

# Lehigh



# Register.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEUTRAL IN POLITICS.

Devoted to News, Literature, Poetry, Science, Mechanics, Agriculture, the Diffusion of Useful Information, General Intelligence, Amusement, Markets, &c.

VOLUME IV.

ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY, PA., FEBRUARY 14, 1850.

NUMBER 19.

### THE LEHIGH REGISTER.

Published in the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh County, Pa., every Thursday.

**BY AUGUSTUS L. RUHE,**  
At \$1.50 per annum, payable in advance, and \$2.00 if not paid until the end of the year. No paper discontinued, until all arrearages are paid except at the option of the proprietor.

Advertisements, making not more than one square, will be inserted three times for one dollar and for every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements charged in the same proportion. Those not exceeding ten lines, will be charged seventy-five cents, and those making six lines or less, three insertions for 50 cents.

A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Office in Hamilton St., one door East of the German Reformed Church, nearly opposite the "Friedensbothe Office."

### C. M. RUNK,

**ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.**  
Has taken the Office of the late Samuel Runk, Esq., and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in this and the adjoining counties. Mr. Runk may be consulted in the German, as well as English.

Refer to Hon. J. M. Porter, Easton, Pa. June 13. —4w

### Selling off at First Cost! Great Bargains?

Great bargains are now offered to the public at the store of **Wm. S. Weil**, consisting of all kinds of **Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods**, as he is desirous of selling out his stock of goods and confine himself to wholesaling exclusively. He offers all his cut goods at cost which are all new and seasonable, and consists of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, and Velvets. Also all kinds of Cashmeres, Alpaca, Coburg Cloths, Mouslin de laine, Mohair Cloths, Merinos, Calicoes, &c., &c., he also has on hand a splendid assortment of shawls and a large lot of **Very, Very, Aprons, &c.** Persons in want of goods are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as these goods must be sold out before the 1st of April.

He intends making large additions to his wholesale goods and will supply the country Merchants heretofore with all kinds of **Yankee Notions**. He has just received a large lot of **Red and Blue Violin** strings and should be happy to fill any orders that may be sent to him **W. S. WEIL**, January 10. —4w

### LIFE INSURANCE.

The Girard Life Insurance Annuity and Trust Company of Philadelphia, Office No. 100 Chestnut Street, Charter Perpetual.

### CAPITAL 300,000.

Continues to make Insurances on Lives on the most favorable terms. The capital being paid up and invested, together with the accumulated premium fund affords a **perfect security** to the insured. The premium may be paid in yearly, half yearly, or quarterly payments.

The company add a **BONUS** at stated periods to the insurance for life. The first bonus was appropriated in December, 1844, amounting to 10 per cent. on the sum insured under the oldest policies, to 8 1/2 per cent. 7 1/2 per cent., on others in proportion to the time of standing making an addition of \$100,000, \$75,000, &c., on every \$1000 originally insured, which is an average of more than 50 per cent. on the premiums paid, and without increasing the annual payment to the company.

No. of Policy Insured	Sum or Addition	Bonus or Addition	Amount of policy and bonus payable at the party's decease.
No. 58	\$1000	\$100	\$1100
" 88	2500	250	2750
" 308	4000	400	4400
" 276	2000	124	2124
" 333	5000	437 50	5437

Pamphlets containing tables of rates, and explanations of the subject; forms of application; and further information can be had at the office in Philadelphia, or on application to A. L. Runk, Agent in Allentown.

B. W. RICHARDS, President. Jno. F. JAMES, Actuary. December 13. —4w

### Hart's Gold Paint.

An entire new article, used for the purpose of gilding Signs, reguinding Looking-Glasses, writing visiting cards, &c., to be used with a quill pen, for writing, or a pencil brush, for gilding, to be burnished with a piece of smooth ivory or agate. It will retain its color for years in being exposed to weather, being already sized. It can be done in a short time, and at a saving of more than one-half over the gold leaf gilding. The article can be had, at J. B. Moser's Apothecary Store, who is the sole Agent for R. E. HART, No. 75, John Street New York, September 27. —Om

### Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Statement of the Assets of the Company on Jan. 1st, 1850, published in conformity with the provisions of the 6th Sec. of the Act of Assembly of April 6th, 1842.

#### MORTGAGES.

Being first mortgages well secured on real estate, free of ground rent, and are all in the city and county of Philadelphia, except \$40,500 in Bucks, Schuylkill and Alleghany counties, Penn'a. Also \$7,500 in Ohio, and amply secured by real estate in Philadelphia.

#### REAL ESTATE.

Purchased at Sheriff's sales, under mortgage claims, viz: Eight houses and lot, 70 by 150 ft. on the south west corner of Chesnut & Schuylkill Sixth sts. A house and lot, 33-3 by 100 feet, No. 467 Chestnut st. A house and lot, 27 by 71 feet, on North side of Spruce street, west of Eleventh street. A house and lot, 21-7 by 100 feet, on west side of Penn Square, south side of High st. Two houses and lots, each 16 by 80 feet, on the south side of Spruce street, near Schuylkill Seventh street.

Five houses and lots, each 19-9 by 90 feet, Nos. 131, 133, 135, 137 and 139 Dittwyn street. Three houses and lot, 49 by 54 ft., on east side of Schuylkill Sixth street, south of Pine street. A lot of ground, 17 by 57 feet on the north east corner of Schuylkill Front & Spruce streets. A house and lot, 18 by 106 feet, on south side of Filbert street, west of Schuylkill Seventh street. Hotel and lot, 50 by 81 feet, on the south east corner of Chesnut and Beach streets. Five houses and lot, 42 by 86 feet on the north side of George street west of Ashton street. Seven houses and lot, 26 by 117 ft. on the east side of Beach street, south of Chesnut street. A house and lot, 18 by 80, No. 96, on water street, east of Ninth street.

Temporary Loans, on collateral securities, amply secured, \$63,290,77

#### STOCKS.

\$10,000 Alms House Loan, 5 per cent. (interest on) 200 shares Bank of Kentucky 17 do North Bank of Ken. 100 do Union Bk. of Penn. 13 do Insurance Company of state of Penn. 200 do Southwark Railroad Company. 37 do Commercial & Rail Road Bk. of Victoria. 300 do Penn. Railroad Co. 91 do Franklin Fire Insurance Company. 10 do Mercantile Library Co. 6 do Union Canal Co. 90 do N. Amer'n Coal Co. \$5000 North Amer'n Coal Loan Cash on hand, \$31,052.62 " in hands of Agents 12,311.31 43,963.93 5,035.25 1,190.25 419.84 \$1,200,929.99

Notes and Bills Receivable Unsettled Policies Merchandise, \$1,200,929.99

By order of the Board, CHARLES N. BANCKER, President. Attest—CHARLES G. BANCKER, Secretary. January 31. —4w

### REMOVAL.

The undersigned takes the liberty of informing his friends and customers that he removed his Store, from No. 24 North 4 St. TO NO. 140 MARKET STREET,

between 4 and 5th, where he has for sale, at very low prices, an extensive assortment of

### Looking Glasses,

in Gilt, Mahogany, and Common Frames, well adapted to the Southern and Western Market.

Large French Plate Mirrors framed to order, of approved Style, either plain or richly ornamented. Toilet, Dressing and Swing Glasses, in great variety; Gilt and Fancy Wood Portrait and picture Frames, also Common Frames without Glasses.

Looking-glass Plates by the box, or in less quantities. ALSO FOR SALE,

Brass and Gilt Curtain Cornices and Ornaments, Brass Andirons and Fenders, Shovels and Tongues and Standards, Fine Gothic Tea Trays and Waiters, Ivory and Self Tip Handle Knives and Forks, in sets and dozens. Fine plated on German Silver Spoons, Forks and Butter Knives, Fine and Common Britannia Ware, Plated Castors, Candlesticks, Cake Baskets, Snuffers and Trays, &c., &c.

A general assortment of Clocks for Sale. Looking-glasses packed in the safest manner, and insured against breakage. JOSHUA COWPLAND, December, 6 —4w

### The Largest, Most Fashionable and Cheapest Stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS And Caps, IN LEHIGH COUNTY.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public, to their very extensive and fashionable stock of

Mens and Boys, Kip, Calf and Morocco ROOTS AND Shoes, ALSO.—A general assortment of all kinds of HATS AND CAPS,

which they are determined to sell cheaper than any other establishment in Lehigh county.

Their stock consists of every variety of Women's Kid, Morocco, and Calf Skin Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, Boys and Men's fine and coarse Boots and Shoes. Children shoes of every description, Gum Boots and Shoes, &c.

Call and see at the old stand, one door west of Saeger's Hardware Store. LOCHMAN & BRO. Oct. 25. —4w

### BRING OUT THE BIG GUN! The Victory is Gained!

"THE PEOPLE TRIUMPHANT!!!" Citizens of Allentown and vicinity who are in want of the best quality of

Fresh Groceries, are particularly invited to call at

Depeu's Family Grocery Store, where they will find the best selected stock of

Family Groceries, Liquors, and a large variety of Fancy Goods, all of which will be sold at the lowest CASH prices. C. I. DEPEU, Nov. 29. —4w

### PERFUMERY.

The Ladies of Allentown and vicinity are invited to his new and splendid assortment of fashionable

PERFUMERY lately received, all of which are from the fashionable Perfumery establishments of

ROUSEL'S AND HOUEL'S in Philadelphia, and will be sold cheaper than they can be bought in the city.

Remember the place, C. I. DEPEU'S Family Grocery and Variety Store. November 29. —4w

### Henry Laurence, DENTIST.

Office at Steckel's Hotel, Allentown, Pa. Has just returned from the City of New York where he has procured newly invented instruments which greatly facilitate the operation of removing teeth, making it less painful to the patient, and more expeditious to the operator. Also a beautiful assortment of artificial teeth which he is prepared to insert in the most durable and artistic manner.

Diseases of the gums skillfully treated, Carious Teeth filled, Nerves of Teeth destroyed without pain, and all operations pertaining to the profession performed with entire satisfaction and upon moderate terms. Refers to the following gentlemen, residents of Philadelphia and Allentown:

Sam'l. Gen. Morton, M. D. E. Townsend, D. D. S. Henry S. Patterson, J. K. Townsend, Dent. John B. McClellan, L. B. Knicker, Dent. Charles H. Martin, J. P. Shantz, M. D. Charles L. Martin, J. Romig, Jr. M. D. N. B. Teeth and roots extracted gratuitously, when removed for the insertion of artificial teeth.

Allentown, December 20. —4w

### WHOLESALE & RETAIL CLOCK STORE.

No. 238 Market St., above 7th, south side, PHILADELPHIA.

Although we can scarcely estimate the value of TIME commercially, yet by calling at the above Establishment, James Barber will furnish his friends, among whom he includes all who duly appreciate its fleetness, with a beautiful and perfect Index for making its progress, of whose value they can judge.

His extensive stock on hand, constantly changing in conformity to the improvements in taste and style of pattern and workmanship, consist of Eight-day and Thirty-hour Brass Counting-House, Parlor, Hall, Church and Alarm Clocks, French, Gothic and other fancy styles, as well as plain, which from his extensive connection and correspondence with the manufacturers he finds he can put at the lowest cash figure in any quantity from one to a thousand, of which he will warrant the accuracy.

Clocks repaired and warranted. Clocks trimmed and hand. Call and see among them: JAMES BARBER, 238 Market St. Philadelphia, August 30 1840. —4w

### Poetical Department.

Old Winter. You're welcome, Old Winter! the rich man cries. With a bosom of proud content,

As round his carpeted halls his eyes With a meaning glance are sent; For the fires burn bright, and the casements tall Are curtained with drapery rare—

The winds may howl and the snows may fall, But what doth the rich man care!

You're welcome, Old Winter! the gay lad cries As he plunges into the snow. Or o'er the ice-bound streamlet flies, Like a shaft from the tawning bow:

For garments warm are about his form. And his sport is rich and rare! Old Winter may bluster and rave and storm, But what doth the urchin care?

Oh! Winter is dreary! the poor man cries, As he wends along the street, While the snow in his frost-nipp'd visage flies And benumbs his unshod feet!

Oh Winter is drear! But there's none to hear, The plea of the poor and old; Strait on goes the crowd with unlistening ear— Who cares if the beggar is cold!

Alas, it is Winter! And who is me! The Widow exclaims and clasps— The shivering Orphans around her knee, In a wild and piteous grasp;

Through the frosty pane on the life-thrugged way A laughing crowd she sees, And merrily gingle the sleigh-bells gay.

While the Widow and Orphans freeze! Ah! Winter is drear! O, ye rich ne'er smile At my simple and homely Muse, Nor the tale of the poor man's woes revile, Nor a helping hand refuse:

For Heaven has blest you with stores of gold, And how should your thanks appear, But by shielding the poor from hunger and cold And making their lives less drear!

### Miscellaneous Selections.

Democratic Meeting.

In pursuance of previous notice, one of the largest gatherings of the people ever assembled in this county, met on Tuesday afternoon the 6th inst., at the Court House. On Motion.

Hon. JACOB ERDMAN, was called to the chair, and Maj. W. J. FAY, PHILIP PERSON, ISRAEL FEXLER, Gen. HERMAN RUPP, H. DILLINGER, were appointed Vice Presidents. Willoughby Fogle Esq., and Jesse M. Line, Secretaries.

On motion, a committee of one from each township, consisting of the following named gentlemen, was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

Millin Hannum, Borough, Capt. Elias Diehl, Lower Macungie, Charles W. Cooper, Saucon, Charles Ritter, Hanover, Joshua Seiberling, Weisenburg, Nathan Weiler, Upper Macungie, George Ziegenfuss, Salisbury, Jonas Haas, Lynn, Reuben Stahler, Upper Milford, Jacob Zimmerman, Lowell, Henry Smith, Heidelberg, John Erdman, North Whitehall, John S. Gibbons, Northampton, John Biery, South Whitehall, Charles Peter, Washington.

During the absence of the Committee the meeting was ably addressed by the Hon. RICHARD BROADHEAD.

The committee returned, and through their chairman, reported the following which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That it is the duty of the people, in a government like ours frequently to assemble together, to consider what may be necessary to promote the public good and to freely declare their sentiments in regard to public men and measures and more especially so, when the course of those men and the measures which they advocate, tend to disorganization and ruin.

Resolved—That the manner in which the affairs of our national and state governments are now administered, should satisfy "all the world and the rest of mankind" of the inapplicability of federal principles to a republican form of government, and should lead every friend of human liberty to pray for the uninterrupted success of the Democratic party in all future elections.

Resolved—That it was reasonably to be expected that the manner in which General Taylor and the men who surround him procured their election would lead to the scenes of disorder and confusion at Washington which now threaten the stability of our government and the peace and happiness of the American people.

Resolved—That we regard our present form of government as the best ever devised by the ingenuity of man, and look upon every fanatical agitator who has got into power and place by demagoguing about abstract questions, as a disturber of the public peace, and as deserving the contempt of all honest men, who seek to enjoy the privileges and benefits which such a government confers.

Resolved—That it is a matter of serious reflection, and one which should arouse public attention, that a few factionists should be able to delay the legitimate business of the people of this nation by the agitation of

the slavery question, which was settled by the framers of the constitution.

Resolved—That we regard the proviso, hurrowed by Wilnot, as a measure got up by small men who are governed more by their passions than their judgments; and abolitionism, its twin sister, as a thing of British origin, got up to destroy our present form of government, and arrest the progress of constitutional liberty.

Resolved—That we do not believe that the character of the population which will emigrate into any portion of the territory acquired from Mexico can be determined by congressional action, and therefore the cry of free-soilism as unnecessary and uncalled for, as it is devoid of patriotism.

Resolved—That as Pennsylvanians we have much at stake, and it is our duty at this eventful crisis to speak and act. For should slavery be abolished and three millions of slaves now in the Southern states be emancipated, it would be an evil day for Pennsylvania. Bordering as she does on two slave states, she would soon be overrun with an idle, worthless, black population to underwork our laboring citizens, and fill our jails and almshouses.

Resolved—That as a portion of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, we repudiate all connections with David Wilnot and his proviso, of which, contrary to the fact, he assumes to be the father. He brought it forward to embarrass the administration of James K. Polk in a proper prosecution of the War. He opposed the election of General Lewis Cass, contrary to his pledged word. He co-operated privately for a long time with the Whigs and Abolitionists, and recently openly, in attempting to defeat the election of a Democratic Speaker and other party officers, and thereby delayed the organization of Congress at the expense of the people. Besides, we have reason to believe that from the beginning he has been the mere punch of the puppet-show, to speak as he was prompted by the chief Jugglers behind the curtain.

Resolved—That we deliver over David Wilnot and Valentine Best, to the tender embrace of the whig party, the common receptacle of all angry, self important, corrupt and sloughed-off Democrats. We do not believe they will make as much out of them as they did out of Dickey, Pennrose and Burden.

Resolved—That we call upon every good citizen of the State, to look with a jealous eye upon the visionary and fanatical movement which threatens us with the most direful consequences, for it has no reality, and nothing to recommend it to the favorable consideration of any one, except unprincipled and reckless politicians, who lay hold at it as a means to elevate them to office and power. We warn you not to be deceived by its false and hypocritical advocates. We call upon you to look upon it, as it really is, the most deadly enemy to the prosperity of democracy and the existence of this great nation.

Resolved—That while we admit the right of Legislatures to instruct their Senators upon grave questions, and in times of great emergency, yet we cannot but applaud the wisdom of our own Legislature, recently manifested in its refusal to consider a resolution to instruct our Senators and request our Representatives in Congress to support fanaticism of the wildest character.

Resolved—That we are gratified to learn that the Hon. Thomas Ross, our esteemed Representative from this District, entertains sentiments in accordance with those expressed in the foregoing resolutions, and hope he will maintain them, notwithstanding the imprudence and exaggerated tone of some of our Southern friends.

Resolved—That we highly approve of the resolution lately offered by the Honorable Lewis Cass, in the United States Senate in relation to the suspension of our diplomatic intercourse with Austria, and admire his masterly speech made upon the same.

Resolved—That we view the agitation of the "Wilnot Proviso" in the halls of Congress, not only as unnecessary and impolitic, but as fraught with evil, and therefore most respectfully suggest to our Senators and Representatives the propriety of adopting such measures as in their wisdom they may deem best calculated to bring it to a speedy and final close.

Resolved—That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to Speaker Best and David Wilnot. (Signed by the Officers)

### A Tale of the Revolution.

The exploits of Fannon, the Tory partisan of North Carolina, would make a body of facts more interesting than any tale of fiction. He was a reckless fellow, bloody-minded as the hounds of Hayti, and Fannon's mare was worthy of her owner or even a better man. He called her the Red-Deer, from her resemblance in color to a deer. She was a rare animal—fleet, powerful, intelligent, and docile as a lamb—and her owner valued her, I dare say, above king or country, or the life of his fellow men. She bore him proud and fearlessly in the bloody skirmish or the quick retreat. When he stood in the noisy council of his partisans, or in the silent ambush, the faith-

ful animal was by his side, ever ready to bear him whithersoever he would. But Fannon lost his mare.

Down on the east of Little River, the partisan and some four or five of his followers one day, captured a man by the name of Hunter, a whig from the country about Salisbury, North Carolina. This was a sufficient cause of death, and Fannon told the man he should be hung. Hunter was evidently a man of the times; but what could he do alone and defenceless with a dozen bitter enemies? It was a case of complete desperation. The rope was ready and a strong old oak threw out its convenient branches. Fannon told him he might pray for his time was come. The poor man knelt down and seemed absorbed in his last petition to the throne of mercy. Fannon, and his men stood by, and the trusty mare among them with the reins on her neck. They began to be impatient for their victim to close his devotional exercises. But they soon discovered that there was more of earth than heaven in Hunter's thoughts, for he soon sprang on Fannon's mare, bowed his head down on her powerful neck, pressed his heels to her flanks, and dashed away like the wind.

The Tory rifles were levelled in a moment—"Shoot high!" "Shoot high!" cried Fannon—"Save my mare!" The slugs all whistled over Hunter's back, which tore and battered his shoulder dreadfully. He reeled in his saddle, and felt sick at heart; but hope was before him, death behind, and he nerved himself for the race. Oh he sped—through woods and vines and brambles, did that powerful mare carry him, safely and swiftly through. His enemies were in hot pursuit. They followed him by the trail of blood from his wounded shoulder. He came to Little River; there was no ford; the bank was high, and a deep place in its stream before him—but the foe came; he drew the rein, and clapped his heels to her sides and that gallant mare plunged recklessly into the stream. She floated in the spray as she rose, pawed the yielding wave, and arched her beautiful mane above the surface, and skimmed swiftly along like a wild swan.

Hunter turned her down stream, in hope of evading his pursuers; and she reared and dashed through the flashing waters of the shoal, like lightning in a storm cloud.

But Fannon was on the trail, and rushed down the bank with all the rough energy that the loss of his favorite could inspire. Hunter turned the mare to its opposite bank, it was steep—several feet of perpendicular rock—but she planted herself on the shore with a bound; and then away she flew over the interminable forest straight and swift as an arrow.

On and on did the generous brute bear her master's soeman, till her pursuers were left hopelessly behind. Late in the evening rode into Salisbury, had the slug extracted from his shoulder, and after lingering some time with the effects of his wound and excitement finally got well. And that gallant mare, that had done him such good service, he kept and cherished till she died of old age.

### Jackson's Wife.

Mrs. Jackson when she married the General, was Mrs. Roberts, and her husband was still living. She had in her girlish days been the object of the General's idolatry; but, "the course of true love never did run smooth," and the youthful lovers differed and separated. The lady's original name was Donelson; she afterwards married a man named Roberts, who proved to be a profligate, a brute, a drunkard, and a tyrant. He was in the habit of beating his wife, and of otherwise treating her with great brutality. This lamentable state being made known to General Jackson, he one day called at Roberts' house, took her away, and placed her in a position where she would escape the fiend-like treatment of her brutal husband.

Roberts complained that he was injured and forcibly deprived of his wife's society; whereupon he was informed that if he did not keep quiet, his ears would be disposed of. Subsequently, he submitted to divorce and General Jackson married the lady.

Mr. Jackson was a good, and very pious woman, but exceedingly illiterate. She possessed none of the graces that adorn a fashionable life, but was beloved by her husband with a matchless devotion. She was the only being on earth who could control his iron will, and fierce and indomitable temperament.

Applying the Remedy.—When a man do, asked a green old yeoman, "when the sheriff is seen coming by, with a writ in his hand?" "Apply the remedy," said another one gruffly. "Apply what kind of a remedy?" "Apply the remedy, you goose—in like a quarter horse."

Franklin's Observation.—Dr. Franklin, endeavoring to kill a turkey by an electric shock, received the whole battery himself when he good-naturedly observed, that, instead of killing a turkey, he had nearly put an end to the existence of a goose.