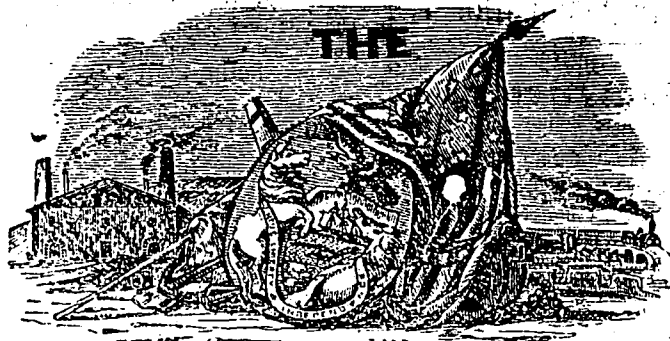


Lehigh



Register.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEUTRAL IN POLITICS.

Devoted to News, Literature, Poetry, Science, Mechanics, Agriculture, the Diffusion of Useful Information, General Intelligence, Amusement, Markets, &c.

VOLUME VI.

ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY, PA., OCTOBER 9, 1851.

NUMBER 1.

THE LEHIGH REGISTER,

Published in the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh County, Pa., every Thursday.

BY AUGUSTUS L. RUHE,

At \$1.50 per annum, payable in advance, and \$2.00 if not paid until the end of the year. No paper discontinued, until all arrearages are paid except at the option of the proprietor.

Advertisements, making not more than one square, will be inserted three times for one dollar and for every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements, charged in the same proportion. Those not exceeding ten lines will be charged seventy-five cents, and those making six lines or less, three insertions for 50 cents.

A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Office in Hamilton St., one door East of the German Reformed Church, nearly opposite the "Friedensbothe Office."

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned beg leave to inform their many customers and the public generally, that they have just returned from Philadelphia and are now busily engaged in unpacking one of the handsomest and largest stocks of FALL AND WINTER GOODS ever brought to this section of country.

LADIES—we cordially invite you to give us a call as soon as practicable and examine our stock of Dress Goods in your line, and if you do not acknowledge at once that the beauty, quality, and cheapness of the goods far surpass your expectations, we will be mute in future.

GENTLEMEN—we also have a very large and complete assortment of goods in your line, and respectfully invite you to come and judge for yourselves, as we feel confident that the goods will give satisfaction both in fineness and quality.

PRETZ, GUTH & CO.

MACKEREL.

The subscribers have now on hand, 50 Barrels, Halbs and Quarters, Nos. 1, 2, and 3 new mackerel, which will be sold wholesale and retail at the lowest prices.

PRETZ, GUTH & CO.

ORPHANS COURT SALE.

By Virtue and in pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court, of the County of Lehigh, there will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday the 11th day of October, 1851, at 1 o'clock, in the afternoon, upon the premises, a certain

Message and Lot of Ground,

with the appertinances, situated in the Borough of Allentown, in the County of Lehigh aforesaid, bounded on the north by a lot of Lewis Wolf, on the west by a public alley, on the south by a lot of Bernhard Reese, on the east by William Street, containing in front on said William Street 30 feet and in depth 230 feet, whereon is erected a

TWO STORY BRICK Dwelling House

in good condition, and a large variety of fruit trees are on the premises. Being the Real estate of Tobias Hoffer, deceased, late of the Borough and county aforesaid.

Terms on the day of sale, and due attendance given by CHARLES ECKERT, } Executors. LYDIA ROMIG. } By Order of the Court.

J. D. LAWALL, Clerk. September 18, 1851. ¶—4w

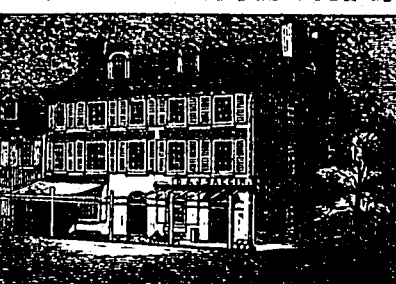
Baker's Improved Churn. With Double Spiral Wheel.

So numerous are the Churns, that we had almost come to the conclusion, that all were but mere modifications without any essential improvement and under these impressions we slightly examined this Churn. Closer investigation, however, has led us to a different conclusion. As the most simple and the least observable improvement is often the most important, appears to be the case here. Mr. Baker's Churn is simple, durable and not liable to get out of repair, easily worked, secures a constant supply of pure air, displacing the gas as it is created, and produces thorough and rapid agitation of the cream. The mechanical construction of the Paddles is such as to be the most perfect in bringing the Butter together in less than twenty minutes.

The good qualities of the Churn, have been fully established, as it has been tested in trials with other Churns, and has brought butter in far less time, and in much greater quantity and of a better quality. The simplicity of construction renders the cleaning of this Churn less laborious than any other now in use. They may be examined and purchased from the subscriber, at his workshop, near Siegersville, North Whitehall township, Lehigh county, on very reasonable terms.

J. CULBERTSON. Siegersville August 14, ¶—0w

Builders Look Here.



A NEW ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE!

The undersigned announce to the public, that they have just returned from Philadelphia and New York, with a very large lot of Hardware, consisting of

House Furnishing Articles, Cutlery, Coach Trimmings, Saddlery and Shoe Findings, all of which will be sold at extremely low prices. They ask the public to give SAEGER'S HARDWARE STORE, sign of the

ANVIL, a call, in order to convince themselves of the fact, that a penny saved is a penny made.

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

To House-Keepers.

A great assortment of House furnishing articles, such as

ENAMELED and tinned inside, cooking vessels, sauce and stew pans, preserve kettles, fish and ham kettles, frying pans, grid-irons, waffle irons, &c.

TEA TRAYS and Waiters, from common to fine, in sets and dozens. Also, gothic form, in sets, and in variety of patterns.

KNIVES and FORKS—in sets and dozens; also knives only; carvers, steels, cook and butcher knives, with a variety of other manufactures.

POCKET and PEN KNIVES—Razors, scissors, shears, from the best makers; one, two, three, and 4 blade knives.

SHOVELS, spades, hoes, chains, rakes, pick, axes, &c.

SHOVELS and TONGS, Iron and brass polished steel fire sets and standards, coal hods, tailors' irons smoothing irons, &c., and for sale by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

IRON.—A lot of Hammered and Rolled Iron, Sheet Iron, American and English Band Iron, Hoop Iron, Cast and Shear Steel, square, flat, and round, just received with Anvils and Vices, and for sale cheap at the store of

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

GLASS.—150 Boxes Glass, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 10 by 14, 10 by 15, 12 by 16, and various other sizes, for sale by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

TO MECHANICS.—Tools of every description, such as Bench and Moulding Planes, Hand, Pannel, and Back Saws, Brace and Bits, Auger Bits, Hatchets, Squares, &c., for sale by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

TO SHOEMAKERS.—Just received a new assortment of Morocco and Binding Leather, Lasts, Shoe-thread, Wooden Pegs French Rubbers, and numerous other articles belonging to the shoemaking business.

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

OILS & VARNISH.—Oils of all kinds, boiled and raw, Turpentine, Newark Varnish of all kinds, Glue &c.,—will be sold cheap by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

PLANES.—A full assortment of Planes of John Bell's best make, also a large assortment of Carpenter's Tools, for sale cheap by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

WHITE LEAD.—2 tons of White Lead just received, Pure and Extra, and for sale by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

HOLLOWWARE.—500 Iron Pots and Kettles, just received and for sale at very reduced prices at the store of

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

To Builders.

A splendid assortment of Front and Parlor Locks with mineral knobs, German Locks, Latches, Bolts, Hinges, Screws, Paint Brushes, and a variety of other building Hardware just unpacking, and for sale cheaper than ever by

O. & J. SAEGER. ¶—1y

FOR RENT

The undersigned have lately purchased the well known Store Stand of the late Daniel Ludwig, in west Hamilton Street, in Allentown, and now offer it for Rent. The Store room is 20 by 80 feet, Celler under the whole, and a room on the second floor. The Store house is three story, and very spacious.

Possession can be given immediately. For further information inquire of ELIAS FENSTEMACHER, PETER TROXELL, Jr. September 11, 1851. ¶—4w

New York Millinery Store!

IN ALLENTOWN.

Mrs. E. Kemmerer, would respectfully announce to her friends and the public in general, that she has just returned from New York, with a full assortment of fancy

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY GOODS.

of the latest Paris and London styles and fashions, at her establishment opposite the Odd Fellows' Hall in Hamilton Street, Allentown. Her variety of Trimmings is large, and such who wish to make bargains, will please call and examine her splendid assortment before purchasing elsewhere.

Thankful for past favors, she trusts by strict attention to business, and moderate charges to merit a large share of public patronage.

Allentown, Sept. 25, 1851. ¶—4w

THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Philadelphia.

OFFICE, No. 1633 CHESNET STREET near Fifth Street.

Directors: Charles N. Bancker, Geo. W. Richards, Thomas Hart, Mord. D. Lewis, Tobias Wagner, Adolph E. Borie, Samuel Grant, David S. Brown, Jacob R. Smith, Morris Patterson.

CONTINUE to make insurance, permanent and LIMITED, on every description of property, in town and country, at rates as low as are consistent with security.

The Company have reserved a large Contingent Fund, which with their Capital and Premiums, safely invested, afford ample protection to the assured.

The assets of the company, on January 1st, 1848, as published agreeably to an Act of Assembly, were as follows, viz:

Mortgages, \$890,556 65

Real Estate, 728,358 90

Temporary Loans, 205,450 00

Stocks, 15,563 15

Cash, &c., 46,581 87

\$1,220,907 67

Since their incorporation, a period of eighteen years, they have paid upwards of one million two hundred thousand dollars, losses by fire, there by affording evidence of the advantages of insurance, as well as the ability and disposition to meet with promptness, all liabilities.

CHARLES N. BANCKER, President

CHARLES G. BANCKER, Sec'y.

The Subscribers are the appointed Agents of the above mentioned Institution, and are now prepared to make insurances on every description of property, at the lowest rates.

AUGUSTUS L. RUHE, Allentown

C. F. BLECK, Bethlehem. ¶—1y

FASHIONABLE Jewelry Establishment!

Cheap and Good Watches, Jewelry & Silver-ware, wholesale and retail, at No. 96 North Second Street, corner of Quarry, Philadelphia.

Gold Lever Watches, full Jewelled, 18 carat cases, \$30 and over.

Silver Lever Watches, full jewelled, \$16 and over.

Silver Lepine Watches, jewelled, \$11 and over.

Silver Quarter Watches, \$5.00 to 10.

Gold Pencils, \$1.50 to 7.

Fine Gold Rings, 37 1/2 cts. to 80.

Other articles in proportion. All Goods warranted to be what they are sold for. Constantly on hand, a full assortment of fine GOLD JEWELRY and SILVERWARE. Also, an assortment of M. J. Tobias & Co., E. Simpson, Samuel & Brothers, E. S. Yates & Co., John Harrison, G. & R. Beesley, and other superior Patent Lever Movements, which will be cased in any style desired.

Arrangements have been made with all the above celebrated makers, the best manufacturers of Liverpool, to furnish at short notice any required style of Watch, for which orders will be taken and the name and residence of the person ordering put on if requested.

O. CONRAD, No. 96 North 2nd St. Importer of Watches. Philadelphia, Nov. 29. ¶—1y

Assembly Candidate.

To the Free Electors of Lehigh and Carbon Counties.

FELLOW CITIZENS.—Encouraged by the kindly assurance of many friends, I hereby offer myself as an independent candidate for the office of

STATE LEGISLATURE of Lehigh and Carbon counties. Should you see proper to elect me, I will discharge the duties faithfully and be thankful for your suffrages. CHARLES SNYDER. September 25, 1851. ¶—1e

Pamphlet Laws.

SUBSCRIBERS to the Pamphlet Laws of 1851, are informed that their copies are received and ready for delivery, at the Prothonotary's office of Lehigh county.

NATHAN MILLER, Prothonotary. Allentown, Sept. 25, 1851. ¶—6w

Poetical Department.

Plough, Loom and Anvil.

The camp has had its day of song; The sword, the bayonet, the plume Have crowded out of rhyme to long

The Plough, the anvil and the loom! Oh, not upon our tented fields

Are Freedom's heroes bred alone, The training of the workshop yields

More heroes true than war has known Who drives the bolt, who shapes the steel,

May with a heart as valiant smite, As he, who sees a foreman smile

In blood before his blow of might! The skill that conquers space and time,

That graces life, that lightens toil, May spring from courage more sublime

Than that which makes a realm its spoil. Let labor then look up and see

His craft no pith of honor lacks; The soldier's rifle yet shall be

Less honored than the woodman's axe. Let Art his own appointment prize,

Nor deem that gold or outward height Can compensate the worth that lies

In tastes that breed their own delight. And may the time come nearer still

When men this sacred truth shall heed, That from the thought and from the will

Must all that raises man proceed! Though pride should hold your calling low,

For us shall duty make it good; And we from truth to truth shall go,

Till life and death are understood.

Miscellaneous Selections.

The Fearful Funeral.

It was on the morning of a cold, chilly day in the month of April, that I was thus interrupted in my studies by one of the children: "Pa, there is a queer-looking man in the parlor who wants to see you."

Entering the room my eye lit upon a man who was queer-looking indeed, because his dress, face, and whole appearance proclaimed him a drunkard. He rose on my entering the room, and with that constrained and awkward politeness, amounting to obsequiousness, which the half-intoxicated of ten assume, he thus addressed me:

"I come, sir, to ask you to attend a funeral this afternoon."

"Who," said I, "is dead?"

"A friend of mine," he replied, "by the name of S—, and as he has no particular friends here, I thought I would come and ask you."

"Where did he live?" I again asked.

"Why," said he, "he lived in no place particular, except at the grocery of Mr. H—."

"This Mr. H— was the keeper of a grocery of the very lowest character, where blacks and whites freely mingled in their revels, and which had often been presented as a nuisance."

Asked again, "Of what disease did he die?"

"Why," said he, dropping his countenance, and lowering his voice almost to a whisper, "I hardly know; but between you and I, he was a pretty hard drinker."

After a few more inquiries, to which I received answers in keeping with those given above, I dismissed him, promising to attend the funeral at five o'clock.

At the hour appointed I went to the house of death. There were ten or twelve men present, and, with two exceptions, they were all drunkards. I went up to the coarse pine coffin, and gazed upon a corpse not pale and haggard, but bloated, and almost as black as the raven's wing. There were two brothers present, both inebriated, and as unfeeling as if the body of a beast lay before them. From the undertaker I gained the following narrative as to the deceased:

He was the son of respectable, but irreligious parents, who, instead of spending the Sabbath in the house of God, either spent it in idleness, or in doing "their own work." When desecrated, the Sabbath is usually a day of fearful temptation. Sabbath sins make deep impressions on the soul whilst yet young he became a Sabbath vagrant—joined profane companions—acquired the habit of drinking; and so rapidly grew the love of drink into a ruling passion, that at mature years he was a confirmed drunkard.

His parents died, and the portion of property that fell to his lot was squandered. "And for years," said my informant, "he has been drunk every day."

"But how," I asked, "did he get the money to pay for the liquor?"

"He has been employed," he replied, "by Mr. H— to shoot squirrels in the woods, and to catch water-rats in the marshes; and for the skins of these he has been paid in whiskey. Nobody would see him survive; and he usually slept in a garret over the grocery. Yesterday he was taken sick, very sick, in the grocery; Mr. H—, instead of giving him a bed, turned him out of the house. He was then in a dying state; and, at a short distance from the house, fell in the street. He was taken into a negro hut, and laid on the floor, where he died in less than an hour. The negroes were very ignorant and superstitious, and were afraid to have the corpse in their house. It was

carried to a barn. This poor but pious

family, hearing the circumstances, took the corpse to their house, and have made these preparations for its burial."

I read a portion of the Scriptures, and for a few moments discoursed to them on the effects of sin—I dwelt on the hardening and fearful effects of Intemperance. But there was no feeling. I prayed with them; but there was no reverence. They all gazed with a vacant stare, as if their minds had evaporated, and as if the fiery liquid had burned out their conscience. They were obviously past feeling. The coffin was closed and placed in the hearse. We proceeded with slow and solemn pace to the house appointed for all the living; and a feeling of shame came over me as I passed along the street to be followed by half a dozen pair of inveterate toppers.

The coffin was placed upon the bier, and was carried by four drunkards, who were actually reeling under their load, to a secluded spot in the grave yard, where, without a tear being shed, without a sigh being uttered, it was covered up under the cold clod of the valley; and the two brothers went back to the house of death, the grog-shop, to drink and to die a similar death, and to go regularly down to the same ignoble grave."

The others, after lingering for a few moments, as if arrested by the thought that the grave would soon be their house followed. I stood for a short time over the grave, after all had retired, pondering the deadly impressive scenes through which I had so rapidly passed. "And is this," said I to myself, "the grave of the drunkard?"

And the prayer, almost unconsciously, rose from my heart to heaven, "O God, save my children's children to their latest generation from making such a contribution as this to the congregation of the dead!"

A Romance in Real Life.

[The intelligent Paris correspondent of the St. Louis Republican gives the following sprightly sketch of a new actress who is about to make her debut in Paris, and who is creating an immense sensation before hand on account of her beauty and accomplishments.]

The lady is about thirty years of age, but her life has already been varied enough to suit the most greedy romancers. First, abandoned by her mother in the streets of Paris, she begged her bread from door to door, and slept wherever she could find a shelter, until by force of begging and economizing she purchased an old second-hand guitar, and with that she went about singing half a dozen the most popular songs in every court yard of the green city. Her youth, she was only thirteen years of age, and the extreme loveliness of her child like countenance, favoured her greatly, and sons and often silver pieces fell at her feet whenever she sang. She had a small room in the sixth story of a house in the city, and there lived quietly alone, coming in as soon as it was dark and going out early in the morning to follow her business. One evening, about six months after she commenced the street singing she was sitting in her room studying over the words of a new song, when she thought she heard a knock in the next room to hers. She did not know her neighbors at all, and indeed had never seen any of them, but she got up, went out and knocked at the door of the room from whence she now distinctly heard the groans repeated. There was no answer. The little girl then ran to the stairs and called for help; but few people pay any attention to cries that come from the sixth story, and the little girl waited in vain for some one to come. When she found she was quite unheard, she returned to the door and turning the knob found that it yielded, and a moment after she went into the room but in complete darkness.

She ran back to her own room, got a light, and returned, when a sight met her eyes, such as even she, who was accustomed to misery, had never seen. The odor of the room, in the first place was almost insupportable; piles of rotten vegetables and old bones lay strewn about the floor and in one corner on a bundle of damp straw lay an old woman groaning in pain. The child went to her and spoke to her whereupon the old hag started as if she had been bitten, but immediately turned her face to the wall again. The little girl thinking she was very ill, left the room and went herself for a doctor; he came, and disgusted with the appearance of the room and odors, declared he could do nothing until the patient was removed to a better place; but the old woman swore she would die where she was and all remonstrances were vain. The doctor, therefore, prescribed as well as he could, but the next day the old woman died; but before her death she questioned the little girl about her former life, and finally revealed to her that she was watching over the death bed of her own mother, and that she had amassed a small sum of money, which her daughter would find in the straw. After the old woman's body was taken from the house, accordingly the young girl searched, and found an old petition, in which was wrapped, no less a sum than 8000*fr.* in gold and silver. All this the old woman had got by begging, and by

picking and searching among the rubbish in the streets.

Her daughter, upon finding herself the possessor of such a fortune, placed the greater portion of it in the savings-bank; and then placed herself in a good boarding school, where her intelligence soon developed itself, and at seventeen years of age she was one of the most accomplished, and by far the most beautiful girls in the school. I had always been her intention when she had finished her education, to go on the stage, but at a soiree given by the mistress of the school, a young gentleman, the son of a general of the empire, who had left him the title of baron and a large fortune, saw our heroine, fell in love with her, and soon after married her. For the first two or three years nothing occurred to disturb the bliss of their union; but suddenly the young wife, who had hitherto shown herself amiable, tender and devoted, changed entirely. Her spirits became unequal, and she no longer seemed satisfied with the quiet happiness of her home. Arrived at that stage of her youth, at the age when all the forces develop themselves, an unsettled and ardent nature struggled greatly against her good instinct. She showed an inclination for coquetry, and the passion for gambling seized upon her with uncontrollable violence. Her husband suffered and trembled in silence. With that weakness very common to tender hearts, he had become a secondary personage in his house, and could not now regain the power he had so quietly given up. Madame—had already lost large sums at cards, and had secretly sold her diamonds and replaced them by false stones.

The poor husband regretted not having authority enough to bring about a reform and stop the desperate course of his wife. He would have given a great deal to lead peaceable existence in the country, but he knew that at the first words any such proposition would have been firmly objected to. His perplexity was very great, when a good idea came into his head.

Among the sedoms of the elegant world where gambling was allowed, there was because more dangerous than the others, being the worst sort of gambling was permitted, and a very mixed society received. Mr.—consented to allow himself and his wife to be presented to the gentleman of this house, and he marched resolutely into the abode. Madame soon placed herself at a card table, and immediately a middle aged gentleman came and placed himself opposite her. They played, and at the first round the gentleman won a hundred louis, and soon the losses of the beautiful gamblers amounted to twenty thousand francs.

"Shall we double?" asked her partner.

"Yes," she answered, trying to preserve her calmness.

She lost again, and her adversary asked "Shall we double?"

"This continued question, and the unlucky issue of the game, was repeated several times. Frightened at first, Madame—thought at last that her partner was a very gallant man, who wanted to lead her on to acquit her debt at a single blow by playing until the luck should change. But when the debt amounted to a hundred thousand crowns the gentleman arose, excused himself and said:

"We will stop now, Madame, if you please; you owe me the sum of three hundred thousand francs."

This announcement caused a great sensation in the saloon, and Mad.—retired with despair in her heart. For the first time she was afraid of her husband. However, the terrible confession must be made to him; she made it, pale, trembling and on her knees.

"Rise, my love," said her husband, in a sad but affectionate tone. "It is a misfortune which cannot now be helped. We must pay the debt. We shall be nearly ruined, but your honor will be saved."

The creditor arrived soon afterwards, and Mr.—went with him as his notary. On his return he said to his wife:

"All that remains to us now is my little domain in Auvergne. I can very well content myself there, but it will be a gloomy abode for you, and that is what afflicts me."

Touched by such exquisite kindness, Madame—set out for the country, without regretting Paris and her disastrous pleasures. After so much excitement, a country life seemed delightful to her.

Ten years passed away, and Madame—said to her husband one day, that they had been the happiest years of her life; and that nothing would disturb her peace, if it was not for the thought of the large sum money she had made him pay.

"Console yourself," replied the husband "our economies have more than repaid your loss; but you lost nothing, and our fortune is now doubled. The gentleman who played with you was one of my friends, played on my account."

The joy of the wife was extreme they soon after returned to Paris. F—was induced to endorse for friends, and in two short years he was worth. His wife is now the single to try and repair the loss husband. I leave it to you if her not been varied enough.