

GLEANINGS.

The Dayton, Ohio, papers say that in one year that city will be the meeting point of five important railroads.

The Southern Rights Convention of Georgia, held last week, nominated Gen. McDonald for Governor by acclamation. Fifty-one counties were represented.

Nine persons are under sentence of death in New York city.

The commerce of the Lakes on the American side is over \$100,000,000 annually. The Lake trade of Ohio is put down at \$40,000,000 annually.

A band of counterfeiters have been arrested at Lanesboro, Susquehanna county, Pa., and their plates, presses, &c., taken possession of by the authorities.

True independence is to be found where a person contracts his desires within the limits of his fortune.

You cannot make friends without deserving them; but you will have enemies whether you deserve them or not.

New Potatoes first made their appearance in the Cincinnati markets on the 28th of May. They sold at the moderate price of four dollars a bushel.

Horace Greeley, in one of his letters from England, says that the working class appear to be very ill dressed, stolid, and hopeless. Extortion and beggary are very prevalent.

Three hundred barrels of strawberries, in baskets, were brought into New York by a single boat from New Jersey, on Tuesday afternoon, and retailed from wagons at low prices.

Contracts have been taken in Cincinnati for the erection of 2000 dwelling houses this year.

The Odd Fellows of Meadville held a celebration on the 20th of this month.

California.—The Census of California, just taken, is deemed so incorrect that it is thought measures will be adopted to have it immediately taken again. The supposition in California is that the population amounts to 250,000 at Washington the census bureau have put it at 200,000; whereas the recent census, taken confessedly in great part by conjecture, gives it to be 117,538. The three Southern counties are not yet returned, which may raise the number to 150,000.

Georgia.—Hon. Howell Cobb, late Speaker of the House of Representatives, has been unanimously nominated for Governor of the State of Georgia, by the Convention of the Constitutional Union Party, which assembled at Milledgeville on Monday last. The Convention was fully attended, and its proceedings harmonious. It adopted and reaffirmed the resolutions of the Union Convention.

Maryland.—By a majority unprecedented in Maryland, the new Constitution has been declared the organic law of the State. The returns are not all in, but enough is known to make the fact certain that an overwhelming vote has established the constitution.

The Mint.—It seems now to be generally conceded that the President has determined to appoint Dr. Beckert of Reading, Director of the Mint in the place of Dr. Patterson, resigned. This will be a judicious appointment, as Dr. E. is well known to be a man of good business habits and talents, combining energy of character, with a knowledge of metallurgy and chemistry which will qualify him for the station.

A Glorious Fellow.—An open-hearted man, who treats freely, figures conspicuously on all public occasions—never troubles himself about his debts, borrows money from Tom, Dick and Harry to carry on his business, takes down a "gin cock-tail" without winking and smokes Spanish. Such is a true definition of what the world calls "a glorious fellow."

Free Banking.—The Massachusetts Legislature has passed a bill, providing that any number of persons "not less than fifty," may become a body corporate for banking purposes, with a capital of not less than \$100,000 or more than \$1,000,000. The Free Banks are allowed to deposit with the Auditor, stocks of any town in the Commonwealth, or either of the New England States, the State of New York or the United States, equivalent to six per cent. stock of Massachusetts. They are limited in their issues to 25 per cent. beyond their capital paid in, the same as the existing banks.

Married and cannot come.—An English paper says Cardinal Wiseman boasts that he has a list of two hundred Protestant clergymen or more, ready to come over to Rome, if the stumbling block of necessary repudiation of their wives could be removed.

River and Harbor Convention.—A movement is making among distinguished Democrats in the West for a Convention of the friends of River and Harbor improvements, without distinction of party, to be held in Louisville in October next.

A Georgia Editor "Busted."—An editor in Georgia, who has recently "busted up," as he terms it, crows smartly over upon the fact that he did it with the honors of war. Although he admits that he retired from the field, he says that he did it with colors flying—a Sheriff's flag fluttering from two windows and the front door of his office!

Coal.—It is estimated that there will be 3,700,000 tons of anthracite coal sent to market this year, which, along with the bituminous coal, will show a valuation of \$17,000,000. The product of Pennsylvania coal has been doubled about seven years.

Government Speculation.—About 50,000 pounds of bacon owned by the government, were sold at St. Louis last week, at \$8.05 per 100 lbs., at 5 1/2. Government speculations are generally in the opposite direction.

Old Age.—Mrs. Mary Benton is called the oldest woman in the world: She was born on the 13th of February, 1731, and is of course more than one hundred and twenty years of age.—She lives in the rural village of Eton, England, in the possession of all her faculties.

The Cash System.

The evils of the credit system, in minor business transactions, are the experience of almost every one. The remarks below, from the "American Mechanic," apply as well to most kinds of business as to publishing:

"With publishers of newspapers, in common with business men generally, the cash system is preferable to any other; to publishers, who rely or nearly so, upon their subscription list for support in the prosecution of their business, it is indispensable. Such a thing as newspaper credit should have no existence anywhere. Nothing is gained by it, either by the proprietor or subscriber, but the former must necessarily be the loser. There are thousands of upright, well-meaning men, who subscribe for newspapers and who intend to pay for them, but the idea of writing a letter to the editor, enclosing two dollars, never entered their heads—though if called upon for the amount due, they would probably be prepared to meet the demand.

"But the publisher of almost every country newspaper knows it would be out of the question for him to employ a collector out of the profits of his subscriptions; so many of his patrons continue year after year taking the paper without advancing a cent, while he is paying cash for his printing materials, cash for his paper and labor, and everything necessary to carry on business. Here then is a loss—not attributable to any design on the part of the subscriber to defraud, but the legitimate fruit of a worse than worthless system. They would pay, if waited upon; but the printer cannot afford to spend five dollars for collecting three, and never gets his pay.

"Again—Mr. A. has the paper sent to his address four or five years; his bill by this time amounts to ten dollars; he dies, or runs away, or perhaps becomes bankrupt; here is another 'profit and loss' account for the printer.

"Mr. B. also, who lives some five hundred miles distant, has had the paper mailed to him three years without making payment, when suddenly the editor is addressed thus: 'Sir—Your paper addressed to Mr. B. is not taken out of the office. Reason—gone to California.'

"Aside from cases of this kind, there are in every community numbers of very liberal minded men, who are particularly anxious for the success of everything of a literary character, and who, by way of encouraging the enterprise, are always ready to enter their names on the subscription book, but never think of paying."

A Great Gold Story.

On the strength of a private letter from San Francisco, the New York Tribune tells the following marvellous story:

In the fire proof store of Gregory's Express office, in San Francisco, lives a gentleman named Hastings, who is largely interested in the quartz mines. In one of his claims in Carson's creek ten miles above Stockton his partners (for there are seven of them) have been working for the last two or three months with indifferent success. They are about to divide the profits. Early in April they commenced drilling on the opposite side of the mountain, where there was not the least outward sign of gold. After boring to the depth of seven feet they blew out at one blast 350,000 worth of gold.

This occurred on the 12th. On the 14th one of the partners came by express with the news. On the 22d two of the partners arrived with two boxes of the quartz. Gregory's Express office was crowded for two or three hours with the wealthy merchants and bankers of the city, who flocked to see the show. The boxes were afterwards taken to Moffat's Government Assay office. On the 25th the result was given, which the writer copied from Moffat's account viz: 103 lb of quartz rock produced 26 one-ounce bars of pure gold, valued at \$17 75 per ounce. Each ounce of rock yielded \$8 50 of gold. Total value, \$3,182 15. Cost of coining, \$225.

Several merchants have tried to purchase shares, but they have been told that \$100,000 would not buy one. The bed is represented to be 7 or 8 feet from the surface, and about 6 or 7 inches wide. The depth and length are not yet ascertained. Over two tons of this valuable rock is said to be in sight, and the estimated value, according to present appearances, is \$5,000,000, \$2,000,000, it is said, can be got out in a month.

Law Reform.

Lord Denman makes an able communication to the editor of the Law Review, on the reception of the evidence of parties in civil suits. He asserts that he conveys the sense of nearly all of the British Bench, when he says that the change is necessary for the discovery of the truth and the promotion of justice, and will greatly tend to prevent the crime of perjury, and ultimately extinguish unjust litigation. The subject of Law Reform is occupying a large share of attention in England, and from the ability enlisted in the cause, and the great names which lend their sanction to the changes contemplated, it is highly probable that all the restrictions to the admissibility of testimony, on the score of competency, will be ultimately removed. Lord Brougham has introduced an act into the House of Lords, abolishing all witness disqualifications, whatever and wherever, on the score of interest. The previous legislation in England towards this same principal has been attended with the best results, and has greatly facilitated the administration of justice, as has been confessed by nearly all the County court judges in their replies to inquiries addressed to them by the Law Amendment Society. The movements now contemplated are important, and their progress will be watched with interest by all who wished to see the administration of justice placed on principles of the most sound and stable character.

Charcoal and Water.

The following valuable hints we abridge and copy from the Agricultural part of the Patent Office Report:

About one half of the dry weight of all plants is carbon or charcoal. Of the other moiety, more than four-fifths are water, called oxygen and hydrogen. Without the presence of moisture, both in the soil and atmosphere above it, no plant can grow; and the presence of carbon, in a dissolved or a gaseous form, is equally indispensable to the production of all vegetables.

It matters little whether carbon is accumulated in a solid form by imperfect combustion, as in the making charcoal from wood in a common coal-pit, or by the slow decay of plants (ermacausis of Liebig) in forming mould, muck and peat. The power of these carbonaceous and exceedingly porous bodies to condense the gaseous food of cultivated plants should be universally known.

Gaseous compounds of phosphorus obey the same general law. All well pulverized earths have a similar property of condensing oxygen and other gases; and thorough tillage greatly promotes the condensation of vapors and gases about the roots of plants to nourish them. Charred peat, muck and wood are exceedingly valuable to mix with all manures to prevent the escape of fertilizing elements which are volatile and liable to rise into the atmosphere.

Charred muck, peat and wood are coming into extensive use in deodorizing night soil, aided by gypsum and common salt. By these means a fertilizer of great power, and perfectly inodorous, may be formed, suitable to be planted or drilled with all seeds. Well dried and finely pulverized clay is a valuable deodorizer, and is used by many millions of people in China and some parts of Europe, to mix with night soil. In this way it can be thoroughly dried and not part with any of its gases. Copperas water and diluted oil of vitriol poured over night soil, convert all the volatile into involatile elements.

To command water in dry weather, and get rid of the excess in rainy seasons, deep tillage is equally valuable. In the former case, moisture ascends from the subsoil by the capillary attraction; and in the latter, the excess of water in the surface soil descends into the subsoil to meet an exigency of an opposite character. The skilful control of water is the first lesson in good farming.

A Word for the School Mistress.

We commend the following just and forcible remarks, which we extract from the Report of the Board of School visitors of Hartford, Connecticut, to the attention of School Directors in our county:—

"It is universally true that in this age of division of labor, and consequent perfection in the specific departments of employment, high wages only will secure the finished artisan the master in his line; poor wages will command only the services of the bungler. School teaching is an independent art. It has its gradations from consummate skill to utter shiftlessness—and generally speaking, the wages will determine, to a good degree the condition of a school.

Now it is a truth, that some of our teachers receive but \$75 per annum and find themselves! But suppose the compensation \$100, without board. What servant in our kitchens work for such wages? If you pay her but \$1.25 per week, her cash wages amount to \$65 per annum; then her board will sum up much more, positive outgo—(to say nothing of extra fuel and light for her personal accommodation) making \$130 per annum; and this to one who washes dishes, and perhaps roasts your beef. But the girl, whose direct labor, or whose silent influence is to aid the intellect, and to build up the morals of your children, God's immortal creatures, for whose destiny you are inevitably responsible—she must be hired not for her fitness! The duties that could be perfectly fulfilled only by the rarest combination of qualities, are to be bedded in the market, to the highest, that is to say, to the lowest bidder.—Would that men might store away this fact among their prudential accumulations, that a human heart and mind, cheaply trained, is the costliest of products; while a heart and mind on whose culture, money without stint, has been fruitfully expended, is the cheapest of products.

The Kosciuszko Estate.—In the U. S. Circuit Court at Washington, the jury has decided against the validity of the will of Kosciuszko of 1806 as his last will and testament. Consequently, the foreign heirs, who are represented by the Hon. Reverdy Johnson and Major Toehman, will be entitled, under the will of 1816, to Kosciuszko's entire estate, which is considerable, and suits will be instituted for its recovery from the trustees here and their sureties.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER.—Pepsin! an artificial Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice. A great Dyspepsia Curer, prepared from Rennet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

DIED

On the 2d of June, in Hanover, Ellen E. Treveler, in the third year of her age.

On the 6th of June, in Allentown, Monroe Weber, aged 4 years.

On Thursday evening, the 5th of June, in Baltimore, of inflammation of the bowels, Mr. James Pettit, formerly of Allentown, in the 40th year of his age. He leaves a widow and seven children to mourn his untimely loss.

On the 4th June, in Hanover, Northampton county, Margaret, consort of Isaac Huber, aged 43 years.

Franklin's Toast.—Long after Washington's victories over the French and English had made his name familiar over all Europe, Dr. Franklin chanced to dine with the English and French Ambassadors, when as nearly as I can recollect the words, the following toasts were drank: by the British Ambassador—"England—the sun, whose beams enlighten and fructify the remotest corners of the earth." The French Ambassador, glowing with national pride, drank—"France—the moon, whose mild, steady, and cheering rays are the delight of all nations; consulting them in darkness, and making their dreariness beautiful." Dr. Franklin then rose, and with his usual dignified simplicity, said—"George Washington—the Joshua, who commanded the sun and moon to stand still and they obeyed him." Old, but, excellent.

THE Illustrated Domestic Bible.

By Rev. Ingram Cobbin, M. A. this beautiful family bible is now published in one volume complete, in various styles of binding. The distinguishing features of this Bible are:—

- 1. Seven Hundred Wood Engravings.
- 2. Many Thousand Marginal References.
- 3. Three Finely Executed Steel Maps.
- 4. Numerous Improved Readings
- 5. A Corrected Chronological Order.
- 6. The Poetical Books in the Metrical Form.
- 7. Questions at the end of each Chapter for Family Examination.
- 8. Reflections, drawn from the subjects of the Chapter, and giving, in a condensed form its spiritual import.
- 9. An Exposition of each Chapter, containing the essence of the best commentators, with much original matter by the Editor.
- 10. Dates affixed to the Chapter for each Morning and Evening's Reading, comprising the whole Bible in a year. Price, in very neat Arabesque binding \$7 50; in Turkey morocco, extra gilt, \$10 50.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

A beautiful edition of the Scriptures, which will serve the purposes of reference criticism, commentary, and illustration. We hope the Domestic Bible will be generally introduced into American families.—The Independent.

It strikes us as better fitted to its sphere than any other similar work.—New-York Recorder.

This edition of the Bible appears to combine a greater amount of needful information, judicious comment and help, than any one we know of equal size.—New-York Evangelist.

It is a work which, for the beauty of its execution, and the condensed variety of its contents, cannot fail to recommend itself to the attention of American families.—New-York Tribune.

We cheerfully commend it as one of the most complete and convenient, as well as one of the cheapest family Bibles that has appeared.—Philadelp. Christian Observer.

The edition before us possesses peculiar merits. We doubt not it will obtain, as it deserves, an extensive circulation.—Philadelphia Christian Chronicle.

We hope this attempt to make the Scriptures a delight, will be suitably encouraged by the religious public at least.—Christian Advocate, Richmond, Virginia.

The many interesting features which are for the first time united in this volume, will commend it to all. No matter how many Bibles there may be in the family, they will find this edition of great use and interest, while the low price at which it is offered places it within the reach of every one.

Agents wanted, to whom liberal terms will be allowed. Specimen numbers of this Bible will be sent gratis, on application to the Publisher, post-paid.

To CLERGYMEN.—A copy of this Bible will be given to all Clergymen who will order four copies, and send the money for the same. S. HUESTON, Publisher, No. 130 Nassau street, New York. June 12. —1w

Good Will Fire Company.

A special Meeting of the Good Will Fire Company, will be held at their "Head Quarters," on Friday evening next, at eight o'clock. A strict attention of all the members is requested, as it is proposed to take into consideration the expediency of placing the Apparatus of said Company, at the disposal of the Borough authorities, inasmuch as they refuse to extend to them that "aid and comfort" necessary to make them of efficient service in case of fire.

By Order of T. H. GOOD, President. PETER S. WENNER, Secretary. June 12. —1w

LEHIGH ISLAND HOUSE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the above large and commodious

HOTEL, formerly occupied by Mr. George Moyer, in East Allentown, and that he is prepared to wait upon all who may favor him with their custom.

The "Island House" is one of the most pleasantly situated in the county, and presents attractions as a Summer retreat excelled by few in this region. The house is new and newly furnished—the stabling large and convenient, and every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests.

The **BAR** will be kept supplied with the best Wines and Liquors, and the **Table** with the best market affords.

His friends and the public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

CHARLES F. MERTZ. June 5. —3m

A New GIRLS' SCHOOL In Allentown.

The undersigned has often been requested to open a girls' department in his school. Want of rooms and other considerations have so far prevented him from attending to this request. But since a spacious three story building will be erected in the course of this Summer for the accommodation of his schools,—he will, if desired, be able to arrange a female department, that will not in the least interfere with his boys' school.—Two teachers, male and female, will give the instruction; the superintendence will devolve upon the Principal. He can take no female boarders, but they can be accommodated in two or three highly respectable families residing near the school house. In order to learn the wishes of the public, he requests that all applications be made within three weeks from date. If from 20 to 25 applications are received, the school will open on the 1st of September next. Terms per session of 6 months, \$3, for girls under, and \$12 for those above 10 years of age.

C. R. KESSLER. May 21. —4w

Private Sale Of Valuable Town Property.

The undersigned wishes to dispose of his Town Property at private sale. It consists of a splendid two story

HOUSE

and lot of ground, situated on the west side of Allen street, in the Borough of Allentown, near the Market square, adjoining on the north by a lot of Ephraim Grim, on the south by the lot of widow Schantz, on the west by a public alley, and containing in front 20 feet, and in depth 230 feet. Thereon is erected a new two story Brick house, with a two story kitchen attached. There is also a wash kitchen on the premises. For beauty and convenience there is no better property in Allentown, and persons wishing to purchase in Allentown will do well to examine it before they purchase elsewhere.

The conditions will be made on very accommodating terms. Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling upon the owner.

FRANKLIN STETTLER. May 1. —3m

Fashionable Hat & Cap Manufactory. In Easton.

LUCAS HAINES, WOULD respectfully invite the attention of his old customers, the public in general, and the COUNTRY MERCHANTS in particular, to the large assortment and superior style and quality of HATS and CAPS, suitable for the

SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE,

which he has just received and is selling at reduced prices.

He has also on hand a large assortment of Moteskin, Silk, Beaver, Nutria, Russia, Rough & Ready, Palm, Braid, Leghorn, Panama, Canada Straw, and every other kind of Hats, and will be able to suit the taste and inclination of all who may favor him with a call.

His Stock

has been selected with the greatest care, and having spent the greater part of his life in the manufacture of hats, he knows that he can sell as cheap, and as neat and genteel an article as any other establishment either in Easton or the Cities.

His Stand is on the north side of Northampton street, one door above Rader's Store, and nearly opposite the Easton Bank.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, will do well to examine his stock, as he is prepared to accommodate them on the lowest terms.

Easton, May 29. —1y

To Tax Collectors.

The Tax Collectors of the Borough of Allentown and the several townships of Lehigh county, for the year 1851, are hereby requested, to meet at the Commissioners Office, in the Borough of Allentown, on Monday, the 18th day of June next, to enter satisfactory security, and take charge of their respective Duplicates.

Borough of Allentown, Nathan Shaffer. Northampton, Wm. J. Horworth. Upper Milford, George Bachman. Upper Macungy, Jessa Schmidt. Weisenburg, Jonas Knert. Lower Macungy, Isaac Diefenderfer. Lynn, Abraham Kistler. Heidelberg, William Adams. Washington, John Millhouse. North Whitehall, John Bare. South Whitehall, George Miller. Hanover, Florentino Hoehle. Salisbury, Gideon Ritter. Lowhill, Jonas Mertz. By order of the Commissioners. J. M. LINE, Clerk. Commissioners Office, Allentown, June 5, 1851. —3w

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has taken out letters of Administration in the estate of Eve Catharine Good, deceased, late of South Whitehall township, Lehigh county. Therefore all persons who are indebted to said estate, be it in Notes, Bonds, Book debts, or otherwise, will please make settlement within six weeks from date hereof, and also all persons having claims against said estate, will please to present them within said specified time.

REUBEN HELFRICH, Adm'r. June 5. —5w

Prices Current.

ARTICLES.	Per	Allentown	Easton	Phildel
Flour	Barrel	4 25	5 00	5 25
Wheat	Bush.	68	05	1 00
Rye	—	70	00	65
Corn	—	60	50	60
Oats	—	44	30	33
Buckwheat . .	—	47	40	50
Flaxseed . . .	—	1 50	1 50	1 50
Cloverseed . .	—	4 00	4 00	3 80
Timothyseed .	—	2 50	2 75	2 75
Potatoes . . .	—	70	35	55
Salt	—	45	45	42
Butter	Pound	12	14	20
Lard	—	8	8	6
Tallow	—	6	9	7
Beeswax	—	22	25	25
Ham	—	10	8	8
Fitch	—	8	6	6
Tow-yarn . . .	—	8	8	7
Eggs	Doz.	10	12	20
Rye Whiskey .	Gall.	22	25	25
Apple Whiskey	—	25	25	25
Lined Oil . . .	—	65	75	72
Hickory Wood	Cord	4 50	4 50	0 00
Oak Wood . . .	—	3 50	3 50	5 50
Egg Coal	Ton	3 50	4 00	4 50
Nut Coal	—	2 50	3 00	3 50
Lump Coal . . .	—	3 50	3 50	3 00
Plaster	—	4 50	4 50	2 60

Clocks and Watches.

Charles S. Massey, RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he has received at his establishment, nearly opposite the German Reformed church in Allentown, a large assortment of

JEWELRY, CLOCKS, WATCHES.

consisting of GOLD and SILVER Patent Levers, Quarter and plain English and French. Watches

as sold by him are warranted, and as low as the same quality can be purchased at other establishments in town or elsewhere. His assortment of Clocks consist of Brass eight day, thirty hours, and alarm, from 3 to 12 dollars.

His selection of Jewelry consists in part of Gold rings, Bracelets, Breastpins, Brooches Gold and Silver Pencils, Watch-chains, Keys, Gold Pens, of a superior quality, &c. He has also on hand a variety of

FANCY ARTICLES, Such as steel-beads for purses and work bags; Silver tea and table spoons, Gold and Silver Spectacles, to suit all ages, Spectacle glasses; Silver thimbles.

Every article sold by him, is warranted to be such as represented, and should they prove otherwise can be returned, and the money will be refunded.

His stock has been purchased with a view to supply the citizens of this county with good and genuine articles in his branch, and which have been selected from the most extensive houses in New-York and Philadelphia. He hopes by due attention to his business, and liberal prices, to have a share of patronage.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, repaired in the best manner and at the shortest notice. Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for Goods. Call and see, then judge for yourselves.

May 1, 1851. —3m.

Valuable Real Estate AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned has come to the conclusion to offer at private sale his valuable real estate, in Allentown, as follows:

No. 1. A convenient two story Stone House,

adjoining lot of the estate of James Wilson, dec'd., on the north about 50 feet front and 30 feet deep, on the east side of Allen street, on a lot which is 60 feet front by 230 feet deep, the north side of the lot fronts 40 feet on Market square. There is also a large frame barn and a wood house on the lot. It also contains a large variety of the most thriving and

Choice Fruit Trees,

such as apricots, plums, cherries, pears, apples, grapes, shrubbery and flowers, all in the finest condition.

No. 2. A convenient one story Frame House,

30 feet front by 230 deep, adjoining lot No. 1, on the North, the lot of Jesse M. Line on the south, a public alley on the East. The building is frame, one and a half story high, and beautifully situated. This property is undoubtedly one of the handsomest situated in the Borough, fronting on Allen street, and Market square, and immediately in the business part of the town. The whole can be purchased together, or separately, as it may be convenient to purchasers, and the terms can be made accommodating.

Capitalists should not let this opportunity pass without viewing the advantages that may be derived from the sale of this valuable property.

Persons wishing to view the property, will please call upon the undersigned owner, who resides upon the same.

NANCY BOAS. May 1. —1m

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