

**New Postage Bill.**  
A Bill to reduce and modify the rates of postage in the United States, and to provide for the coinage of three-cent pieces.  
*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That from and after the 30th day of June, 1851, all letters carried in the mail shall be charged with postage as follows: Upon each letter not weighing over one half ounce, three cents; and for each additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce, three cents: *Provided,* That no postage shall be charged upon any mail route in any of the States or Territories be discontinued or diminished in consequence of any diminution of the revenues that may result from this act: *And provided, further,* That it shall be the duty of the Postmaster General to establish new post offices and place the mail service on new mail routes established, or that may hereafter be established, in the same manner as though this act had not been passed: *And provided, further,* That the compensation of no postmaster shall be diminished in consequence of the passage of this act.  
Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* There shall be charged upon each newspaper, pamphlet, periodical, magazine, book, and every other description of printed matter, which shall be unconnected with any manuscript or written matter, and which it may be lawful to transmit through the mail, of no greater weight than two ounces, one cent; and for each additional ounce, one cent. Bound books, not weighing over thirty ounces, shall be deemed mailable matter under the provisions of this section: *Provided,* That newspapers delivered in the State or Territory where printed shall be chargeable with only one half the foregoing rates: *Provided, further,* That no postage shall be charged upon any newspaper mailed and delivered within the county where printed, or within thirty miles of the place where printed: *Provided, further,* That the free circulation of newspapers within the county where printed, or the distance of thirty miles of the place where printed, as hereinbefore provided, shall be confined to actual subscribers receiving their papers from the office where printed: *And provided, further,* That fifty per cent shall be deducted from the postage on magazines when that postage shall be prepaid.  
Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be lawful to coin, at the Mint of the United States and its branches, a piece of the denomination and legal value of three cents, or three hundredths of a dollar, to be composed of three fourth copper, and to weigh twelve grains and three eighths of a grain; that the said coin shall bear such device as shall be conspicuously different from those of the other silver coins, and of the gold dollar, but having the inscription "United States of America," and its denomination and date; and that it shall be a legal tender in payment of debts for all sums of thirty cents and under.  
Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted,* It shall be the duty of the Postmaster General to provide and furnish to all deputy postmasters, and other persons applying and paying therefor, suitable stamps of the denomination of three cents to facilitate the prepayment of the postage provided for in this act; and any person who shall counterfeit, alter, or forge, any letter stamps, or shall knowingly have in his possession any false, forged or altered letter stamps, with intent to sell or use the same as genuine, shall be deemed to be guilty of felony, and be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding five years.  
Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That there is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars to supply any deficiency that may arise in the Post Office Department.  
Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted,* That lists of letters remaining uncalled for in any post office, for the space of two weeks, in any city, town, or village, where a newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in a newspaper, which being issued as frequently as any other, shall have the largest circulation within the range of delivery of said office, to be decided by the Postmaster General, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by him, at a charge not exceeding three cents on each letter called for. And the postmaster at such office is hereby directed to post in a conspicuous place in his office a copy of such list on the day after the publication thereof: *Provided, however,* If the publisher of any paper herein specified shall refuse to publish the list of letters as provided in this section, the postmaster shall designate some other paper in which such list shall be published; and such publisher, so refusing, shall be deprived of all the benefits of this act, and the free exchange now provided by law.  
Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be in the power of the Postmaster General, at all post offices where the postmasters are appointed by the President of the United States, to establish post routes within the cities or towns, to provide for conveying letters to the post office by establishing suitable and convenient places of deposit, and by employing carriers to receive and deposit them in the post office, and at all such offices it shall also be in his power to cause letters to be delivered by suitable carriers, to be appointed by him for that purpose, for which not exceeding one or two cents shall be charged; to be paid by the person receiving or sending the letter; and all sums so received shall be paid into the Post Office Department: *Provided,* The amount of compensation allowed by the Postmaster General to carriers shall in no case exceed the amount paid into the Treasury, by each town or city, under the provisions of this section.  
The prominent candidates for the honor of representing New Jersey in the U. S. Senate, are John K. Thompson, Esq., and Gov. Vroom.

**Elect the President by the People.**  
Ask the next hundred citizens you meet what they think of electing Presidents by a direct vote of the People, and at least ninety will answer that they are decidedly favorable to it. Most of them will add that they always have been so. And yet, in defiance of this almost unanimity of sentiment in favor of such election, it is likely enough to be postponed an age as it has been for the last twenty years. What is needed is a practical plan of Popular Election, and then a hearty, concerted effort among the friends of the principle to carry that plan into execution.  
It will never do to rely on or urge a plan which requires the cooperation of Congress. It is Congress, in effect, which is to be shorn of a vast, unconstitutional power, by enabling the People to elect the President directly. Now Congress spends two years mainly in intrigues with reference to the nomination and election of President, the next year in dividing the spoils, (the fattest of them among the Members, the leaner among the wire-workers and fuglemen at home,) and the remaining year grumbling over the unfairness of the division; when they are ready to commence the next campaign. To deprive Congress of its vast power over the selection of Presidential candidates is one of the great objects of the Reform.  
Nor will it answer to say, "Let every body who chooses run for President under the old system, and let the strongest win." In the first place, this plan will almost uniformly throw the Election into Congress, and thus deprive the People of the little voice they may have in any election, while seeming to give them one more potential.  
Nor is it practicable so to alter the Constitution as to dispense with Electors and have every qualified voter cast his ballot directly for President. The Slave States will never agree to this, since it would give New York a power in the election of President equal if not superior to that of all the Atlantic Slave States. It is idle to waste time and effort on a project which is certain never to be adopted. In fact, we consider any change in the Federal Constitution in our day little less than a moral impossibility; but a change which shall take power from one section and give it to another is manifestly so.  
There is one simple way in which an Election of President by the People can be brought about. Let the People sternly oppose all National Conventions or exclusive nominations of party candidates for President; let them solicit no changes in the present Constitutional machinery of Election; but let Electors be nominated in each State by each party as now, and let each voter deposit his ballot for the Electoral Ticket of his party indorsed or headed with the names of the men of his choice for President or Vice-President respectively. Let citizens of known probity and intelligence be designated for Electors, and pledged to vote for such candidates as the voters of their party may designate by their ballots. Within ten days after the People shall have voted, we can tell not only which party has chosen a majority of the Electors but whom those Electors are instructed by their constituency to vote for as President and whom as Vice-President. This will be a real Election by the People, such as we do not now have for any office whatever. Now each voter must vote for the nominee of his party, although he may consider his qualifications decidedly inferior to those of many others. Often, he votes for men whom he despises in order to sustain principles he holds dear. The plan here proposed obviates all this, and enables each citizen to stand by his principles and at the same time vote for the men he deems most capable and worthy.  
Friends of Popular Sovereignty! will you not aid in securing an Election of President by the People?  
**Singular Discovery.**  
On Thursday last, while some children were at play upon the hill-side, near Fish-bauch, half a mile from Pottsville, one of the number discovered a small string fastened to a bush; his curiosity being awakened, the string was seized, and after pulling at it, he found that it was became detached from some object beneath the snow. Upon an examination of the string, several gold rings were found upon it, and a slight search enabled them to discover an old stocking or drawer-leg, with several hundred dollars worth of unfinished gold rings, pencils, chains, &c. In the vicinity another string was found fastened in the same manner, but leading off in a different direction, to the end of which there was also large amount of Jewelry, also unfinished. From an examination of the different specimens exhibited to us, it would appear that some large manufacturing house had been plundered, and the spoil hidden beneath the snow, by the party committing the theft, and the spot designated by the small string, so as to enable them to regain their spoils at a future day. There can be no doubt but that the robbery was committed in Philadelphia or New York, for there is no establishment in the interior of either State, to our knowledge, where all the various parts of watches, pencils, chains, &c. are manufactured upon a large scale.  
It is impossible to say what was the amount found. We learn, however, that one of the children, by the name of Reed, has in his possession two or three hundred dollars worth, which will be advertised.—The balance is scattered among six or eight children, and will be next to impossible to regain.—*Pottsville Journal.*  
**THE RISE OF MEN OF EMINENCE.**—Mr. Disney, member of Congress from Ohio, was formerly a house-painter; Senator Dickinson worked at a mechanical trade until after he attained his majority; H. L. Turner, U. S. Senator from Tennessee, and Andrew Johnson, Representative from the same State, were and are tailors; and there are in Congress many others who are mechanics. Gen. Houston worked at his trade as a hatter until after he was twenty-one.

**Easton, Allentown and Hamburg Rail Road Meeting.**  
Pursuant to public notice, a large number of the commissioners named in the act incorporating the "Easton, Allentown and Hamburg Rail Road Company," and other citizens friendly to the project, met at the public house of Mr. Grim, in the Borough of Kutztown, and organized by appointing the following officers:  
President—David Kutz.  
Secretary—Hiram J. Schantz.  
Ast. Sec.—John D. Wanner.  
The object of the meeting being stated by the Chairman, when on motion the following Committee of 25 was appointed further to express the sense of the meeting:  
Gen. Herman Rupp, Col. John Bortz, B. Rupp, Col. D. B. Grim, John P. Miller, S. Troxell, David Fister, Daniel K. Hottenstein, William Heidenreich, Capt. Charles W. Esser, Henry Hawrecht, John L. Fisher, Jacob Biehl, David Levan, Jacob Graff, Esq., Charles J. Wink, David Heffner, Jonas Miller, Daniel Schlenker, Jacob Fisher, Capt. Daniel Bieber, David Levan, Dr. A. Garasch, John Stein, John Fister, Peter Kutz, Solomon Kutz, Isaac Stauffer and H. Sander.  
The Committee upon absenting themselves for a short time, reported the following preamble and resolution which after being read, were unanimously adopted.  
**WHEREAS** the citizens of the north eastern district of Berks, the whole of Lehigh and Northampton counties, suffer much for the want of a Railroad communication, in order to convey their large amount of surplus agricultural productions to market at all seasons of the year, and to return furnish supplies of Coal, Plaster, Salt, Fish, &c., and whereas there is sufficient capital along the proposed route, to build the road, and whereas our State legislature passed a law, authorizing the Governor, to incorporate a company to construct a Railroad from the Borough of Hamburg, in Berks county, through Allentown to the Borough of Easton, in Northampton county, provided 6000 shares of stock are subscribed for. This act had run out in 1813; but was extended 8 years longer, the same year. Therefore  
**Resolved**—That we cordially recommend a re-opening of the books, for the subscription of stock, and solicit the cooperation of the commissioners appointed in the act, to carry out its intentions.  
**Resolved**—That we earnestly recommend to the citizens of the productive Kintatony valley, through which the road is intended to pass, at the re-opening of the books, liberally to subscribe such an amount of stock, as will secure the completion of the road.  
**Resolved**—That it is our decided opinion, that the advantages to be gained by the making of this road, cannot but be of the greatest importance—it will not only connect us with the great commercial city of New York, but it will also connect us with the great coal fields of our state, and will at the same time connect us with the Reading and Pottsville road, and secure the trade of western Pennsylvania, one of the greatest agricultural districts in the state.  
**Resolved**—That the books for the subscription of stock be opened under the supervision of the following commissioners:  
For Berks County—Jacob Biehl, Daniel K. Hottenstein, Daniel B. Kutz, David Fister, Peter Klein and Peter Fister.  
For Lehigh County—Solomon Fogel, David Schall, Peter Breinig, Peter Neuhard, Charles Kramer, and C. S. Bush.  
For Northampton County—Charles W. Mixell, Thomas McKean, Andrew H. Reeder, Jacob Wolle, George G. Gaudie, and Charles A. Luckenbach.  
**Resolved**—That the committees above appointed be requested to meet at the places named in the act, and give public notice of the time and place of their appearance.  
(Signed by the Officers.)  
**The Odd Fellows of the United States.**  
The following table, compiled by Grand Representative Kingsbury, of Maine, for the Portland Argus, from the unpublished document of Grand Secretary Ridgely, will show the immense progress made by the Order during the past year:  
Number of initiations 30,579; last year 23,540; revenue of subordinate Lodges \$1,200,396 74; last year \$86,174 00; contributing members 174,195; last year 139,242.  
The above shows the steady, healthful progress of the Order. The following shows the amount of relief conferred:—Number of brothers relieved, 22,822; last year 19,177; number of widowed families relieved, 2,327; last year 1,938. Amount paid for relief of brothers \$345,007 62; last year \$273,491 05. Amount paid to widowed families \$42,301 01; last year \$33,392 33. Amount paid for education of orphans \$7,343 44; last year \$6,732 26. Amount paid for burying the dead \$67,595 90; last year \$51,831 65. Whole amount of relief \$462,253 07; last year \$395,556 50.  
There were no returns from: North Carolina, Vermont, Iowa, Florida, California, Minnesota, or the Sandwich Islands, in all of which places the Order is flourishing.—They would swell the number of members to at least two hundred thousand.  
**ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER.**—Pepsin! an artificial Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice; a Great and Successful Cure, prepared from Rennet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.  
**DIED.**  
On the 12th of January, in South Whitehall, John Edelman, aged 81 years.  
On the 14th of January, in Hanover, William, son of Mr. Charles Breish, aged 7 years.  
On the 10th of January, in Hanover, Calvin Cahoon, aged 84 years.

**GLEANINGS.**  
London has two millions of inhabitants; Paris a little over a million.  
It is computed that 5000 persons perished the past season on the overland route to California.  
Hon. John M. Clayton has imported from Liverpool 100 bushels of Irish oats for seed.—They are heavier than ours, but will soon deteriorate.  
Rumors are afloat of a new weekly Union paper in Washington, supporting Mr. Webster for the Presidency.  
There were 1714 Marriages in Baltimore during the year 1850.  
Benjamin Hartshorn, present Lumber Inspector, has been appointed Whiskey Inspector, in Philadelphia, in the place of John Killian, deceased.  
An Ohio paper states that a Miss Porter in that State has married a man by the name of Bottle. The editor says it is not only a good match, but it proves that there are more ways than one to bottle port.  
The common schools in Indiana are in a wretched condition. There are fifty thousand adult persons in the State who cannot read nor write.  
The greatest objection to smart children is that when they commence having whiskers, they leave off having brains.  
The winter has been unusually severe at the South thus far.  
There are 20,000 miles of Telegraph in operation in the United States.  
**MARRIED.**  
On the 19th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Richards, Mr. Robert B. Moyer, to Miss Sarah Daney, both of Salisbury.  
On the 14th inst., by Rev. J. Strigley, Mr. Henry A. Lantz, to Miss Mary Diehl, both of Reading.  
On the 19th inst., by the Rev. S. K. Brobst, Mr. John O. Billheimer, to Miss Anna Matilda Schnable, both of Berks county, Northampton county.  
On the 19th of January, by the Rev. Joshua Yeager, Mr. John Reichert, to Miss Magdalena Schmidt, both of Upper Saucon.  
On the same day, by the same, Mr. Henry Seip, to Miss Matilda Fried, both of Allentown.  
On the 16th of January, by the same, Mr. John Jones, of Bethlehem township, Northampton county, to Miss Hannah Morey, of Upper Saucon, Lehigh county.  
**Bank Meeting.**  
The citizens of Allentown and vicinity, are respectfully solicited to attend a Public Meeting, to be held on Friday evening next at 7 o'clock, at the house of Col. Eli Steckel, for the purpose of adopting measures to aid in the security of a Charter for a new Bank of Discount and Deposit at Allentown. Punctual attendance is requested by all who are favorable to a Bank.  
MANY CITIZENS.  
January 23. 1-1w  
**Public Sale**  
OF  
**Valuable Personal Property.**  
WILL be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 12th and 13th of February next, on each day at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the house of William Harlachner, deceased, in Upper Saucon township, Lehigh county, the following large stock of  
**Personal Property,**  
to viz: A number of first rate team Horses, seven Milk Cows, four Heifers, and a Bull, all full blooded Devonshire stock, a splendid lot of hogs, two four horse Wagons, one with body, the wood part of a new four horse Wagon, one 1 horse Farm-wagon, Caryell, nearly new, with a double set of Harness, a number of Ploughs, among which is a patent corn Plough, also a lot of Harrows, Holzer or (Waltz) patent grain Rake, patent Windmill, Wood Sleds, five sets heavy harness, four sets plough harness, Cutting Box, Pressing Machine, with horse power, (Brader and Young's make) which has only been used one season, Crow-bars, Grubbing-hooks, Forks, Log and other Chains, 2 Grain Cradles, and 3 Grass Scythes in good condition. Also, 18 acres Rye, and 20 acres Wheat in the ground.  
Further will be sold a Piano Forte, as good as new, a number of Beds, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Cupboards, Benches, Stoves and Pipe, a handsome lot of Carpets, and a large number of other articles, too numerous to mention.  
The conditions will be made known on the day of sale and attendance given by  
JOSHUA HARLACHER, }  
EDWARD HARLACHER, } Adm'rs.  
CHARLES KECK, }  
January 23. 1-1w  
**NOTICE.**  
Proposals will be received by the undersigned, President of the Common S. Board, until the 3d day of February next, to build a School house in Allentown. A plan of which can be seen at his house.  
By order of the Board of Directors.  
JONATHAN REICHERD President.  
January 23. 1-2w  
**NOTICE.**  
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have taken out letters of Administration, of the Estate of William Harlachner, deceased, late of Upper Saucon, Lehigh county. Therefore all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, be it in Notes, Bonds, or otherwise will please make settlement within 6 weeks from the date hereof. Also those who have legal claims against said estate, will present them well authenticated within the above specified time.  
JOSHUA HARLACHER, }  
EDWARD HARLACHER, } Adm'rs.  
CHARLES KECK, }  
January 23. 1-0w

**Robert Halfpenny,**  
**Manufacturer of Warm Air Furnaces**  
AND  
**Premium Cooking Ranges.**  
The subscriber has lately established himself in the above business, and is prepared to fill orders to any distance in the country.  
He can warrant his articles to be of the latest and most approved styles, with a saving of at least 25 per cent. in the fuel.  
Recollect the place, No. 12, South 8th street, Philadelphia.  
January, 16. 1-4w  
**Public Notice.**  
Notice is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore existing between GOELL & SHAW, as Contractors for the construction of the Philadelphia and Wilkesbarre Telegraph Line, and the Susquehanna River and North and West Branch Telegraph Line, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having subscribed and paid for stock in "The Philadelphia and Wilkesbarre Telegraph Company," are respectfully requested to present their receipts for such payments to Ed. J. SAEGEN, Esq., in Allentown, Lehigh county, Pa., President of the said Company, and receive their certificates properly authenticated therefor; and all persons having subscribed and paid for stock in "The Susquehanna River and North and West Branch Telegraph Company," are also respectfully requested to present their receipts for such payments to A. C. GOELL, at the American Hotel, Chestnut street, opposite the State House, Philadelphia, President of said Company, or to T. O. VAN ALLEN, Treasurer, Danville, Montour county, Pa., and receive their certificates in due form therefor. And all persons having claims against the said Partnership, GOELL & SHAW, relating to the construction of said lines, whether upon promissory note, draft, book accounts, or otherwise, are respectfully requested to present correct statements of the same, without delay, to JONAS TITUS, Esq., No. 12, Mercantile Library, Philadelphia, who is authorized to receive and arrange for settlement of the same.  
A. C. GOELL,  
JAMES L. SHAW,  
January 16, 1851. 1-1w  
**House and Lot,**  
**Offered at Private Sale.**  
The subscriber offers to sell at Private Sale, his valuable property, situate on the east side of south Allen Street, in the Borough of Allentown, a few doors below Dr. Charles L. Martin.  
The buildings are two new two story brick  
**Dwelling Houses,**  
Piazza, and all necessary outbuildings.  
The buildings have been constructed but lately and are in the best condition.  
For further information please make application to  
WILLIAM H. WETTERHOOLD,  
Allentown, Jan. 9, 1-1w  
**NOTICE.**  
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have taken out letters of Administration, of the estate of Joel Krauss, deceased, late of the Borough of Allentown, county of Lehigh. Therefore, all persons who are yet indebted to the estate of said deceased, be it in Notes, Bonds, Book debts, or otherwise will please make settlement within 3 months from the date hereof. Also those, who have legal claims against said estate, will present them well authenticated within the above specified time.  
EMELINE KRAUSS, Allentown,  
ANTHONY KRAUSS, U. Milford,  
Administrators of the Estate.  
All persons who are indebted in the books of the firm of Brobst and Krauss, will likewise make settlement within the above specified time, at the Foundry near Allentown.  
January, 16, 1-3m  
**Notice to Tax Collectors.**  
A large amount of State and County Taxes still remaining uncollected, the undersigned hereby give notice, that all collectors who have not settled up the full amount of their Duplicates in the end of next February court, will find their bonds filed in the Prothonotary's office, as liens against them and their sureties: After the above mentioned time there will be added to the amount of unpaid taxes, an interest of six per cent.  
BENJ. BREINIG,  
SAMUEL KNAUSS, } Commissioner.  
PETER ENGLEMAN,  
Commissioner's Office, Allentown,  
January 9, 1851. 1-3t  
**C. B. WEAVER,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW.**  
Has opened his office, in the building with Juge Ruhr, in west Hamilton street opposite the "New York Store"  
He can be consulted in either the german or english language.  
Allentown, Jan. 9, 1851 1-1y  
**Rail Road Notice.**  
Books for the Subscription of Stock in "The Delaware, Lehigh, Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road Company" are now open with each of the subscribers, who have been duly authorized to receive subscriptions.  
It is desirable to have a large number of Shares subscribed at an early period, in order to have the Road commenced as soon as possible.—Therefore all wishing to subscribe, will please call on either of the subscribers as soon as convenient.  
JACOB DILLINGER,  
HENRY KING, } Committee.  
CHRISTIAN PRETZ,  
Allentown, Dec. 12, 1-1w

**Prices Current.**  
ARTICLES. | Per | Allentown | Philadelphia  
Flour . . . . . Bush. 5 00 5 25 5 50  
Wheat . . . . . " 95 1 05 1 16  
Rye . . . . . " 65 60 65  
Corn . . . . . " 50 50 60  
Oats . . . . . " 35 30 35  
Buckwheat . . . . . " 46 40 50  
Flaxseed . . . . . " 1 50 1 50 1 50  
Cloverseed . . . . . " 4 00 4 00 3 20  
Timothyseed . . . . . " 2 50 2 75 2 75  
Potatoes . . . . . " 50 25 55  
Salt . . . . . " 45 45 42  
Butter . . . . . Pound 14 14 20  
Lard . . . . . " 8 8 8  
Tallow . . . . . " 8 9 7  
Beeswax . . . . . " 22 25 28  
Hain . . . . . " 9 8 8  
Pitch . . . . . " 7 6 6  
Tow-yarn . . . . . " 8 8 7  
Eggs . . . . . Doz. 16 12 20  
Rye Whiskey Gall. 22 25 25  
Apple Whiskey . . . . . " 25 25 25  
Linseed Oil . . . . . " 85 75 72  
Hickory Wood Cord 4 50 4 50 6 00  
Oak Wood . . . . . " 3 50 3 50 5 50  
Egg Coal . . . . . Ton 4 00 4 00 4 50  
Lump Coal . . . . . " 3 00 3 00 3 50  
Nutmeg . . . . . " 4 00 3 50 3 00  
Plaster . . . . . " 4 50 4 50 2 60  
**Stuttering and Stammering CURED!**  
**In from Five to Twenty Minutes.**  
THE Undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Lehigh and the adjoining counties, that he has located himself in New York for the purpose of  
**EFFECTUALLY CURING**  
persons who are troubled with  
**STUTTERING OR STAMMERING.**  
So confident is he of success, that no pay will be required until the utmost satisfaction is given. His method is so easy, that any child five years old may understand it, and yet so efficient, that he will forfeit *One Thousand Dollars* to any person who will stammer and apply it.  
Dr. J. V. WYCKOFF,  
No. 37 Chambers St., New York.  
P. S. For further testimonials of the efficacy of his method; he refers to the Medical Faculty of New York, who witnessed the application upon a gentleman, who was an inveterate stammerer, and had been operated upon by other Physicians, without the least benefit, and astonishing as it may seem, Dr. Wyckoff cured him in 20 minutes, that he was able to speak and read with ease, without hesitancy or semblance of Stammering.  
The Doctor also has over One Hundred Certificates of cures performed, among which are several medical gentlemen.  
N. B. All letters of inquiry, (post-paid) will be promptly answered by naming the Post Office and State where they reside.  
January 16. 1-1f  
**AUDITOR'S NOTICE.**  
In the Orphan's Court of Lehigh county.  
In the matter of the account of  
Jonas Bare and Jacob Peter, Administrators of John B. Enaf, late of Lowhill (sp., Lehigh county, deceased).  
And now December 3, 1850, the Court appointed Willoughby Fogel, John Weida and Joseph Schlauch, auditors to examine and if occasion, settle and make distribution according to law.  
From the Records.  
TESTE.—J. D. LAWALL, Clerk.  
The undersigned auditors will meet for the purpose of their appointment, on Saturday the 25th of January next, at 10 o'clock, at the house of Joel Kutz, in Lowhill township, where all those who are interested can attend if they see proper.  
WILLOUGHBY FOGEL,  
JOHN WEIDA,  
JOSEPH SCHLAUCH,  
Auditors.  
January 9, 1-4w  
**Auditors Notice.**  
In the Court of Common Pleas of Lehigh County—Sept. Term, No. 22.  
Gideon Lentz vs Godfrey Peter.  
December 6, 1850, on motion of John D. Stiles, Esq., the court appointed Jacob Dillinger, Commissioner to make distribution of the proceeds of the Sheriff, to and among the creditors and persons legally entitled thereto.  
From the Records.  
TESTE.—NATHAN MYLER, Prothonotary.  
The commissioner above appointed, will meet the parties at his office, in the Borough of Allentown, on Thursday, the 25th of January, 1851, at 10 o'clock, where those that see proper can attend.  
JAC. DILLINGER, Com.  
December 31. 1-1w  
**WILLIAM S. MARY,**  
**ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.**  
Office in the western front room of the building of John D. Lawall, formerly Horaback's, west of the Courthouse.  
Allentown April 4, 1850. 1-1f  
**Teachers Association.**  
The Lehigh County Teacher's Association will meet on Saturday, 25th inst., at the Court House, in the Borough of Allentown, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon.  
**Order of Exercises.**  
1st. A discussion upon the preservation of order in schools.  
2d. An Essay upon "rewards and punishments," by Mr. Henry K. Rhoads, of South Whitehall.  
3d. An Essay upon "arithmetick," by Mr. Gates, of Upper Saucon.  
In the evening the deferred addresses of Rev. Jeremiah Schindel, and Mr. R. C. Chandler, may be expected.  
January 16. 1-3w