

Abduction Case at New Orleans.

The First District Court, Judge Larue, met in Chambers last evening, for the purpose of considering the claim of E. Kowalesky to the guardianship of the girl Rebecca Bernstein, who was released by habeas corpus from the control of B. Jaubert, free man of color, and delivered over to the custody of Sheriff Lewis.

The sister of the girl was examined to prove that she was a minor. It was shown that she was about sixteen years of age, that her mother lived in Prussian Poland, and had consigned her to the care of Mr. Kowalesky and wife. The Judge then ordered that said Kowalesky be appointed tutor ad hoc of Rebecca Bernstein. Mr. Walker then moved that the Sheriff be directed to deliver the minor into the custody of her lawful constituted tutor. Judge Larue, in granting the motion, stated that the duty was imposed upon him by the law, of protecting not only the rights, but of enforcing the duties, and requiring a proper obedience from minors to their lawful guardians. Whilst the Judge was delivering the order of the Court to the clerk, the girl shook her head, and muttered some words of determination not to obey, repulsing at the same time the overtures that were made by some of her family. Judge Larue turned towards her, and in a very solemn and earnest manner, addressed some words of impressive caution and advice to her, to go with her family, and snatch herself from ruin and infamy whilst she could.

Rebecca Bernstein rose, and in a very emphatic manner, said:—I would sooner die than go home to my family. Judge Larue—Miss, you had better die than continue the connection of disgrace and infamy from which you have been snatched by the order of the court. You will not be permitted to pursue your own will in this matter. The order of the Court must be obeyed. Mr. Sheriff, deliver Rebecca Bernstein into the charge of her tutor. The Court was then adjourned, and the rebellious fair one left in charge of the Sheriff, who handed her into a carriage in which the tutor was seated. As soon as she found herself in the same carriage with Mrs. Kowalesky, she made violent efforts to get out, and raised a cry for help, but the carriage was driven rapidly off, and her cries soon died away in the distance. Three closed one of the most remarkable cases which has occurred in our courts for some time.—N. O. Crescent City, July 13.

A New Orleans paper of a later date has the following:

"The young girl, having become satisfied of the falsehood by which Jaubert gained her person, attempted to destroy his life by shooting him, the ball penetrating his cheek and shattering the teeth of his left jaw. Jaubert staggered, but the desperate girl, finding her work but partially done, instantly drew another pistol, and planting it directly in his face, pulled the trigger. The weapon failed to send her intentions—it snapped; and her friends fearing violence from Jaubert, immediately came up to her aid.—One of them, pistol in hand, advanced to the wounded man and offered fair combat; but Rebecca, declaring that she would vindicate her own cause, snatched the third weapon and again essayed to shoot the late companion of her flight. Jaubert retreated as the infuriated girl advanced; and he owes his life to the fact that he could not, with her ignorance of the weapon, discharge the load. A parley ensued in this singular affair, and Jaubert, before the crowd of persons assembled, declared, that after Rebecca had left her home, he had but two interviews with her, both in the presence of others. He expressed himself most penitent for his intended crime and past deceptions, and avowed that he had received but his deserts. These statements appearing satisfactory to the parties, they drove off in a carriage, leaving Jaubert to seek relief for his wound."

The Valley of the Rio Grande.

The American Flag, printed at Brownsville, published an interesting article, taken from the Mercurio of Matamoros, of 1836. We extract that portion which describes the Valley of the Rio Grande. We have recently had the good fortune to fall in with an old acquaintance, who has been for several years trading in the region of the West of the Rio Grande. When we last met him he was practising law in Natchez, pale, sickly and rapidly going to the grave. He threw aside his law-books, changed entirely his habits, and became a trader in the Mexican Provinces and now he is a new man. His description of the country is highly flattering. The emigration of the Anglo-Saxons to the Eastern bank of the Rio Grande, has been felt through the interior, and given a new impetus to the country. A formidable competition is now springing up at Brownsville, which will divide with St. Louis the commerce of the Plains, and bring much the larger portion to New Orleans.

The rich Provinces of Tamaulipas, New Leon, Coahuila, Durango, and Zacatecas, will all receive their cottons and other foreign products through Brownsville. It is true that the English and German commercial houses carry on an extensive trade by way of Tampico. But if the Indians can only be driven back to the deserts of the Rocky Mountains, our traders are confident that they can monopolize this profitable traffic.

It is due alike to Mexico and to our own citizens in that frontier country, that treaty stipulations should be faithfully executed. It is a humiliating fact, that at this time the Indians are bolder in their marauding expeditions than when the country was under the Mexican Government. The wise men of Congress are wasting months in the discussion of abstract questions, while our countrymen are falling victims to savage cruelty. When will they find time to pass laws for the punishment of these robbers of the desert?

Extermination is the only treatment which can be extended to the Cimachines. For the ferocious savage, whose trade is plun-

der, and whose aggressive barbarism can triumph only in the overthrow of civilization; for him we feel no pity.—

"Who ever reck'd how, where or when?"

The prowling wolf was trapped or slain?"

"The Rio Grande is 1500 miles in extent. The increasing population of the Valley of this river, must augment the exportations of this port to an extent that few at this time are bold enough to assert. All the region of Texas is abundantly fertile with wheat, and the vines in the Paso del Norte are superior to those of Parras. In the course of time, Matamoros will be able to compete with New Orleans in the exportation of the former commodity, and in the latter she can have no rival. The trade in wool and hides has already become important, as will also that of grain and sugar."

"The Rio Grande is not only the largest in the Republic, but, next to the Mississippi, is the most considerable river emptying into the Gulf of Mexico. Running from north to south, through various climates, it becomes the natural channel of exportation for a vast variety of products. However bad may be the port, it may be said with certainty, that sooner or later, near the mouth of this river, there will be built the first commercial city of the Republic."—N. O. Crescent City.

Professor Webster and Littlefield.

Boston, July 25.

An interview took place yesterday afternoon between Dr. Webster and Mr. Littlefield, at the solicitation of Dr. Webster, in the presence of Mr. Andrews, the jailor. On their entrance, Dr. Webster stepped forward and very cordially and affectionately seized the hand of Mr. L., remarking that he had long desired to see him; that he could not feel at ease until he had made his acknowledgments to him that he felt that he had done him great injustice, and he asked his forgiveness. Mr. Littlefield promptly and feelingly replied, that he forgave him with all his heart and expressed his pity and sympathy for him. Mr. Littlefield also told him that it was a painful duty he had to perform when he took the stand and testified against him, but that he felt it a duty which he had no right to shrink from, and if he had stated any thing wrong, it was unintentional, and he was very sorry, and asked forgiveness. Dr. Webster replied that he had misrepresented nothing—that he had told the truth. Dr. W. said, however, as a lying man, that he could not bring the sledge hammer to his recollection. As the interview was drawing to a close, Dr. Webster again took the hand of Mr. Littlefield, and thanked him for calling, and expressed a wish to see Mrs. Littlefield. Mr. Littlefield remarked that they had always, while at the Medical College, got along agreeably and pleasantly together, and that (Dr. W.) had always treated him kindly. Ac. Dr. Webster said that a kind and friendly feeling had always existed on his part towards him (Mr. L.) and his family. Dr. Webster spoke of his present situation, and said he was resigned to his fate, but felt deeply for his family. During the entire interview both parties seemed deeply impressed, and they parted in tears.

The funeral oration pronounced at Salem, Mass., by Hon. C. W. Upham, contains an account of the celebrated flag of truce which, during the battle of Buena Vista, was sent from Santa Anna to Gen. Taylor. The account was derived from the lips of the late President, and is as follows:

At this incident of the battle may possibly, if the secret history of the war is ever fully revealed, be found to shed light upon it, I will here record the facts related to me by Gen. Taylor himself. During the height of the conflict a flag was seen approaching. The emergencies of the day had so stripped him of his staff, that having no one to send, he went himself to meet it. As the young officer who bore it could not speak English nor he Spanish, the conference took place in French. The communication was this:—"General Santa Anna desires to know what General Taylor wants?" Feeling somewhat indignant that a message so apparently impertinent should have been sent at such a moment, and regarding it as perhaps a device merely to gain time or some other illegitimate advantage, or at the best, as a species of trifling, he gave an answer dictated by the feeling of the moment.—"What General Taylor wants Gen. Santa Anna's Army."

Here the conference closed, and the Mexican officer withdrew. Upon a moment's reflection, he regretted that he had given an answer, so undiplomatic and having so much the air of a repartee. He called to mind the fact that his government had advised him that they had favored the return of Santa Anna to Mexico, from a belief that he was disposed to promote, and might have influence enough with his countrymen to effect a termination of the war, and it occurred to him really designed to open the way for negotiation, and, perhaps, a pacification—an object ever near to his heart. He rode over the fields in search of Gen. Wool, and made known the circumstances to him, and suggested, if not too great a personal exposure, the expediency of his carrying a flag to the Mexican lines to ask an explanation of the message.

To send an officer of his rank, character and position would remove the indignity, if it should be so regarded, of his blunt and summary answer. Gen. Wool readily and gallantly undertook the service, and rode forth to execute it, but the fire of the Mexican batteries could not again be stopped, and no further parley took place. The next morning, when Col. Bliss was sent with a flag to the Mexican head quarters, he was requested to ascertain what had been intended by the message of the previous day, but he found the state of things such as to render it vain to enter upon the subject. The import of the message remains undeciphered to this day. Santa Anna can undoubtedly solve the enigma.

Dysentery is prevailing to an alarming extent in Harrisburg.

Lynch Law in Virginia.

In Culpeper county, on Wednesday last, a lawless mob assembled at the court-house, and, though resisted by the sheriff at the jail door, entered the jail and took therefrom by force, William Grayson, a free negro, charged with the murder of David W. Miller, and hung him by the neck until he was dead. The Superior Court of Culpeper had twice convicted Grayson, and the General Court had twice granted him a new trial. In the last opinion the General Court said, "Upon the whole case, we are of opinion that the testimony is not only not sufficient to prove the guilt of the accused, but that it is hardly sufficient to raise a suspicion against him. The judgment must therefore be reversed, and a new trial awarded." This infuriated mob, consisting, as we regret to learn, in part, of justices of the peace and of members of christian churches, have thus by violence reversed the decision of the highest criminal tribunal in the State, and been guilty of a foul, cowardly, and fiendish murder, and that, too, of a helpless free negro, with none to defend him nor avenge his wrongs. Grayson, we learn, avowed his innocence on the gallows. One minute was given him in which he was to confess his guilt; this he refused to do, and told them to execute him at once, which they did.

This first attempt at Lynch law in this Commonwealth, should be rebuked with firmness, and punished with severity. Unless speedily checked in its course, it must overthrow all government, and render life, liberty, and property without protection. It rests with the legally-constituted authorities of Virginia to wipe off this foul blot from her character. We trust in God's name they will not fail to do it.—Fredericksburg Recorder.

Human Sacrifices in India.

There is a ferocious tribe of natives inhabiting Coomoor in Bengal, called Khonds. The earth-goddess, one among the multitudes they worship, can be propitiated, as they believe, only by human flesh and blood. The miserable victims are purchased on false pretences, or kidnapped from the poorer classes of Hindoos in the low country. These are often children, great numbers of whom are kept on hand in reserve as they shall be wanted.

At the time appointed for the sacrifice, the victim is bound to a stake, and after scenes of most revolting drunken and obscene introductory services, at an appointed signal the bones are broken, after which the promiscuous crowd rush, with maddening fury, upon the sacrifice, wildly exclaiming, "We bought you with a price, and no sin rests upon us." They then cut his flesh in pieces from the bones. Thus the horrid rite is consummated. Each man then bears away his bloody shreds to his field, leaving them there as an acceptable offering, in favor of their fertility, to the bloody goddess.

The British Government has acted, with great energy against this dreadful custom. In January, 1819, their agent, by an armed force, rescued one hundred and six of these devoted victims. A great sacrifice had been determined on, in anticipation of his coming; but he appeared among them suddenly, and stayed the bloody work.

Under date of February, 1850, we learn that up to Jan. 27, one hundred and forty-three victims had been rescued by a young British officer by the name of Frye. At a later date we learn he had rescued one hundred and fifty victims in addition to the one hundred and forty-three previously rescued. The British Government are awake to the dreadful evil, and no pains will be spared to cause its entire cessation.

Some of these rescued victims have received a Christian education in the schools of the English Baptist Mission at Orissa, and promise great usefulness to their benighted countrymen.—Boston Traveller.

Cholera and the Compromise are two of the prevailing topics of the day, but we would advise all to give themselves no uneasiness about either. Let them take things calmly, and keep as cool as possible, by providing themselves with an outfit of summer garments from the unequalled fashionable and cheap store of Shepherd, in Chestnut above Third street, Philadelphia.

Horses.—Let it be a matter of duty with you to visit your stables daily, see that they are kept clean, that ample beds of straw are provided, the horses at each stall actually receive their allowance of food, and last, but not least, that a bottle of Merchant's Gargling Oil is always kept in the stable to be applied on the first appearance of any injury or swelling.

See advertisement in another column. Get a pamphlet of the agent and see what it has done for others.

MARRIED.

On the 23d of July, by the Rev. Joseph Dubs, Mr. Eli Moyer, of South Whitehall, to Miss Ester Handwerk, of Heidelberg.

On the 25th of July, by the same, Mr. Christopher Sellinger, of Upper Mount Bethel, Northampton county, to Miss Lucretia Hill, of Washington, Lehigh county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Daniel Glaser, to Miss Mary Semml, both of North Whitehall.

DIED.

On the 17th of July, in Upper Saucon, of old age, Anna Maria, consort of George Blank, aged 74 years.

On Friday the 20th of July, in South Whitehall, of old age, George E. Knauers, aged 70 years, 5 months and 15 days.

On Sunday the 25th of July, in Allentown, of dropsy, Peter Zellner, aged 33 years, 4 months and 13 days.

On Sunday the 25th of July, in East Allentown, of old age, John Romig, 81 years, 7 months and 5 days. The deceased who suffered for many years was also deprived of his eye-sight latterly.

NOTICE.

The subscribers have taken out letters of administration of the estate of Daniel Roth, deceased, late of the township of Northampton, Lehigh county; therefore all who are indebted to said estate, will please call and pay their accounts within three months, and all who have any just claims against said estate, will please present them for settlement.

SAMUEL ROTH,
CHARLES ECKERT.
August 1. ¶—6w

Dissolution of Partnership.

In consequence of the death of Daniel Roth, the Co-partnership in the Milling business, heretofore existing under the firm of Pretz, Roth, & Co., was this day dissolved. The business of said firm will be settled up by the surviving partners, and all persons indebted to the said firm, will please call and pay within thirty days, after which time the accounts will be placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace for collection.

SAMUEL ROTH,
CHARLES ECKERT,
Administrators of Daniel Roth, dec'd.
PRETZ, GUTH, & Co.
August 1. ¶—6w

NOTICE.

The subscribers will continue the Milling Business, at the Jordan Mill, formerly conducted by Pretz, Roth & Co., and are prepared to purchase any quantity of Wheat and other grain, that may be offered at the regular market price.

PRETZ, GUTH & CO.
Allentown, August 1. ¶—6w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the Account of John Wagner, Administrator of the estate of William W. Wagner, deceased, late of the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh county.

And now, May 3, 1850, the court appoint Jacob Dillinger, Esq., auditor, to audit and re-settle said account, and make distribution according to law, and report the same to the next stated Orphan's court.

From the Records,
TESTE—JOHN D. LAWALL, Clerk.
The undersigned auditor above named, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Saturday the 21st day of August next, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, at his Office, in this Borough, where all those interested will attend if they see proper.

JACOB DILLINGER.
August 1. ¶—4w

Sheriff Sales.

The Sheriff of Lehigh county will sell the following property, to wit:

On the 1st instant, on the premises, in Catasauqua, five lots of ground, on 3 of which two story frame houses are erected, it being the property of Leonard Lentz.

On Friday the 2d inst., on the premises, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, a piece of land, situate in Salisbury township, bounded by lands of Jacob Geisinger, George Geisinger and others, containing 1-acre, with a one and a half story log house, and a stable on it, being the property of Herman Stuber.

On Saturday the 3d inst., on the premises, at one o'clock in the afternoon, a house and lot of ground, situate near the Allentown Furnace, bounded by lots of Jacob Christ and Wm. F. Eberhard, containing 45 feet front, by 230 feet deep, thereon is erected a frame dwelling house, being the property of William Newhart.

On the 5th inst., at the house of Gideon Yoder, in Trexlerstown, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, two undivided third parts of two tracts of land in Upper Macungy township.

No. 1. A farm and tavern house, bounded by lands of John Albright, Jacob Schmoeyer, David Schall and others, containing 100 acres, with an allowance of 6 per cent., the buildings are a tavern house 45 feet front by 40 deep, two story stone dwelling house, 30 by 28, stone house 20 by 42, swiss barn 36 by 77, a Still house and fixtures, 30 by 40, log house 20 by 24, sheds and other out-buildings.

No. 2. A tract of Woodland containing 7 acres, adjoining lands of Daniel Schlauch and Jacob Steinger, being the property of Gideon Yoder.

CHARLES IHRIE, Sheriff.
August 1. ¶—1w

Prospectus of the Spiritual Philosopher.

Devoted to the exposition of Nature, Physical, Animal, Spiritual, Celestial, Divine, Anthropology, Physiology, Psychology, Phenology. Design of the Infinite in the development of Man, his Wants, Temporal, Social, Intellectual. Pathetism, Cure of disease, without Drugs. Improvement of character, without degrading punishments. Progression without miracle; and the Individual, Conjugal, Parental, Fraternal, Filial, Universal relations of life, without discord.

Pneumatology, pledged to no traditional dogmas, its columns are open to the influence of goodness and truth, from the different Sects in Religion, each School in Medicine, every Party in Philosophy, and from the higher spheres of intelligence above, in response to the great questions of the present age, as to the Spirit World! its external manifestations to us below, the nature of such communications, their conditions and use. Unity, the form and order of society, which shall harmonize the antagonising interests of all in a state of Attractive Industry, Sufficiency, Happiness and Heaven.

Published every Saturday, at No. 3 Tremont, opposite Hanover st., Boston, Massachusetts, at \$2 00 per annum in advance.

Agents allowed every sixth copy. Address post paid.

LEROY SUNDERLAND,
Boston, Mass.
August 1. ¶—3t

Major Fry in the Field!

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
To the Free and Independent Voters of Lehigh county.

Encouraged by a large number of my fellow citizens, I hereby offer myself as a candidate to your suffrages for

The Office of Sheriff,
of Lehigh county. Should I be so fortunate as to receive a majority of your votes I will endeavor to fulfill the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my abilities.

WILLIAM FRY.
August 1. ¶—1c

NOW IS THE TIME!

Good Store Stand

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers to sell his valuable Store Stand, at private sale. It is situated in the village of Butztown, Northampton county, on the public road, leading from Bethlehem to Easton. The

BUILDINGS,
are large and convenient, besides it is admitted to be one of the most beautiful and best situations, in this section of country, for an enterprising business man, and in point of convenience cannot be excelled. There are five acres of good land belonging thereto, upon which is an excellent never failing spring and a well.

Possession can be given immediately if required, and the conditions can be made easy.

A. S. DECH.
The Bucks County Intelligencer, will please insert the above eight times.
July 18. ¶—1w

Auditors Notice.

In the matter of the account of Jacob Sterner and Stephen Kitchel, Executors of the Estate of Martin Lazarus, dec'd., late of Lehigh county.

And now May 3, 1850, on motion of Mr. King, the Court appoint James S. Reese, as Auditor, to audit said account, and if necessary re-settle, and make a legal distribution as far as the case admits of at present, and report to the next stated Orphan's Court.

From the Records,
TESTE—J. D. LAWALL, Clerk.

The Undersigned Auditor, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Friday the 9th day of August, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the House of Eli Steckel, in the borough of Allentown, Lehigh county, when and where all persons interested will please attend.

JAMES S. REESE.
July 25. ¶—3w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

In the matter of the account of Jacob Steininger, Administrator &c. of Catharine Wetzel, deceased, late of Upper Macungy township, Lehigh county.

And now May 4, 1850, the court appoint E. J. Mohr, David Schall and Isaac Breing, Auditors, to audit and re-settle said account, and make distribution according to law, and report the same to the next stated Orphan's court.

From the Records,
TESTE—J. D. LAWALL, Clerk.

The Auditors above named, will attend to the duties of their appointment, on Thursday the 8th day of August next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the House of Jacob Fisher, in Trexlerstown, Upper Macungy township, Lehigh county, when and where all persons interested will be present if they think proper.

July 11. ¶—4w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

In the matter of the account of John Schmoeyer, Executor &c. of Solomon Schmoeyer, deceased late of Lower Macungy township, Lehigh county.

And now May the 5th, 1850, the court appoint E. J. Mohr, an Auditor, to audit and re-settle said account, and if necessary, make distribution according to law, and report to the next stated Orphan's court.

From the Records,
TESTE—J. D. LAWALL, Clerk.

The Auditor above named, will attend to the purpose of his appointment, on Saturday the 3d day of August next, at the House of Jacob Fisher, in Trexlerstown, U. Macungy sp., Lehigh county, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

July 11. ¶—1w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

In the matter of the account of Charles Huetel, Administrator of John Eisenhard deceased, late of North Whitehall, Lehigh co.

And now May the 8, 1850, the Court appoint E. J. Mohr, Auditor, to audit and re-settle and make distribution according to law, and report to the next stated Orphan's court.

From the Records,
TESTE—J. D. LAWALL, Clerk.

The Auditor above named, will attend for the purpose of his appointment, on Saturday the 3d day of August next, at the House of Henry Leh, in the Borough of Allentown, on Tuesday the 6th day of August next, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

July 11. ¶—3t

Prices Current.

ARTICLES.	Per	Allentown	Easton	Phila
Flour	Barrel	5 00	5 00	5 25
Wheat	Bush	1 05	1 05	1 12
Rye	—	50	50	61
Corn	—	40	50	60
Oats	—	40	30	40
Buckwheat	—	45	40	50
Flaxseed	—	1 50	1 50	1 50
Clverseed	—	3 25	3 50	3 25
Timothyseed	—	2 50	2 75	2 75
Potatoes	—	35	45	60
Salt	—	40	45	40
Butter	Pound	10	14	15
Lard	—	7	8	8
Tallow	—	8	9	7
Beeswax	—	22	25	28
Hann	—	9	8	7
Flitch	—	6	6	6
Tow-yarn	—	8	8	8
Eggs	Doz	10	12	16
Rye Whiskey	Gall.	25	25	25
Apple Whiskey	—	25	25	25
Lined Oil	—	85	75	72
Hickory Wood	Cord	4 50	4 50	6 00
Oak Wood	—	3 50	3 50	5 50
Egg Coal	Ton	3 50	4 00	4 50
Nut Coal	—	2 50	3 00	3 00
Lump Coal	—	3 50	3 50	3 00
Plaster	—	4 50	4 60	2 60

Democratic Republican County Meeting!

The Democratic citizens of Lehigh county, are respectfully invited to attend the full County Meeting, on

Saturday, August 3d,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the public house of Samuel Kuhns, in Upper Macungy township, Lehigh county, for the purpose of adopting measures preparatory to the formation of a county ticket, and to pass resolutions in regard to our National and State affairs. The committee expects every democrat that has the welfare of his country at heart, to be present.

By Order of the Standing Committee.
July 25. ¶—2w

Public Sale

OF VERY VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in Lower Macungy township, Lehigh county, on Saturday the 17th day of August next, at one o'clock, in the afternoon

All that Certain Messuage

or tenement and tract of land, situated in the township of Lower Macungy aforesaid, bounded by lands of Nathan Ritter, Henry Wickert, Isaac Loras, Jonas Smith, Charles Sorber, and Widow Duck, containing one hundred and forty-three acres and a half, strict measure. About 15 acres of the same is of the best hay.

Timbered Woodland.

There is also on the premises an excellent

Apple Orchard,

AND OTHER GOOD FRUIT TREES, and a first rate meadow, a stream of water runs through the middle of said farm, a well with good and never failing water is near the House.

The improvements on the premises consist of a good

Log Dwelling HOUSE,

a good and large Swiss Barn, and other necessary out-buildings. The land is in a very high state of cultivation, and there is no better land to raise grain in the county. Persons wishing to view the said premises before the day of sale, can apply to Mr. Charles Mohr, who resides thereon.

The conditions will be made known and attendance given by

WILLIAM SMITH,
DAVID SMITH,
Executors of the last Will &c., of the late John Smith, deceased.
July 18. ¶—4w

REMOVAL.

The office of the "Allentown Saving Institution," is removed to the house of Mr. Nathan Schaffer, directly opposite the "Lehigh Register" Printing Office. Business hours from 10 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 3 P. M.—Saturdays excepted, when it will be open until 7 o'clock P. M.

W. H. BLUMER, Treasurer.
July 18. ¶—4w