and Mrs. Wickham had then crowded out a little into the hall; he put down the light and pushed them both back into the bedroom and struck at Mr. Wickham with the ax, and Mr. Wickham seized the ax out of his hands; he then knocked Mr. Wickham down with a blow of his fist, and seized the ax from his hands while he was down, and struck him a great many times with the ax; he said he knocked him down altogether three or four times, but only once with his fist; he said that if Mr. Wickham had fought him half as hard as Mrs. Wickham did he thought they would have conquered him; at this time Mrs. Wickham attempted to get out of the window, but he caught her by the feet, drew her back again, and struck her several times with the ax; he then left them, passed through the same door, and tied that door to a rafter; he passed down stairs again and up the stairs of the main building to the room occupied by Ellen Holland and Catharine Dowd, and found they had gone, as the room was vacant.

Before the prisoner was arrested he attempted suicide by cutting his throat. During the trial his conduct showed him to be a vulgar, senseless brute. The Jury, after an absence of only twenty minutes, returned a verdict of "Guilty of Murder." At this time a deathlike silence pervaded the court room, and as the officers were removing the murderer to his cell, a spectator near him said: "Well, Nick, don't you wish it was finished at once?" To which he replied with perfect indifference, "Yes, sir! I wish the d—d thing was over, so I would not have to come back here again."

When asked by the Judge if he had anything to say, he answered: "Well, all I have got to say to yee's is, that I ain't guilty of the murder that has been laid to my charge. I know the men who did do it, but I never wanted to prevent it, and now (shaking his head) I want—no, never! turn traitor against any man. I never meant to let any one have it to say, after I die, 'that I was a traitor.' I didn't do it (meaning the murder) but it was done by two men who is named John Scott and James McCrawdon. These men are the only ones that committed it, and I know about it, on that day; these men gave \$1 each to a boatman to cross the Sound near Greenport."

The Judge then sentenced him to be hung on the 15th of December next. The criminal looked at the Judge with an air of vindictiveness, and exclaimed, in a rough voice: "Thank you sir! and when I die (pointing to his head) I will leave you my hair to make you a wig!"

GIRLS ELOPING WITH INDIANS.—Recently a band of Indians gave a performance in Somerset, Ohio, and two girls, sisters, were so captivated with the "dance and the whoop of these sons of nature," that they asked permission to accompany them, which was gallantly granted. The mother of the girls subsequently not only consented to their becoming squaws, but joined the savage party herself! There's no accounting for tastes.

SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.—We find, upon inquiry that the crests given as traced upon the various articles of plate found by the Esquimaux Indians, and sold by them to Dr. Rae, tally with those of the family of the unfortunate Sir John Franklin and several of his officers. Sir John's ship was the "Erebus," and one of the crews described belonged to the officers of the "Terror," it is probable that they are not included in the sad remains that have been discovered near Fox (Bäck) river. We may still cling to the hope, however faint, that the crew of the "Terror" may yet be heard of—some of them, perhaps yet alive.

CORN CROP IN KENTUCKY.—In some parts of Kentucky hogs are now selling for \$2 50 per cwt. A short time since farmers in the same sections were willing to sell their hogs for almost any price which buyers were willing to offer. This is conclusive evidence that the corn crop in that State has turned out much better than most people anticipated.

A New Light.

A correspondent in the columns of the Tribune, says an important discovery, after five years incessant labor, has lately been completed by a gentleman residing near New York, which is expected to cause a great revolution in the prices of coal and gas. It is an entire new light, white in color, resembling much the light of day. It will be cheap and fit for all purposes that gas is now used. One great advantage in the invention is its applicability to the production of heat for domestic purposes of every kind. It will be able to be obtained at such a price as will be within the means of every person. It is called "Arthur's Washington Light." It will supersede the necessity of laying down gas piping in streets and houses as it is portable, and requires no piping of any kind, and can be carried without inconvenience from one room to another. The lamp is not easily put out of repair, and requires no care after once lighting. It is perfectly safe, and not liable to the accidents of other lamps. The inventor is most sanguine as to its applicability to all locomotive engines, instead of coal or other fuel."

PROFITABLE FARMING IN CALIFORNIA.—There is no branch of business considered at a lower ebb in this country at present than farming.—It is the general impression that every one engaged in this occupation is driving a ruinous business. It is scarcely reasonable to suppose that it could be otherwise, when it is borne in mind that wheat is not selling at one half the price it brings in New York, while labor on this side of the continent is three or four times as high. The native richness of our soil makes up, however, in some instances, for this discrepancy. In conversation yesterday with a farmer from Alameda County, on the Bay, about ten miles south of Oakland, and about fifteen miles from San Francisco, he informed us that he had found his crop this year quite profitable. His land is a very choice selection. He had 70 acres of oats, which yielded 7,200 bushels, or about 95 bushels to the acre; 23 acres of wheat which yielded 1,800 bushels, or about 78 bushels to the acre; 23 acres of barley, yielding 1,500 bushels, or 60 bushels to the acre; and 53 acres of potatoes, 17 of which had been dug, produced 2,600 sacks of 130 lbs. each, or nearly 200,000 lbs. to the acre.—Alta Californian.

COST OF PUBLIC WORSHIP.—It is estimated, says the Boston Transcript, that the current expenses of the churches of Boston will amount to \$240,000 a year. The value of the church estimates is about \$4,000,000. The expenses of the different societies vary from \$1,500 to \$5,500 a year. The cost of public worship in the churches occupied by the wealthier portion of the citizens will average about \$100 a Sunday. The clergyman has a salary of \$3,000, the music costs about \$1000, and the miscellaneous expenses will be from \$1,000 to \$1,500 a year.—The taxes on the pews vary from \$8 to \$70 a year, according to value. The Methodist preachers have the smallest salaries and the Unitarians the largest.

AN IMMENSE ESTABLISHMENT.—The Pacific mill, at Lawrence, Mass., is the largest in the world. Its floor surface covers sixteen acres, and has now in operation 40,000 cotton and 10,000 worsted spindles. These are to be increased to 18,000 and 20,000 respectively.—There are 1,200 looms in operation, to be increased to 2,400. These produce 300,000 pieces of cloth per annum, one half de laines.—The weekly consumption of cotton is 200,000 lbs.—say 1,040,000 lbs. per annum—and 500,000 lbs. wool. The number of hands employed are about 2,000 whose wages amount to \$50,000 a month.

AN IRISH GIANT.—We learn from a Glasgow (Scotland) paper, that there is an individual at present in Greenock, named Patrick Murphy, the Irish giant, a lad of eighteen years of age, and of the extraordinary height of seven feet five and a half inches on his stocking soles. He weighs twenty-one stone, and measures fifty-two inches round the chest. Murphy is a native of Ireland.

SHOOTING QUAILS IN THE STREETS.—The editor of the Morning Advocate, a daily paper published in the city of Racine, Wisconsin, says he has been requested to call attention to the dangerous and reprehensible practice which is at present so unceremoniously indulged in by boys of all ages, of shooting quails in the streets of that city?

MINT SACRE.—Many of our country friends do not know what a luxury they deprive themselves of, when they eat lamb, either broiled or baked, without mint sauce. Set a few roots of spear-mint in one corner of the garden, and they will soon furnish an abundant supply. Strip off the leaves and chop them fine, add an equal amount of sugar, and cover the whole with vinegar. A small tea-cupful of the mixture will be sufficient for a large family. Try this and see if it is not far preferable to greasy gravies.—Ohio Cultivator.

QUINCES FOR THE TABLE.—We know, from personal observation, that few persons are acquainted with the best method of preparing quinces for the table; it is simply this: Bake them, remove the skin, slice and serve with cream and sugar. Prepared in this manner many prefer them to the peach. If you have never eaten them prepared in this way, try it by all means, and you will thank us for the suggestion. So says the Farmer's Mirror.

There were committed to prison in Jersey City during the month of October, one hundred and three persons, of which number only five were Americans.

It is an indisputable fact, that taking the whole United States together, much more money is expended for the single article of cigars, than for all the Common Schools in the Union.

Ann Smith, aged 100 years, died in Bucks county on the 12th. She leaves two hundred descendants.

MAKING MACHINERY FOR ENGLAND.—The Massachusetts Arms Company, at Chicopee, Mass., are now constructing for the British Government a complete set of machinery for doing gun-work. The machines are modeled from those in the arsenal at Springfield. This is probably the first machinery, with the exception of a few models of looms, &c., made in this country for England, and certainly the first ever made for the English Government.

INTERESTING TO MOTHERS.—Barnum gives notice that the baby show, which was to come off at his museum in November, "has been postponed until early in June next, in conformity with the wishes of many ladies, who do not like to expose their infants to the weather at this season of the year." That will be just nine months hence.—New York Post.

A Busy Hen.—E. H. Pilcher, of Adrian, (Mich.) gives an account of a wonderful hen he has in his possession. She has laid one hundred and sixty-seven eggs in so many successive days. During this time she intermitted two days, to wit, the 2d and the 12th, but to make up for this she laid two eggs on the 12th and 16th days each.—(Boston Dem.)

THE HAIR.—Bogle, the celebrated hair doctor, gives as authority for saying that the number of hairs found on a square inch of the human scalp are as follows: Of flaxen hair 728, of chestnut 648, of black 580. Black hair is the coarsest with the exception of gray. No man of modern times has studied this matter more thoroughly than Dr. Bogle.

The St. Louis (Mo.) Democrat estimates that within one year from this date there will be at least one hundred thousand people in Kansas, which will entitle the Territory to admission as a State.

Counterfeit two dollar bills of the Middle-town Bank, are in circulation.

Thanksgiving Day has been appointed in eleven States.

MARRIED.

On the 12th Oct., by the Rev. Mr. Vogelbein, Mr. ADAM GIES, to Miss ROSINA ESSLINGER, both of Allentown.

On the 29th Oct., Mr. JAMES A. KRECK, of Salisbury, to Miss ELIZABETH DEBIT, of Bath, Northampton Co.

On the 5th Nov., Mr. JOHN WERLE, to Miss ANNA M. SCHNEIDER, both of Catsquaga.

On the 5th Nov., Mr. UMAH GUTH, to Miss ELEMINE LUDWIG, both of Allentown.

On the 5th Nov., Mr. REUBEN MOYER, to Miss FAYETTE LEH, both of Allentown.

On the 26th Oct., by the Rev. Mr. Yengar, Mr. DANIEL M. LICHTENWALDER, of Hanover, Lehigh Co., to Miss SARANNA C. SCHAEFFER, of Lower Nazareth, Northampton Co.

On the 31st Oct., Mr. CHARLES GRAFFIN, of Catsquaga, to Miss MARY SCHNEIDER, of South Whitehall.

On the 5th Nov., by the Rev. Mr. Dubs, Mr. BENNEVILLE FENSTERMACHER, to Miss JULIAN DRUIT, both of Salisbury.

On the 25th ult., by the Rev. Dr. Bomberger, WILLIAM A. WOOD, Esq., of New Jersey, to Miss SARINA S. SYNDER, of Easton.

DIED.

On the 1st Nov., in Allentown, CATHERINE WALTRA, aged 79 years.

On Monday last, the 6th of November, in Allentown, SARAH, consort of Conrad Stalar, aged about 70 years.

On the 10th Oct., in New Texas, GEORGE L. son of Dr. C. W. Fisher, aged 21 years.

On the 15th Oct., in Salisbury, HENRY JOHN, son of Michael and Eva Shout, aged 3 years.

On the 29th Oct., in South Whitehall, ANNA BARBARA TILSON, aged 79 years.

On the 31st Oct., in Upper Saucon, JACOB DETERER, aged 55 years.

In Philadelphia, on the 23rd ult., of Typhoid fever, Mr. P. KRIGGAM, aged about 25 years.

The deceased had many acquaintances and warm personal friends in this Borough, who deeply regret his early death.

THE MARKETS.

ALLENTOWN MARKET.

Flour, per bbl.	\$9 00
Wheat,	2 00
Corn,	85
Rye,	1 25
Oats,	50
Hay,	14 00
Salt,	60
Potatoes,	12
Ham, per lb.,	1 38
Sides,	8
Shoulders,	8
Lard,	10
Butter,	20
Eggs per doz.	20

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Flour—straight brands,	\$8 44
Western "	7 85
CORN MEAL,	4 25
RYE FLOUR,	6 50
GRAIN—White Wheat,	1 98
Red,	1 86
Corn,	1 15
Corn, White,	80
Yellow,	83
Oats,	48
WHISKEY,	38

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET.—Nov. 6th. There were 1500 head of Beef Cattle offered at the different yards this week, most of which were disposed of at from \$7 to \$10 per 100 lbs, as in quality. 500 head were taken for New York. The demand was principally for the better descriptions. There were 200 head of Cows sold at from \$18 to \$46 each, according to quality. Calves are without change. About 500 head of Hogs were offered, most of which sold at from \$6 to \$7 per 100 lbs. Some 1500 head of Sheep and Lambs were disposed of at \$2-50 to \$6, and in quality.

Pop Goes the Weasel! A GRAND QUADRILLE PARTY WILL BE GIVEN ON FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, AT THE UNION HOUSE. Col. A. ERTINGER's celebrated Quadrille Band has been engaged for the occasion. Nov. 8. 1-1w

American Artists' Union!

THE AMERICAN ARTISTS' UNION would respectfully announce to the citizens of the United States and the Canada, that for the purpose of cultivating a taste for the fine arts throughout the country, and with a view of enabling every family to become possessed of a gallery of Engravings by the first

ARTISTS OF THE AGE, They having determined, in order to create an extensive sale for their Engravings, and thus to give employment to a large number of artists and others, but inspire among our countrymen a taste for works of art, to present to the purchasers of their engravings, when 250,000 of which are sold,

250,000 Gifts of the actual cost of \$1,000,000. Each purchaser of a One Dollar Engraving, therefore, receives not only an Engraving richly worth the money, but also a Ticket which entitles him to one of the Gifts when they are distributed. FOR FIVE DOLLARS, a highly finished Engraving, beautifully painted in oil, and FIVE GIFT TICKETS, will be sent, or Five Dollars worth of splendid Engravings can be selected from the Catalogue, and sent by return mail or express. A copy of the Catalogue, together with a specimen of one of the Engravings, can be seen at the office of this paper.

For each Dollar sent, an Engraving actually worth that sum, and a Gift Ticket, will immediately be forwarded. AGENTS: The Committee, believing that the success of this GREAT NATIONAL UNDER-TAKING will be materially promoted by the energy and enterprise of intelligent and persevering Agents have resolved to treat with such on the most liberal terms. Any person wishing to become an Agent, by sending (post paid) one dollar, will receive by return of mail, a One Dollar Engraving, a "GIFT TICKET," a Prospectus Catalogue, and all other necessary information. On the final completion of the sale, the Gifts will be placed in the hands of a Committee of the purchasers to be distributed, due notice of which will be given throughout the United States and the Canada.

LIST OF GIFTS.

100 Marble busts of Washington, at \$100	\$10,000
100 " " Clay	100 10,000
100 " " Webster	100 10,000
100 " " Calhoun	100 10,000
50 elegant Oil Paintings, in splendid frames, size, 34 1/2 inch each	100 5,000
100 elegant Oil Paintings, 2 1/2 feet each	60 5,000
500 steel plate Engravings, brilliant, ly colored in oil, rich gilt frames 2 1/2 x 3 inches each	10 5,000
10,000 elegant steel plate Engravings colored in oil, of the Washington Monument, 20x20 inches each	4 -40,000
237,000 steel plate engravings, from 100 different plates now in possession of and owned by the Artists' Union, of the market value of from 50 cents to \$1 each	41,000
1 first class Dwelling, in Thirty First Street, New York City	41,000
22 Building Lots in One Hundred and One Hundred and First Streets New York City, each 25x100 feet deep, at	1,000 22,000
100 Villa Sites, containing each 10,000 square feet, in the suburbs of New York City, and commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson river and Long Island Sound, at	500 50,000
20 perpetual loans of cash, without interest or security, of \$250 each,	5,000
50 " " " " 100 each,	5,000
100 " " " " 50 each,	5,000
250 " " " " 20 each,	5,000
2,000 " " " " 5 each,	10,000

Reference in regard to the Real Estate, F. J. Visscher & Co., Real Estate Brokers, New York. Orders (post paid), with money inclosed, to be addressed, J. W. HOLBROOKE, Secretary, 505 Broadway, New York.

The Engravings in the Catalogue are now ready for delivery. Nov. 8. 1-6m

HOUSEKEEPERS READ BEFORE YOU BUY!

BLANK'S Cheap and Fashionable CABINET WARE ROOM, NO. 90 HAMILTON STREET, ALLENTOWN, PA. BLANK respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has always on hand an excellent assortment of cheap and fashionable CABINET WARE, consisting in part of Mahogany Sideboards, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Card, P. & Y. Orders, (post paid), with money inclosed, to be addressed, J. W. HOLBROOKE, Secretary, 505 Broadway, New York. The Engravings in the Catalogue are now ready for delivery. Nov. 8. 1-6m

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Fleming & Brother, Dealers in BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, DRIED FRUIT, AND PRODUCE generally, No. 40 South Water Street, Philadelphia. Consignments of Produce respectfully solicited. November 8. 1-4w

Landholders Take Notice.

The Morris Claims, (late Robert Morris, Financier of the War of the Revolution,) will be sued out. Occupants and others can have Condemnatory, Quit Claim, and Fee Titles, by early application to JAMES MOSS, Sole Grantee, No. 60 Walnut St. Etnw. Mass., Etc., No. 2 York Building. J. L. HOSKINS, Esq., No. 4 Sanson Street. Attorneys at Law, Philadelphia, Pa. Philadelphia, Oct. 18. 1-4w

Job Printing; Neatly executed at the "Register Office." 1-1w

Attention Purchasers!

CALL AND SEE THE NEW BOOT, SHOE, HAT AND CAP STORE, No. 21 Hamilton Street, ALLENTOWN, PA.

THE subscribers pleasure in announcing to the public, that he has entered a new field of operations in the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, at his "old stand," No. 21 East Hamilton Street, sign of the "Big Door," where the east of the German Reformed Church, where he manufactures and sells

Wholesale and Retail all kinds of fine and fashionable gentlemen's boots and shoes. Also, all kinds of the latest styles of fashionable dress and other shoes. Gentlemen's boots manufactured to order from \$2 50 to \$5 00. Boys' and Children's Boots from \$1 25 to \$4 00. Ladies Dress and other Shoes from 50 to \$2 50. The above articles will be sold at wholesale and retail, and one of the largest assortments in the trade ever exhibited in Allentown will always be kept on hand.

Measure or Customer. work will always be attended to at the shortest notice. The latest New York styles of Gentlemen's Fashionable Boots made up to order, and warranted to give full satisfaction. He has in his employ one of the most finished CUTTERS; and as for WORKMEN, none but the best will find employment.

Country Merchants are particularly invited to call, as we are prepared to supply them with a "home-made article" of superior quality, brought from "Yankee Land," and at prices very near if not quite as low. Therefore try home competition and give us a call.

We hope in our new enterprise to see the faces of our numerous old friends and hundreds of new ones, to whom we will always sell at the lowest Cash prices.

Ladies' Dress Gaiters, with and without heels, made up of French, Italian, English and American Lasting, of all colors and styles. Dress Shoes of Patent Leather, Morocco, Kid, French Morocco, and Seal, black and fancy colors, for Women, Misses, Children and Infants. Ladies, Misses, and Gentlemen's Gums, of all the fashionable styles. Repairing of all kinds done up neatly and expeditiously, and at prices that will give full satisfaction. A. L. RUEH Nov. 1. 1-1f

HENRY RITTER, Veterinary Surgeon, ALLENTOWN, PA.

He respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still continues to treat all diseases of the horse, with the greatest success. In the disease of Pole-Evil, Thistle, Spavin, and Ring-bone, his motto is "No Cure, no Pay." He invites such who have diseased horses to give him a call, as he will always be in readiness to attend, be it far or near, so that persons can rely upon being attended to punctually.—His prices are moderate. Persons leaving their orders with Mr. Brechtman, at the Eagle Hotel, will meet with prompt attention. Oct. 25, 1854. 1-4w

TRIAL LIST, NOV. TERM, 1854, COMMENCING NOV. 13

1. Martin Kemmerer vs. Thomas B. Wilson.
2. A. H. Emley vs. Forge Baumgardner.
3. Lucas Schlauch vs. Samuel Heffner.
4. Peter R. Weber vs. Joshua Fry.
5. Jonathan Kunkel vs. Joseph Bogert.
6. Jacob Sander vs. Jacob Stein.
7. William Reinsmith vs. Jacob J. Stein.
8. Aaron Eisenhart and others vs. Amos Brause.
9. William Sill vs. Henry Yeager.
10. Nathan Miller vs. Jacob Michael & Brother.
11. Moses Wiscand vs. John Hangen.
12. Edward Denhart vs. Solomon Gangwere.
13. Stephen Lutz vs. Samuel McHose.
14. Christian Ort vs. Thomas Shuler.
15. Daniel Levan vs. John Campbell.
16. Solomon Heimbach vs. The Northampton Water Company.

The Great Sea Serpent

SUPPOSED TO BE BETWEEN ONE AND TWO HUNDRED FEET LONG. Was again seen by Capt. Clipper, of the Brig Arrow. He reports a tremendous SEA SERPENT (on the old serpent ground, off Nahant,) which has caused considerable excitement in that vicinity; but nothing to be compared with that now existing about the new and splendid stock of clothing now offered for sale at BREINIG, NELIGH & BREINIG'S

PENNSYLVANIA CLOTHING HALL.

NO. 2, HAMILTON STREET. Their stock comprises every variety of Ready Made Clothing that may be found in the largest establishments in Philadelphia and New York, and they invite merchants and dealers, who buy wholesale, to call and examine before making their purchases. Our goods are made up expressly for the country trade, and we can satisfy all who call that they can procure a better stock of us at CHEAPER RATES than any where else. They also have on hand an extensive stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satins, Silk Vestings, &c., of every description, which they can make up at short notice, and in the most fashionable styles. Dealers wanting a lot of any particular article made up, can have them on short notice by sending in their order. CUSTOMER WORK will be attended to as usual, and all its warranted. Two of the firm being practical Tailors, the public need have no fears but that their garments will suit. Thankful for past favors, they hope by fair dealing and just prices to still enjoy the patronage of the public. Remember, all who want Clothing, that the Pennsylvania Hall, at the old stone corner, is the place. BREINIG, NELIGH & BREINIG. October 11, 1854. 1-3w

PUBLIC VENDUE.

Will be sold at Public Sale, on Saturday, the 11th day of November, at the house of Widow Zelner, in Hanover township, Lehigh county, the following Goods and Chattels, of the late Michael Zelner, deceased, to wit: 1 Pedlar Wagon with Cover, Trunks, Countertops, Quills, Sticks, Table Cloths, Pillow Cases, Towels, a Watch, Clothing, and numerous other articles too tedious to mention, and will be sold by MARY ANNA SCHWARTZ, Adm'r. of the Estate of Michael Zelner, dec'd. Oct. 18. 1-1w