The Lehigh Register.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER. FOR FARMER AND MECHANIC.

Devoted to Politics, News, Literature, Poetry, Mechanics, Agriculture, the Diffusion of Useful Information, General Intelligence, Amusement, Markets, &c.

VOLUME VII. ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY, PA., FEBRUARY 9, 1853. NUMBER 19.

THE LEHIGH REGISTER,

Is published in the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh County, Pa., every Thursday

BY AUGUSTUS L. RUHE,

At $1 50 per annum, payable in advance, and $2 00 if not paid until the end of the year. No paper discontinued, until all arrearages are paid except at the option of the proprietor.

ADVERTISEMENTS, making not more than one square, will be inserted three times for one dollar and for every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements, charged in the same proportion. Those not exceeding ten lines will be charged seventy-five cents, and those making six lines or less, three insertions for 50 cents.

☞ A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

☞ *Office in Hamilton St., one door East of the German Reformed Church, nearly opposite the "Friedensbote Office."*

Good Horses and Safe Vehicles!

Allentown Livery Establishment.

THE subscribers take this method to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have entered into partnership in the Livery Business, in the stable formerly owned by George Beisel. They have an entire new stock of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.

Their Horses are gentle and all good travellers; their vehicles mostly new and of the latest style, and such as have been used are repaired and repainted in the best manner. They continue the business at the old stand in William street, in the Borough of Allentown.

They will always be prepared to furnish their customers at the shortest possible notice with safe and gentle horses, good carriages and careful drivers if requested.—

Families can be suited at all times with vehicles to their particular taste.

Their charges are reasonable, and in order to continue their high credit they heretofore gained of being the "best livery establishment in Allentown," they will leave nothing undone to keep on hand the best and safest horses, the neatest and most splendid carriages, and sober and careful drivers.

Their charges are very reasonable and hope by strict attention to business to satisfy all those who may favor them with their custom.

T. P. HOFFMAN.
JESSE SIEGFRIED.

September 18, 1851. ¶—3m

Grand Exibition

AT THE

Allentown Hall of Fashion.

Wieder & Boyer,

Respectfully announce to the citizens of Allentown and its vicinity, that they have lately associated themselves for the purpose of manufacturing

Hats and Caps

of various styles and fashions, all of which they will sell at *Wholesale* or *Retail*, at rates cheaper than the same were ever before offered in this place.

They being both practical hatters and much experienced in the business, feel satisfied that they can give entire satisfaction to all who will favor them with their custom.

Remember the stand, directly opposite Barber & Young's Hardware Store, West Hamilton Street, known as E. M. Wieder's Hat and Cap Store.

☞ Country merchants supplied on reasonable terms. Having just received the latest Fall and Winter styles, they will be prepared to fill orders at the shortest notice.

They have also on hand a full assortment of Furs, such as Muffs, Boas, Cuffs, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

August 12. ¶—3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have been appointed Executors of the last Will and Testament of *Solomon Knauss*, deceased, late of the Borough of Allentown, in the county of Lehigh. All those, who know themselves indebted to said estate, be it in bonds, notes, book debts, or otherwise, will please make settlement between now the first day of April next. And such, who have any legal claims against said estate, will also present their claims for settlement within the above time.

JESSE KNAUSS,
CHARLES K. KNAUSS,
WILLIAM K. KNAUSS,
JONATHAN K. KNAUSS, } *Executors.*

January 19. ¶—6w

GROCERIES!

Who does not know that J. W. Grubb, sells the cheapest and best groceries in town and also that he has just received a fresh supply, which he is selling cheaper than ever, at the Peoples' Store, opposite Hagenbuch's Hotel.

J. W. GRUBB.

December 22. ¶—6w

Grand Exhibition

—OF—

New Fashionable Fall and Winter GOODS!

AT THE

New Cheap Store

OF

Getz & Gilbert,

These gentlemen, take this method to inform their friends and the public in general that they have received a very large and well selected stock of *Fall and Winter Goods*, which they are now ready to dispose off to their customers at the lowest prices.

Their *Fall* and *Winter* stock has been selected with the utmost care and consists of

Clothes, Cassimers, Satinets,

Flannels, Gloves and Hoseiry, besides Delaines, Alapaccas, Lusters, Ginghams, Plain and Figured Poplins, Muslins and Prints, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Queensware, Hardware, Looking Glasses, Stationary, Books, &c.,

To which they invite the attention of their friends and the public generally, confident that the fullest satisfaction, both in price and quality, will be given to all who may favor them with a call.

The highest prices will be paid in exchange for County produce.

They have reason to be thankful for the favors received thus far and hope by attention to business, disposing of their goods at small profits, good treatment towards their customers to merit still a greater share of customers.

GETZ & GILBERT.

Catasauqua, Sept. 16. ¶—6m

Groceries Fish & Salt.

The undersigned have just received an entire new Stock of Groceries, Fish and Salt which they intend to sell at the lowest prices at their Store in Catasauqua, Lehigh county.

GETZ & GILBERT.

Sept. 16, 1952. ¶—6m

COAL! COAL!

The undersigned have opened a Coal Yard in Catasauqua, and will constantly keep on hand all kinds of *Coal* which they will sell at greatly reduced prices.

GETZ & GILBERT.

September 16, 1852. ¶—6m

The People's Store Revived!

A General Removal.

J. W. GRUBB, would respectfully inform the citizens of Allentown and vicinity, that he has removed his store into the house latterly occupied by C. H. Samson, as a Store, opposite Hagenbuch's Hotel, and so extensively known as

The People's Store,

where he will be pleased as ever to accommodate all who will please favor him with a call. His stock consists as ever, of a great variety of the most desirable goods.

Ladies Dress Goods,

Of every quality and price, such as De laines, Cashmeres, Cobergs, Thibet Cloths, French Morinos, Alpaccas both plain, black and fancy colored, Dress Silks of every variety, together with a general assortment in that line of goods. Also mourning goods of every description.

Men and boy's wears such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Jeans and Youth Plaids, Also a general assortment of Flannels, both wool and cotton, apron and bed checks, Manchester Ginghams, Muslins, Drillings, Cambrics, Callicoes, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at reduced prices. So please give him a call and see for yourselves at the well known corner of

The Peoples Store.

He also returns his most sincere thanks to the public for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him heretofore, and hopes by strict attention to business, and studying to please each and every one, both old and young, grave and gay, to merit a continuance of the same.

Allentown, Dec. 15. ¶—3m

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!

Edward Stetler,

Takes this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opena new and fashionable

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in Allentown, in the new building of Mr. Peter Weikel, corner of Market Square and Allen street, where he will be ready to receive those who may favor him with their custom, to whom he will feel grateful.

He is in the regular receipt of the Fashion Plates, after which he cuts and makes up; he superintends himself, and can therefore stand good for the work he turns out, and his prices will be cheaper than at any other establishment in town.

He returns his thanks to his old customers, and feels confident that the durability of his work and the moderate prices will induce a further continuance of their support.

November 24, 1852. ¶—3m

LOOK HERE!

Clocks, Watches & Jewelry.

Come All and Judge for Yourselves!

During the past summer the undersigned—directly opposite the German Reformed Church in Allentown — has materially enlarged and beautifully finished, his Store room, and in order to make his assortment of

Clocks, Watches AND JEWELRY,

compare with his other improvements, he adopts this method to inform his old customers and a host of new he expects to get, that he has just returned from New York, with a most magnificent display of

House, Office and Parlor Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, of every variety, Gold Ear and Finger Rings, Breast-Pins, of every immaginable pattern, gold, silver, steel and brass Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, silver Tea and Table Spoons, gold, silver and steel Spectacles, for all ages, Spy-glasses of all sizes, gold Lockets & Chains, Music Boxes of various qualities, gold and fancy Medals, of all sizes, gold and silver Pencils, Melodians of the best manufactory in the United States.

In short every article kept in a well stocked Jewelry store can be got of him, and is determined to sell as cheap as can be bought either in New York or Philadelphia. He flatters himself to believe that in beauty and assortment his establishment cannot be surpassed in any country town in the state. The public is invited to call and then to judge for themselves.

☞ He continues to repair Watches and Clocks, and since he keeps none but the very best of workmen, he can afford to warrant them for one year. Gold and Silverware will also be repaired at the shortest notice and upon the most reasonable terms.

Thankful for past favors he trusts that by punctual attendance and low prices he will be further able to meet with favors.

CHARLES S. MASSEY.

December 15. ¶—3w

Dr. J. P. Barnes,

DENTIST.

A dopts this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has made Allentown his permanent residence. He has opened an office at his dwelling, opposite *Kolb's* American Hotel, a few doors east of Pretz, Guth & Co's. Store, where he will be happy to offer his professional services in the science of Dentistry. He will call at private residences, if requested.

☞ His terms are reasonable, and having had much experience in the professions, feels satisfied that he can give general satisfaction.

Allentown, April 24, 1851. ¶—1y

Co-Partnership Notice.

The subscribers have entered into Co-partnership on the 3d instant, in the Livery Business, under the firm of HOFFMAN and SIEGFRIED. Their establishment is found in Williams street, a few doors below Pretz, Guth & Co's. store. They are prepared with handsome vehicles of every description, and safe horses, and will be prepared at all times to attend and accommodate those who may favor them with their custom.

THOMAS P. HOFFMAN.
JESSE SIEGFRIED.

Allentown, January 12. ¶—7w

WANTED.

A good Cooper, with a family, to work himself and employ others to work for him in making Flour Barrels. None but good workman need apply, but to a good workman constant work and good pay will be guarranted.

PRETZ, GUTH & CO.

January 2, 1853. ¶—4w

WHOLESAL GROCERS.

WATERMAN & OSBOURN,

North West Corner of Second & Mulberry (Arch) Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

TEAS,
COFFEE,
SUGAR,
MOLASSES,
SPICES, &c., &c., } At the Lowest Market rates.

Those commencing New Stores are particularly invited to call.

☞ Attention given to Produce.

Philad. Jan. 26, 1853. ¶—3m-2t

Fresh Oysters.

EMANUEL J. ABELE, is daily receiving from New York, the best quality of Fresh Oysters, at his Saloon in Allentown.

November 24. ¶—4w

Eagle Hotel,

No. 139, North Third Street,

BETWEEN RACE AND VINE,

PHILADELPHIA.

DAVID STEM, Proprietor.

This gentleman takes great pleasure to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the above named well-known and deservedly popular

EAGLE HOTEL,

situate in the most business part of the city, which he has refitted with entirely new *Furniture and Bedding* of a superior quality.

The house has also been renovated and improved in a manner, which will compare favorably with the first class Hotels in the city, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may patronize the establishment.

☞ His *TABLE* will always be supplied with the choicest and most wholesome provisions the market affords, and his *BAR*, with the purest and best liquors. The stabling belonging to his house, is good and extensive, and will be supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful hostlers.

Nothing in short, shall be left undone to make his Guests comfortable, and he flatters himself that by strict attention to business, he will merit and receive a liberal share of public encouragement

Philadelphia, December 1, ¶—6m

Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

STATEMENT of the Assets of the Company, on January 1st 1853, published in conformity with the provisions of the sixth section of the Act of Assembly, of April 5, 1842.

MORTGAGES.		
Being first Mortgages, well secured, free of ground rent, in the city and county of Philadelphia, except $27,950, in Montgomery, Bucks, Schuylkill and Allegheny counties, Pennsylvania,		$1,021,360 63
REAL ESTATE.		
Purchased at Sheriff's, sales under mortgage claims, viz:		
Eight houses and lot, 70 by 150 feet, on the southwest corner of Chestnut and Schuylkill Sixth streets,		
A house and lot, 27 by 71 feet, on North side of Spruce street, west of Eleventh,		
A house and lot, 21-7 by 100 feet, on west side of Penn Square, south of High street.		
Two houses and lots, each 16 by 80 feet, on south side of Spruce street, near Schuylkill seventh		
Five houses and lots, each 17-9 Nos. 131, 133, 135, 137, and 139 Dilwyn street,		
Three houses and lot, 49 by 54 feet on east side of Schuylkill Sixth street, south of Pine,		
A lot of ground, 17 by 57 feet, on the north e. corner of Schuylkill Front and Spruce streets,		
Hotel and lot, 50 by 81 feet, on the South East corner of Chestnut and Beach streets,		
Five houses and lot, 42 by 86 feet, on the north side of George street, west of Ashton,		
Seven houses and lot, 20 by 116 on the East side of Beach street, South of Chestnut,		
A house and lot, 18 by 80 feet, No. 96, Fitzwater street, East of Water,		
A house and lot, 15 by 42-2 feet No 1, Diamond street, running west from Thirteenth street, below Chestnut street,		
A ground rent of $500, issuing out of lot 13-4 by 40 feet, on North side of Otter street, 40 feet West of Leonard street,	Surveyed and Valued at $110,000. Cost	82,447 68
LOANS.		
TEMPORARY LOANS on collateral securities, amply secured,		96,488 68
STOCKS.		
$10,000 Almshouse Loan, 5 per cent, interest-on,		
200 Shares Bank of Kentucky,		
17 " North. Bk. of Kentucky		
100 " Union Bk. of Tennessee		
13 " Insurance Company of the State of Penn.		
200 " Southwark Railroad Co.		
37 " Commercial & Railroad Bank of Vicksburg.		
300 " Pennsylvania Railroad Company,		
91 " Franklin Fire Insur Co.		
2 " Mercantile Library Co.		
24 " Union Canal Company		
10 " Schuylkill Railroad Co.	Market Value $71,131. Cost	62,285 50
Notes and Bills receivable,		8,284 98
Unsettled Policies,		1,580 25
Merchandise,		163 84
CASH on hand,	30,523 14	
" in Agent hands,	12,393 30	42,916 44
Total amount of Assets,		$1,315,534 00

By Order of the Board.

CHARLES N. BANCKER, President.

Attest—CHARLES G. BANCKER, Sec'ry.

January 19. ¶—3w

JOB PRINTING,

English and German job printing neatly executed at the "Register office."

A Strange Tale, True or Untrue.

Our readers are, perhaps, not ignorant that there lives in the State of New York a person professing to be the son of Louis XVI. His claims have frequently been asserted in the newspapers, but heretofore in so vague a way that few individuals of sense have paid much regard to them. The February number of Putnam's Magazine, however, contains an elaborate article upon the subject, from which it would appear that the case really presents some curious features, proving the whole affair to be either one of the most remarkable impostures in history, or one of the most amazing instances on record of "romance in real life."

This alleged heir to the Bourbons is now a venerable clergyman verging upon seventy years of age, with an irreproachable character, who has been long a missionary among the Indians. He bears the name of the Rev. Eleazar Willams, and popularly passes for a half-breed, having a reputed Indian mother living. But strange to say though the baptism of all his pretended brothers and sisters are duly recorded in the Roman Catholic register of their native parish, of his alleged parents, it seems, were members of that denomination, yet of his own birth no such notice is taken. Strange to say his nominal mother refuses to say whether he is her child or not, her lips being sealed, it seems, by some former promise, or vow. Strangest of all, he himself bears no resemblance to an Indian, but has the full Austrian lip and other characteristics of a Bourbon: indeed to the late Louis XVII he is said to bear a striking likeness.

It is not, however, on slight things like these that his claim rests; for if it did, it would deserve to be laughed at for absurdity. A Mr. Beranger who died lately in Louisiana, declared on his death-bed that the son of Louis XVI did not die in Paris as has been generally supposed, but was brought to America, he himself having been an agent in the transaction. Influential Frenchmen likely to know state secrets, have at various times declared during the past fifty years that the dauphin lived, and was somewhere in America.—It seems likewise that all the indications point to the locality, where Mr. Williams was brought up, as that in which the lost heir to the French crown was concealed. Moreover, on the person of this gentleman are marks of the scrofula, which it is known afflicted the dauphin, and the marks are in the exact place where they would have been on the dauphin's person, supposing he had survived. More extraordinary still, the face of Mr. Williams has two scars similar to two received by the dauphin from a blow given by his jailer Simon.

These coincidences are fortified by others less striking. The case in his favor is strengthened by still other circumstances, the truth, of which appears probable though requiring yet to be fully established. The most important of these is that Mr. Williams has received, on more than one occasion, overtures of an extraordinary character, all emanating from abroad, and all pointing to him as some personage of high lineage, whose claims it was desirous to by off, or extinguish in some other way. The weak part of the case, as regards these overtures is, that the evidence of them consists chiefly in Mr. W.'s own assertion, the papers substantiating them having, with but one or two exceptions, been destroyed, as he says, by conflagration of his dwelling. But though in one sense this is the weakest aspect of his case, in another it is one of much strength at least temporarily. Gentleman, known to us, for example, and who know him well say that they would take his word as soon as any other man's oath. Nor is it likely that any man would begin, at seventy years a career of lies and fraud. Moreover, the assertion of these overtures has been made, with such particularity and directness that nothing will be easier than refutation, if Mr. W. has violated truth; and as he is an ordained minister, in the Protestant Episcopal Church, his degradation will inevitably follow his exposure. Either, therefore, he is the most foolish of impostors, because detection is now certain, or he has stated only truth, when asserting the fact of these overtures.

For example, he declares that when the Prince de Joinville came to America, in 1841, one of the first things the Prince did was to inquire him out. At that time Mr. W. professes to have had no knowledge of his real parentage. In an interview, however, sought by the Prince, and held in the Prince's apartment, de Joinville revealed the secret of the Missionary's birth, produced a document intended for an abdication in favor of the House of Orleans, and made magnificent promises of an almost regal establishment, wherever Mr. W. might desire it, provided the parchment was signed. Absurd as all this may seem at first, yet the date, place, and exact time of the alleged interview are given. Now here is a complete issue on which de Joinville can meet Mr. Williams. The latter has staked everything, it will be seen by raising the question of veracity. If the Prince denies it, Mr. W. is a ruined man. In a month's time the bold assertion will have crossed the Atlantic where in consequence of its particularity and directness, it cannot fail to attract such attention, that the Prince will most probably feel it incumbent on him to take some public notice of the affair. Should a flat denial of all this be the result, the world may regard Mr. W. as the liar. This he must have foreseen, and consequently his making the assertion proves either its truth or that effrontery never before existed such as Mr. W.'s

We are not, by any means, the advocate of Mr. W.'s claims. We consider his case as a Scotch jury would say, "not proven," that is as having, in its present condition, enough strength to raise a presumption in his favor, but not sufficient to do more. One fact against him, on a first view is that he recollects nothing of his childhood, he says that up to his thirteenth, year he was idiotic, at which time he suddenly came to his right mind in consequence of a severe confusion received in play. Yet his advocates seek to turn this very circumstance to his favor by declaring that the dauphin is known to have been reduced to comparative idiocy, by the savage treatment by his jailors. It can scarcely be expected, even if Mr. W. is really the son of Louis XVI, that he will ever be able to establish his identity conclusively, for all those persons who could be witnesses in his behalf are probably dead before this, and his relations, if aware of the public controversy, which the article in Putnam's magazine is intended to challenge, will lead to no results, probably, except to add another to those mysterious stories, of which his history is full; about lost and banished princes, such as Nero, Richard of York, the emperor of Germany, and other half apocryphal persons.

There is one point on which as we think the writer in Putnam does not sufficiently dwell. He leaves the great question of all, the inquiry whether the dauphin really died in the Temple, almost unnoticed, contending himself with remarking that there has been always an impression in Paris that the child did not die in 1795, as asserted. We have now before us a copy of the process-verbal of the autopsy, intented to verify the dauphin's death, signed by the four examining physicians, and communicated officially to the French Assembly. We have always considered this document to be a very suspicious one. The physicians only testify that they saw a corpse, which was declared to them to be that of the dauphin, and which they recognized as that of the child on whom they had been in attendance *for some days past*. As it was the policy of those in power, at that time, to get rid of the son of Louis XVI., and as they appear to have shrunk from secret assassination, there is nothing improbable in the idea that they sent him out of the country, and then spread the rumor of his death, and procured a dying child of his age to personate him. Certainly the *proces-verbal* is a very loose one, and worth next to nothing on a question of identify.

To return to Mr. Williams. His strange story does not appear to have been forced, by himself on public notice, but to have been drawn out, somewhat unwillingly from him by others. Dr. Hawks vouches for his general probity and reputation for single-minded piety, and expresses a conviction that he is, by the constitution of his mind incapable of fabricating a chain of circumstantial evidence such as his case presents. Whether he turns out impostor, or dupe, or a real Bourbon, his case will form a chapter in the curiosities of history, and there we leave it for the present.

Mormon Courtship.

The seer who professes to publish authorized versions of Mormon doctrins, describes the manner of courtship when a Mormon is about to take upon himself the responsibility of an additional spouse—a practice which in the opinion of the seer, is highly conducive to virtue:

"No man in Utah, who already has a wife and who may desire to obtain another, has any right to make any proposition of marriage to a lady until he has consulted the president over the whole church, and through him obtain a revelation from God whether it would be pleasing in his sight. If he is forbidden by revelation that ends the matter; if by revelation, the privilege is granted, he still has no right to consult the feelings of the young lady until he has obtained the approbation of her parents, provided they are living in Utah; if their consent cannot be obtained this, also ends the matter. But if the parents or guardians freely give their consent then he may make propositions of marriage to the young lady. If she refuse these propositions, this ends the matter; if she accepts a day is generally set apart by the parties for the marriage ceremony to be celebrated. It is necessary to state to, that before any man takes the least step towards getting another wife it is his duty to consult the feelings of the wife which he already has, and obtain her consent as recorded in the twenty fourth paragraph of the revelation, published in the first number of "The Seer."

☞ "Mr. Brown, I owe you a grudge, remember that."

"I shall not be frightened, then, for I never knew you to pay anything that you owed."