



A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

FOR FARMER AND MECHANIC.

Devoted to Politics, News, Literature, Poetry, Mechanics, Agriculture, the Diffusion of Useful Information, General Intelligence, Amusement, Markets, &c.

VOLUME VII.

ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY, PA., APRIL 13, 1853.

NUMBER 28.

**THE LEHIGH REGISTER,**  
published in the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh County, Pa., every Thursday  
**BY AUGUSTUS L. RUHE,**  
At \$1.50 per annum, payable in advance, and \$2.00 if not paid until the end of the year. No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid except at the option of the proprietor.  
Advertisements, making not more than one square, will be inserted three times for one dollar and for every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements, charged in the same proportion. Those not exceeding ten lines will be charged seventy-five cents, and those making six lines or less, three insertions for 50 cents.  
A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.  
Office in Hamilton St., one door East of the German Reformed Church, nearly opposite the "Friedensbote Office."

### LOOK HERE! Clocks, Watches & Jewelry.

Come All and Judge for Yourselves!  
During the past summer the undersigned—directly opposite the German Reformed Church in Allentown—has materially enlarged and beautifully finished his Store room, and in order to make his assortment of

**Clocks, Watches AND JEWELRY.**  
compare with his other improvements, he adopts this method to inform his old customers and a host of new he expects to get, that he has just returned from New York, with a most magnificent display of  
**House, Office and Parlor Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, of every variety, Gold Ear and Finger Rings, Breast Pins, of every imaginable pattern, gold, silver, steel and brass Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, silver Tea and Table Spoons, gold, silver and steel Spectacles, for all ages, Spy-glasses of all sizes, gold Lockets & Chains, Music Boxes of various qualities, gold and silver Pencils, Melodians of the best manufacture in the United States.**

In short every article kept in a well stocked Jewelry store can be got of him, and is determined to sell as cheap as can be bought either in New York or Philadelphia. He flatters himself to believe that in beauty and assortment his establishment cannot be surpassed in any country town in the state. The public is invited to call and then to judge for themselves.

He continues to repair Watches and Clocks, and since he keeps none but the very best of workmen, he can afford to warrant them for one year. Gold and Silver-ware will also be repaired at the shortest notice and upon the most reasonable terms. Thankful for past favors he trusts that by punctual attendance and low prices he will be further able to meet with favors.  
**CHARLES S. MASSEY.**  
December 15.  $\text{\$}—3m$

### Builders, Carpenters, Cabinet Makers and Others.

The subscribers take this method to inform the public, that their Planing Mill, Slicing Mill, Sash Machine, Saw Machine, Turning Laths, Circular and Whip Saws, and other machinery are now complete, and in successful operation, and are prepared to  
**Plane, Plow and Groove,** floor boards, and plane weather and side-boards on either one or both sides, to resaw sawed lumber to any size required, from six inches to one-fourth of an inch in thickness, to furnish the lumber, and make all kinds and sizes of  
**Window Sash, Shutters, Blinds,** doors and mouldings; they also have constantly on hand and for sale, all kinds of Bed Posts, Tablelegs, Wagon Hubs, Bent Files, Shafts and Spanish Cedar Segar Boxes, and are also prepared to do all kinds of turning, and to saw pine, cherry, walnut, or any other kind of wood to any shape required, and also to cut staves and heading for flour barrels, or any other light casks.  
They hope that by strict attention to their business, and low prices, to receive a liberal support from a generous public.  
Apply at their works adjoining Pretz & Weinshimer, formerly Romig's Mill, in East Allentown.  
**BALLET, SAEGER & Co.**  
Feb. 23, 1853.  $\text{\$}—3m$

### Ready-made Clothing.

The undersigned keep all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, on hand, and will make to order, at the lowest possible prices.  
**GETZ & GILBERT.**  
September 10, 1853.  $\text{\$}—0m$

### BOROUGH STATEMENT.

Jonathan Reichert, Treasurer, in Account with the Borough of Allentown, from April 7th 1852, to March 25, 1853.

To balance on hand per last account,	\$1 00
Cash from William Horn, Borough Tax for 1851,	103 21
do. do. for 1852,	1440 81
Of Wm. J. Egge, tax of 1851,	3 83
Cash for Licenses,	41 00
Cash for Loans,	640 00
Cash of Charles Eckert, Dividend on Water stock,	362 77
Cash of Ephraim Yohe, Abatement on county tax of 1851,	120 24
<b>TOTAL,</b>	<b>\$2713 76</b>

### Cr.

Paid for election expenses,	\$19 20
William F. Danowsky, for gas pipes,	80 00
Timothy Geidner, work on streets,	3 25
Adam Kuntz, repairing water pipes,	11 72
Joseph Moyer, greasing hose,	2 00
John Hagenbuch, as street Commissioner,	154 34
Do. for excavating streets,	422 83
D. Wind, Turner street,	68 14
Sol. Lucas, as street Commissioner,	305 72
For interests on loans,	695 32
Wm. Merz, bal. on contract,	88 21
Sol. Gangwere, do. Lumber,	41 16
Work on cross walks,	242 12
Cross walk stones,	165 66
Repairing engines,	10 45
Printing,	10 50
Eli J. Sager, clerk salary of 1851,	45 00
A. Burger, serving notices,	2 75
P. Heller, smith work,	4 08
Hotes & Nunnemacher work,	1 50
E. Merz, borough engineer salary,	23 29
E. Stern, loan with interest,	311 45
State & county tax 1851,	12 60
Smith & Stout, making draft,	3 00
School tax,	6 56
Treasurer for receiving & paying 4.63 13 at 1 per ct. 44 63	
Balance in Treasurers hands,	78 30
<b>\$ 2713 76</b>	

I the undersigned, Auditor for the Borough of Allentown, do certify, that I have audited and adjusted the account of Jonathan Reichert, Treasurer in and for the Borough of Allentown, commencing on the 7th day of April, 1852, and ending on the 25th day of March, 1853, that the same as above is correct. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 25th day of March, 1853.  
**JAMES P. BARNES, Auditor.**  
April 6.  $\text{\$}—4w$

### Doctor William J. Romig.

Having returned to Allentown, offers his professional services to his friends and the public. Office at his residence, in Hamilton street, south side, first corner below Pretz, Guth & Co's. Store, in Allentown.  
February 19,  $\text{\$}—1y$

### Millers' Boot and Shoe Store In Allentown.

The subscriber takes this method to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has lately established a new

### BOOT & SHOE Store,

in the fourth frame shop, east of the Allentown Hotel, on the North side of Hamilton street, No. 9. Where he has fitted up a splendid Store Room, and will be prepared with a large assortment of finished work to accommodate his customers in every branch of his business. The following are named among some of his prices:  
Fine Calf Skin Boots, from \$3 50 to \$5 25  
Coarse stout do 2 50 to 3 50  
Boys' do 1 00 to 2 25  
Ladies' Morocco Slippers, 70 to 1 25  
Mises, and Childrens according to quality, and sizes.  
He will sell at Philadelphia prices. Wholesale and Retail, and to Country Merchants, will make a very liberal deduction.  
As he always employs the best of workmen, and works up the best materials in the market, he is enabled to stand good for any work turned out by him, and feels confident that the same will prove satisfactory to his customers.  
Persons therefore will see to their advantage, and call on him before purchasing elsewhere.  
He returns his sincere thanks for the many favors he has received from a kind public, and by moderate prices, good work, and due attention to business, hopes to merit a continuance of the same.  
**DANIEL MILLER.**  
March 23, 1853.  $\text{\$}—3m$

### Eagle Hotel, No. 139, North Third Street, BETWEEN RACE AND VINE, PHILADELPHIA.

DAVID STEM, Proprietor.

This gentleman takes great pleasure to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the above named well-known and deservedly popular **EAGLE HOTEL,** situate in the most business part of the city, which he has refitted with entirely new Furniture and Bedding of a superior quality.

The house has also been renovated and improved in a manner, which will compare favorably with the first class Hotels in the city, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may patronize the establishment. His TABLE will always be supplied with the choicest and most wholesome provisions the market affords, and his BAR, with the purest and best liquors. The stabling belonging to his house, is good and extensive, and will be supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful hostlers.

Nothing in short, shall be left undone to make his Guests comfortable, and he flatters himself that by strict attention to business, he will merit and receive a liberal share of public encouragement.  
Philadelphia, December 1.  $\text{\$}—5m$

### Dr. J. P. Barnes, DENTIST.

Adopts this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has made Allentown his permanent residence. He has opened an office at his dwelling, opposite Koll's American Hotel, a few doors east of Pretz, Guth & Co's. Store, where he will be happy to offer his professional services in the science of Dentistry. He will call at private residences, if requested.  
His terms are reasonable, and having had much experience in the professions, feels satisfied that he can give general satisfaction.  
Allentown, April 24, 1851.  $\text{\$}—1y$

### Great Hat, Cap and Fur Store IN ALLENTOWN.

Wm. Keck,

Truly thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him by his friends, and a generous public, requests a continuance of that patronage from them and that they should now call, and examine the most extensive stock of

### HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

that has ever been brought to the public, at his established and lately refitted Hat Emporium, No. 14, Wilson's Row, East Hamilton street.  
He has just returned from the City of Philadelphia with the new spring style of Hats and Caps of all kinds and varieties.  
The people of this neighborhood, have found it expensive to go to the great neighboring cities. Hereafter, to think themselves in either of them, will be very cheap. They will merely have to call into the above mentioned Hat store, observe the late improvements, and hear of the uncommonly low price, when at once, their imagination will impress them with the belief that they stand in one of the best and cheapest Hat stores of New York or Philadelphia.  
Call, see, examine, judge, inspect, choose, price, and buy for yourselves.  
**TO HUNTERS.**—Highest cash prices paid for all kind of furs.  
Dec. 1, 1852.  $\text{\$}—3m$

### Water Company.

All persons using the water of the Company for family or other purposes, will please take notice, that the time to renew their permits is the first of April next, and it is expected that they will call upon the undersigned Treasurer and renew them, as a number of permits have been changed. Those persons who have not settled for their permits from the 1st to the 10th of April, must not complain if the water is stopped from them after that time.  
The board reserves the right where the Water is used by joint Hydrants; if not paid by all joined, to stop it if they see proper as they consider such arrangements solely advantageous to those who connect in using water, consequently cannot interfere with arrangements of this kind.  
Notice is also given to persons who wish to use Hydrant Water, for building purposes that they must take out their permits before they commence building and if this rule is not strictly observed, the change will be double for the Water.  
To put up Hydrants it requires first a permit from the Treasurer.  
**CHARLES ECKERT, Treasurer.**  
March 16,  $\text{\$}—4w$

### Grand Exhibition OF New Fashionable Fall and Winter GOODS!

AT THE New Cheap Store OF

### Getz & Gilbert,

These gentlemen, take this method to inform their friends and the public in general that they have received a very large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which they are now ready to dispose off to their customers at the lowest prices.

Their Fall and Winter stock has been selected with the utmost care and consists of **Clothes, Cassimers, Satinets, Flannels, Gloves and Hosiery, besides Delaines, Alapaccas, Lusters, Gingham, Plain and Figured Poplins, Muslins and Prints, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Queensware, Hardware, Looking Glasses, Stationary, Books, &c.,**

To which they invite the attention of their friends and the public generally, confident that the fullest satisfaction, both in price and quality, will be given to all who may favor them with a call.

The highest prices will be paid in exchange for County produce.  
They have reason to be thankful for the favors received thus far and hope by attention to business, disposing of their goods at small profits, good treatment towards their customers to merit still a greater share of customers.  
**GETZ & GILBERT.**  
Catasauque, Sept. 16.  $\text{\$}—6m$

### Groceries Fish & Salt.

The undersigned have just received an entire new Stock of Groceries, Fish and Salt which they intend to sell at the lowest prices at their Store in Catasauque, Lehigh county.  
**GETZ & GILBERT.**  
Sept. 16, 1852.  $\text{\$}—6m$

### COAL! COAL!

The undersigned have opened a Coal Yard in Catasauque, and will constantly keep on hand all kinds of Coal which they will sell at greatly reduced prices.  
**GETZ & GILBERT.**  
September 16, 1852.  $\text{\$}—6m$

### TRIAL LIST, For May Term 1853.

- 1 John Vliet vs Edward Dawald,
- 2 John L. Hoffman & Broth's vs Thomas Yager,
- 3 W. F. Brown vs the same.
- 4 W. F. Brown vs the same.
- 5 Catharine Grim vs Henry Snyder.
- 6 Ephraim Meyer & others vs Geisinger & Wieman,
- 7 William J. Kaul vs Solomon Fogel.
- 8 Valentine Geist vs Samuel & Catharine Shaffer,
- 9 Catharine Weaver vs Josse Weaver.
- 10 Commissioners of Lehigh Co. vs John Rice & others.
- 11 Jonathan Dewald vs Fred. W. Nagel.
- 12 Waterman & Young vs. Sol. Fogel.
- 13 James Shaffer vs Thomas Wieder.
- 14 Sebastian & Philip Bladde vs George Shaller, jr.
- 15 William Mink vs Reuben Mink.
- 16 Reuben Mink vs Nicholas & William Mink.
- 17 Ferdinand Berkemeyer vs Daniel Rex.
- 18 Moses M. Jones vs Edmund Morris.
- 19 Levi Hass vs John Huff jr.
- 20 George Kerschner vs Peter Roth.
- 21 George Wadsworth vs Stephen Hills jr. & others.
- 22 Jonas George vs Henry & Solomon Dorney.
- 23 Martin Marx vs Zimmerman & Werly.
- 24 Christian Sterns vs Stern, Zimmerman, & Sieger.  
**F. E. SAMUELS, Proth'y.**  
April, 6.  $\text{\$}—4w$

### C. M. Bunk, Attorney at Law.

Has resumed the practice of his profession in Allentown.  
He may be consulted in the German and English languages.  
August 12, 1852.  $\text{\$}—1y$

### WHOLESALE GROCERS.

**WATERMAN & OSBOURN,**  
North West Corner of Second & Mulberry (Arch) Streets, PHILADELPHIA.  
OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF  
TEAS,  
COFFEE,  
SUGAR,  
MOLASSES, &c., &c.,  
SPICES, &c., &c.,  
These commencing New Stocks are particularly invited to call.  
Attention given to Produce.  
Philad. Jan. 23, 1853.  $\text{\$}—3m-24$

### Miscellaneous Selections.

#### The Life of a Coquette.

The beautiful Baronne B— was a coquette and a widow, and was too proud for the precious freedom of widowhood to wish to risk it a second time in the silken bonds of wedlock. So strengthening her weak woman's heart with the shield of universal coquetry, she bade defiance to the views with which she was attacked. She laughed at the credulity of her victims, and despised them that they could see so long and so vainly; but in their triumphs she lost the better attributes of the woman. She was a amid a world of briars, and the briars sprang from the depths of her own heart. Thus abusing all her wondrous gifts—her beauty, her youth, and her wit—she trampled them under foot as worthy offerings to her own pride of soul. The only recollection our widow kept of matrimony was, that it had furnished her with a tyrant and a fortune. Her husband had been cold, stern and inflexible, but the fates decreed that she should soon be released from him, and she was left blooming and beautiful, the cynosure of every gaze—amongst the men, be it understood. Perhaps it was not wholly her own fault that she was such a despot. Her bright eye gave laws to her crowd of followers. She rewarded with a smile; she could punish with a single word, exterminate with an epigram, exile with a look. She felt her power and used it. Men feared her wit, whilst they were led captive by her beauty. Women hated her, but could not detect a flaw in the snow of her character worse than that she was a coldhearted coquette. There was, however, one amongst her train of adorers who had vowed to himself to win this lady, and he threw himself heart and soul, at the coquette's feet, sure that the reality of his own feelings must conquer the frivolous caprice of character. He was all heart and feelings. "Love's greatest miracle is to slay coquetry," said our unfortunate lover when he left the solons where his mistress reigned supreme. But to Madame B—a secret voice murmured in the tones of rejoicing—"What happiness to love no one and to see one's self beloved by all!"

But what misery to the lover to see his worshipped one smiling upon all the same beaming smile! Hide thy jealousy from the scornful eyes of this coquette, sighed the beating heart. Of all ills which love brings, jealousy is the one for which woman has the least sympathy. And so the Count Stephano hid his misery in flight. Absence is the tomb of slight passions, but it fans the sparks of a real affection into a flame. He, therefore, as it was but natural that he should, as quickly returned, and laid his affection once more at her feet. Count Stephano was not now to be denied; she had listened too long—she had gone too far to recede—she should here him. He continued his persevering address, till one morning she sent him this letter:

"Your love annoys me, dear friend—for so, in spite of all, I must call you—and you and your jealousy frightens me. I have, therefore, taken refuge in flight, and by the time you received this, shall be far on my way to a land whither you dare not follow me. My uncle commands an Austrian garrison in Italy, and I mean to join him at Milan. I hope, one of these days to meet you again in France, when you shall have learnt to sink the lover in the friend; and when I hope to find you a reasonable and modest gentleman, instead of a wild, passionate Italian lover, who cares not to understand the caprices of a woman's heart."

"She shall not escape me thus," he said; "the coquette shall learn what it is to deal with men's hearts. I will follow her."

He was proscribed, his estates confiscated and a price set upon his head. He, therefore hazarded much in entering Italy again.—The Count Stephano had taken an active part in some revolutionary proceedings in his native land; and having rendered himself obnoxious to the Austrian government escaped with his life and moderate fortune to France.

The Baronne had been some short time in Milan, when, one day, Gen. V—'s caissur announced a French traveller, who desired to see Madame B—, at once.  
"His name?" said the lady.  
"He will not give it!"  
Then we will not admit him," said the General.

"Oh let us see him!" said the Baronne. "Perhaps it is some friend of mine who is in distress."  
"As you will," said the general.  
And Count Stephano entered the chamber.

If Madame B— had uttered the name which trembled on her lips, the Count's fate would have been soon decided; but for once the coquette's ready wit served her in a good cause.  
"Ah! my dear cousin," cried she, "how glad I am to see you! No doubt you have taken me at my word, and you are come to escort me home again. I shall be ready in a few days. Allow me to introduce to you my uncle. Dear uncle, this is one of my husband's family whom you have never met before."

The old Austrian general extended his hand to the Count, bade him a hearty welcome. — Count Stephano could hardly repress a smile at his strange position—although he felt that he stood gazing at his situation; and the lady suffered many horrors of intense anxiety, now but being unveiled beneath her usual gay and gaudy air. For the first time in her life, this coquette felt that she had to reply before God and man for the life which her levity had placed in jeopardy. She passed the night in pacing her chamber, in weeping, bitter tears, in prayers which rose from the heart and not the lips. At early dawn next day the general entered her chamber. She was already dressed; she had not laid down during the night; her face was pale, her eyes were full of tears. Her uncle, stood for a moment, and looked upon her sternly and sadly. "Camilla," said he, "at length, I have bad news for you. This cousin of yours is no Frenchman. He is an Italian noble, condemned, by the justice of his master the Emperor, to death, if ever he sets foot in Italy. He is in love with you, you have wantonly trifled with him, and he has been made fool enough to follow you here. But you need not dread his annoying you any more; you will never see him again."

"Never see him again!" gasped the Baronne clasping her hands; "then am I indeed punished by a just Heaven!"

"The police have tracked him to my house I have received information from them and have myself examined him, and heard the whole history of your wrongs towards him. My duty forces me to be stern and unfeeling. I am bound to violate the sanctity of my own roof, and arrest him even here. At this very moment he ought to be dead."

A gun boomed in the distance, and the unhappy Camilla fainted. When she recovered her consciousness, she saw the Count kneeling by her side, and chafing her hands.

"Ay, weep," said he, in a tender voice—"weep for your cruelty has almost had its victim. But I forgive you, Camilla; we always forgive those who love."  
"Up, up, my children," cried the Austrian general; "enough of looks, sighs and tears. Make love as far away from Milan as possible. I have risked my head, sir, to save yours; you shall thank me for it when you are safe back again in France. Be off at once, and Heaven prosper you!"

"And my death-warrant!" said the Count.  
"I must regret that I received it too late—I can do no more."  
"And to you, my child," said the general, as he pressed the repentant coquette in his arms, "to you I would say, that the woman who is a coquette deserves neither peace in this world nor joy hereafter. She has separated herself from all human sympathy, but a time must come when those who flatter now will leave her for a younger idol, and then she finishes her worthless life, as she began it—she will die as she has lived—alone!"

But as Camilla had no wish for such a solitary fate, she did not ponance for her faults and follies by taking upon herself the yoke of obedience, and shining henceforward as a dutious and loving wife.

#### Patagonian Marriage.

One evening, the chief, his four wives, two daughters, an infant grand daughter, and myself, were scattered about the lodge, enveloped in a smoko of unusual strength and density. While the others were as unconcerned as so many pieces of bacon, I lay flat, with my face close to the ground, and my head covered with a piece of guanaco skin, the only position in which it was possible to gain any relief from the stifling fumiagation. While in this attitude, I fancied I heard the tramp of many feet without, and a confused muttering, as if a multitude of Indians were talking together. Presently a hoarse voice sounded in front evidently sounded at the ears of some one within, to which the chief promptly replied. I caught a few words,—enough to satisfy me that I was not the subject of their colloquy; but that there was a lady in the case—and listened curiously, without any of the fright which grew out of the previous negotiations. The conversation grew animated, and the equanimity of his high mightiness, the chief was greatly disturbed. I cast a penetrating glance into the smoke at the female members of the household, to discern, if possible, whether any one of them was especially interested. One look was sufficient; the chief's daughter (who, by the way, was a *quasi* widow, with one hopeful scion springing up by her side) sat listening to the conversation with apprehension and anxiety visible in every feature. Her mother sat near her, her chin resting upon her hand, with an anxious and thoughtful expression of countenance. The invisible speaker without, it soon appeared, was an unsuccessful suitor of the within classic; with "earnest" eloquence, but with success ill proportioned to his efforts. The chief told him he was a poor, good-for-nothing fellow, he had no horses, and was unfit to be his son-in-law, or any one else's. The outsider was not to be so easily put off; he pressed his suit, with fresh energy, affirming that this deficiency