

with in New York. The... of yesterday, contained five columns of closely printed matter describing the movements of Kossuth, and giving his speeches, to various deputations...

The American and Society, an address by Lewis Tappan, and various other interesting terms. All the part enacted by struggle, and he is highly complimented for the part he took in it and the sentiments he avowed as the objects for which he and his countrymen were warring. A hope is expressed that Hungary may speedily come into possession of her inalienable rights, never again to be wrested from her, and that the down-trodden and oppressed of every nation without regard to race or complexion, may be equally free and happy under the benignant smiles and powerful protection, of that great Being, who is the common Father of all mankind, is no respecter of persons, and has made of one blood all nations of men to dwell on all the face of the earth. Also that the happiness of Kossuth and of his kindred family ever be the care of that Providence, whose guidance and interposition he has so frequently invoked and acknowledged.

Kossuth, in reply, expressed his thanks for the kind feeling exhibited in the address towards himself and his nation, said— "I feel that to command the sympathy of generous minds, is but to show the true position of Hungary and the ground on which its future rests. By this attention, which has marked your address, and all other addresses I have received since I arrived on these glorious shores of America, my work and mission in this country, will be greatly facilitated, because it will not be necessary for me to try to explain my views, nor to persuade the people of the United States for they already understand it, and they are already persuaded that my cause merits their sympathy and support, and they are convinced because they have paid attention to the views, hopes and aims of my nation. Therefore, I thank you for your kind attention; still more I thank you on account of the position you occupy in connection with one of the parties in this country. You are just and generous enough not to entangle me in those difficulties which must attend my course here, should I be forced into any position at variance with the great principle I have avowed here, as I have avowed it in Europe, and every where, that I claim for my sovereign nation the independent right to dispose of its own domestic affairs, and that I, therefore, feel it to be my duty to respect this principle in every nation, as I wish to see it respected in my own. This is my position, and this is my principle, and I come here with the humble prayer of Hungary and my own, seeking for sympathy and aid, not from one party but from the whole people of the United States. I am, therefore, thankful that you do not entangle me, and I hope that others will have the same consideration, and follow the same course. And when I see the whole people of this great confederacy—not of one party, but of all parties—coming forward to stretch out a friendly hand to my poor country, I put my trust in the God of mercy and justice that he will ere long set Hungary free and place her in the position she ought to hold in the scale of nations. It will be sufficient reward for me, even for the sacrifice of my life, if my efforts, aided by the generosity of your nation, shall contribute to the redemption of my country and the development of all those moral and material faculties which are necessary to the welfare of every nation.

The next deputation was from the "Young Men's Democratic Republican General Committee of the city and county of New York." An address from them brought out a speech from the illustrious stranger in which in reference to Hungary he said: "I have not the will to ask the people of the United States to go in hundreds of thousands to fight our battles but to take such a position as is competent for your power and greatness, and your fidelity to those principles on which your republic is founded. You could not make Hungary free if you would it for you know that they who would be free must themselves strike the blow. But you can prevent other nations from interfering to prevent her winning her own freedom. Let not the word 'distance,' therefore, be any impediment for it is a word that is losing its force and meaning every day. Let me remind you of the time when your republic was new, and it required more time for your Washington to come from the seat of government to New York than it does now to go to Europe.

A deputation from the citizens of Newburg next met Kossuth and addresses followed on both sides. In the remarks of the Governor he made the following allusion to Washington: "The 14th of December is the day on which Washington died. That day ought not to be a day of mourning and sorrow, because to die is the fate of every man—Washington was an object to the common fate of humanity as well as others. But to see a man die in his full age—going down the horizon as clear and pure as he did and had reason to do, that is a circumstance that must fill with joy the hearts of such a people as you are. Such then, was the halo of glory that surrounded the death of Washington that this life is not a day of mourning and sorrow. The greatest merit of Washington is not that he rejected the offer of a crown, but that he rejected the offer of a crown to the crown of the United States. It is rather to be surprised if he had accepted, for what value is a crown to a free man like Washington, who was an instrument in the hand of God of this country free! What could it be such dignity and glory as his? I do not recall that he was the others far

Kossuth next received deputations from the New York Bar, the Union Brotherhood, the New England Society, the citizens of Brooklyn, citizens of Middletown Conn., the Hungarian Emigrants and the Industrial Congress, to all of which he replied in appropriate speeches. In his reply to the New England Society he thus alludes to his future movements and the probable length of his stay amongst us: "I cannot stop beyond the end of January. If I were to stop in New York until the 22d of December there would be only remaining four weeks to visit other cities of your glorious Union. I have received invitations from other parts of the United States, but I stay here to seek for practical results and it would be inconsistent with those duties that brought me here, to waste my time in unmeaning hospitalities. You are fully aware that to accept your invitation would be very agreeable to me, but convenient it cannot be; it is forbidden causes and duties that will prevent me from stopping long in New York."

**Kossuth's Speech.**  
New York, Dec. 11.

At six o'clock this evening, a large number of invited guests assembled at the Irving House, to partake of the dinner given by the Corporation to Kossuth.

Mayor Kingsland, presided, and Judge Edmonds acted as Vice President. Kossuth sat on the right of the Chairman. There were about 300 persons present, and the dinner for magnificence has never been surpassed. It equaled in this city. At the hour appointed, Kossuth, accompanied by the Mayor, entered the room, the band playing "Hail to the Chief."

After the cloth had been removed, a complimentary toast to the illustrious stranger was proposed, and received with the greatest enthusiasm. As soon as the feeling subsided—

Kossuth arose and said: In returning my humble thanks for the honor you did me by your toast, and by coupling my humble name with that cause which is the sacred aim of my life, I confess to be so overwhelmed with emotion by all it was my prodigious lot to experience since I have arrived on your glorious shores, that I am unable to find words to express my feelings, and knowing that all the honor I meet with has the highest meaning of principles. I at once beg leave to fall back to my duties which are the lasting topics of my reflections, sorrows and my hopes. I must, therefore, humbly embrace the opportunity to claim your indulgence for a pretty long plain, and in no way eloquent development of my humble views to the benefit of that cause, which the citizens of the United States, and you particularly, honor with generous sympathy.

Kossuth then added to the sympathy which was felt by the people of the United States, for Hungary, but said that his hopes were checked by the ruling, and apparently, lasting principles of the non-interference policy of the United States. He said that for the wise principles left us by our forefathers, we naturally felt an insinuating fear to touch them even with improving hands. He hoped that our glorious Constitution would long endure. He thought, however that the United States should not be altogether guided by the principles laid down and established by the founders of the Union, but having become strong enough, they should assist the nations struggling for freedom; and that they were now in a position to do so without fear from any nation.

Washington never ever recommended non-interference or indifference to the fate of other nations. He only recommended neutrality, and the difference is mighty between these two ideas.

Kossuth then proceeded at some length to state his ideas on the subject, quoting from Washington's Farewell Address to sustain his position.

Kossuth then said: I stand before you to plead the cause of my country—the cause of your unfortunate brethren—the cause of humanity. I may succeed or I may fail—but I will go on pleading with that faith of the martyrs by which mountains were moved, and I may, perhaps displease you, but I will say with Luther, "may God help me, I can do no otherwise."

In continuation he quoted the words of Washington to Lafayette, "Let us only have twenty years of peace, and our country will come to such a degree of power and wealth, that we will be able in a just cause to defy whatever power on earth."

He said that never had a country been more foully, sacrilegiously attacked than Hungary. All the sufferers of your country, which drive your forefathers to take up arms, are but slight in comparison with the immense wrongs which we have suffered.—If that cause is not sufficient to induce the support of good willing men, then will justice fly the earth, and only the Gains of humanity walk proudly with impervious brow about the ruins of liberty on the earth.

He next alluded to the doctrine established by Mr. Monroe, and his views upon national matters. He said that the United States could not remain indifferent to the cause of freedom throughout the world.

He spoke of the Greek struggle, and alluded to Mr. Clay, and to Mr. Webster, and also to his reception by the people of New York, and said that the opinion of the people generally is already an avowed principle of the policy of the Government.

Kossuth spoke for several hours, and upon conclusion, on motion of Alderman Shaw the propositions and sentiments as expressed by himself, were unanimously declared to be the sentiments of the assembly, amid great cheering.

Judge Edmonds followed in reply to the toast: "The Guest of the Nation—the Man of the Age—Exile tried him—Mistaken in his Greatness—His Glory waits upon the Deliverance of his Country."

N. B. Blunt, Esq., the District Attorney, followed Judge Edmonds in a warm endorsement of the sentiments expressed, and an enthusiastic appeal in behalf of Kossuth's mission to this country.

Mr. Blunt, during the delivery of his address, was loudly and most enthusiastically applauded.

When he had concluded, the following sentiments were given by his Honor the Mayor, all of which were eloquently and appropriately responded to by the gentlemen present.

The Governor of the State of New York. Constitutional Freedom—The triumph of privilege over prerogative—It finds its origin in the intelligence of the people—Its bulwark is the judicial power.

The Press—The organized voice of Freedom—It whispers hope to the oppressed—thunders defiance to the tyrant.

The Militia—the Navy—the Army—Discipline secures, success and humanity tempers their victories.

Madame Kossuth—Heroic wife—She leaves her husband to the defence of his country's rights, and gathers her glories from the endearments of home.

**AUSTRIA.**—The Cabinet of Austria seems to be in trouble, on all hands. With Hungary on the eve of again rising, with an exhausted treasury, an inability to fill a new loan, and with Kossuth putting the finishing stroke to Austrian credit, everywhere, there now appears that a new evil has been discerned in that emigration to America which the oppressions of the Austrian government have induced.

**LOW PRICES OF GRAIN.**—The Western papers complain greatly of the low prices of the products of their farmers, even in Michigan, where the crop was never before so large and the Racine. Advertiser observes that the ruinously low prices at which purchasers are obliged to put their figures, make wheat rising in Wisconsin an unprofitable business. The wholesale prices at Racine are—Winter wheat 50 a 60 cents; spring wheat 30 a 37 cents; barley 35 a 40 cents; oats 15; corn 30 a 32 cents. Sheep per head \$2 a \$3. Pork, in the hog, \$3 75 a \$4 50.

**ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER.**—Pepsin? an artificial Digestive Fluid Gastric Juice. A great Dyspepsia Curer, prepared from Ronnet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method by Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

**MARRIED.**  
On the 9th of November, by the same, Mr. Daniel Gehry, of Lehigh township, to Miss Susan Kern, of Washington.  
On the 28th of November, by the Rev. A. J. G. Dubs, Mr. Moses Woodring, of North Whitehall, to Miss Sarah Kohler, of South Whitehall.  
On the 25th of November, by the same, Mr. Charles Stout, of Upper Milford, to Miss Mary Ziegler, of Upper Saucon.  
On the 9th of November, by the Rev. Mr. Hess, Mr. Abraham Dietz, to Miss Levina Ott, both of Upper Saucon.  
On the 30th of November, by the same, Mr. James Harvey, of Philadelphia, to Miss Catharine Knauus, of Upper Saucon.  
On the 14th of December, by the Rev. Joshua Yeager, Mr. Solomon Ludwig, to Miss Maria Kerner, both of Salisburg.  
On the same day, by the same, Mr. Edward Shantz, to Miss Caroline Lentz, both of Allentown.

**DIED.**  
On the 6th of December, in Washington city, of consumption, Theresa German, daughter of the late Benjamin German, aged 30 years.  
On the 11th of November, in Upper Saucon, Henry Buchecker, aged 67 years.  
On the 5th of December, in Lower Macungy, Luciana Knappenberger, aged 14 years.  
On the 13th of December, in Allentown, Allen, son of David Weber, aged 1 month.

**Public Sale**  
OF  
**Valuable Real Estate.**  
BY virtue and in pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Lehigh county, there will be exposed to public sale, at the public house of Nathan Weiler, in Siegersville, on THURSDAY the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1852, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following valuable property, late the estate of Elias Sieger deceased:

No. 1—Is a tract of cleared land, in a high state of cultivation, bounded by lands of Julian Sieger, lots No. 2 and 3, by lands of John Hoffman and Samuel Sieger, containing 19 acres and 20 perches strict measure.

No. 2—Is a tract of cleared land, in a high state of cultivation, bounded by lands of Samuel Sieger, John Hoffman, and by No. 1, containing 13 acres and 100 perches strict measure.

No. 3—Is a lot of first rate woodland, bounded by lands of John Hoffman and by Nos. 1, 4 and 6, containing 5 acres and 153 perches, strict measure.

No. 4—Is a first rate lot of woodland, bounded by lands of John Hoffman, and by Nos. 3, 5, and 6, containing 4 acres and 7 perches, strict measure.

No. 5—Is a lot of first rate woodland, bounded by lands of John Hoffman, George Sieger, and by Nos. 4 and 6, containing 4 acres and 20 perches, strict measure.

No. 6—Is a tract of cleared land, bounded by lands of George Sieger, and Samuel Sieger, by Nos. 1, 3, 4 and 5, containing 15 acres and 15 perches, strict measure.

No. 7—Is a first rate limestone quarry lot, bounded by lands of George Sieger and Kern & Meyer, containing 149 1/2 perches, strict measure.

All the above lots are situated in South Whitehall township, Lehigh county.

No. 8—Is a lot of land situated in the village of Siegersville, bounded by lands of Samuel Sieger, Juliann Sieger, by No. 9, and by the public road leading from Siegersville to Kern's Mills, containing 55 perches. The improvements are a new frame

**Dwelling House,** one and a half stories high, and other outbuildings. The land is in a high state of cultivation.

No. 10—Is a lot of cleared land, situated in N. Whitehall township aforesaid, bounded by lands of Joseph Sieger, by Nos. 9 and 11, and by the public road leading from Siegersville to Kern's Mill, containing 8 acres and 69 perches, strict measure. The land is in a high state of cultivation.

No. 11—Is a lot of cleared land, situated in the township of North Whitehall aforesaid, bounded by lands of George Roth, Julian Sieger, by No. 10, and by the public road leading from Siegersville to Kern's Mill, containing 4 acres and 53 perches, strict measure. The land is in a high state of cultivation.

No. 12—Is a first rate lot of land situated in North Whitehall township, aforesaid, bounded by lands of Samuel Sieger, Nathan Haas, by the public road leading from Siegersville to Kern's Mill, by the public road leading from Siegersville to Shantz's tavern, and by Nos. 13 and 15, containing 11 acres and 56 perches, strict measure. The improvements are a two story

**Stone Dwelling House,** a Smithshop, and other outbuildings. There are two or three acres first rate woodland, timbered with chestnut and other woods, and the remainder of the land is in a high state of cultivation.

No. 13—Is a first rate lot of woodland, situated in North Whitehall aforesaid, grown with chestnut and other woods, bounded by lands of Nathan Haas, by Nos. 12, 13 and 14, containing 4 acres and 71 perches, strict measure.

No. 14—Is a first rate lot of woodland, in the said township of North Whitehall, bounded by lands of Samuel Sieger, widow Kern, and by Nos. 13 and 15, containing 8 acres and 51 perches, strict measure. The timber on this lot is of different sorts.

No. 15—Is a lot of woodland, situated in the township of North Whitehall aforesaid, bounded by lands of Samuel Sieger, by the public road leading from Siegersville to Shantz's tavern, and by the public road leading from Siegersville to Joseph Gross's, containing 3 acres and 122 perches, strict measure. This is a valuable lot, and the wood on it of different sorts.

No. 16—Is a lot of land situated in the village of Siegersville, bounded by the lands of John Xander, by the public road leading from Siegersville to Shantz's tavern, by the public road leading from Siegersville to Gangewere's tavern, and by land of Joseph Sieger, containing 10 acres and 125 perches, strict measure. The land is in a high state of cultivation. The improvements are

**A New 2 Story Brick Dwelling House,** Stone Barn, Pig stable, and other outbuildings. There is a great variety of fruit trees on the premises, and a hydrant at the house, which has always a sufficient quantity of running water—this being one of the most desirable lots and dwellings in the county.

Conditions will be made known and due attendance given by

STEPHEN BALLIET Jr.,  
AARON KOHLER,  
JOHN TRUMBOUR,  
Guardians of the minor children of  
Elias Sieger, deceased.

By the Court: N. Metzger, Clerk  
December 18, 1851. \*—2w

**TO MECHANICS.**—Tools of every description, such as Bench and Moulding Planes, Hand, Panel, and Back Saws, Braces and Bits, Auger Bits, Hatchets, Squares, &c., for sale by  
O & J SAEGER.

**LOOK HERE FOR SALE!**  
**A Valuable Tavern and Store Stand.**  
Will be sold at Private Sale, that valuable and well known  
**Tavern and Store Stand,**  
situated in Northampton township, Lehigh county, near the large Allentown Iron Works, about 1 mile from this borough.

The house is of brick and has been built but a few years ago, is 40 feet front by 35 feet deep, well laid out in suitable rooms. The store room is counterered and shelved ready for business. There is a never-failing well with a pump in it before the door, smoke-house, Ice-house, a very large cistern near the kitchen door, besides large stabling and shedding, and a beautiful garden, fenced off separately, the whole is in an excellent condition, and is known by the name of the "Keystone House."

The Allentown Furnace is now in successful operation which makes the stand for tavern and store business one of the best in the county.

The stand is one of the most convenient in the county, for a coal or lumber yard, as it has now a basin on the canal, but a hundred yards off, besides which, it will have the advantage of a Rail Road now building, which passes only about 50 yards distant in front of the house.

The property can be bought upon very advantageous terms, by making application with either of the undersigned.

A. L. RUHE,  
J. W. WILSON.  
November 27, \*—4w

**Farmers Look Here!**  
**WOODLAND AT PUBLIC SALE.**  
WILL be sold at Public Sale, on Saturday the 20th of December next, at the Public House of Mr. J. Hultman, in North Whitehall township, Lehigh county.

**7 Tracts of Woodland**  
of the very best chestnut timber, as follows:

No. 1 containing 4 Acres and 86 perches.  
" 2 " 4 " " 120 "  
" 3 " 6 " " 80 "  
" 4 " 4 " " 34 "  
" 5 " 4 " " 19 "  
" 6 " 5 " " 133 "  
" 7 " 4 " " 136 "

The above tracts are situated about a half mile distant from Balliet's Tavern, adjoining lands of Henry Ritter, Peter Remaly, David Dorwart and others.

The conditions will be made known on the day of sale and due attendance given by the undersigned.

STEPHEN BALLIET, jr.  
Nov. 27. \*—4w

**FOR SALE.**  
A person wishing to engage in other business, offers for sale his entire stock of MILLINERY GOODS, together with presses, and all the apparatus belonging to a regular Millinery establishment. Persons wishing to engage in this business cannot find a better chance, as it is well established with an excellent run of custom.

Further information can be obtained by applying at the office of the Lehigh Patriot, Allentown, Nov. 20 \*—4w

**FOR RENT.**  
A Room with a large Open Front, between the Courthouse and Market Square, in the Borough of Allentown, 20 feet front by 36 feet deep, with cellar under the whole, can be rented upon accommodating terms by making immediate application at the "Register Office."  
Nov. 27. \*—4w

**NOTICE.**  
The annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Delaware Lehigh Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road Company, and an election for a President, six Managers, Treasurer and Secretary of the said Company, to serve for the year ensuing, will be held at the office of the President of the Company, in the Borough of Easton, on the Second Monday in January, 1852, which is the 12th of said month, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M.

JAMES M. PORTER, President.  
Easton, Dec. 11, 1851. \*—4w

**Dissolution of Partnership.**  
The partnership heretofore existing between Good & Schraier, in the Shoemaking business has been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm, will please call and settle their accounts within 6 weeks from the date hereof.

Those who having any claims against the said firm, will please present their accounts for settlement to

TILGHMAN H. GOOD,  
CHARLES SCHRAIER.  
Allentown, Dec. 11, 1851. \*—6w

**To Builders.**  
A splendid assortment of Front and Parlor Locks with mineral knobs, German Locks, Latches, Bolts, Hinges, Screws, Paint Brushes, and a variety of other building Hardware just unpacking, and for sale cheaper than ever by  
O & J SAEGER.  
May 8. \*—1y

**HOLLOWWARE.**—500 Iron Pots and Kettles, just received and for sale at very reduced prices at the store of  
O & J SAEGER.  
\*—1y

May 8.  
**NAILS.**—300 Kegs of the best Nails, Brads and Spikes, just received and for sale by  
O & J SAEGER.  
\*—1y

**WHITE LEAD.**—2 tons of White Lead just received, Pure and Extra, and for sale  
O & J SAEGER.  
November 15. \*—4m

**Prices Current.**

ARTICLES.	Per	Allentown	Easton	Phila
Flour . . . . .	Barrel	4 25	4 00	4 25
Wheat . . . . .	Bush.	78	95	1 00
Rye . . . . .	"	60	60	63
Corn . . . . .	"	60	50	60
Oats . . . . .	"	36	30	30
Buckwheat . . . . .	"	47	40	50
Flaxseed . . . . .	"	1 50	1 50	1 50
Clayseed . . . . .	"	4 50	5 50	5 20
Timothy seed . . . . .	"	2 50	2 75	2 75
Potatoes . . . . .	"	50	35	55
Salt . . . . .	"	40	45	42
Butter . . . . .	Pound	18	18	30
Lard . . . . .	"	8	8	8
Tallow . . . . .	"	8	9	7
Beeswax . . . . .	"	22	26	28
Han . . . . .	"	10	8	8
Flitch . . . . .	"	8	6	6
Tow-yarn . . . . .	"	8	8	7
Eggs . . . . .	Doz.	18	14	20
Rye Whiskey . . . . .	Gall.	22	25	28
Apple-Whiskey . . . . .	"	35	40	45
Linseed Oil . . . . .	"	85	75	72
Hickory Wood . . . . .	Cord	4 50	4 50	6 00
Oak Wood . . . . .	"	3 50	3 50	5 50
Egg Coal . . . . .	Ton	3 50	4 00	4 50
Nut Coal . . . . .	"	2 50	3 00	3 50
Lump Coal . . . . .	"	3 50	3 00	3 00
Plaster . . . . .	"	4 50	4 50	2 60

**Allentown Lyceum.**  
The second Lecture before this association will be delivered this (Thursday) evening, by the Rev. Mr. C. R. Kessler. The subject will be "Switzerland." Admittance to those who have no tickets 6 cents. Lecture hereafter to commence at 8 o'clock.

**NOTICE.**  
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, SS:  
The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Heirs and legal Representatives of Peter Kertz, late of Upper Saucon Township Lehigh County, deceased, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by an Inquest for that purpose duly awarded by the Orphans' Court of Northampton county, the real estate of the said Peter Kertz, was duly valued and appraised. And whereas, none of the heirs of the said intestate appeared in Court at the return of the said Inquisition, to take the premises therein mentioned, at the appraisal, made therefor, you and every of you are therefore hereby cited to be and appear before our Judges at Easton, an Orphans' Court there to be held, and for the county of Northampton aforesaid, on Friday the 23d day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon then and there to accept or refuse to accept of the said real estate, at the valuation there of made. And show cause why the same shall not be sold.

Witness the Honorable J. Pringle Jones, President of our said Court at Easton, the 21st day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

WM. McILHANNY, Clerk.  
Allentown, Dec. 11, 1851. \*—6w

**CIRCULAR.**  
On the night of 5th instant our store took fire in the third story occupied as a Boot and Shoe warehouse, being confined to and destroying the contents of that Room. A portion of our Stock is damaged by water, the balance remaining sound and uninjured; Whole of which will be sold at Public Auction, on account of the underwriters, by whom we are fully insured, notice of which will be duly given in the public papers.

We are now sending forward our orders for an Entire New Stock of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, which together with what we have previously ordered, we will receive in ample time for our early Spring Trade. Our Goods will be selected with care, and at the very lowest prices, and will be offered to our friends at a small advance. Meanwhile we have made arrangements which enable us to fill orders as usual.—Thankful for past favors, the subscribers hope for a continuance of the same.

FAUST & WINEBRENER,  
No. 68 1/2 North Third Street,  
Philadelphia, Nov. 13. \*—4w

**Attention Citizens!**  
**EYES RIGHT!**  
**NEW HAT AND CAP**  
Manufactory in Allentown.  
E. M. Wieder,

Respectfully announces to the citizens of Allentown and its vicinity, that he has lately established himself in the above business, in the Store room formerly occupied by Messrs. Mertz and Landis, in west Hamilton Street, in the Borough of Allentown, where he has just received an extensive new Stock of superfine

**Hats, Caps, Boas, Muffs, &c.**  
all of which he will be able to dispose off on the most reasonable terms.

His stock of Gentleman's hats, is composed of the beautiful and costly to the most ordinary article. In other words from a Five dollar to a 50 cent hat. And such that will become the old as well as the young. The same may be said of his

**STOCK OF CAPS,**  
which consists of superfine and ordinary.

**To the Ladies.**  
He has a word to say, he invites their particular attention to his stock of Furs, his assortment of

**Boas, Muffs, Cuffs, &c.**  
cannot be beat in Allentown, and he is prepared to sell them with but a very small advance.

Hats will be manufactured to order upon the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms. Mr. Wieder, trusts that by keeping a good assortment to select from and reasonable prices he will be able to secure a share of public patronage.

November 15. \*—4m

**ECKERT & CO'S.**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
**Tobacco, Snuff and Segar STORE,**  
A few doors below the German Reformed Church,  
Hamilton Street,  
ALLENTOWN, PA.

**GOODS ALL WARRANTED.**  
Dec. 18. \*—1y

**Directors Election.**  
The annual Election for directors of the "Allentown Saving Institution" will be held, at the office of the Actuary, on Monday the 6th of January next, between the hours of 1 and 6 in the afternoon.

At the same time and place, a vote will be taken in regard to the propriety of bringing the Institution to a close.

JOHN B. MOSER, President.  
Dec. 18. \*—3w

**NOTICE.**  
The annual meeting of the Lehigh County Bible Society will be held on new Years day, at One o'clock, P. M. in the basement of the German Reformed church, when and where officers for the ensuing year will be elected, the members generally are respectfully invited to attend.

H. WEINSHEIMER, President.  
Dec. 18. \*—2w