Important War Document.

The Journal des Debates publishes the document purporting to be the letter of instruction from the four Powers to their ambussadors, in Constantinople. . . The Moniteur reconies it, but does not say whether it is genuine or spurious. The letter refers to the protocol of Dec. 5th of Austria, France, Britain and Prussia. It hopes the Porte will circumscribe the difficulty between Turkey and Russia within its true limits, and avoid introducing new elements into the war. It calls no Turkey to declare that she is still desirous of a peaceful settlement, accepting the assurances of Russia that no infringe ment of the Sultan's sovereignty is intended; that the Czar is prepared to discuss for reestablishing peace and evacuating the Principalities ; suggests that Russian and Turkish plenipotentiaries be intrusted with this negotiation, and should not treat except in the presence of the representatives of the Powers and that a city in the neutral four country be selected for the session of the conference; and, further, that the opening of the conference be the signal for an armistice. This despatch the ambassadors are ordered to read to Redchid Pacha, and to impress it on his attention.

The Debats also publishes the protocol itself, precisely as above, but with this important sentence-"That the existence of Turkey within the limits which treaties have assigned to her has in fact become one of the necessary conditions of European cauilibrium, and the present war cannot in any case involve modifications in the territorial circumspection of the two empires calculated to alter the state of possessions which time has consecrated in the East, and which is mecessary for the tranquillity of all the other Powers. Turkey is, therefore, invited to state on what terms it will treat."

From Constantinople, Dec. 13, we learn that the courier bearing the note and letter had arrived, and the ambassadors of the four Powers forthwith proceeded to act as directed. The Sultan's reply was expected to reach Vienna on the 26th of December .---Letters say, that he refused to accept an armistice, but consents to send a representative to the conference.

German papers mention a doubtful rumor that the Czar also consents to send an envoy to the conference. A paris paper denies this, and says the note has not been even officially forwarded to the Czar, nor will it be until the Sultan shall have replied.

Turkey and Russia.-The 'combined French, British and Turkish fleets entered the Black Sea on the 10th ult., and it is supposed their destination was Sebastopol. Three ships of each squadron remained for the protection of Constantinople. The Czar having frequently declared that the entry of the Black Sea by the combined fleets would be considered as equivalent to a declaration of war, the withdrawal of the Russian Ministers from Paris and London was immediately looked for.

Vienna papers say that the allied fleets had entered the Black Sea on a peaceful errand-to prevent further collisions between the Russian and Turkish vestels of war .--

The Paris papers publish a document purporting to be a letter of instructions from the four Great Powers to their Ambassadors at Constantinople. It bears rather hard on Turkey. The document reached Constantinople on the 13th, and the Sultan's reply was expected on the 26th.

It is reported that the Sultan refuses the proposed armistic, but consents to send a rep-resentative to the proposed conference. It is also rumored that the Czar consents to send an envoy.

The intelligence that the Turkish fleet was at Sinope, was carried to the Russian Admiral by an Austrian steamer.

battle was fought on the 30th. The news that the Turkish fleet was at Sinope was carried to the Russian Admiral by an Austrian steamer.

Persia.-It is reported that the Persians have been induced to declare against Turkey, by a direct promise from the Czar to remit the debt and restore to the Shah the disputed territory. The Shah places 30,000

troops at the disposal of the Czar. A rupture between Persia and England happened anterior to the declaration of war by Persia against Turkey, occasioned by an insult to the British Embassy.

Important from Mexico.

Advices from the city of Mexico to the 17th ultimo have reached New Orleans .----The chief feature of the intelligence, says

the Picayune, is in relation to the acceptance of the act of Gaudalajara by Santa Anna. On the 16th he issued his proclamation to this effect. The terms of it are, that he will continue invested with his present powers as long as he shall judge necessary; that he shall have power to elect his successor; and that the President shall, in future, bear the title of Most Serene Highness. On the following day he issued a long address, in which he depicts, in characteristic terms, the deplorable state of the country when he was recalled to resume the supreme ameliorate it. He declares that he has accepted the act of Guadalajara only because he sees it desired by the wealth and influence of the whole Republic, and because he believes it necessary for the preservation and improvement of the country. He expresses warm gratitude for the honor which the nation has conferred upon him, and a resolution to bring back to the Republic the days of real and substantial happiness.

The adhesions to the plan of Gaudalajara, continuing indefinitely the dictatorial powers with which Santa Anna has been investemanates almost entirely from the authorities, and not from the masses.

Among the many towns which have come into the movement, we notice the names of Cordova, Monterey, Guadalupe Hidalgo, Tlaxcala, Perote, Colula, Odjaca, and Cuidad Fernandez. The municipal authorities of this last city, in giving in their adhesion, expressed a desire that Mexico should be formed into an hereditary constitutional empire, with General Santa Anna for Emperor.

Santa Anna is occupied daily in giving audience to the deputations from the authorities, civil and military, and the different branches of trade of the various cities tendering their adhesion.

In consequence of the wish, expressed in proclamation by the Governor of the city of Mexico, the public buildings, and a large number of private mansions, were illuminated for the space of three days. Notwithstanding all these manifestations, a perceptible gloom pervades the city, and is apparent

in the entire absence of all public excitement, the slackness of business, and the want of activity and life. These facts became apparent to Santa Anna on his return from Tacubaya, and he immediately endeavored to counteract their influence by splendid feasts and parades, and by showing himself on the public promenade, surrounded by a public stuff and a great military display. ---

Anti-Rent Difficulties Settled.

The Court of Appeals on Saturday last announced their decision in the suit brought by the Attorney General, in behalf of the State, to test the title to the manor of Rensselaerwyck. The Court reversed the decision of Judge Harris, and unanimously declared the title produced and proved by the nial bandbox. Van Rensselaers to be regular and valid .--county of Albany, including the entire towns of Knox, Berne, Rensselaerville and Westsales for a sum in gross of which the interest at six per cent. will equal the value of ty years being ten shillings,) and the four fat fowls and a day's service with a team at \$2 50, which is less than their average val-\$30 62, can be purchased for \$416 66, or \$2 60 an acre. - N. Y. Tribune.

The largest portion of the manor in the of Knox, Berne, Kenssemervine and West-erlo, has lately been purchased by Walter S. Church, Esq., of Angelica, and Oscar Tyler, Esq., of Albany; and Mr. Church has also purchased a large portion of the manor in Hensselaer county. These gen-tlemen offer to release the rents and quarter bushel, (the average price for the last twen- | umns :

Bounty Lands to Soldiers of 1812.

On Tuesday, the 20th ult. Colonel Florence introduced the following bill, of which previous notice had been given. On his motion it was referred to the Committee of Public Lands :

A Bill extending the provisions of the several laws granting bounty lands to the officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled. That the provisions of the several laws granting bouny lands to the officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the United States, shall be, and the same are hereby extended, so as to grant to each of the persons therein described, including teamsers, wagoners, and other warrant Officers of the staff, artificers, and laborers of the ordinance corps, State troops called into service by State authority, a quantity of land which, in addition to that to which such persons may have received or be entitled to under any other act of Congress, shall not in the whole exceed the quantity of a quarter section, or one hundred and sixty acres; and each of the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, mariners, and marines engaged in the naval, revenue, marine power, and the exertions he has made to gun-boat, or flotilla service, or in the defence of the coast or any part thereof, who may have been taken captive by the enemy and remained either in captivity or on parole, in any of the wars mentioned in said acts, or who may have been engaged in the protec- Charles Kocher, formerly of Allentown, tion and defence of the frontiers, or Indian aged 18 years. disturbances, shall be entitled to the benefit of said laws as thus extended.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That here shall be issued to every person coming within the description aforesaid, a warrant for such quantity of land as he may be entitled to by virtue of the aforesaid provisions, ed, continue to pour in. The adhesion and in case of the death of such person, either before or after the passage of this act, then such warrant shall be issued in favor and inure to the benefit of his family or relatives according to the following rules : 1st., to his widow ; 2d, his children ; 3d, his father : 4th his mother; 5th, his brothers and sisters; and failing these heirs, to his heirs at law, according to the laws of the place in which he had his domicil at the time of his death : Provided, however, that no person who has perpetrated a fraud on the United States, under either of said laws as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the benefit of any provisions of this act.

Section 3. And be it further enacted, That he marriage of any widow after the death of her husband, for whose services she claims bounty land under any act of Congress, shall be no bar to the claim of such widow to the benefit of such act, provided she be a widow at the time she makes application therefor.

Good.-We call this "good" from the N Y. Tribunc, very good :- "Mr. Soule and his son have commenced filibustering operations in Spain. They have each fought a duel about Madame Soule's peticoat-the father with a French Marquis, the son with a Spanish Duke. Nobody was hurt in ei-ther encounter. This circumstance saves the transaction from utter ridicule. Duels touching the decorations of the toilet should not be fought with bullets of lead, though if there must be such, no more proper man can be found to fight them than the American Envoy Extraordinary. We trust he went to the field in his own velvet embroidered coat, with all his other toggery, and brought it back safe and sound to its conge-

"The transaction began with one ball and

MARRIED On the 25th of December, by the Rev. Joshua Yeager, Mr. William Van Houpten, to Miss Mary Landis, both of Quakertown. DIED. On the 3d of January, in Waterloo, New York, of consumption, Mathew Fegley, printer, formerly of Allentown, aged 17 years, 3 nonths and 27 days. Dearest Mathew, thou hast left us.

Here thy loss we deeply feel-But 'tis God who hath berefi us, He can all our sorrows heal. Past his trouble-past his pain, Cease to weep, for tears are vain-Calm the tumult of his breast, He who suffered is at rest. Oh ! parents, dear, oh ! do not weep, He is not dead, but there asleep, He was not yours, but Christ's alone; He loved him therefore took him home. H.

On the 5th of January, in Upper Saucon, Susana Scholl, aged 91 years.

On the 7th of January, in Allentown, of ancer, Eliza Louisa, consort of William Hittel, aged 25 years. On the 26th of December, in Allentown,

Peter Lynn, aged 40 years. On the 31st of December, in Allen town-

hip, Elizabeth, consort of Henry Schneider, aged 82 years.

On the 14th of November, in Indianapolis, ndiana, of fever, Henry Harrison, son of On the 25th of December, in Bethlehem,

Abby Spinner, daughter of Moses Spinner, aged 9 years.



Jacob Ueberroth, Upper Saucon. John Shaffer, Lower Macungie. Jacob E. Zimmerman, Lowhill, James F. Kline, Allentown. Joseph Schlauch, Lowhill. William Dillinger, Lower Milford. Samuel Snyder, Lynn. Reuben Wenner, South Whitehall. Moses Wieandt, Salisburg. Aaron Dubbs, Lower Millord. Ephraim F. Butz, South Whitehall. Peter Snyder, Esq., Lynn. Henry Romig, Upper Saucon. Isaac Hartman, do do. Peter Moyer, Lynn, Stephen Schlosser, Washington. Charles Foster, Upper Milford. Andrew Shelton, South Whitehall. Benjamin Riegel, Lower Macungie. Nelson Labar, Washington, Francis Weiss, Esq., Weisenburg, Henry Jarret, Lower Macungie. Simon Moyer, South Whitehall. Jonas Haas, Esq., Lynn.

Petit Jurors.

FIRST WEEK. Godfrey Peter, Heidelburg. John H. Fogel, Upper Saucon. George Rex, Esq., Washington. Morgan Appel, Salisburg. Jacob Zimmerman, Esq., Lowhill, Charles E. Beck, Washington. William Horn, Allentown. Ephraim Guth, South Whitehall. Jesse Solliday, Upper Saucon. Edwin Keiper, North Whitehall. David Weida, Lowhill. Charles Brauss, Allentown. Samuel Horn, do. Samuel Horn, uo. Michael Reichard, Upper Macungie. George Vliet, Washington, Nathan Peter, North Whitehall. David Schitz, Lynn. Thomas Ritter, Hanover. George Desh, Lower Macungie. Samuel Wieder, Lower Milford. Joseph Witman, Upper Saucon, Charles Harmony, Lynn. Solomon Biery, Catasauqua. John Trexler, Salisburg. John Trexler, Salisburg. Frederick Knauss, Heidelburg. Charles B. Sheimer, Upper Milford. Henry Gangewer, Allentown, Isaac Larash, Lower Milford. Joseph Hoffert, Salisburg. Abraham Heller, Upper Saucon. John Schimpf, Allentown. Charles Brader, do. Benjamin Breinig, North Whitehall. Peter Thomas, Washington. Edmund J.Balliet, Allentown. Henry Marsteller, Upper Milford. SECOND WEEK. Daniel Frey, Hanover. Jacob Fabian, Upper Saucon. John Shiflert, Lower Macungie. Joseph Moyer, Hanover, John Kerchner, Lower Macungie, Reuben Stahler, Upper Milford. Samuel Meissimer, Upper Macungie. William S. Young, Allentown. Gideon Sechler, Lynn. Charles Gross, Allentown. Nathan Frederick, Catasaugua, Benjamin Diefenderfer, Lower Macungie Joel Klotz, Lowhill. Charles Ritter, Hanover. Joseph Weber, Allentown, Samuel Sieger, North Whitehall. Daniel Ræder, Lower Milford, Henry Keiser, Lower Macungië. Paul Brown, North Whitehalt. Daniel Weaver, Lynn. David Peter, Washington, Jesse Ueberroth, Salisburg. David Henniger, South Whitehall, Benjamin Beisel, do. Nathan Laudenschlager, Allentown. Tilghman Kleppinger, Jacob Marx. Lower Macungie. do. Henry Fogelman Hanover, Jacob Laudenschlager, Salisburg. George Brong, South Whitehall. Daniel Bittner, Weisenburg. Jacob Wenner, Lower Macungie. Reuben Cole, North Whitehall, Martin Kemerer, Salisburg. Jacob Inrig, Allentown. Henry Stauffer; Lower Milford; 814

Prices Current.

ARTICLES. | Per Allent. Easton Phild Flour.... Barrel, 6 00; 5 00, 5 00 Wheat . . . Bush. 1 35 1 00 1 13 Rye -----80 81 87 Corn --60 60 67 ___ Oats 32 38 30 Buckwheat . . _ 50 50 60 Flaxseed . . . -----1 37 1 50 1 50 Cloverseed . . ____ 5 00 5 50 5 50 ____ limothyseed . 2 50 2 75 2 70 Potatoes . . . 40 new 75 50 Salt 55 45 30 -Butter Pound 18 15 30 Lard Tallow . . . 10 12 -10 9 Beeswax . . . _ 22 25 28 Ham ___ 12 12 15 Flitch ___ 9 8 12 8 8 11 Tow-yarn. . . Eggs Rye Whiskey Doz. 18 20 Gall. 22 22 24 Apple Whiskey Linseed Oil . . 30 23 ----24 _ 60 85 Hickory Wood Cord 4 50 4 50 6 00 Hay Egg Coal . . . Ton 14 00 20 00 25 50 3 50 4 00 4 50 Ton

2 50 3 00 3 00

ANEW

Nut Coal . . .

Lump Coal.

Plaster

Boot and Shoe Manufactory In Allentown.

The undersigned take this method to in form their friends and the public in general, that they have lately purchased the



as heretofore at the "Old Stand" No. 9. East Hamilton Street, Allentown, under the firm of Heckman and Witty.

As new beginners they invite the public to give them a call, particularly the Lady customers. They are both experienced workmen and

their work is made of the best materials by the best hands and under their own directions, and they will stand good for any work turned out of their store.

They also keep a full assortment of Gum Shoes on hand, comprising every style and quality. Ordered customer work done up in the

best and most durable manner, in any style desired and at the shortest notice. Also reparing done upon as short a notice as possible. TERMS CASH.

HECKMAN & WITTY. January 4, 1854. ¶-1y

PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS, the Hon. Washington Mc-Cartney, President of the several Courts of common pleas of the Third Judicial District, composed of the counties of Northampton and Lehigh, State of Pennsylvania, and Justice, of the several Courts of Oyer and Terminer and general Jail delivery, and Peter Haas. and Jacob Dillinger, Esqrs., Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and generally Jail delivery, for the trial of all capital offenders in the said county of Lehigh. By their precepts to me directed have ordered the court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be holden at Allentown, county of Lehigh, on the

First Monday in February, 1854, which is the 6th day of said month, and

Eshbach's Eagle Hotel In Allentown.

The proprietor of this popular. House returns his most sincere To thanks for past favore, and would inform his patrons and the public in general, that considerable improvements have been made in the building, so that he is enabled better to accommodate strangers and travellers than heretofore and that he will be pleased to meet with many new cus-

tomers during the winter season. The "Eagle" is located on the north west corner of the square, being the most convenient house for business men or persons who come to attend court.

The House has gained a reputation of being one of the best in town, and every attention will be paid to strangers who visit the place, and witnesses, Jurors and others who may attend court during the next term, to whom he extends a hearty welcome.

JAMES W. ESHBACH. Allentown, Nov. 30. ¶---2m

Store Stand for Rent.

The Store Stand at the south-west corner of Hamilton and Sixth streets, is offered for rent. Possession given on the first day of April next. It is one of the best business stands in Allentown, and the building is commodious and conveniently arranged.-

Apply on the premises, to SOLOMON GANGWERE.

Allentown, Jan. 4, 1854. ¶--4w

POR BENT. The under the Borough of Catasauqua for one Borough of Catasauqua for one first of April next. It is loca Borough, ha connected with it a first rate cellar and room on the second story.

JESSE KNAUSS Catasauqua, Nov. 2. *---- (3m

OBPHAN'S COUBT SALB.

By virtue and in pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court of the county of Lehigh, there will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 14th day of January, 1854, at I o'clock in the alternoon, upon the premises, a certain

Tract or Piece of Wood Land,

with the appertenances, situated in Upper Milford township, in the county of Lehigh aforesaid, bounded by lands of George Schultz, Nathan Krauss, John Miller, Daniel Heimbach and Henry Schuntz; containing Pacres and 138 perches more or less, the above is all well imbered.

Being the real estate of George Kline. leceased, late of the township and county foresaid.

Terms on the day at the place of sale, and due attendance given by DAVID GEHMAN, { Adm'ors. SUSANNA KLINE, S

By the Court-N. METZGER, Clerk. December 21. ¶---3w

Dr. J. P. Barnes, DENTIST.

Informs his friends, and the pub-Informs his triends, and the puoall operations on the teeth, and treats diseases of the gums and alveoler

The Russian government has ordered all foreign merchant ships going to Ottoman ports in the Black Sea, and carrying munitions of war, shall he seized, though under neutral flags.

An insurrection has broken out in the Crimen, the Russian peninsula on the Black Sea, in favor of the cause of Turkey.

On the 13th, two Russian steamers and several gun boats attacked Matschim; with what result is not stated.

Tarkey has forbidden the exportation o grain.

From the Seat of War on the Danube.-The skirmishing between the Russian and Turkish forces in the Principalities still continued.

On the 4th of December, it is stated that the Russians had been repulsed in an attack on Kalalat, in which the carnage was terrible on both sides. One report says that 4000 Russians and Turks were killed.

The Russian province of Bessarabia, immediately to the East of Moldavia, and the provinces of Rherson and Raurus of Taurida, have, in consequence of the insurrection been placed under martial law by Russia.

The British Consul at Jassy, in Moldavia has retired from the Principalities.

had crossed the Georgian frontiors, and marched upon Triflis. The Turks were avery where welcomed by the Georgians. "The Purkish army took possession of and occupied Erivad, the capital of Russia Armenia, on the river Zengui, it having been abandoned by the Russian troops on the approaching of the Turks.

fought there on the 26th of November, atten- | till I finds a Dutchman dat strits jest right." ded with considerable slaughter.

General Andonikoff has possibly relieved the fortress of Akattsche, and another division, under Prince Rebuttoff, has succeeded in repulsing a Turkish force back upon Rars, a Russian bulletin says, with loss of canpon and camp.

An extraordinary rumor was affont about the naval battle at Sinope. The Turks imagine the uffair was planned with the consent of the British, to inlimidate them into accepting terms of peace. It appears that the Russian Admiral observed the Turkish 61 churches, and 190 manufactories. In flotilla at anchor in Sinope, on 22d Novem- 1840 the whole population of Chicago was

A FEMALE BIGAMIST.-Gertrude Kohler has been committed to the Albany jail for indulging in the luxury of three 'live lords.' To the first she was married five years ago, to the second two years ago, and to the third quite recently. They all met a few days

since at Albany, where they agreed to decide their respective claims to the fair dame | cently offered to release a Russian prisoner, Erom Asia.-The Turkish army in Asia The first husband won, but Gertrude refuby a three-handed game of "seven up."___ sed to abide the hazard of the cards, and clung to her latest acquisition, whereupon recourse was had to the law, and she was taken before the Police Court for bigamy. When asked what induced her to prefer the last husband to the other two, she said they were "nicht goot," and that the last was "wort apout six huntret of such tirty rascals. The report of the Turkish defeat at Al- I try dem all," said she, "and takes de best-Halsik is doubted, although a battle was est'; and if he no goot, I tries blenty more,

> Chicago .-- The growth of Chicago is unparalleled in American history. A census just taken by order of the City Council, shews that the population is now 60,652.-In 1850, according to the United States Census, it was only 27,620. Of the whole population 29,184 are of native, and 29,404 of foreign birth ; 1581 are seamen engaged in the lake commerce, and 583 are colored. There are 7627 dwellings and 7435 families;

ended with two. The question suggests itself, if a remark on Mrs. Soule's dress causes two duels, how many ought an observation on Mr. Soule's coat occasion ?'

A SHARP RETORT. -The 'New-York Tribune' has "a way of its own" for rebuking the impertinences of correspondents. See what a "sockdoladger" it administers to one who foolishly imagined-like many more of his class-that subscribing for the paper the rent, estimating wheat at one dollar a gave him the right to contribute to its col-

"A MISTAKE .- W. S. writes us that he lately sent us a dollar (as a subscription) and a communication for our columns-that the ue. Thus the fee simple of a farm of 160 dollar was retained and the paper sent, but acres, drawing an annual rent averaging the article not printed-wherefrom he concludes that "money is in better demand in your market than brains." If that were

true, it would not be amazing, as Editors are supposed to have more brains than money; but his conclusion is not justified by his premises. The money was genuine; the brains bogus."

THE RUSSIAN SOLDIERS. - The Paris Journal des Debats says that the Turks reif he would give his comrades an accurate description of things in Constantinople, and inform them that "the Turks do not eat the Christians." He refused to go. "But," it was said to him, "you can see your family again." "My lamily V" replied the soldier, "I have now been separated from it eighteen years, and since the day that I was taken from my village, I have had no news of my father, my mother, or any of my relatives ! They are perhaps all dead, or have forgotten me ! Leave me here until the peace; there will always be time enough to give me up !" A sad picture this of the life of a Russian peasant, drafted for the army.

The 'HARD SHELL' Wing of the Democracy of Philadelphia, held a monster meeting in the Chinese Museum; last Saturday evening. A long address and resolutions-bearing hard against Gov. Biglerwere adopted.

A GOOD ONE .- An old gentleman in speaking of the bad consequences of disparity of fortune-especially on the wife's side ber, and although already outnumbering the only 4,853. At the rate at which it is twenty cente, and his wife twenty five-and Further, be sent for three more line of battle growing it will soon overtake Cincinnati and that she was throwing up that extra five ships, which joined him on the 27th and the St. Louis.

will continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Justices of the Peace and Constables of the county of Lehigh, that they are by the said precepts commanded to be there at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of said day, with their rolls, for years, has been duly appreciated by the recards, inquisitions, examinations, and all public. other rememberences, to do these things which to their offices appertain to be done, and all those who are bound by recognizanses to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the jail of said county of Lehigh, are to be then and there, to prosecute them as shall be just. Given under my hand in Allentown, the

11th day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty four. God save the Commonwralth.

NATHAN WEILER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Allentown, ? Jan. 11, 1854. ¶-tc

TRIAL-LIST, For January Term, 1854.

1. Maria Knaus's Administrators vs Michael Kline,

2. John Bogert, vs Charles Keck, Garnishe of Michael Kline.

3. Peter Kline, vs Charles Keck.

4. Joshun Laubach, vs Aaron Bloss. 5. Waterman & Young, vs Solomon Fogel.

6. Waterman and Young, vs Jacob Erdman.

7. Abraham Newhard, vs Peter Steckel

and Wife. 8. William Mink, vs Reuben Mink. 9. Reuben Mink, vs Nicholas and William

Mink. 10. Thomas Dorward, vs Joshua Remely.

11. Joshua Remely, vs Elias Moyer.

12. Martin Kemerer, vs Thomas B. Wilson.

13. Henry Dillinger, vs Martin Kemerer.

14. Peter Cooper's, Executors, vs Israel Rumfeld,

15. William Mink, vs Reuben Mink.

16. David Erney, vs William Cramer.

17. Jonas Wesco, vs Lewis Lorash.

18. Brader and Young, vs John Kern. 19. Frania Ginkinger, vs Burger and Ritter.

20. Frederick Hahn and Wife, vs Jonathan Titlow.

FRANCIS E. SAMUELS, Proth. January 11.

Country Produce. The highest market prices will be paid for all kinds of country produce by PRETZ, GTTI & Co. Allentown, Nov. 16.

processes in the most effectual and skillful manner.

His mode of inserting artificial teeths cannot be surpassed, for comfort to the wearerand duribility and beautifulness in appearance. The general satisfaction he has given

Office No. 48, East Hamilton street, a few doors East of Pretz, Guth & Co's store, opposite Bechtels American Hotel. December 6, 1853. ¶—ly

R. E. Wright,

TTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW Office No. 52, East Hamilton Street; in the Borough of Allentown.

Mr. Wright speaks the German language, consequently an be consulted in that lan-1

Allentown, Oct. 5. *--- 1 y:

AUDIPOR'S MORIER. 13332. In the Orphans Court of Lehigh

County. In the matter of the Account

of Egidius. Butz, Guardian of William F. Butz, dec'd.

And now December 13, 1853, the court appoint John F. Ruhe; Auditor, to audit and resettle the same account' according to law, and make report of his proceedings to the next stated Orphans Court, including all the evidence which may be submitted before him.

From the Records.

TESTE-N. METZGER, Clerk.

The above named auditor will meet for he purpose of his appointment, on Friday the 20th day of January, at 10 o'clock in the orengon, at his office, in the Borough of Allentown, when and where all parties interested may attend if they think proper. January 4, 1854.

¶-3w

WANTED

A Journeyman Cabinetmaker. A Journeyman Cabinetmaker is immedi-ately wanted by the subscriber, residing mean Siegersville, in South Whitehall township, Lehigh county. A good workman can calculate on constant employment and good

JOHN CULBERTSON. Allentown, Nov. 23. ¶---3m

JOB PRINTING I-on Neatly executed at the "Register Office."

¶--tc

