

A Visit to the Dead Sea and the RIVER JORDAN.

Jerusalem is generally made the headquarters of travellers during their sojourn in the central district of Palestine, and from this point they visit those places which are so intimately connected with the ministry of our Lord. Upon this occasion we shall pay a visit to the Dead Sea and the River Jordan. Leaving Jerusalem about two o'clock in the afternoon by the Jaffa Gate, equipped for this journey through the district where the traveller was liable in ancient days to fall amongst thieves—and at the present day is equally in danger of the same molestation—we made rather a formidable appearance. Two Janisaries proceeded armed with pistols, swords and other demonstrations of a belligerent nature, and their staves of office accompanied by the Sheikh Hamdam (the recognized protector of travellers on the western side of the Jordan) and some of his followers.

When Mehemet Ali had Syria under his control, there was no necessity for an escort in the wildest districts; but, alas, times and governments have changed sadly for the worse, and the choice now lies between making an arrangement for a protective escort, or finding yourself at the mercy of the robbers of this wilderness, and having to accede to their dictation when you cannot help yourself. We chose the former course, and would advise, all travellers to do the same if they would return to Jerusalem clad as they left it upon their jaunt, for travellers have been known to be left in the desert without horses or provisions, and with only such clothing as Nature has provided them with. Hamdam, our guide, might perhaps have been chosen from his very colossal dimensions. He was a remarkably fine specimen of the sons of Anak—standing head and shoulders higher than his companions. Proceeding over the rocky ground south of Jerusalem for nearly two hours we came suddenly upon the valley of the Kidron, but how altered was it in its general features. When we left it, in the neighborhood of Jerusalem, it was an insignificant dry bed of a rivulet of the smallest dimensions, but now it had become so gigantic in its general appearance, that standing upon its brink and looking down into the abyss below caused a shudder to the boldest frame. The scenery around us from being barren, for want of culture, has now become sterile and desert-like in appearance, and the roadway (if such a term can be applied to the road track along which we were now tracing our way) was becoming more rough and unpromising every step we progressed. At length, taking a sudden turn round a mass or mountain of rock, we came suddenly upon the romantically situated Convent of Mar Saba (St. Saba.) The Convent, in its bold masses and irregular outline, is only surpassed by the wilderness of the scenery. The wild character of the country seems to have produced a feeling in the mind, of the original designers of the Convent to outdo nature in her boldest flight; for in the massy rocks and the natural fortifications of this mountain glen, nature has apparently inverted her usual order leaving large masses of projecting mountain overhanging the chasm and on these the builders of this most extraordinary Convent have perched their bold habitations.

Situated in the most desert part of Judea, it was obviously necessary to make a fortification sufficiently strong to withstand the attacks of robbers from without, and to exercise all due precaution in admitting visitors of all kinds. I had procured a Tescary (or letter of introduction,) from the Greek Convent in Jerusalem before my departure. Upon arriving at the door of the convent, we were interrogated by the brethren of the House from a small window aloft, who letting down a chord, requested us to attach our Tescary to the end of it. After duly examining this epistle, they told us we should be admitted. In a few minutes we heard the bars, bolts and locks of the doorway being drawn back, and the gate, grating upon its rusty hinges, opened sufficiently wide to admit us one by one, in single file. The last mulcteer having entered, the door was again secured, and passing through various passages, up and down various flights of steps, I found myself in the reception Divan. The change was so sudden and unexpected that it appeared like a dream, or one of those changes so beautifully described in "the Arabian Nights," that we had to look again and rub our eyes to be certain that it was a reality. The magician's wand seemed to have wrought such a wonderful change. From the heart of the desert we were suddenly ushered into a room furnished in truly Oriental manner, carpeted in a costly way the Divan round the room was of rich material, and the cushions were covered with genuine damask, and stuffed with the softest down. The chief seat was apportioned to the Onsool, (consul)—pipes, with splendid amber mouth-pieces, and filled with the finest "Jehel" were introduced, together with coffee, sherbet of rose, and lemon arak; and here we were bid to take our ease till the dinner should be in readiness. The rough roads we had passed over, and the heat of the day, had told somewhat upon our wretched energy, and we very gladly availed ourselves of this Oriental Elysium. In about two hours the dinner was in readiness, and served up in true Eastern style. The brethren did not partake of it with us, (it happening to be one of the feasts of their church.) Some of them, however, waited upon us, and seemed anxious that we should forget the ample desert without in the enjoyment of the ample desert within the Convent, and we most willingly consented to this oblivion for the time being. After our repast we were shown over the various buildings forming this very irregular and massive structure. I do not think there are two rooms of the same size, and scarcely two upon the same level. The chapel of the Convent is, however, the main feature; it is not very large and is decorated in the Greek style, and presents a very rich appearance. The monks spend a large portion of their time within its walls at their

devotions. The weather being exceedingly warm I had my bed spread out upon one of the terraces, where I endeavored to sleep, but with no great amount of success. The howling of the wolves, the barking of jackals and foxes, and the constant noise caused by the wild beasts of this district kept me awake till the morning, and then the priests at their early orisons carried me back to the time when the Prophet on Mount Carmel told the worshippers of Baal to call unceasingly upon their God; and when from morning till evening they shouted "O Baal hear us, O Baal hear us," so these Priests of Mar Saba seemed during their prayers to keep up a continual invocation of the Saint after whom the Convent is named. On the morning, leaving the Convent betimes, we proceeded on our way towards the Dead Sea.

A Wild Woman.
We know not but our reputation for veracity may suffer by the following statement, but as we have been laying off for the last two years to give it, we think there is no use of waiting any longer. It will require some credulity to believe the story; but we can assure the reader that what we shall state could be established by the testimony of some of the oldest and most respectable citizens of our neighboring counties of Jackson, &c.

For the last ten years there has lived and inhabited the thickets of the Navidad bottoms in Jackson county, an animal universally believed to be a woman; and though diligent search has frequently been made, not a living soul has ever been able to see it; though on one occasion, several years ago, a party driving cows through the bottom camp, so close upon its camp or den, as to compel it to drop a kind of basket or trunk, which upon examination, was found to be a perfect curiosity, containing a most astonishing variety of little trinkets, such as pins, needles, knives, brushes, and several articles, whose uses were entirely unknown, and all of the most ingenious and exquisite workmanship, and also a small pocket Bible, with "New York" written in it in a small beautiful hand writing, together with two guns, one of which it had stocked—having stolen an old gun barrel from the settlements.

The principal reason for believing it to be a woman, arises from its track, which has often been seen, and which resembles exactly that of a small and delicate female. It frequently visits the neighboring houses at night for the purpose of picking up such articles as it can lay hands on—clothing particularly, of which it is supposed, from the quantity missing from time to time, it has enough to set up a respectable millinery shop and clothing store. About a year ago, it went in the house of Samuel A. Rogers, when he was absent, opened his medicine chest, took a portion of all the medicines in it, carefully putting back the stoppers, and committing no other damage besides that of taking several articles of clothing, which after going to the edge of the bottom, it appears to have sorted out—and left such articles hanging upon a stick as it did not seem to require. It also came to Mr. Rogers' place recently and brought back a wooden bowl taken about a year since, and a trace chain that had been missing for eight years. These are but a tithe of the many eccentricities of the man, woman or animal; but they serve as a specimen.

So sure are the people on the Navidad that it is a wild human being, that we understand a reward of forty cows and calves has been offered to any one who would capture it. It is supposed by some that there was once a man and woman, but that the man had died. How true this conjecture is, we cannot say; but there can hardly be a doubt but a wild man or woman has inhabited the Navidad Mustang bottoms, near Texana, for many years. It cannot be a negro, male or female, because the track forbids the conclusion. We incline to think it a Mexican woman.

Important Invention.
We had the pleasure a few days since of examining models of proposed improvements in railways, and in the construction of locomotives and cars. We cannot but think that the improvements to which we allude will stand the test of experiment, and answer the purposes for which they were intended, if so, a new and most important period will have arrived in this age of iron and steam. First, a railroad may be laid down over the ordinary undulations of the earth like a turnpike road, and engines and cars can be so constructed that they can go over it with safety. To accomplish this object the invention enables the engineer by mechanical means to supply any degree of adhesion which may be required at any instant, and to dispense with it the moment he ceases to need it. And to do this there are no rack rails or cog-wheels, or centre-rail; nor is there, by this plan, as much resistance to the progress of the train as would be caused by adding weight to the engine, in order to produce the requisite adhesion.

By this invention, it is made an almost impossible matter for the cars to be thrown from the track, it is therefore invaluable, for it admits of light engines for light freights a great desideratum, certainly, for our southern railroads, extending through sparsely settled districts, while it does not prohibit the use of the most powerful engines, when they are necessary.

The effective power of an engine now is limited to the adhesion of its wheels. By the plan proposed, the adhesion is supplied by the engineer in any required quantity; and consequently the power of the engine is only limited by its capacity to generate and retain steam. Hence it is difficult to say what grade may not readily be surmounted. And when we remember that steam coaches weighing only two or three tons have conveyed at a good speed from twenty to thirty passengers over the common and rough roads of England, readily ascending and descending the steepest hills, we cannot think otherwise than that this invention will multiply in a great degree our means of intercommunica-

tion, and bind together more closely our extended confederacy; while the saving in the expense of construction and in the wear and tear of roads and machinery will be greatly reduced.

The prolific mind of the gentleman who has made this invention, (James S. French, Esq. of Virginia) has also produced another of scarce less importance. It is of a brake, perfectly simple in its construction, and perfectly new in its application, by which the engine and its train of cars may be stopped almost instantly by the engineer alone. The ablest engineers have for a long time endeavored to effect this result, moved and stimulated thereto by the frequent and fatal collisions which have happened on the best conducted roads. But they have not as yet succeeded; for they have been unable to devise any plan by which the engine and its cars could be promptly arrested by the engineer alone.

We have not attempted to explain the means by which such desirable results are proposed to be accomplished, as it is proper that those who are interested should choose their own time and mode of making them public.

Homestead Exemption in Ohio.

A Homestead Exemption bill was introduced into the Ohio Senate, a few days ago, by Dr. Dimmock, which provides that, from the passage of this act, it shall be lawful for any resident of Ohio, being a head of a family, to purchase and set apart, as a Homestead, a tract of land not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, and the buildings thereon—the whole not to exceed in value one thousand dollars; or, in lieu of a tract of land, a house and lot in any recorded town plat, or city, or village, not exceeding one thousand dollars. He may hold the same for the exclusive benefit of himself and family, exempt from execution or sale, except for the purchase money of the same. The exemption is not to extend to a mortgage on the same, but the mortgage is not to be considered valid unless signed by the wife, or, in case of her death, by all the children of the mortgagor.

If the head of a family is not the owner of a homestead, or other real estate, he may select and hold from execution and sale, an amount of goods and chattels not exceeding in value one thousand dollars. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee, says a Columbus correspondent of the Cincinnati Chronicle, who reported it back with two slight amendments, with a recommendation to recommit the bill to a Committee of the whole Senate, there to be matured and passed in such a form as would meet the views members. It was so re-committed, and made the special order for to-morrow, 27th ult., and I have no doubt but in somewhat a modified form from its original, will pass both Houses and become a law.

Large and Small Farms Compared.

Most young farmers are unsuccessful, simply because their farms are too large, and the complaint is often heard that no money can be made at farming. Take up the directory of ten years since, and mark the names of all the merchants then doing business in New-York; follow these names through the directories of subsequent years, and see if over one in twenty have continued to do business for ten consecutive years without failing. This is a sorry fact, and arises from the fault of the merchants themselves. In agricultural language, "they turn to heavy a sward, and do not lay it regular." So with the unsuccessful farmer; he has too much land; he cannot manure it properly, and his labor bestowed on unmanured land is not effective. Land fully manured, and thoroughly cultivated, will produce double the amount of crops that can be obtained from half manured land. Land well manured is more easily worked. Its particles more readily disintegrate, and large crops do not require expensive labor in proportion to results.

MARRIED.

On the 11th of March, by the Rev. Mr. Dubs, Mr. John Rochel, to Miss Maria Oberholzer, both of Washington.
On the 18th instant, by the same, Mr. Edward Frankfeld, to Miss Hannah Hammet, both of South Whitehall.
On the 10th instant, by the Rev. J. W. Richards, Mr. John Schell to Miss Carolina Schmidt, all of Bethlehem.

DIED.

On the 16th instant, in Allentown, Ellen Jane, infant daughter of Henry and Sarah Miller, aged 4 months.
On the 15th instant, in Allentown, Allen David, infant son of William and Sarah Ruhe, aged 2 months.
On the 8th instant, in Allentown, Allen Jeremiah, infant son of Henry and Henrietta Ritter, aged 7 months.

Removal of Store Goods.

Barber & Young,
Respectfully inform their friends and customers, that they have recently removed their **Hardware Store,** into the new three story brick building on the South side of Hamilton street, directly opposite Dr. Wm. F. Danowsky's Drug Store, where they will constantly keep on hand, a large assortment of Goods, coming in their line of business, and which they sell at the lowest prices.
March 22. —1-0w

Allentown Letter List.

Catharine Albright, Philip Beck, Frederick Baris, Matilda Barret, Daniel Baumer, Jacob Culbert, Joseph Dupes, J. B. Evers, George Friedrich, Henry Guth, William F. Hodes, Henry Kramer, Charles Krotzer, Edward Krauss, Caroline Knauss, Emeline Knight, E. M. Long, John Mohr, Thomas Morrow, Caroline Moser, Mr. Michael, C. A. Sheldon, Maria Troxel, Jacob Wolf, C. Young. E. R. NEWHARD, P. M.

PUBLIC SALE.
Of Valuable Personal Property.

Will be sold at public Sale, on Tuesday next the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the House of the undersigned in the Borough of Allentown, the following valuable personal property to wit:—
A beautiful mahogany Side-board, Sofa, Pier Table, Centre Table, a good Piano Forte, Breakfast Table, 12 Birch Cane-seat Parlor Chairs, Rocking and Arm Chairs to match, Blinds, Parlor Carpets, Oil Cloth for Entry, Hatstand, High and Low-post Bedsteads, Stoves, Windsor Chairs, Settee, Bed, Clothespress, Kitchen Tables, and a large variety of house and kitchen furniture, too numerous to mention.
The conditions will be made known on the day of sale and due attendance given by
CHARLES G. VON TAGEN.
March 22. —1-w

PUBLIC SALE
Of Personal Property.

Will be sold at public sale on Friday, the 30th day of March next, at the house of Michael Sieger, dec'd., late of the Borough of Allentown, Lehigh county, the following valuable personal property, to wit:—
Mahogany Tables and Chairs, Bureaus, Carpets, Sofas, Stoves with Pipe, a Gold Patent Lever Watch, Silver Table and Tea-spoons, besides a large assortment of House and Kitchen furniture, too tedious to mention.
The conditions will be made known on the day of sale, and due attendance given by
JAMES LACKEY,
AARON EISENHARD, } Ad'mstrs.
March 22. —1-2w

New Goods.

The Subscribers have just received a large assortment of Goods, consisting in part of the following to wit:—
Ladies Dress Goods such as Silks, Bombazines, Alpaccas, Bergues, Mouslin De Laines, Gingham, Prints &c., Gentlemen's wear such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings &c., Tickings, Checks, Linens, Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Gloves, Ribbons, 5 Bales New Market Muslin, 5 Cases Bleached muslin. They hope by very low prices and strict attention to business they will receive a liberal share of customers.
PRETZ, GUTH & Co.
March 22. —1-6w

Mackerel.

50 Barrels & Half Barrels, No. 1 & 2 and 3 Mackerel on hand and for sale cheap by
PETZ, GUTH, & Co.
March 22. —1-6w

SUGAR.

20 Hogshheads of Sugar for sale wholesale and retail by
PRETZ, GUTH & Co.
March 22. —1-6w

PUBLIC SALE
OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

Will be sold at Public sale, on Thursday the 29th day of March next, at 10 o'clock precisely, at the late residence of Samuel Ziegler, dec'd., the following personal property, to wit:—
Grain in the ground, straw in bundles, cow, carriage, sleigh, bureau, 1 bedstead and bedding, desk, looking glasses, trammels, together with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention. Conditions made known and attendance given by
A. K. WITMAN, } Assignees.
C. W. COOPER, }
ALSO: At the same time and place will be sold by the executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Ziegler, dec'd., the following personal property, to wit:—
ONE HORSE,
set of single harness, bees and live, copper kettles, bags, 3 beds and bedsteads, chairs, bureau, clock and case, Brussels carpet, rag carpet, settee, table, stove and pipe, spade and hatchet crockery, trunks, apple-butter by the pot, saw, wood chest, clover seed, together with a variety of articles too numerous to mention.
AND, K. WITMAN,
CHAS. W. COOPER,
Agents for Samuel Z. Brack, Executor.
March 22. —1-w

Sheriff's Sale.

Will be sold on Saturday the 14th day of April, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the House of Ruben Moyer, in the Borough of Allentown, the following property to wit:—
A valuable lot of ground on the north east corner of Hamilton and James street, in the Borough of Allentown. The lot is 40 feet front, less a three feet alley, and 230 feet deep.
ALSO—Four tracts of land situated in Northampton township, Lehigh county No. 1. containing 10 acres and 10 perches strict measure, on which is erected a
two story stone House, Frame Barn, Wood House, and other outbuildings, and a good orchard.
No 2. containing 5 acres and seventy eight perches, more or less, on which is erected a one story frame dwelling house, with a good well of water.
No. 3. containing 16 acres, and 131 perches, strict measure, this tract is excellent farm land.
No. 4. containing 9 acres 131 perches, also good farm land. The farm tracts lay adjacent to each other, and north of the road leading from Allentown to Reading.
ALSO—A tract of land, laying south of the Reading road, containing 6 acres and 30 perches, formerly the property of Dr. Charles Martin dec'd.
ALSO—A tract of farm land, containing 4 acres strict measure, the whole being in a high state of cultivation. It being sold as the property of Peter Huber.
CHARLES IHRIE, Sheriff.
March 22. —1-3w

Particular Notice!

Great Rush of Customers!

Old Schurman, has just returned from Philadelphia and New York, with his first purchase for the season; of Spring and Summer Goods, all of which have been selected with the greatest care. The unpacking of the same, is creating unusual uproar and confusion amongst customers, all of whom are determined to have the first choice. What occasions this, is explained by the display of splendor and cheapness which is truly wonderful, all he desires of his friends is a little patience, instead of so much crowding, and all will be waited upon. The articles purchased consist in part of
Silks—Shaded, Chamillion, Black Satin Figured, Figured Gro de Naples, B B Gro de Swiss and Indian.
Mousse de Laines—Mode Colored, New Style, Figured and Colored.
Alpaccas—Silk Warp, Figured and Mode Colored, Black, and B B Black.
Ginghams—French, German, Scotch and Domestic.
Prints—Purple, Double Purple, Merimack and Common.
Clothes—French, English and Zephyr.
Cassimeres—B B Silk Warp, Black and Drap do.
Cassimeres—B B Doeskin, French, English and Fancy do. Summer Cloth, Tweed & Summer Cassimeres.
Vestings—Satin, Fancy Silk and Marsails Vesting.
Fancy Cravats, Stocks, Collars, Gloves, Suspenders, Checks, Tickings and a mountain of other articles too numerous to mention.
HENRY SCHURMAN.
March 22. —1-6w

Groceries.

Now receiving 10 Hhds. Molasses.
12 " Sugar.
25 Bbls. do.
4 Tierces Honey.
25 Sacks Rio & other Coffee.
Mackerel, Cod Fish, Teas, Spices, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices by
H. SCHURMAN.
March 22. —1-6w

Queensware.

Now unpacking 8 Crates Queensware comprising an assortment of all kinds, and sold at such prices, to suit the times.
H. SCHURMAN.
March 22. —1-6w

Iron.

The undersigned has also on hand, about 20 Tons American Hammered Iron, which will be sold lower than at any other place.
H. SCHURMAN.
March 22. —1-6w

Country Produce.

Such as Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Lard and Bacon, always wanted for which the highest market price will be paid in Goods by
H. SCHURMAN.
March 22. —1-6w

Co-Partnership Notice.

The New York Store in New Hands.
The Subscribers having purchased of Wagner & Huber, their stock of Dry Goods, Groceries &c., and have entered into a Co-partnership under the firm of Kern & Samson, and will conduct the business at the old Establishment, where they hope by strict attention and low prices they may secure a liberal share of patronage.
WILLIAM KERN,
C. H. SAMSON,
A large stock of Domestic Goods just received at the New York Store and will be sold at exceedingly low prices by
KERN & SAMSON.
March 22. —1-6w

Spring Millinery Goods.

John Stone & Sons,
Importers and Dealers in Silks, Ribbons and Millinery Goods, No. 15 South Second St., above Chestnut, PHILADELPHIA.
WOULD call the attention of Merchants and Milliners visiting the city, to their large and rich assortment of
Spring Millinery Goods,
Received by late arrivals from France, such as Glace Silks for casing bonnets, Fancy Bonnet and Cap Ribbons—a large and beautiful assortment, of all prices; Plain Mantua and Satin Ribbons, from No. 1 to No. 12; French and American Artificial Flowers (in great variety); Colored and White Crapes; Fancy Laces and Nets; French Chip Hats; Face Trimmings—Quillings; Covered Whalebones—Cane; Buckram—Willow; Bonnet Crowns and Tips. Together with every article appertaining to the Millinery trade.
March 22. —1-w

Northampton Water Company.

All persons who make use of the Water of the said Company, for family purposes, or otherwise, will please take notice, that the time to renew their Permits, is on the 2nd of April next, and it is expected that it will be strictly attended to. Those persons, who have not settled for the same, between the 2nd and the 10th of April, must not complain if the water is stopped after that time.
The Board also deem it necessary to notify those who use the water jointly, from one and the same pipe or hydrant, that the Permits for the coming year, must be paid by all, before the same can be granted to either.
By Order of the Board,
CHARLES ECKERT, Treas.
March 15. —1-4w

Prices Current.

ARTICLES.	Per	Allentown	Easton	Philad.
Flour	Barrel	4 75	4 75	4 75
Wheat	Bush	95	1 05	1 20
Rye	—	55	65	70
Corn	—	50	65	65
Oats	—	27	30	35
Buckwheat	—	40	40	86
Flaxseed	—	1 25	1 30	1 40
Cloverseed	—	3 00	4 00	4 00
Timothyseed	—	2 50	2 75	2 50
Potatoes	—	35	35	65
Salt	—	45	45	40
Butter	Pound	15	12	18
Lard	—	9	10	9
Tallow	—	9	9	8
Beeswax	—	27	25	27
Ham	—	9	8	10
Pitch	—	7	6	6
Tow-yarn	—	8	8	8
Eggs	Doz.	12	10	15
Rye Whiskey Gall.	—	25	25	28
Apple Whiskey	—	18	25	28
Linsced Oil	—	65	65	65
Hickory Wood	Cord	4 50	4 50	6 00
Oak Wood	—	3 50	3 50	5 00
Egg Coal	Ton	3 75	4 00	4 50
Nut Coal	—	2 50	3 00	3 50
Lump Coal	—	3 50	2 50	2 65
Plaster	—	4 50	4 50	2 50

Pennsylvania Hotel,
FOR RENT.

The undersigned offers his new and spacious Hotel, lately re-built by him, situated on the north west corner of Market Square and Hamilton street, in the Borough of Allentown, for rent, for a term of one, two or three years.
The House is large and commodious, extending 96 feet along Market square, and about 50 feet on Hamilton street, three stories high. The third story extends over two store rooms, making a front on Hamilton street of 96 feet. A large and spacious yard, two story brick Stable, and other suitable outbuildings.
Possession can be given at any time after the first of April next.
JESSE GRIM.
March 15. —1-4w

PUBLIC SALE.

On Easter Monday, the 9th and Tuesday the 10th of April, each day at 10 o'clock A. M., there will be exposed to public sale at the house of Joseph Kleider, deceased, late of Hanover township, Lehigh county, the following articles:
3 horses and a colt, 9 head of cattle, hogs, 2 farm wagons, 1 cart with harness, pleasure carriage with harness, harness and fly-net, ploughs and harrows, one 1 horse wagon, a light sleigh and wood sled, hay and wood ladders, thrashing machine with horse power, windmill, cutting box, wheelbarrow, grain cradles, stone quarrying implements, 6 bin hives and a lot of boxes and bee baskets, grain bags, straw by the hundred, a lot of rails, potatoes by the bushel, wheat and rye in the ground, hay by the ton, a small boat, 6 barrels of cider, also vinegar by the barrel, cross-cut saw, 13 shares of the Lehigh bridge, beds and bedsteads, bureau, tables and chairs, an 8 day clock, cupboard, watch, stove with pipe, double and single barrel shot guns, a cut and smooth rifle, large copper kettles, iron-kettles and pots, besides a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.
Conditions will be made known on the day of sale and due attendance given by
JOHN CLADER,
LEVI CLADER, } Ad'mstrs.
OW. CLADER, }
March 15. —1-3w

PUBLIC SALE
Of Personal Property.

Will be sold at Public sale on Tuesday, the 27th of March next, at 12 o'clock, at the house of Daniel Derr, deceased, in Upper Saucon township, Lehigh county, the following remaining articles, to wit:—
3 Milk cows, 2 shoats, a 1 horse wagon-body, bows and cover, single and double wagon harness, stall halters, bridles, wheelbarrow, cow chains, hoes, spade, shovel, forks, rakes, axes, carpenter's and chopping benches, a good grind stone, grain bags, half bushels and sieves, straw by the bundle, grain in the ground, 2 stoves with pipe, iron and other kettles, tubs, bureaus, bed and bedstead, tables, benches and chairs, looking-glass, wash-stand, also glass, crockery, earthen and tin ware, and about 50 yards of well made rag carpeting, window-blinds, and many other articles too tedious to mention.
The conditions will be made known at the time of sale, and due attendance given by
THE HEIRS.
March 15. —1-2w

Two Story House for Rent.

A new two story Brick Dwelling House, Kitchen, Wash House, and other outbuildings attached thereto situated in the most beautiful part of Hamilton street, in the Borough of Allentown. Persons wishing to rent a convenient building of this kind, will please make application to Mr. William Kern, in Allentown.
JOSEPH WITMAN.
March 15. —1-4w

NOTICE

The books of Charles Kline, and all the money due on the accounts in said books, have been assigned to the subscriber. Therefore all persons indebted in said books are requested to make immediate payment to me. All accounts not settled before the tenth day of April next, will be put in suit.
BENJAMIN LUDWIG.
March 12. —1-4w