

Proceedings of the Whig Convention.

At about fifteen minutes to 12 o'clock, GEORGE C. MORGAN arose for the purpose of calling the Convention to order, and just at the same moment, SIMON DRAPER arose and said the time had arrived for organization, and proposed the name of GEORGE EVANS as temporary Chairman. He put the question, and declared it carried, although the response was by no means unanimous. Many voices cried, "Take the Chair," "Take the Chair."

Mr. EVANS accordingly took the Chair, and delivered the following address:

GENTLEMEN: I beg leave to return my grateful and respectful acknowledgments to this Convention for the honor which I have just received at your hands, in being called to preside for a brief space over your proceedings. I am little experienced in the business of the Chair, and shall have great occasion to rely upon your forbearance and indulgence. Allow me to express the hope that the spirit of order and decorum, harmony, conciliation and union may prevail, [applause and cries of "good, good,"] so that when we shall have completed our labors and adjourned we shall present an unbroken front and rear, a signal standard around which all Whigs can rally with a hope of success in the pending contest. [Applause.] In returning my thanks I accept the station. Gentlemen, the first business to be performed is the appointment of provisional or temporary Secretary.

Mr. URRON, of Louisiana, was then appointed Secretary, and JAMES W. BRYAN, of North Carolina, Assistant Secretary.

Mr. BROADHEAD, of Missouri, offered a resolution that a committee of one from each Delegation be appointed to present permanent officers of this Convention, which was amended, on the motion of Mr. COMBS, by adding, "and that each Delegation select the member to be appointed."

A Delegate moved that each State be called in order, and that the Chairman of each Delegation should name the Committee-man of that State. This was acceded to by the mover and the States were called, when the following persons were designated to compose the Committee to report permanent officers for the Convention.

Senator JAS. C. JONES, of Tenn., then moved the appointment of a Committee of one from each State to be appointed, for the purpose of receiving and examining the credentials of Delegates, and who should report to the Convention at the next meeting of the same. In answer to a question, Gov. JONES said we have the right to know who are Delegates and who are not. We have our responsibilities. I am unwilling that my responsibility shall be shared in by those who have no authority for participating in the proceedings of the Convention. The motion was agreed to. The States were again called, and the respective delegations composed the Committee on Credentials:

Mr. JONES M. CLAYTON said we were authorized by the Convention, who appointed a Committee of one from each State, to nominate officers for the consideration of this body. It was assumed by the Convention that we had the right to make the recommendation. We have acted in obedience to what we understood to be the order, and have discharged the duty incumbent upon us. We have met and deliberated. We differed in opinion, but we differed like men engaged in a common cause. There was no bitterness of feeling; a fair vote was taken; certain gentlemen were nominated by the majority of the Committee, and then, as usual in such cases, the recommendation was agreed to as unanimous. I do not consider the mere question as to who is to be the presiding officer of this Convention as of as much importance as others do. We have agreed upon a high-minded and honored gentleman differing with me, perhaps, as to who shall be the nominee of the Whig party; yet, I have unlimited confidence in him as a presiding officer. There is weight in the suggestion of the gentlemen from Tennessee, (Mr. Jones) that is to say, the question of organization should come up after the credentials shall have been examined, but this is no reason why the Report on organization should not now be made. Gentlemen may move to lay it on the table and there it should lie until it is ascertained who are the members of the Convention; after that it can be taken up, and we can proceed to action. At all events I shall now proceed to discharge the duties incumbent upon me, and make the Report, by the unanimous order of the Committee. The Report was then read, as follows:

President—Gen JOHN G. CHAPMAN, of Md.—one Vice President of each state and numerous Secretaries.

GENTLEMEN OF THE WHIG NATIONAL CONVENTION: I tender you my most profound acknowledgments for the honor which you have conferred upon me, in calling me to preside over the deliberations of this most dignified, august, and patriotic assembly. Gentlemen we meet here as Whigs; we meet here as brothers. (Applause.) We meet here with one common object, with but one purpose to achieve—and I could but wish, gentlemen, you had conferred on some other member of this Assembly, the duties and responsibilities of presiding over the deliberations of this body. I feel, gentlemen, that those duties would have been more ably and efficiently discharged by the distinguished gentleman who has been the temporary Chairman—a gentleman whom I have for many years recognized as being among the most distinguished patriots of this nation. A gentleman whom I am proud to call my personal friend and my political brother. [Applause.]—Gentlemen, I feel that I have but some little parliamentary experience and that I bring to the discharge of the duties of the position but few of the qualifications which a presiding officer of such an assembly as this should possess.

However, gentlemen I have the disposition to discharge my duty with a single eye to the preservation of all the rights and interests of this broad nation—with a single eye to protect the honor, interests and happiness of this people living under a Constitution of which we proudly boast, adopted by those men who periled their blood to establish the happy Government under which we live. I bring this disposition to the Chair and I mean to discharge my duty without fear or favor.

Gentlemen, we must meet here as brothers I know no sectional feeling. I know no South or North, East or West. [Applause.] I know but the Country, its interests and happiness, as identified with the great Whig party of the Country. I believe that in the maintenance of Whig principles depends the honor and happiness of the people at home and our independence and elevated character abroad and throughout the world. We meet here as brothers from the North, East, South and West. Let kindness, harmony and peace characterize our proceedings, as they should the great Whig party,—the great conversation party of the country. I do pray and I invoke you as the conservative party of the country to meet and unite here in our deliberation, entertaining the same feelings of harmony and kindness which I think have heretofore characterized the action of the Whig party. I invoke you, gentlemen, to look to the great interests involved in the election, and connected with the success of the candidate whom you may present for the suffrages of the Whig party of the Union. I invoke you to meet here in that spirit and discharge your duties as become Whigs and brothers, having but one common purpose to subserve.

Gentlemen, we may differ as to men, but we do not differ as to principles. Our purpose is to carry out the principles of the Whig party, those principles which when administered under Whig rule have so materially contributed to place this country in the proud position which it now holds among the nations of the earth. We have no personal preferences to subserve. I myself know no man in the discharge of duty. I look simply and solely to the welfare of the country and the prosperity and happiness of the people, who live under the happy form of government which has been ordained for us by men who were at least as wise and patriotic as we are.

Sir, with the Union and the Constitution, and with the policy of the whole Whig party I have no doubts about the success of the nominee whom we may present to the party throughout the Union. [Applause.] If we agree, as we should, and come together in a spirit of harmony, determined to sustain those principles, I have no doubt but that our candidate will be elected, almost by acclamation. [Applause.] If we have any sectional feelings, let us bury them, and like patriots, look to the interests of the entire country, from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Gentlemen, I again beg leave to tender my acknowledgments for the distinguished honor which you have conferred upon me, and I ask you to maintain a spirit of kindness and forbearance, that our deliberations may lead to a successful termination; and I undertake to say that the country will prosper hereafter under Whig Administration.

Mr. Ashmun rose and addressing the chair said: I have been instructed, sir, by the committee of one from each State, who were charged with the duty of reporting to this Convention a series of resolutions, in present a report which I hold in my hand, and I beg leave to say, that after much deliberation, conducted with the kindest and most conciliatory feelings, the report has been adopted with very great, although not entire unanimity. [Applause.] Sir, by leave of the chair, I will, owing to the hasty manner in which the resolutions have been drawn up, take a position in front of the Chair, and read the resolutions which I have been instructed to present.

Mr. Ashmun then took a position near the President's chair, and read the resolutions as follows:

Resolved—That the Government of the United States is of a limited character, and it is confined to the exercise of powers expressly granted by the Constitution, and such as may be necessary and proper for carrying the granted power into full execution; and that all powers not thus granted or necessarily implied are expressly reserved to the States respectively and to the people.

Resolved—That the State Governments should be held secure to their reserved rights, and the General Government sustained in its Constitutional powers, and that the Union should be revered and watched as the palladium of our liberties.

Resolved—That while struggling freedom, everywhere enlists the warmest sympathy of the Whig party, we still adhere to the doctrines of the Father of his Country, as announced in his farewell address, of keeping ourselves free from all entangling alliances with foreign countries; and of never quitting our own to stand upon foreign ground. That our mission as a Republic is not to propagate our opinions, or impose on other countries our form of Government by artifice or force, but to teach by example and show by our success, moderation and justice, the blessing of self-government, and the advantages of free institutions.

Resolved—That where the people make and control the Government, they should obey its Constitution, Laws, and Treaties, as they would retain their self-respect and the respect which they claim and will enforce from foreign powers.

Resolved—That the Government should be conducted upon principles of the strictest economy, and sufficient revenue for the expenses of an economical administration of the Government in time of peace, ought to be derived from a duty on imports and not from direct taxation; and in laying such duties, sound policy requires a just discrimination, whereby suitable encouragement may be afforded to American industry, equally to all classes and to all portions of the country.

Resolved—That the Federal and State Governments are parts of one system, alike necessary for the common prosperity, peace and security, and ought to be regarded alike with a cordial, habitual, and unimpeachable attachment. Respect for the authority of each, and acquiescence in the just Constitutional measures of each, are duties required by the plainest considerations of National, State, and of individual welfare.

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The time of cutting grain very sensibly affects the proportion of fine flour and bran yielded by samples of it. Careful experiments have shown, with regard to wheat, that when cut from 10 to 14 days before it is fully ripe, the grain not only weighs heavier, but measures more; it is positively better in quality, producing a larger proportion of fine flour to the bushel. When the grain is in the milk, there is but little woody fibres; nearly every thing is starch, gluten, sugar, etc., with a large percentage of water. If cut 10 or 12 days before full ripeness, the proportion of woody fibres is still small; but as the grain ripens, the thickness of the skin rapidly increases woody fibres being formed at the expense of the starch and sugar; these must obviously diminish in a corresponding degree, the quality of the grain being of course injured. The same thing is true to all the other grains."

Harvesting Grass.—Let your grass intended for hay, be cut when in bloom—after permitting the grass to lie 5 or 6 hours in swaths, finish the curing in cocks. Hay thus cut and cured is always best.—From the American Farmer.

Melancholy End of a Romance. A notice in the Cleveland Plain Dealer, dated May 27th, gives a narrative of an ill-assorted marriage as follows:—In 1829 and 1830, Cadotte, the painter, exhibited a number of pictures in Lehigh, among which was Cadotte, an interesting Sarah Haynes, then a beautiful English girl of sixteen, became enamored of Cadotte, and they were married. On reaching America, the romance of love was over; for two or three years they resided on the banks of the river St. Clair, on the little property the bride was possessed of, and since that at the Sault, where she taught French and music to the time of her decease. She retained her beauty to the last, although exposed to many hardships by living in a birch bark lodge with an Indian husband. She died in her 24th year, fortunately leaving no children to mourn the sad effects of an ill-assorted matrimonial match."

Another Scientific Wonder.—Pepsin! an artificial Digestive Fluid Gastric Juice, a great Dyspepsia Curer, prepared from Rennet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Byron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method by Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

On the 6th of June, by the Rev. Joseph Dubs, Mr. Franklin Miller, of South Whitehall, to Miss Hetty Scheier, of North Whitehall.

On the 17th of June, by the same, Mr. Jesse Meyer, of South Whitehall, to Miss Diana Hanley, of North Whitehall.

On the 23rd of May, in North, Whitehall, of Apoplexy, Abraham Laubach, aged 35 years.

On the 6th of June, in Allentown, of consumption, Rebecca Ufer, consort of Daniel Ufer, aged 47 years.

On the 15th of June, in Allentown, of fever, Henry Stutler, aged 61 years.

Farmers Look Here! The undersigned have just received six dozen Grain Cradles, also 25 dozen splendid English Grain Scythes, of James Griffith & Son's make, which will be sold cheap for cash. O. & J. SAEGER, Allentown, June 21. 4-1

Dr. Ph. A. Rudolph Graff. Takes this method to inform the citizens of Catawqua, and vicinity, that he offers his professional services as Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrics. He also wishes to draw the attention to his neat and splendidly arranged Apothecary Store in Catawqua, where he will always keep on hand a general assortment of fresh Medicines, Drugs, Dyes-stuffs, Oil Colors, Varnishes, Show and Coachmakers' Varnish, also all kinds of Perfumeries, such as Toilet Soaps, Transparent and Barber's Soap, Hair Oil, Eau de Cologne, Pearl and Hair powder. He keeps an assortment of Window glass and such other articles. It is the new Apothecary Store of Dr. PH. A. R. GRAFF, Dr. BRUNNER. June 21. 4-3ca.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given to the members of the Farmers, Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Northampton County, that the annual meeting of the said Company, will be held on Saturday, the 14 day of August next, at one o'clock in the afternoon at the public house of CHARLES HARTZELL, Insurer, in Lower Nazareth township, Northampton county.

And at the same time and place, an election will be held for the purpose of electing thirteen managers, for said county, for the ensuing year. By Order of the Board of Managers, MICHAEL MEYERS, Secretary. June 21, 1852. 4-2m

Doctor William J. Romig. Having returned to Allentown, offers his professional services to his friends and the public. Office at his residence, in Hamilton street, south side, first corner below Pretz, Guth & Co's. Store, in Allentown. February 19, 4-1y

JOB PRINTING. Neatly executed at the "Register" Office.

ECKERT & CO'S. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Tobacco, Snuff and Segar STORE.

A few doors below the German Reformed Church, Hamilton Street, ALLENTOWN, PA. GOODS ALL WARRANTED. Dec. 18.

J. S. P. FAUST, TEACHER OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC. Informs the public that he is prepared to give lessons in vocal music to choirs, singing societies, glee associations and in private. Also Lessons on the Violin.

The attention of the public is called particularly to his system of teaching upon the violin, which is designed especially to beginners. The course consists of 100 lessons with 25 extra lessons in the rudiments of music. The lessons are progressively arranged so as to gradually develop the talent of the pupil and arrange in their operation as to perfect himself in all the exercises embraced in the first course of lessons. The object of these lessons is not merely to train the pupil to play a few tunes, but to give him a correct knowledge of the instrument, bowing, fingering, tuning, after which he will be able to find his way through more difficult compositions. Those persons wishing to take lessons, are assured that no music of a light or frivolous character will be introduced, but such as is calculated to elevate the taste and lay a correct foundation. Terms \$5 00 for the course, 4 lessons can be given each day at alternate hours, and a lesson in the evening on the rudiments of music, or one lesson each day. But in no case will less than three lessons be given per week, nor to a less number than 5 persons at a time for the term above mentioned. Further information can be had by applying to the subscriber on the main street, near the Hemophatic building, June 10. 4-3m

Large Two Story House FOR RENT. A large and commodious Two Story Brick Dwelling House, with Open Front basement, situated in East Hamilton street, in the Borough of Allentown, lately occupied by Jas. Roney, one door east of Dr. John Roney. For further information apply to E. J. SAEGER, Allentown, April 22. 4-3w

AUDITORS NOTICE. In the Orphan's Court of Lehigh County. In the matter of the account of Jacob Corlett, acting Administrator &c. of Peter Kurtz, late of Upper Saucon township, Lehigh county, deceased.

And now, May 8, 1852, on motion of Mr. Bridges the Court appoint John D. Lawal, A. L. Ruhe, and Ludwig Schmidt, Auditors to audit and re-ascertain, the said account, and make distribution according to law and report to the next stated Orphans Court From the Records. TREAS.—N. MEYER, Clerk.

We the undersigned, Auditors appointed by the above order of Court, will meet on Monday the 19th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the House of John Y. Bechtel, in Allentown, where all those who are interested can attend, if they see proper. JOHN D. LAWAL, AUGUSTUS L. RUHE, LUDWIG SCHMIDT, June 21, 1852. 4-4w

J. De Preey Davis, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Office in the room one door east of Lewis Smith's Drug Store, formerly occupied by R. E. Wright, Esq. Mr. Davis can be consulted in both languages. May 13, 1852. 4-6m

Another Grand Exhibition. Great attraction at the New Cash Store, or the "Red sign," opposite Seider's Hotel, J. W. GRUBB has just received another splendid assortment of Ladies Dress Goods consisting in part of Beroges, Beroge De Lains, Mous. De Beroge, &c. &c. which he is prepared to sell at prices lower than these articles have ever before been offered and solicits a call from all the old stand. May 27. 4-1v

Parasols! Parasols! Just received another large lot of the above article, which will be sold at greatly reduced prices, corner Wilson's Row. J. W. GRUBB. May 27. 4-6m

Laying of a Corner Stone. The corner-stone of the new Union Church about being built at Catawqua, Hanover township, Lehigh county, will be laid on Sunday, the 4th day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Several divines will be in attendance, who will officiate in the English and German languages. Hucksers will not be suffered to come on the premises. GEORGE BREINIO, SOLOMON BERRY, CHARLES MOLL, SAMUEL KEHLER, Builders. Catawqua, June 17, 1852. 4-2w

NOTICE. The undersigned will continue to forward application for discounts to either of the Eastern Banks, as heretofore, at his office in Hamilton street, Chectoka and Drafts cashed, and cash Drafts to any part of the United States, furnished at moderate charges. WILLIAM H. BLEWETT, Allentown, June 3, 1852. 4-3v

Prices Current. ARTICLES. Per Allentown Philadelphia

Table with 4 columns: ARTICLES, Per, Allentown, Philadelphia. Rows include Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Buckwheat, Flaxseed, Cloverseed, Timothyseed, Potatoes, Salt, Butter, Lard, Tallow, Beeswax, Ham, Blitch, Tow-yarn, Eggs, Rye Whiskey, Apple Whiskey, Linseed Oil, Hickory Wood, Hay, Egg Coal, Nat Coal, Lump Coal.

Eagle Hotel, No. 139, North Third Street, BETWEEN RACE AND VINE, PHILADELPHIA.

CHARLES ALLEMOND, Proprietors. DAVID STEIN. These gentlemen take great pleasure to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have taken the above named well-known and deservedly popular

EAGLE HOTEL, situated in the most business part of the city, which they have fitted up with entirely new Furniture and Bedding of a superior quality.

The house has also been renovated and improved in a manner, which will compare favorably with the first class Hotels in the city, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may patronize the establishment. Their Table will always be supplied with the choicest and most wholesome provisions the market affords, and their Bar, with the purest and best liquors. The stabling belonging to their house, is good and extensive, and will be supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful hostlers. Nothing in short, shall be left undone to make their Guests comfortable, and they flatter themselves, that by strict attention to business, they will merit and receive a liberal share of public encouragement. Philad., May 27. 4-6m

Allentown Academy. The Summer Term of the Institution will begin on the 11th of May, under the charge of J. N. Gregory, A. M. Principal with able and accomplished assistants. Mrs. Emily Dunbar Gregory Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss Jane Gregory, Principal of the Female Department.

The instruction in French will combine the advantages of Ollendorff's Method (Value) and that of Professor Picot. Italian according to the systems of Ollendorff and Robello. The rates of Tuition will remain as announced in the last annual Catalogue.

The Teachers have been bred to the profession and have wrought together successfully for years. Other Assistants will be engaged as they may be required and thorough instruction given in all the branches of a complete academic education.

Mr. Gregory, brings to the responsible duties of his station, fourteen years' practical experience in his calling, having fitted many young gentlemen for College and for mercantile life,—having commenced and finished the school education of many young ladies; and he invites from the citizens of Allentown and Lehigh county a support corresponding to the just appreciation they entertain of the advantages of a good school; that the steady growth of the institution in usefulness and credit so happily commenced under the auspices of the late popular Principal may continue to the honor of the community. May 6. 4-3m

NOTICE. Philadelphia Eastern and Water Gap Rail Road Company. Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Commissioners appointed to organize the above named Company, held June 5th, 1852, at the "Eagle Hotel," North 3rd street, Philadelphia, it was Resolved—That books for receiving subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company should be opened on the 8th day of July next, at ELLIOTT'S Hotel, Allentown, Lehigh county, to remain open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. for the term of three juridical days.

MILTON COOPER, PETER SEIGER, J. M. HOLLINGSHEAD, Committee of Commissioners. Allentown, June 17, 1852. 4-3w

A PRIME ARTICLE OF ORLEANS, SUGAR House and Syrup Molasses, always on hand at the new cash store, corner of Wilson's Row. J. W. GRUBB

NOTICE. The undersigned will continue to forward application for discounts to either of the Eastern Banks, as heretofore, at his office in Hamilton street, Chectoka and Drafts cashed, and cash Drafts to any part of the United States, furnished at moderate charges. WILLIAM H. BLEWETT, Allentown, June 3, 1852. 4-3v