

# Che Lehigh Register.

## Circulation near 2000. Allentown, Pa.

## THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1861.

## Our Court

Has commenced its session on Monday last Judge Jones, as President, and Judges Haas and Ruhe as Associates in their chairs. The grand inquest was called and sworn according to law, Aaron Eisenhardt, Esq., being chosen foreman. A number of bills were found, among which were those against Ward and Harrisburg Bank. They plead guilty, and now await the sentence of the Court.

#### Shocking Suicide.

On Sunday last, the 4th instant, at about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the family of Thomas Schnerr, in South Whitehall township, Lehigh county, was thrown in the utmost excitement, by his committing spicide in the most dreadful manner. It appears that the unfortunate man had been addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors, which so impaired his body and mind. that he became unable to follow his daily occupations; his wife who it appears had just finished shaving him, laid away the razor, and left the room for a short time, during which he got the razor again, went before the looking glass and made two cuts on the right side of his throat. By this time his wife came in, was much frightened, and immediately left the room and run for assistance, and upon her return, he had made a frightful cut on the left eide and laid weltering in his blood a corpse.-He was about 40 years of age, leaving a wife and one child to mourn his loss

#### Menagerie and Circus.

A. Turner & Company's combined Menagerie and Circus, which contains some of the largest, most beautiful and magnificent epecimens of the Animal Creation, which has ever been taken from their homes in the forest and wilderness, together with a full and unrivalled Equestrian Troupe, composed of a company of performers who stand pre-eminent in the profession for their unequalled talent, will give an exhibition in Allentown on Monday the 12th of May next, and on Tuesday the 13th inst, at Kutztown. This is said to be one of the most magnificent trains of living animals that ever travelled the country, we therefore say that such who wish to see something rare, should not fail to be in town on Monday.

### Northampton County.

Wm. Parsons, a shoemaker, surveyed and laid out the town of Easton, and was the first Prothonotary of old Northampton. This office was created by the crown, in the year 1752. Parsons afterwards became Surveyor General of Penneylvania. A free school was established in Easton, by subscription, as early as 1755 .in 1826. Lehigh county was organized in 1812-just 57 years after that of Northampton was created. In 1753.'54, the people of that portion of Schuylkill.

# Whitewashing.

As the time is now at hand for whitewashing on a large scale, we will give a receipt which is the best known, for out houses. Take half a bushel of good unslacked lime, elack it with boiling water and keep it covered during the slacking process. Strain the liquid through a sieve, and add a peck of clean salt dissolved in warm water, add three pounds of boiled rice or wheat paste and half a pound of dissolved glue. Add five gailons of water to this mixture, and it is best to put it on hot, but in that case use only old brushes, or make allow ance for the spoiling of them.

It has been found that our dry winds bite off as it were, more of the whitewash than the rain, The salt is to obviate this evil. For whitewashing the interior of dwellings, do not use any salt, as it absorbs moisture, and to the above lime, add about two pounds of Spanish whiting. It makes the white more clear looking it a little indigo is squeezed through a cloth amongst it. Amongst the lime, Spanish brown or ochre may be stirred to make a colored lime paint. The sulphate of iron (copperae) makes a baff color; the sulphate of copper, (blue vitriol,) a blueish color.

Gleason's Pidorial Drawing Room Companion.-This new and beautiful paper has been enlarged, and the character of its illustrations improved. The last number, which has just come to hand, contains an unusual number of engravings, among which we notice "May-day in England," the steamer "Isaac Newton," the burning of the Assembly Buildings in Philadelphia, a large view of San Francisco, portraits of Daniel Webster, Wendell Phillips, and the slave Sims, with several graphic illustrations of the Anti Slavery excitement in Boston. The typographical execution of the Drawing-Room Companion" is refreshing to the eyes.

# Balloon Ascension.

Mr. Joshua Pusey, of Philadelphia, the celchrated coronaut, intends making his fourth grand\_ascension\_on-Monday, May 5th, at 4 o'clock, P. M., from the corner of Callowhill and Seventh streets, in that city. To add novelty to this erial voyage, the intrepid eronaut

Support your County Papers.

We clip from an exchange the following judicious remarks in relation to the new Postage Law, in connection with newspaper patronage, and recommend them to the careful attention of our readers. We are at present unable to article originally appeared, or we would give most excellent one, and we endorse every word it contains:

We have already alluded to the fact that the new Post Office Law which is to go into effect shortly, authorizes the free transmission of newspapers by mail, within the limits of the county in which they are published, and the hope was expressed, that many persons would avail themselves of this privilege, and add their names to our subscription list.

Local newspapers are too often neglected by Simpson, for passing counterfeit notes on the the people of the neighborhood and county in which they are printed, and that, too, because their importance is not properly appreciated It seems strange that persons should overlook the incidents and facts by which they are immediately surrounded, and fail to render encouraging assistance to journals devoted to the dissemination of facts and maintenance of interests peculiarly their own, while they subscribe liberally for papers which are issued from some more remote place, and are made up of details of a general character only. Such, will induce the conviction that it is not as it should be. Local or county papers are indispensable to the general welfare. They are hand boards of what is going on in detached communites-records of its legal, political and peculiar history. As such, they should be encouraged by all as a matter of duty, and the labor and energy of their publishers ought not to fail of a just and remunerative reward. One county paper at least should be taken in every family-then, if its means justify large expenditures for such of jects, others can and ought to be subscribed for. But subscriptions to remote journals, to the exclusion of local ones. cannot, we think, be justified on any principal of fairness. It is taking away support from domestic enterprise-enterprise which is far more important and valuable than most persons are in the habit of regarding it.

The excuse is not unfrequently given that local newspapers are inferior in merit, and the ability with which they are conducted, to others published elsewhere. Admit this to be the fact, and what is proven by it in nine cases out consequence of the feeble and languishing support which is given to the so styled inferior papers. If they were sustained as they should be, liberally, actively and punctually, our word for it, the improved condition of the publisher and editor would be exhibited not only in the appearance of the journal, but also in the varied interest and strength of its columns.

There is, we venture to say, as much talnewspapers alive, as can be found employed in the publication of an equal number of popular and flourishing city journals. Circumstan-Lafayette College was chartered, through the cos prevent the one class from exhibiting their public spirited efforts of Hon. James M. Porter, abilities as favorably as the other; for it not county erected their first Court-house and jull. the duties of editor, compositor, proof-reader

> you will find their merits increase in a corresponding ratio. Let a subscription list and advertising and job patronage justify a publisher you rean yourselves.

# How to make a Fortune.

Take earnestly hold of life, as capaciated for, and destined for high and noble purpose. Study closely the mind's bent for a labor or profession. Adopt it early, and pursue it steadily, never looking back to the turned furrow, but forward to the new ground, that ever remains to be broken. Means and ways are abundant to every man's success, if will and action are rightly adapted to them. For rich men, and our great men, have carved their paths to fortune and fame by this eternal principle-a principle that cannot fail to reward its votary, if it be resolutely pursued. To sigh or repine over lack of inheritance, is unmanly. Every man should strive to be a creator, instead of inheritor. He should bequeath instead of borrow. The human race, in this reepect want dignity and discipline. It prefers to wield the sword of valorous forefathers, to forging its own weapons. This is a mean and ignoble spirit. Let every man be conscious of the God in him, and the providence over him, and fight his own battles with his own good lance. Let him feel that it is better to earn a crust, than to inherit coffers of gold. This spirit of self-nobility, once learned, and every manwill discover within himself, under God, the elements and capacities of wealth. He will be rich, inestimably rich, in self-resources, and can lift his face proudly to meet the noblest

Origin of Lynch Law .- The following is ex. tracted from the council books at Galway, in Ireland: "James Lynch, mayor of Galway, in 1498, built the choir of St. Nicholas Church, and hanged his own son out of his window, for killing purposes to make the ascension on an artificial and defrauding strangers, without martial or horse-a feat never before attempted in this common law, to show a good example to pos-

among men.

Coinage of the U.S. Mint in April.

The Ledger of May 2nd publishes the Treasu. rer's statement of the business of the Philadel. phia Mint for the month of April. From it we learn that there has been a considerable falling off in the amount of coinage, though we are glad recollect the name of the paper in which the to notice a small increase in the number of gold coins for circulation-the gold dollars and quarthe necessary credit. The article, however, is ter eagles. The aggregate gold coinage for the month of March was \$6,285,795; for the month of April, just closed, it is but \$3,176,058; show. ing a falling off of nearly one half. Of this lessened coinage for April, we observe still quite too large a proportion of the largest coin, the double engles, which, for all the purposes of circulation, had almost as well be ingots of the value of \$100. as of the denomination of \$20. This coin is useful in its ophere, but it is used almost entirely for banking and Treasury payments. They are eldom found in circulation, notwithstanding so many of them are coined, while the demand for the smaller coins is urgent on all sides, and from in April. This is good as far as it goes, and we hope the increase may go on. There has been little silver coinage, even less than in March .-This is to be expected so long as silver com. mands a premium over gold. The copper coinage for the month more than doubles that of March. The deposits of gold for April are \$2,, 860,500 against \$2,671,000 in March. 'The folhowever, is the fact, and a moment's reflection lowing is the statement in detail of the coinage

> 117,741 Double Eagles, value, \$2,354,880 21,179 Eagles, 211,790 88,900 Quarter Engles, 222,270 397,118 Gold Dollars. 387.118 614,949 piecea, \$ 3,176,958 SILVER COINAGE. 24,000 Dimes, 2.400

COPPER COLNAGE. ,933,676 Cents, 13,936 76 1,972,825 pieces. \$3,191,794 76

Total Gold Bullion deposited for coinage, from -1st-to 30th April, 1851, inclusive : From California,

From other sources.

75,500

Bilver Bullion deposited in same time, 18,000 The coinage of three cent pieces has reached to about \$16,000, and is progressing rapidly .--By instructions from the Department, one-half of this coinage is to be reserved for the Assist. of ten? Nothing but that the deficiency in ant Treasurers and Government Depositories in ability which is complained of, is the natural distant cities, who will, by exchanges and otherwise, introduce them into circulation. The bal. ance will be paid out at the mint, in amounts of

### Trouble in Virginia.

The controlling and absorbing question now before the Virginia Reform Convention; is that which relates to suffrage; and the excitement ent engaged in laborious effort to keep country is very great. Under the present Constitution of that State, the basis of suffrage is population and property, including in the latter the slaves of the State; and upon this basis the East, in which the white population is 403,-000, and the slave population 459,000, is largeunfrequently happens that, in order to gain a ly in the ascendant in all legislative bodies, mere livelihood, the publisher of a country pa- over the Western section, where the whites per is compelled to assume in his own person are 494,763, and the slaves only about 63,-000. In the present Convention, the delegates At the time Northampton was erected, it em- and pressman, and of consequence he is pre- having been elected under this basis, the East braced all that is now comprised with the councilled from devoting to any one of these seve. has an alleged majority of nine, and in every dities of Monroe, Pike, Wayne, Susquehanna, ral departments the particular attention which rect vote it is supposed that either the present high, according to the size of the machine conbasis will be carried, or some other scheme ad-Support your courty papers liberally, and justed by which the East will maintain its supremacy over the West.

The separation of the old Commonwealth into two States, is openly avowed by part of the keenest, and at the same time most gentlemanly in employing editorial assistance, and his columns will teem with good things; whilst he sult as but a beginning of dissolution of State himself will be enabled to devote more time ties that will ultimately extend to the dissoluand attention to other duties of equal magnition of the Union. One thing is evident, the magnitude. Try the experiment, friends, and free part of Virginia is entitled to an equal you will find that the better you reward a pub. share of political power. It is folly for the East difficulty in the way of travelling on land by lisher's enterprise, the richer will be the fruit to expect her to submit to the old state of steam. He made the model move ahead, reeither be a compromise or the State will be behold. severed. The latter contingency might be, but not necessarily attended with disastrous consequences to the principle of the Union.

Marriago. Marriage is honorable among men. It is a duty we owe to society. Our father begot us and we ought to begut lathers. We are in tavor of early marriages. Some bachelors plead want of means; but it requires very little more to support a prudent, economical wife, than it does to support a single man. If a man is rich, it matters little what kind of a help mate he takes; if he is poor, he must provide against a companion who is only a help eat; but if he is industrious and enterprising, and marries a girl who will do her part in assisting him, he will get along emoothly and prosperously. In commencing life with a wife, there are two points to start from-the one is where our parents began, and the other is where they left off. If the former is chosen, the future will grow brighter; if the latter, there can be no other result than misery and bankruptcy. We say to all brave young men, marry, but take care what you are about.

Body Found .- On Thursday, the 24th ult., the body of Daniel Wentzel, was found in the canal near Mr. Peter Miller's residence, above Hamburg, Berks county. He had been missing some

Hon. J. C. Calhoun .- We see it stated thatwhen this distinguished Statesman died, he left his estate somewhat embarrassed, but that seve. ral South Carolina gentlemen promptly and quietly stepped forward and relieved it from its

The locusts are appearing in immense numbers on the upper Potomac.

Horrible Murder.

The startling intelligence reached our city about noon on Saturday, of the flendish murder of a husband, wife and child, in the township of Roxburough, near the nine mile stone. The unfortunate victims were Valentine Bartel, a German aged about thirty years, his wife Catherine, and his infant child, twelve month's old. It appears that Bartel was a very industrious man, and by hard labor and rigid economy accumulated sufficient to purchase the small farm upon which he lived. At one time he was engaged in the milk business, but latterly has retailed vegetables. His house is some distance from any human habitation, and no alarm that was made could have been heard by any one living in the eighborhood. Early on Saturday morning, upon some per-

sons going to the house, they were horrified to this order." find the body of the husband lying in the yard some distance from the door, with his skull cleft in twain with an axe. On proceeding into all quarters. The quarter cagles coined in the house, the wife was found in the same con-March were \$95,260 to \$222,270 in April; and dition and the infant at the breast with its brains the gold dollars \$263,220 in March to \$387,111 knocked out. The axe with which the deed was committed was found near the body of the man, and was covered with blood and brains. The other two children were discovered in the barn adjacent to the house in such a state of alarm as to be unable to tell any thing of the occurrence. It seems that they had fled from the house to avoid a similar fate. The impression of our informant was, that the murders were committed at night while the family was at the supper ta. ble. The table was set and several of the dish. es were broken over the floor as if there had been a dreadful struggle. That the object of the murderer or murdefers was plunder is evident from the fact that the bureau drawers were all found broken open, and rifled of all their con-

The unfortunate deceased is known to the neighbors to have been poor, so that the fiends who took his life and the lives of his wife and child, were decrived if they supposed that he had treasure about his premises. Shortly after the discovery of the murders, a messenger was dispatched to this city to obtain the aid of the Marshal in ferreting out the offenders. The Coroner was also summoned to hold inquests over the bodies. The Council of the Borough of Roxborough has offered a reward of \$200 for their arrest. We sincerely hope that they may be discovered, and justly punished.

Since the above was written, we have learned that suspicion, has fallen upon a young German or Italian, called "Robert," aged about nineteen years, who is described as being five feet seven or eight inches high, dark complexion, coarse features and dark hair. He dresses usually in dark clothes. The elder of the surviving children, a girl, says that Robert was at the house at seven o'clock on Friday night. These murders \$30, \$60 and \$150. The issue will take place on are the most horrible that we remember to have tragedy does not compare with this, but it has much of the revolting character of the murder

## New Engine.

The New Orleans Courier has the following account of a new invention. "A steamboat to travel on land or water," would indeed be a

A gentleman exhibited this morning in the Lyceum Hall, while the assembled multitude waited to be organized into Convention-a model of a locomotive which can be used for a steamboat to travel on land or water-for ploughing or for any sort of riding or travelling-it can also be used as a fire engine, or a street sprink-

at the time, the St. Charles fire could have been extinguished in five seconds after the invention got upon the ground. The inventor is one of the suaded every body that his invention is the great-

The first engineers of the city have examined it, and pronounced that he has overcome every things since she has outgrown the circumstan- trograde, turn round and round every way, cos that originally united them. There must with grace and ease. It is, indeed, wonderful to

# Paine's Oxygen Light!

Mr. Paine has promised the editor of the Worcester (Mass.) Spy, that in the course of a week he will illuminate his office by his new mode of producing light. The Oxygen light is a new discovery of Mr. Paine, which the Spy says is a process of catalizing the oxygen of the atmosphere, and rendering it highly luminiferous, at a mere nominal expense, without the cost of machinery, or any other apparatus than an air receiver, capable of holding common air. The ed-

We saw it in operation last evening in our office, examined it minutely, catalized the oxygen ourself, and read by the light so produced, which is equal, if not superior, to the best gas burned in the cities. The flame is peculiarly and brilliant, burns with a clear, steady light, is entirely inodorous, and during the half hour that we watched its operation, we could see no decrease of the catalizing material. The whole apparatus which we saw could not have cost more than a couple of dollars, and it was capable of furnish. ing all the light needed for the illumination of an ordinary sized room.

Pickling Eggs .- If the following were gene rally known, it would be more generally used .-It is an excellent pickle to be eaten with cold meat, &c. The eggs should be boiled hardsny ten minutes-and then divested of their shells. When quite cold, put them in jars and pour over them vinegar (sufficient to quite cover them, in which has been previously boiled the usual spices for pickling. Tie the jars down tight with bladder, and keep them until they begin to change color.

choice for the Presidential ticket.

South Carolina.

The South Carolinian chivalry, it is known, have recently appropriated \$800,000 for bloody weapons, and some Massachusetts Yankees have got the job to make them-or part of them, at

A friend informs the editor of the Woonsocket Patriot that "Messrs. Waters, of Milbury, Mass., have obtained the contract for the small arms, viz: 6000 muskets, 3000 rifles, and 2000 pistols. The field artillery were to be made in South Carolina, and the authorities were very anxious that Messrs. Waters should manufacture the small arms there also; but this could not be, and get the arms completed within the time allotted by the contract. Messrs. Waters, however, have contracted to establish the ar. mory in South Carolina, after the completion of

So, so, the valient souls who are going to dissolve the Union, whip Uncle Sam and "the rest of mankind," can't even manufacture their own guns, but have to travel all the way to old Mas-

#### "The Honor of the Man."

In view of the exemption law in Michigan, the merchants of Kalamazoo publish the follow

Whereas, all laws for the collection of debts n this State, are virtually abolished, and the honor of the man is hereafter to be the foundation of all ordinary transactions.

We, the undersigned, merchants and grocers of the village of Kalamazoo, in order to protect ourselves from the losses occasioned by bad debts incurred by men without honor or punctuality in their engagements, do resolve as follows:

That we publish the names of all who refuse or fail, satisfactorily to adjust the demands against them at the time agreed upon, at either of the stores or gloceries in the place. And mutually and firmly agree that we will hereafter not trust the man whose name shall be thus ad. vertised, being well convinced that no man of good intentions and honorable principles will allow himself to be thus posted before his neighbors and fellow citizens.

In pledge of our determination thus do we subscribe our names and firms hereunto.

# Caved In.

We learn that a portion of one of the mines at Nesquehoning, caved in on Saturday last, about 3 o'clock, P. M., shutting in five men. Great excitement prevailed on the circulation of the information that several persons were thus bu. ried alive, and the most strenuous exertions were used to rescue them by digging away the fallen mass. This however was of no avail; but the prisoners escaped at midnight through an airhole about two miles from the mouth of the mine. It appears that as there was a stream of water running through the mine, a sufficient supbeen called upon to record. The Langfeldt ply of air was furnished to support respiration; and although the men were considerably bruised in their wanderings and efforts to find a place of the Cosden family, in Maryland .- Daily News. of egress, they were all able to walk to their several homes .- Carbon Gazette.

> The Sea giving up its Treasures .- The Plymouth Memorial says:

"During the gale of last week, a quantity of linseed oil came ashore in the breakers, at Manoment Ponds. The oil was in forty gallon casks, fourteen of which were rolled upon the shore in safety, but several casks were burst by being dashed against the rocks. The casks that were saved contained about thirty gallons of oil each. which proved to be in good condition. The condition of the casks was such as to render it certain that they had been in the water a great while, perhaps many years. The outer surface of the casks was considerably decayed, and there were four ridges of iron rust on each, which were the only remnants of what were on hoops. The casks were all covered with barna-

The Boston Advertiser thinks the above came from the brig Hollander, of Boston, from Rotterdam, which was capsized and sunk in Massa chusetts bay about ten years since. The break ing up the vessel, which was hastened by the gale, probably disengaged the casks from the hold, and being lighter than water, they rose to the surface.

A Laughable Notice .- We are indebted to the Warrentown (N. C.) News for the following advertisement, which was posted up in a tavern in Newbern while the Legislature was in session at that place:

Mine host, it seems, was an honest, well mean ing fellow, who had conceived the idea that the members were the very salt of the earth, and had listened to the complaints of some of them relative to the doings of a few wilder characters. who did not belong to their fraternity. Here is the notice which he posted in the most conspicuous place in the house:

"Look Here !- The following rules of order will be hereafter observed in this Hotel : Members of the Assembly will go to the table first and the gentlemen afterwards."

After reading it over he did not exactly like it. It didn't say anything about rowdies and blackguards; so to caution them particularly, he ad-

"Nota Bena-Rowdies and blackguards will please not mix with the members, as it is hard to tell one from the other."

Bounty Land Claims .- Those who have claims for Bounty Lands under the late act, will find it of patience. The number of applications received in a day have run up as high as 1500.-100,000 applications on file which have not been touched. The number of warrants which the department have found it practicable to issue, is about 200.

The Contested Election Case .- The important Contested Election case, to test the validity of the election of Horn R. Kneass, Esq., to the office of District Attorney of Philadelphia count ty, was decided on Saturday morning, in the Court of Common Pleas, Judge King delivering The St. Louis Republican announces Gen. | the opinion of the Court, Judge Kelly concur-Scott and Hon. Edward Bates, of Missouri, as its ring and declaring that William B. Reed, Esq. had been elected.

#### GLEANINGS.

The New York House of Assembly has passed the bill abolishing the 'general training'

Three hundred bars of railroad iron were landed at Beaver, Pa., last week, for the Penn. sylvania and Ohio railroad company.

A married lady cowhided a fellow in Bos. ton, on Friday, who had boasted that he had se-

The Herald announces that the New York ladies are beginning to wear the breeches. No other paper has the news.

There are a large number of hogs dring in Western Maryland, in consequence of eating locusts, which are now beginning to appear in that part of the State.

Ex Chancellor Walworth, was married on the 17th instant, at Jacksonville, Illinois, to the widow of Col. Hardin, who was killed at the battle of Buena Vista.

EF Mr. Nathaniel Hayford, aged 96 years, fied at Tamworth, New Hampshire, on the 28th of April. He was in service at the battle of Bunker Hill.

The few remaining Revolutionary soldiers in this country are falling like autumn leaves. LP An estate of 55 acres, two miles from ouisville, Kentucky., lately sold for \$280 per

Fine Catile.-On Wednesday last, says the Doylestown Intelligencer, Albert Phillips, of Doylestown township, sold seven fat cattle to a butcher from Philadelphia, for \$500. Two of them were much inferior to the other five; but the whole lot weighed 11,078 standing-making the price near eight and a quarter cents per pound for the estimated weight of dressed beef. They were as fine a lot of cattle as we often see; and do credit to their feeder, who is one of the best farmers in his neighborhood.

More Beef .- In passing by the fertile and well cultivated farm of Levi Buckman, between Newtown and Attleborough, in company with a couple of friends, we were tempted to turn in and see some cattle we had heard he was feeding; and we were well repaid for the visit. They were about as handsome a lot of beeves, we should think, as any Bucks county farm can show. Ten of them-rare beauties-that would yield about eight thousand pounds of dressed beef, he had just sold to a Trenton butcher, for eight cents per pound. Two others that would weigh, if dressed, twenty five or twenty-six hundred pounds, are equal if not superior in quality to any cattle we have ever seen. He has refused nine cents per pound for them. Three oth. ers, a trifle inferior to these in size and quality, were also in his stable-making the whole number fifteen. Altogether they are a lot of cattle of which any farmer might well be proud; and shows plainly that their owner understands his business .- Doylestown Intel.

Tom Hyer's Challenge Accepted The New York Herald of Monday last, contains the follow-

To Mr. Thomas Hyer:-Having recently arrived in this country since your challenge appeared in the Spirit of the Times. You state that you will fight any man in the world for \$10,000 a side; and as no one has as yet accepted your challenge, I will accept it and fight you for \$5,000 a side, the fight to come off in three months after the match is made. I would like it \$10,000 but I cannot raise the money. Man and money will be ready on Tuesday evening at nine o'clock; so you will confer a favor on me by calling at the Rainbow, Beekman street, on W. PUDDUCK. New York, April a, 1851.

P. S. As you prefer an Englishman, I shall

suit you in that respect. Cold blooded Act .- In Columbus, Ohio, 20th, a person got possession of one of the late Governor Bebb's blank requisitions for fugitives and filled it up, for a piece of sport, and directed

it to Thomas Spencer, a well known cattle dealer. This entaged Spencer, and some one, to carry on the joke, told him that it was done by George Parcels, the barkeeper of the Franklin. He immediately went to where Parcels was, and demanded of him if he had filled up that paper ? Mr. Parcels, in a jocular way, answered yes, and was about passing out of a door, when Spencer drew a revolver and shot him dead.

An old Bible .- Among the effects of David Groff, of Earl township, Lancaster county, lately deceased, was a German Bible, in good condition, printed in 1531 by C. Froschauf, in Zurich. Switzerland.

Appointments .- Thomas E. Franklin, Esq., of Lancaster city, to be Attorney General of the Commonwealth, in the place of Hon, C. Darrah,

William J. Colgrove, to be Sheriff of M'Kean ounty, in the place of E. Bard, deceased. Jacob Meyers, of Lancaster city, to be a Notary Public for said city.

Sugar.-The Sugar crop of Louisiana, for 1850, was 211,203 hogsheads, equal to 231,194,-000 pounds. There are 1495 sugar mills, 908 worked by steam, 587 by horse power. The product of molasses is 10,500,000 gallons.

The Electro Magnetic Locomotive .- The experiments of Prof. Page, at Washington, with his electro-magnetic locomotive, have been completely successful and fully demonstrate the practicability of the application of electro mag. necessary to exercise some considerable degree netism to the propulsion of railway trains. The locomotive proceeded out from Washington as far as Bladensburg, making the distance 5 miles They now average about 400 a day. There are in 35 minutes. When the power of the battery was fully up, on nearly a level plane, the rate of 19 miles an hour was attained, being 7 miles faster than the greatest speed yet attained.

> Alleged Robbery .- Charles M. Ottinger, a Clerk in the Philadelphia Post Office, was brought before U. S. Commissioner Ingraham on Monday charged with abstracting the Vicksburg mail from the office, and robbing the letters of their contents. After a hearing of the testimony against him, he was bound over in the sum oi \$1,000 to take his trial at the pext term of the United States District Court. He is quite a young man, and prepossessing in appearance.