

LOCAL NEWS.

LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.—Richard Norris & Co., the extensive locomotive builders of Philadelphia, have leased the Lancaster Locomotive Works, and will at once engage in the manufacture of locomotives in that city.

IN NEW ORLEANS.—The renowned and redoubtable Sam. Sanford, at the head of a large troupe of gay minstrels, has arrived at New Orleans, and is now furnishing the *syle* of the Crescent City with a feast of the cork opera, done up à la San-ford.

STREET IMPROVEMENT.—Workmen are now engaged in constructing a substantial sewer along Walnut street, from Third to a point in front of the jail. The improvement is much needed, as the sewerage of that part of the street has heretofore been defective.

SMALL CURRENCY.—The total amount of small currency first issued in five, ten, twenty-five and fifty cent notes was twenty millions one hundred and ninety-two thousand four hundred and fifty-five dollars' worth. Of this amount, there was outstanding a few days ago \$17,452,059.

GETTYSBURG HOSPITALS.—All but 260 of the wounded in the hospitals at Gettysburg have been removed. These are to be taken away also. It is said that the rebels are so comfortable there that the recent rumors of Lee's again advancing into Pennsylvania were correspondingly received by them. They don't fancy rebel prices and rations.

THANKSGIVING.—The Governors of Massachusetts, Maine, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Wisconsin have issued proclamations recommending that Thursday, November 26th, be observed as a day of thanksgiving. The same has been recommended by the President.

PERSOBAL.—We had the pleasure yesterday of shaking by the hand an old reportorial friend Robt. S. Boyd, at present a conscript in the army. Mr. B. is stationed at Carlisle Barracks, and belongs to the detachment that guard the conscripts at that post. As a representative of this city in the army, we know that he will give a good account of himself, and we bespeak for him all the honors and glory usually bestowed upon a high private.

PENNSYLVANIA'S QUOTA.—A dispatch from Washington says that Pennsylvania's quota in the call for 300,000 volunteers is 88,709, and that the one month's pay allowed to volunteers by the resolution of Congress, passed July 21, 1862, will be paid to recruits for old organizations, enlisted under the recent orders, immediately upon their arrival at the general rendezvous.

THE NINE MONTHS' VOLUNTEERS.—The Secretary of War has decided against the claim of nine months' volunteers to national bounties; but the heirs of a nine months' man who dies or is killed in the service are entitled to the United States bounty of \$100, besides the pay due to the soldier at the date of his decease. The widows and mothers of nine months' soldiers are also entitled to pensions under act of Congress, approved July 12, 1862.

NEW YORK SOLDIERS.—An order has been received by the Medical Director of this Department, directing that all New York soldiers in the hospitals of this department, who are able to travel, be furloughed for ten days. Similar orders have been issued to other departments. In consequence of these orders, large numbers of soldiers are daily passing through this city on their way to the Empire State, where they will take part in the election, which occurs on Tuesday next, Nov. 2d.

HIS NAME.—The name of the man mentioned in yesterday's issue as having been killed near Lancaster by the one o'clock train, coming west, on the Pennsylvania railroad, was C. B. Miller. He was an old man, somewhat impaired in intellect. He was engaged in whitewashing a fence along the railroad on the west side of the Conestoga bridge, and seeing the train coming, he attempted to step across the track, but was struck by the locomotive and almost instantly killed. No blame attaches to any of the railroad employees.

BOUNTIES TO SIX MONTHS' MEN.—At the time of the last raid, an ordinance was passed by the Councils of Philadelphia, voting a bounty to all regiments and companies which should proceed from that city to Harrisburg and be mustered into the government service before the 1st day of July ensuing. A large number of troops from that city were sworn into the six months' service before the time specified, and have recently been paid bounties amounting in the aggregate to \$81,725. Of this amount the Gray Reserves receive \$24,000; and the Henry Guard (police company), which was stationed on provost duty at this post, come in for \$2,400.

THE SWISS BELL RINGERS.—For *One Night Only*.—This celebrated troupe, including the original and only Blaisell Brothers, give one of their novel and unique entertainments at Brant's Hall to-night. This combination of genuine musical artists have been before the public for years, and have established a reputation for perfection and skill in their profession which cannot be equalled in the country. Such being the case, the simple announcement of their advent among us will be sufficient to secure them a crowded house. A fine brass band accompanies the troupe. Owing to a pre-engagement of the hall by other parties, the Bell Ringers will appear but once in this city. Tickets, 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents—to be had at the hall from 2 until 6 o'clock p.m.

STRIKES.—Strikes by mechanics for advance in wages appear to be all the rage. We learn by the Lancaster "Express" that the journeymen cigar makers, cabinet makers, and shoemakers of that city have all made demands for an increase of wages, which demands were complied with by the employers. The cigar makers, after having received what they asked for, are making another demand for still higher wages. Similar strikes have also taken place in all the cities. In Philadelphia the milkmen have had a meeting and advanced the price of milk from six to seven cents a quart. In New York the coopers, journeymen tailors, cigar makers, tin plate, copper and sheet iron workers, carpenters, &c., are all on the qui vive, looking out for their interests. The cigar makers are preparing for a great demonstration. The carpenters propose to ask an advance to two dollars and twenty-five cents per day, and they feel certain that their demand will be complied with. So the movement for increased wages progresses.

In ordinary times, strikes are often unjust and inconsiderate. But, at the present high price of living—with rents, produce, groceries and commodities of all kinds selling at full fifty per cent more than formerly, and with a prospect of an upward tendency so long as the presses continue to print of greenbacks—these strikes for higher wages are justified by reasons of urgent necessity. They are prompted by the instinct of self-preservation, the first law of nature. The cost of the necessities of life—has greatly increased—in some currency; and yet we venture to say that not one mechanic out of five has experienced a corresponding increase of his income—and that without taking into account his increased expenses in the way of government taxes.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—We are pained to learn that Dr. S. S. Cummings, of Lewistown, was killed on the Pennsylvania railroad, at the Lewistown station, yesterday morning. The cause of his death is merely a repetition of the old story. He was standing on the track watching for a train coming from the west; at the same time one came from the east. Simultaneously both engines whistled, but Cummings was not aware that a train was approaching on the track upon which he stood. The engineer reversed the engine, and did all in his power to stop, while others shouted to the Doctor, but so well assured was he of his own safety that he only laughed at those who seemed so much alarmed. When he saw the proximity of the train he made an effort to escape, but it was too late—the engine struck him, frightening his skull and killing him instantly.

Dr. Cummings was a brother of Maj. John Cummings, of Snyder county—a native of Union county, but for some eighteen or twenty years a resident of Lewistown, of which place he was one of the most prominent citizens, having held the office of postmaster during the administration of Mr. Buchanan, and other prominent positions at various times. He was about fifty years of age, and, as we believe, leaves a wife and a son.

THE FALL FASHIONS.—The fashions of the present season run to the extreme colors. Drab and leather color are much worn, but the more decorative hues of scarlet, purple, crimson and yellow predominate, giving the wearers the appearance of walking fireworks. A New York paper calls them the "conflagration styles," and thus discourses upon them:

"The sidewalks are afire with prismatic tints. One would think the ladies had been to the Orient and borrowed all the various dyes. Of colored gowns, as bright as butterflies, that astonished the pirate Lambro when he unexpectedly dropped in upon his daughter and her lover at their sumptuous revels. Scarlet, gold and purple, crimson, amber and blue, adorn the sloping shoulders of prettily powdered belles. Some of them sport all these colors at once and have the appearance of being streaked in rainbows. Then feathers that flash like torches in the front-ends of their fane hats! See ye over the hill? sober citizens of Gotham?"—Locomotive bonfires illuminate Broadway, and the plate-glass windows of the mantilla merchants dazzle with their incandescence. Even the little girls have been transformed into Little Red Riding Hoods. "Moley's the only year"—and such a motley! That loud color which the blind man compared to the sound of a trumpet is predominant; but flaming yellow is also popular, and burning blue mingles in the fiery show. When one sees a lady in deep mourning among the fashionable flambards, it gives one the impression that some fiery damsel has burst out and has been reduced to charcoal. The maids at the bairn-fair's pale their infant faces in the presence of our gorgeous spectacles. Were Gwyver alive to see this spectacle, he would be tempted to give us a new version of 'Madam Blaze.'"

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE.—The Philadelphia "Leger" suggests that "if the Army of the Potomac cannot move to aid the general plan of conquering the rebellion, but must continue to advance and retreat, lest Washington should be endangered, it would be good policy for the people to raise an army specially for the defense of Washington against any possible attack, and release the Army of the Potomac for other and more important duty." This is a bright idea, and will take immensely. Let recruiting rendezvous be opened for the purpose in all the States, and a grand army for the defense of the holy city of Washington will speedily be recruited, who, while defending it, can be drilled in the manual of arms, while the old veterans are set free to aid in fighting back the impudent rebel legions that now leer on the city with covetous eyes.

FIVE-TWENTIES.—The demand for the 5-20 year government loan still keeps up wonderfully. The sales of yesterday, at the office of the agent in Philadelphia, reached the mighty sum of \$5,712,000. An exchange exclaims, "Merly on us, where do so much money daily come from?" Why, from the pockets of the people. Contracts—shoddy—that's what's the matter. More presses for printing greenbacks are being erected in the Treasury building at Washington, and the supply can scarcely keep pace with the demand. These greenbacks represent taxes that are to come from the pockets of the people in future. That's where the money is to come from.

CORRECTION.—In the account in yesterday's paper of the arrest of William Brobst, at Lewistown, by officer Massey, on a charge of obtaining money from Mr. Hoffman under false pretences, we stated that Gen. Cameron was in Lewistown, and that he became security for Brobst. This was incorrect, as Gen. Simon Cameron was in Philadelphia at the time. It was his brother, a resident of Lewistown, who came to the succor of Brobst. The correction cheerfully. Our informant was of course Massey himself, but we do not think he led us into the error intentionally.

SOCIAL SOIREE.—The "Eintracht" singing association will hold a social musical soiree at their hall in König's new building, Chestnut street, on Monday evening next. The soiree, like all other affairs with which the "Eintracht" have anything to do, will doubtless be a pleasant one. We are under obligations to the gentlemanly management for the compliment of a ticket of invitation, and shall endeavor to avail ourselves of the opportunity which it affords of spending a few hours in genuine enjoyment.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA AND RECRUITING CLAIMS.—United States pension, bounty, arrears of pay and subsistence claims, &c., &c., &c., made out and collected by EUGENE SNYDER, Attorney at Law, office, Third street, Harrisburg, Pa.

NEW FALL GOODS.—We have now received and are opening a beautiful assortment of new style dress goods and other goods.

Splendid assortment of new delaines. All colors of plain alpacas.

New style of plaid dress goods.

Fine black bombazines.

Black and colored paramattas.

5 pieces of black silk.

50 pieces of bleached and unbleached muslins.

10-4 heavy laces for sheeting.

5-4 heavy laces for pillow cases.

7-4 grey linen damask for table covers.

White linen table covers and napkins.

Black alpacas, all qualities.

White linens and hemstitched pocket bandkerchiefs.

12 doz. Balmoral skirts, from \$2 50 up.

Large assortment of hoop skirts.

Hoop skirts at 75 cents, \$1 00, \$1 50, and all prices.

White cambric muslins and jacquard, nancos, Irish linen, Swiss muslin, and a great many other new goods.

S. LEWIS.

BOND'S BOSTON BISCUIT.—Bond's Milk Biscuit, Bond's Wine Biscuit, Bond's Butter Biscuit, for sale by ADAM KELLER, JR., corner of Front and Market sts.

DEDILLED FRUITS.—Of all kinds, just re-

ceived and for sale by ADAM KELLER, JR., corner of Front and Market sts.

A GENTLEMAN.—cured of Nervous

Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it free of charge the recited and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a valuable Remedy—will receive the same by return mail, (carefully sealed), for a small fee.

RSV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

Aug 28-3d&w.

(Communicated.)

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION A CURABLE DISEASE!!

A CARD.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, free of charge, with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, Coughs, COUGH & COUGH. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be valuable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

RSV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

Aug 28-3d&w.

(Communicated.)

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CAN GET THE NOTE PAPER, ENVELOPES, VISITING AND WEDDING CARDS!

AT SCHIFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

A PARTMENTS Furnished and Boarded

for Ladies and Gentlemen. Inquire of

Mrs. KELLER, Shoemakers Row, Second street, nearly opposite the Bushell House.

Second street, nearly opposite the Bushell House.