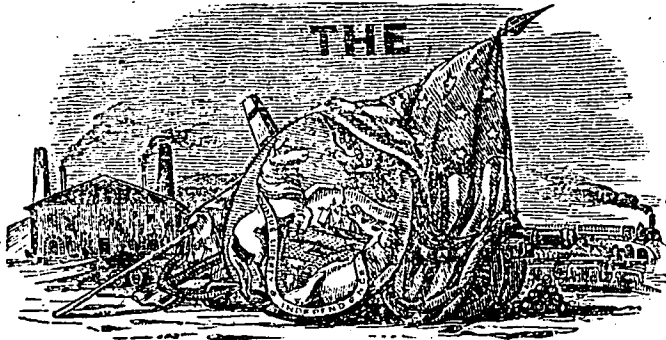


Lehigh



Register.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEUTRAL IN POLITICS.

Devoted to News, Literature, Poetry, Science, Mechanics, Agriculture, the Diffusion of Useful Information, General Intelligence, Amusement, Markets, &c.

VOLUME III.

ALLENTOWN, LEHIGH COUNTY, PA., SEPTEMBER 27, 1849.

NUMBER 51.

THE LEHIGH REGISTER,
Is published in the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh County, Pa., every Thursday
BY AUGUSTUS L. RUHE,
At \$1 50 per annum, payable in advance, and \$2 00 if not paid until the end of the year. No paper discontinued, until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the proprietor.
Advertisements, making not more than one square, will be inserted three times for one dollar and for every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. Larger advertisements charged in the same proportion. Those not exceeding ten lines, will be charged seventy-five cents, and those making six lines or less, three insertions for 50 cents.
A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.
Office in Hamilton Street, one door of German Reform Church, and nearly opposite the "Friedensbothe Office."

Philadelphia & Wilkesbarre Telegraph Company.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Philadelphia and Wilkesbarre Telegraph Company will be held at the American Hotel in the Borough of Easton, on Thursday the 4th day of October next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

G. H. HART, President.
C. H. SAMSON, Secretary.
Sept. 20.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership between the subscribers, under the firm of *Dillinger & Craig*, was dissolved on the 6th day of March last, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to make payment to either of the said partners, before the first day of September next, after which day the Books of the firm will be placed in the hands of a Magistrate for collection. Those having claims against the said firm will present them immediately for settlement.

JACOB DILLINGER,
WILLIAM R. CRAIG.
August 16.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned have taken out letters of Administration, of the estate of *Nathan Schaffer*, dec'd., late of Salisbury township, Lehigh county. Therefore all those who are indebted to said estate, will see the necessity of settling their accounts within six weeks from the date hereof, and such who may have any demands against said estate, will present their claims well authenticated within the above specified time.

HENRY SCHAFER, } Adm'rs.
DANIEL RITTER, }
Sept. 6.

NOTICE.

The Court of Common Pleas of Lehigh county, (sitting as a Court of Equity) having appointed the undersigned a Receiver for the late firm of *Wagner & Huber*, of the Borough of Allentown. All persons who are indebted to the said firm, are therefore required to make payment to the subscriber, his agent or attorney, and to any one else—and also all persons having in their possession property belonging to said firm, are requested to deliver the same to the said subscriber. Those having claims are requested to exhibit them at an early day, and to the best of my ability.

H. C. LONGNECKER, Receiver.
Allentown Aug. 23.

County Treasurer.

To the Free and Independent Electors of Lehigh County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Having been advised by many of my old friends and fellow citizens from different parts of the county, I am induced to offer myself as a volunteer candidate for the office of

COUNTY TREASURER.

at the ensuing general election. Should I be so fortunate as to receive a majority of your votes, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my abilities.

SOLOMON GANGWERE.
September 13.

Daguerreotype Likenesses.

C. L. LOCHMAN, returns his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he received in this beautiful art, and would announce to his numerous friends and public generally, that he has lately received a new Apparatus and is now enabled to take larger pictures than heretofore, and in the most elegant manner. He will assure the

LADIES.
Ladies should wear black or dark figured, and avoid pink or light blue dresses.
For children, figured or plain dresses.
For Gentlemen, Dark vests and coats.
His rooms will be found in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Lewis Schmidt as Drug Store.
July 12.

New Landlords! Mauch Chunk Hotel.

The subscribers take this method to inform the citizens of Mauch Chunk, and the public in general, that they have rented and now occupy the well known tavern-stand of Mr. Alexander Stedman, in Mauch Chunk, so extensively known as the

Mauch Chunk Hotel,

which has been refitted in the most comfortable and fashionable manner. They have occupied the same from the first of August last, and they will make it their business to add many other improvements, to the convenience of those who may favor them with their custom, and make it equal if not superior to any public house in the place.

Their Bar will be supplied with the choicest of liquors, there Table set with all the season affords, and their Beds are all new and clean; in short, neither trouble or expense will be saved, to accommodate their customers in the very best manner.

Their stabling is large and convenient, with the hydrant water in the yard, and an attentive ostler to attend to customers.

They trust their strenuous exertions to accommodate those who may favor them with their calls, will be the means of bringing them numerous new customers.

PETERS & ESSER.
September 13, 1849.

Fall Millinery Goods.

JOHN STONE & SONS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
SILKS, RIBBONS, AND MILLINERY GOODS,
No. 45 South Second Street,
Philadelphia.

Are now opening for the Fall Trade, a very handsome assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS,

chiefly of their own importations—to which they will constantly be making additions.

They have now in store:

Figured Satins—new designs.
Figured and corded Bonnet Goods.
Corded and Plain Velvets, of all colors.
Bonnet Satins.

Fancy Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, in great variety.

French and American Flowers.

French Fancy Feathers.

Laces—Quillings—Tails.

Bonnet Crowns, Buckrams, &c. &c.

Together with every article used in the Millinery trade; all of which are offered at the lowest market prices.

Sept. 20.

The Great China Store

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Thankful to the citizens of Allentown and its vicinity for their increased custom, we again request their company to view our

large and splendid assortment of

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, and single pieces, either of Glass, China or Stone Ware, sold in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than they can be had elsewhere. In fact at less than Wholesale Prices.

American and English Britannia Metal Goods.

In greater variety than ever before offered in the city. FANCY CHINA in a great variety very cheap.

We would invite any person visiting the city to call and see us—they will at least be pleased to walk around our beautiful store and to view the finest China and the cheapest the world produces.

Very respectfully,

TYNDAL & MITCHELL,
No. 219 Chesnut Street.
Philadelphia, Sept. 20.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

CLOCK STORE.

No. 238 Market St., above 7th, south side, PHILADELPHIA.

Although we can scarcely estimate the value of TIME commercially, yet by calling at the above Establishment, *James Barber* will furnish his friends, among whom he includes all who duly appreciate its fleetness, with a beautiful and perfect Index for making its progress, of whose value they can judge.

His extensive stock on hand, constantly changing in conformity to the improvements in taste and style of pattern and workmanship, consist of Eight-day and Thirty-hour Brass Counting House, Parlor, Hall, Church and Alarm Clocks, French, Gothic and other fancy styles, as well as plain, which from his extensive connection and correspondence with the manufacturers he finds he can put at the lowest cash figure in which he will warrant the accuracy.

Clocks repaired and warranted. Clock trimmings on hand.

Call and see me among them.

JAMES BARBER, 238 Market St.
Philad'a, August 30 1849.

ALLENTOWN ACADEMY, FALL TERM 1849.

Commences Monday Sept. 3d, A. M.

The punctual attendance of all who propose entering, cannot be too strongly recommended.

The principles upon which the affairs of the Institution are conducted, are too well known to need extended remark. The prices of tuition in view of the advantages afforded, it is thought are extremely moderate, and it will always be the primary object to do this, on the part of the pupil, punctual and unbroken attendance is highly important. One year's continuous tuition is worth 3 times the amount in detached portions. Further particulars as to Terms, Studies, Text-books &c. can be obtained upon reference to the annual Catalogue of the Institution, copies of which will be cheerfully furnished upon application either by mail or otherwise.

R. C. CHANDLER, Principal.
Aug. 30.

County Treasurer.

To the Voters of Lehigh County!

FELLOW CITIZENS! At the solicitation of numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of

County Treasurer.

and if nominated by the Democratic County Convention, would respectfully request your suffrages at the coming election. Should you by your decision promote me to the office, I pledge myself to discharge its duties to your entire satisfaction.

Respectfully your fellow citizen,

CHARLES H. MARTIN
Aug. 30.

County Treasurer.

To the Free and Independent Electors of Lehigh County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Having been advised by many of my old friends and fellow citizens from different parts of the county, I am induced to offer myself as a volunteer candidate for the office of

COUNTY TREASURER,

at the ensuing general election. Should I be so fortunate as to receive a majority of your votes, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my abilities.

AARON TROXELL.
September 13, 1849.

Revolutionary Soldiers

LOOK HERE!

The subscriber offers to the public in general, his services for the prosecution of all manner of claims against the general government, and in particular in the following cases:—

Suspended and subjected claims under all Pension laws. Applications for increase of pension, under any of the Pension laws, where the pensioners are dissatisfied with their present allowance. For all those widows who received, or who are entitled to receive, the ten years pension due on the 4th of March, 1848, under the acts of July 7th 1838, March 3d 1843, and June 17th 1844, being those who were married before the 1st of January 1794, he will undertake to establish, under the act of February 2d, 1848, their claims to a pension for life, commencing on the 4th of March, 1848, when their pensions under the foregoing acts terminated. For all those widows of Revolutionary officers or soldiers, who were married after 1793, but before January 2d 1800, he will undertake to establish their claims to pension for life, commencing on the 4th of March, 1848, under the act of July 29th 1848. For all those widows of Revolutionary pensioners, whose claims have been rejected or suspended for want of proof of service: or those who are in the receipt of a pension less than that received by their husbands under the acts of May 15th 1828, or June 7th 1832, he will insure the same amount per annum, that their husbands received; from the time the pension is made to commence by the law under which they claimed or have been pensioned.

All pensioners having claims against the General Government, growing out of our recent difficulties with Mexico, will find the subscriber a prompt, experienced and attentive agent.

Terms moderate, where the claim is established, otherwise no charge. All communications must be post paid, and directed to the subscriber, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

JOHN W. MECKLEY.

Office South Queen St. with Jac. B. Amwake, esp.
September 13, 1849.

NEW MACKEREL.

50 whole half and quarter, No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, just arrived and for sale cheap at the New York Store.

KERN & SAMSON.
Aug. 30.

LADIES! LOOK HERE!

The undersigned has just received a large and splendid assortment of

PERFUMERY,

to which he most respectfully calls the attention of the fashionable public—his variety consists in part of the following articles to wit:

Felno's Parisian Curling Fluid, Jules Havel's Hair Restorative, Pomade, Philosome and Mucasser Oil, Ox-marrow, McCurdy's Crystalline, Medical, Sand, Palmatine, Havel's Comic and other Soaps, Extract of Cologne, Briggs' Russian Cosmétique, Patchouly, Rose, Marsh &c., Steel Beads, Rings, Tassels, Dressing, Side and Back Combs, Toilet Powder, Hairand Tooth Brushes.

ALSO.—A large variety of other articles, to numerous not mention, all of which will be sold at the most reduced prices.

Please call and see

C. I. DEPEW.
Sept. 20.

ECKERT & Co's,

Wholesale & Retail,

TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAH

Manufactory,

Third door below the German Reformed Church, south side of Hamilton street

In Allentown.

Storekeepers, Pedlars and others, are hereby informed, that they keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the above articles, and can be accommodated at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms, Wholesale or Retail.

Aug. 2.

Clocks and Watches.

Charles S. Massey,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he has received at his establishment, nearly opposite the German Reformed church in Allentown, a large assortment of

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,

WATCHES,

consisting of GOLD and SILVER Patent Levers, Quarter and plain English and French. Watches sold by him are warranted, and as low as the same quality can be purchased at other establishments in town or elsewhere.

His assortment of Clocks consists of Brass eight day, thirty hours, and alarm, from 3 to 12 dollars.

His selection of Jewelry consists in part of Gold rings, Bracelets, Breastpins, Brooches, Gold and Silver Pencils, Watch-chains, Keys, Gold Pens, of a superior quality, &c.

He has also on hand a variety of

FANCY ARTICLES,

Such as steel-beads for purses and work bags, Silver tea and table spoons, Gold and Silver Spectacles, to suit all ages, Spectacle glasses, Silver thimbles.

Every article sold by him, is warranted to be such as represented, and should they prove otherwise can be returned, and the money will be refunded.

His stock has been purchased with a view to supply the citizens of this county with good and genuine articles in his branch, and which have been selected from the best and most extensive houses in New-York and Philadelphia. He hopes by due attention to his business, and liberal prices, to have a share of patronage.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, repaired in the best manner and at the shortest notice. Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for Goods. Call and see, then judge for yourselves.

August 2, 1849.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphan's Court of Lehigh County.

In the matter of the account of George Roth, administrator, of George Franz, late of North Whitehall township, Lehigh county, dec'd.

And now, September, 7th, 1849, the Court appointed Daniel Sager, John Ringer, and Michael Frantz, to audit and settle the said account and make distribution to and among the legal heirs and representatives and make report to the next stated Orphan's court.

From the Records.

Attest—J. D. LAWALL, Clerk.

The Auditors will meet on Saturday, the 13th day of October, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the house of David Frantz, innkeeper in North Whitehall, where all those who are interested will attend if they see proper.

September 13.

Poetical Department.

(From the New York Tribune)

A Lament.

The Lamp of Life is growing dim—
The golden bowl is well nigh broken—
And soon, alas! too soon each token,
That might remind the world of him,
Will pass away, and he no more
With us will tread this dismal shore.

The eye that once so brightly shone
Is sunken now and faded,
And the brow by dark locks shaded,
Is pale and cold, and far is flown
The happy laugh, the cheerful smile,
That did long since our griefs beguile.

And we must quickly part with him
Who shared with us our humble dwelling—
And our hearts with grief are swelling,
And our eyes with tears are dim;
For our hopes all centered were
In him who leaves us in despair.

Miscellaneous Selections.

Alexander Hamilton.

Alexander Hamilton was under middle size, thin in person, but remarkably erect and dignified in his deportment. He wore his hair turned back from his forehead, powdered and collected in a club behind. His complexion was fair, and varying from this only by the utmost feminine rosy of his cheeks. His might be considered as to figure and color, an uncommonly handsome face. When at rest, it had rather a severe and thoughtful expression, but when engaged in conversation, it easily assumed an attractive smile.

The eloquence of Hamilton was said to be persuasive and commanding; the more likely to be so, as he had no guile but the impulse of a great and rich mind; he having had little opportunity to be trained at the bar, or in popular assemblies. Those who could speak of his manner from the best opportunities to observe him in public and private, concurred in pronouncing him to be a frank, amiable and high-minded gentleman. He was capable of inspiring the most affectionate attachment; but he could make those whom he opposed fear and hate cordially. He was capable of intense and effectual application as is abundantly proved by his public labors. But he had a rapidity and clearness of perception, in which he may not have been equalled. One, who knew his habits of study, said of him, that when he had a serious object to accomplish, his practice was to reflect on it previously; and when he had gone through this labor, he retired to sleep without regard to the hour of the night, and having slept six or seven hours, he rose, and having taken strong coffee, seated himself at his table, where he remained six, seven or eight hours; and the product of his rapid pen required little correction for the press. He was among the few, alike excellent, whether in speaking or writing, in private and friendly intercourse, he is said to have been affectionately beloved.

Stick to your Business.

If you have set up in business, but do not succeed as well as you anticipated, be not anxious to change. Stick to your business, and in the long run, you will have no reason to regret it. Call to mind the rich and successful men of your acquaintance, and you will find they all commenced business and stuck to it—year in and year out—in dull times as well as in prosperous times. The changing—the uneasy—never seem to get ahead, but are forever in the lurch. It is difficult to find a man who has pursued a regular business for a dozen years, who has not prospered and made money. He may have lost it again, by bad debts, or endorsements, or speculations, but in business he was prosperous.

To you, young man, we would say, stick to your business. Be not easily persuaded to make a change, no matter how golden the prospect held out to you. You are sure and safe where you are. In another situation, you may be ruined. Thousands may have failed by a change, when a score have made their fortune.

There is no danger, if you stick to your business, are economical, and do not credit too much. Credit is the ruin of hundreds. At least ten per cent. of all you sell on credit you may put down as lost. Before you thus venture trust for your goods, it will be well to count the cost. By prudence and industry—by a careful look out—by being constant at your business, we see no reason why you may not calculate upon success. We are sure you will not fail, while you attend to your own affairs, and let speculations and wild schemes alone.

The Albany Dutchman says: "Who says this is not an age of progress? A friend of ours on the fourth was arrested for assault and battery, last week for petty larceny, and yesterday for highway robbery. With any kind of encouragement he will reach the gallows by autumn."

One of the difficulties of life—talking to a deaf man in an omnibus.

Proud and Poor.

The family of Mrs. Brown, a poor and good widow, consisting of six daughters, had the misfortune to be poor and proud. Above the gross vulgarity of manual labor, though not above its necessity, they lived "stuck up" in idleness, and depended on the hard earnings of the mother for support. Finally, Maria, who was the youngest, and rather pretty, managed to win the heart and hand of the village physician, and got married. The alliance being considered as a decided step "up in the world" by all the family, the single sisters grew lazier and prouder than ever, while the doctor's wife took a new and improved set of airs to match her advancement in the scale of "good society." Being comfortably bestowed in her new house, she began to feel the need of somebody to mind her pots and kettles; and seeing a neighbor, (a thrifty mechanic, who used to be "boss" to her father in the same shop) going past the door, she called out to him in an affected manner, to know where she could find a servant—expecting to get an offer of one of his daughters. "Well, I don't know," said the carpenter; "help is a little hard to be got just now; but there is the widow Brown's girls who I should think you might get, as they are dreadful poor and seem to be always out of work." Some neighbors who overheard the colloquy say that madam retreated into her house with a precipitancy that was quite alarming to behold, and never spoke of the carpenter afterwards, but as a vulgar person, who knew nothing of the proper distinctions of society.

Brownlow's Eccentricities.

Brownlow, the eccentric preacher and editor, has left Jonesboro, Tennessee, and started his paper in Knoxville. We copy from it the following "Review of the Knoxville Market for the week ending August second."

Office Seekers—More than can be accommodated, with an increase of seekers; which threatens to overrun the market.

Loufers—More than equal to the demand, and should the weather become warmer, they will increase until the city is destroyed.

Belles—A fine stock on hand; and a new importation would be thankfully received, if they were such as "have the quills," old ones of many years standing, somewhat below par.

Honest men—There are a good many in this city; but not being adapted to this market, no inquiries are made after them.

Tapers—A cowardly stock on hand, who drink after night, to avoid the censure of the churches. No more of the same sort wanted.

Capitalists—A poor supply with limited means at their disposal; but when the new bank gets under way, they will increase in number and resources.

Hypocrites—As fine a stock as can be produced in any city in the Union, of the same population, with every variety usually found in any market.

Liars—More than wanted, but all employed, and driving a heavy business.

Street Cleaners—None in market, but a large stock badly wanted.

Good husbands—Scattering, and not a few buyers have recently discovered that they have been sorely bitten.

Good wives—A good supply, but more badly wanted.

Pretty women—Many in their own estimation; and several in the judgement of the public, unless some one comes close to the object of his admiration, then he realizes that "distance lends enchantment to the view."

Night Prowlers—An unusual supply—more than the city authorities can attend to.

Christians—Almost as scarce as they were in Sodom, in the days of Lot; considered an infallible cure for sore eyes.

A Mother's Love.

Fullness is not the attraction of a mother's love. Here is an outgushing of affection that knows no bounds; that admits of no confidence. Stronger beyond all other love, it admits of no illustration by comparison. It exists through all time, and all changes, and resists the attacks even of the ingratitude of its object, and is the only love that survives disgrace. I attempt not its description: "None but a mother knows a mother's fondness. None else can guess it."

Death does not dissolve the tie nor diminish the love. Love of our departed offspring grows with the constant remembrance of the deprivation, or the lost Pleiad, the "star we have missed from heaven," shines with a constant and purer light in the song of the ancient bard, while periodical revolutions or intervening clouds hide the splendid constellations from our sight, so the love of the dead one of our domestic flock is more constant and stronger with time, while affection for the survivor suffers lapses, from occasional frailty.

When the mother smiles upon her child in the cradle, she may imagine her affection constant and perfect; but there is too much of hope to make it certain; too much of selfish feeling to have it pure. It is not unlike when "she goeth to the grave to weep there" that the cessation of hope has been the purification of love.